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# Print in Reverse

Problem

Submissions

Leaderboard

Discussions

This challenge is part of a tutorial track by [MyCodeSchool](#) and is accompanied by a video lesson.

Given a pointer to the head of a singly-linked list, print each *data* value from the reversed list. If the given list is empty, do not print anything.

## Example

*head\** refers to the linked list with *data* values  $1 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow NULL$

Print the following:

3  
2  
1

## Function Description

Complete the *reversePrint* function in the editor below.

*reversePrint* has the following parameters:

- *SinglyLinkedListNode pointer head*: a reference to the head of the list

## Prints

The *data* values of each node in the reversed list.

## Input Format

The first line of input contains *t*, the number of test cases.

The input of each test case is as follows:

- The first line contains an integer *n*, the number of elements in the list.
- Each of the next *n* lines contains a data element for a list node.

## Constraints

- $1 \leq n \leq 1000$
- $1 \leq list[i] \leq 1000$ , where *list[i]* is the *i<sup>th</sup>* element in the list.

## Sample Input

3  
5  
16  
12  
4

```
2
5
3
7
3
9
5
5
1
18
3
13
```

### Sample Output

```
5
2
4
12
16
9
3
7
13
3
18
1
5
```

### Explanation

There are three test cases. There are no blank lines between test case output.

The first linked list has **5** elements: **16** → **12** → **4** → **2** → **5**. Printing this in reverse order produces:

```
5
2
4
12
16
```

The second linked list has **3** elements: **7** → **3** → **9** → **NULL**. Printing this in reverse order produces:

```
9
3
7
```

The third linked list has **5** elements: **5** → **1** → **18** → **3** → **13** → **NULL**. Printing this in reverse order produces:

```
13
3
18
1
5
```

[f](#) [t](#) [in](#)

Contest ends in 3 hours

Submissions: [177](#)

Max Score: 40

Difficulty: Easy

Rate This Challenge:

☆☆☆☆☆

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C++



```
1 #include <iostream>
2
3 using namespace std;
4
5 class SinglyLinkedListNode {
6     public:
7         int data;
8         SinglyLinkedListNode *next;
9
10        SinglyLinkedListNode(int node_data) {
11            this->data = node_data;
12            this->next = nullptr;
13        }
14 };
15
16 class SinglyLinkedList {
17     public:
18         SinglyLinkedListNode *head;
19         SinglyLinkedListNode *tail;
20
21        SinglyLinkedList() {
22            this->head = nullptr;
23            this->tail = nullptr;
24        }
25
26        void insert_node(int node_data) {
27            SinglyLinkedListNode* node = new SinglyLinkedListNode(node_data);
28
29            if (!this->head) {
30                this->head = node;
31            } else {
32                this->tail->next = node;
33            }
34
35            this->tail = node;
36        }
37 };
38
39 void print_singly_linked_list(SinglyLinkedListNode* node, string sep) {
40     while (node) {
41         cout << node->data;
42
43         node = node->next;
44
45         if (node) {
46             cout << sep;
47         }
48     }
49 }
50
51 void free_singly_linked_list(SinglyLinkedListNode* node) {
52     while (node) {
53         SinglyLinkedListNode* temp = node;
54         node = node->next;
55
56         free(temp);
57     }
58 }
59
60 /*
61  * Complete the 'reversePrint' function below.
62  *
63  * The function accepts INTEGER_SINGLY_LINKED_LIST llist as parameter.
64  */
```

```
64
65  /*
66   * For your reference:
67   *
68   * SinglyLinkedListNode {
69   *     int data;
70   *     SinglyLinkedListNode* next;
71   * };
72   *
73   */
74
75 void reversePrint(SinglyLinkedListNode* llist) {
76     if (llist == NULL) {
77         return;
78     } else {
79         reversePrint(llist->next);
80         cout << llist->data << endl;
81     }
82 }
83
84 int main()
85 {
86     int tests;
87     cin >> tests;
88     cin.ignore(numeric_limits<streamsize>::max(), '\n');
89
90     for (int tests_itr = 0; tests_itr < tests; tests_itr++) {
91         SinglyLinkedList* llist = new SinglyLinkedList();
92
93         int llist_count;
94         cin >> llist_count;
95         cin.ignore(numeric_limits<streamsize>::max(), '\n');
96
97         for (int i = 0; i < llist_count; i++) {
98             int llist_item;
99             cin >> llist_item;
100             cin.ignore(numeric_limits<streamsize>::max(), '\n');
101
102             llist->insert_node(llist_item);
103         }
104
105         reversePrint(llist->head);
106     }
107
108     return 0;
109 }
```

Line: 26 Col: 1

[Upload Code as File](#) ☐ Test against custom input

Run Code

Submit Code