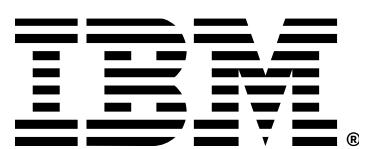


# Qiskit Updates

Matthew Treinish  
Qiskit Architect – STSM  
[matthew.treinish@ibm.com](mailto:matthew.treinish@ibm.com)



# Qiskit Releases

- Fixed 3 month minor/major version release cadence
- Follows semver with 1 major version per year maximum frequency

0.x - < 2024

The releases prior to 1.0, that incrementally started using Rust in the 0.20.0 release. Went end-of-life in Sept. 2024 with 0.46.3

1.x - 2024

The first major release version for Qiskit. Introduced new stability policy and formally moved to [semantic versioning](#).

This release series focused on improving the runtime performance and writing the core data model in Rust.

1.4.5 -  
Oct. 2025

The final release in 1.x. No longer supported except, for potential security fixes until March 2026.

2.x - >=2025

The second major version has some small Python API incompatibilities with 1.x. The current development release series which is getting new features.

Introduced C API as new public interface.

# Qiskit Rust APIs in 1.x

- Qiskit **internally** contains a Rust library that is only exposed as a private Python API.
- The output of Qiskit's Rust library builds as a single shared library file that is built as an extension for Python.
- Most of Qiskit's core data model is built in Rust but still has data dependency on Python for cold code paths.
- For Qiskit's internal usage we could operate solely in the Rust domain without calling Python.
- The Rust internals enabled Qiskit to be the most performant quantum computing SDK available [1]

[1] Nation, P.D., Saki, A.A., Brandhofer, S., Bello, L., Garion, S., Treinish, M., Javadi-Abhari, A. Benchmarking the performance of quantum computing software for quantum circuit creation, manipulation and compilation. *Nat Comput Sci* 5, 427–435 (2025). <https://doi.org/10.1038/s43588-025-00792-y>

# Benchpress: Transpilation

Paper results:

Qiskit 1.2 vs Tket 1.31

**24%**

Mean reduction in  
2Q-gate count

**13X**

Mean transpilation  
time improvement

Latest results:

Qiskit 2.3.0 vs Tket 2.6.0:

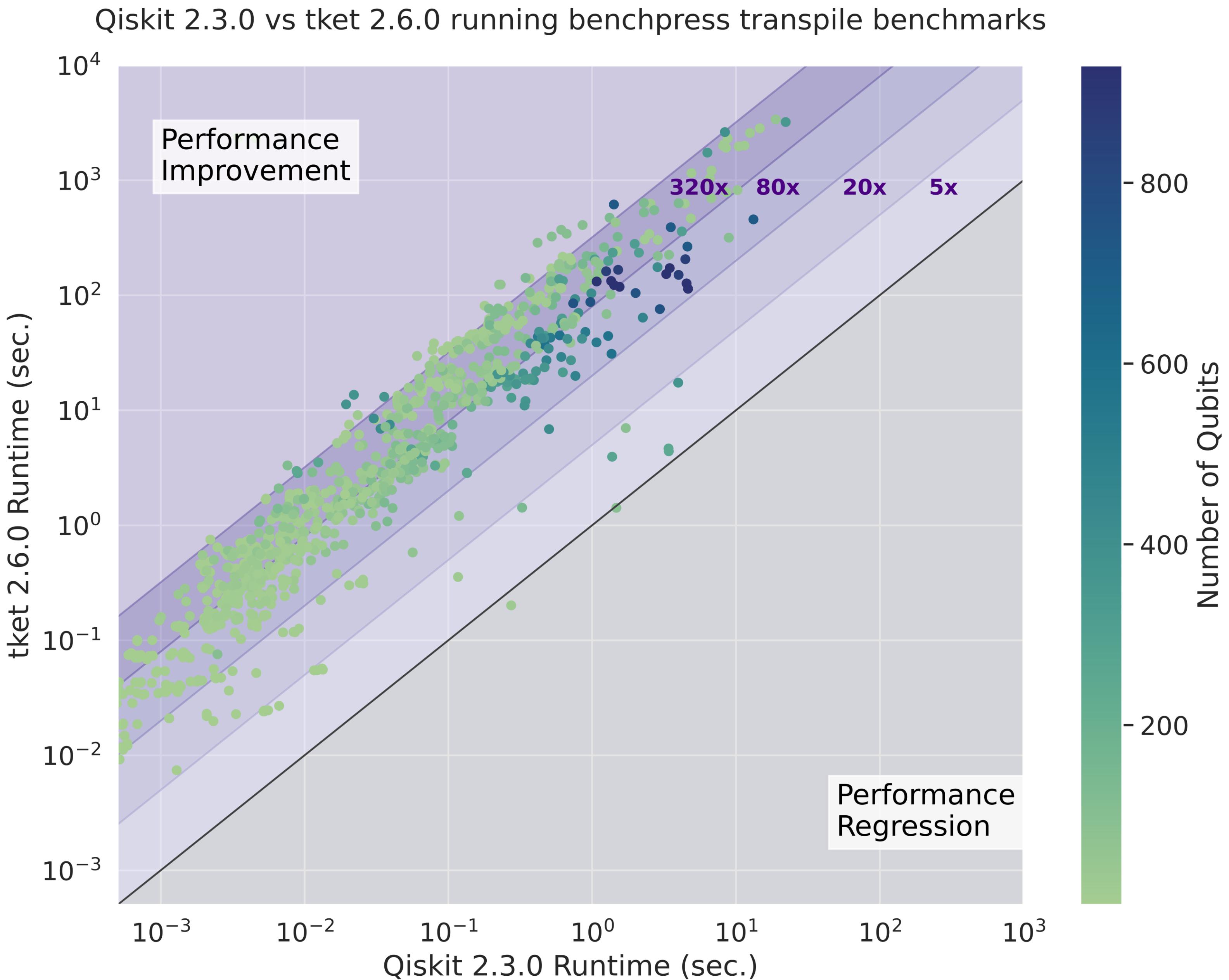
**29%**

Mean reduction in  
2Q-gate count

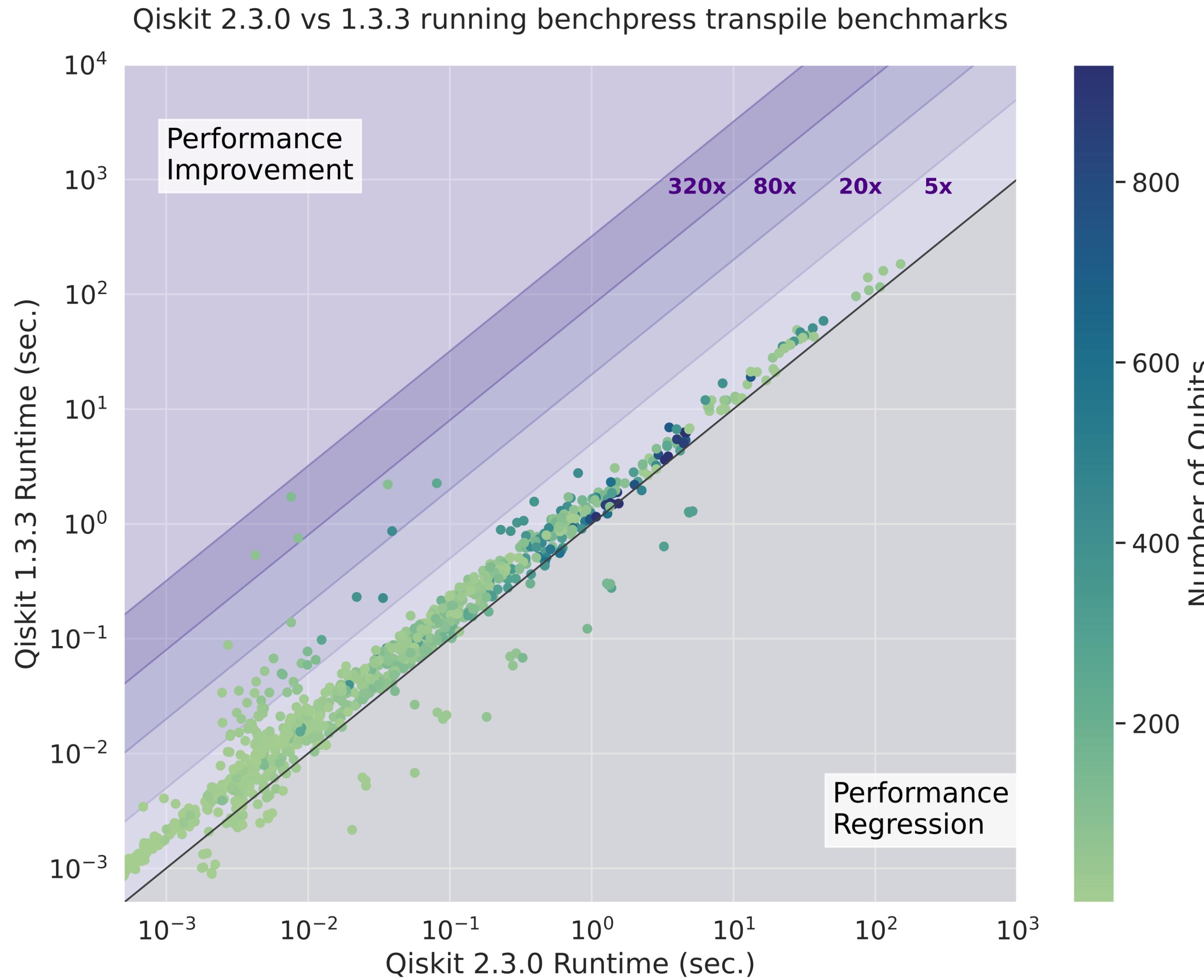
**93X**

Mean transpilation  
time improvement

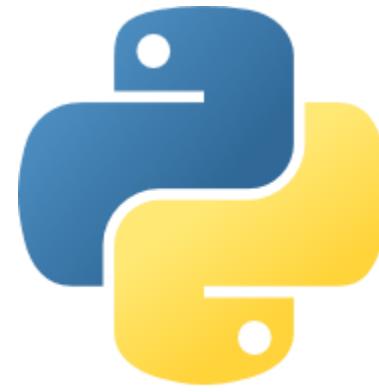
[Qiskit vs BQSKit: 18% and 514x]



# Qiskit Transpiler Year on Year Performance

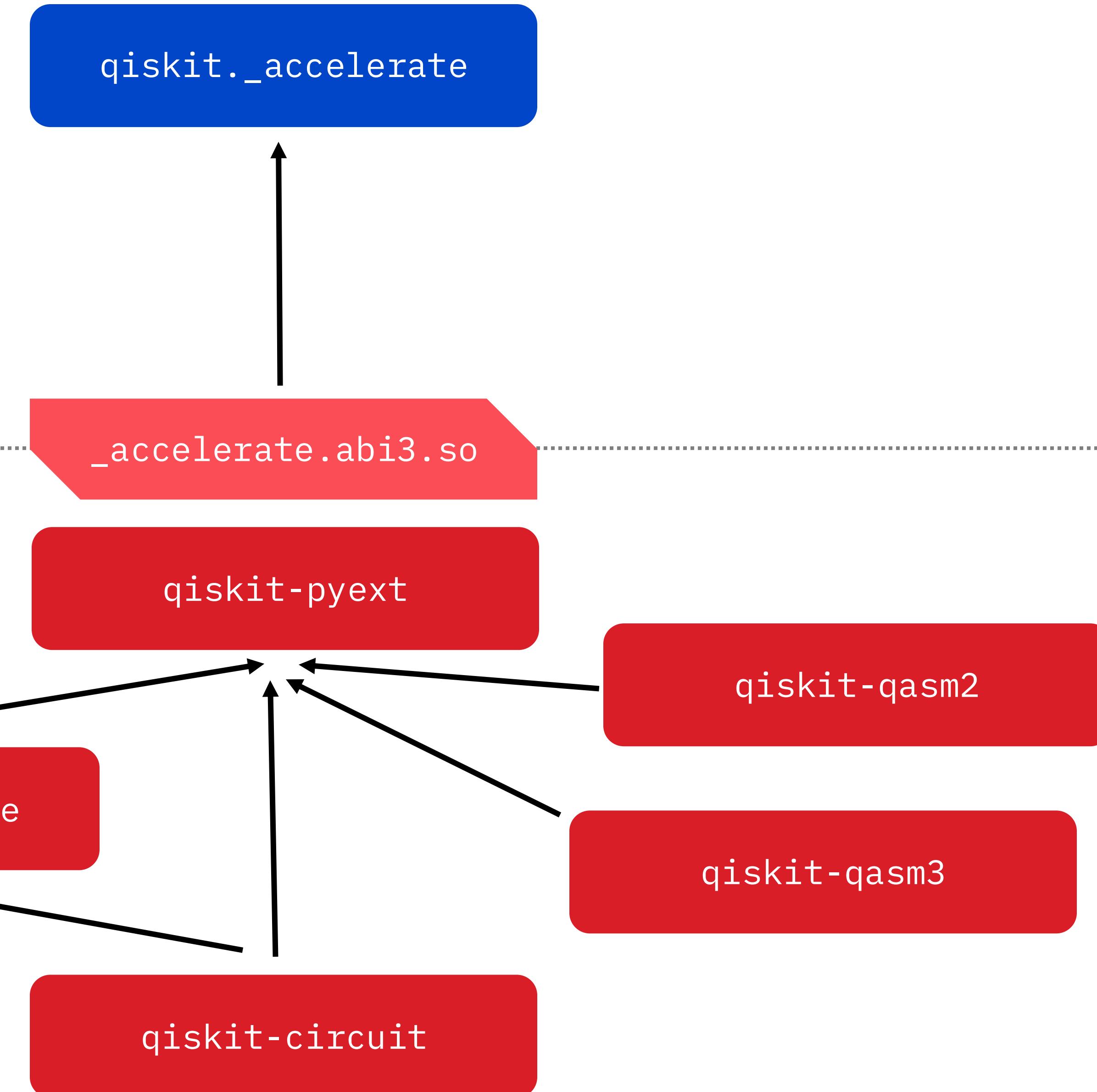
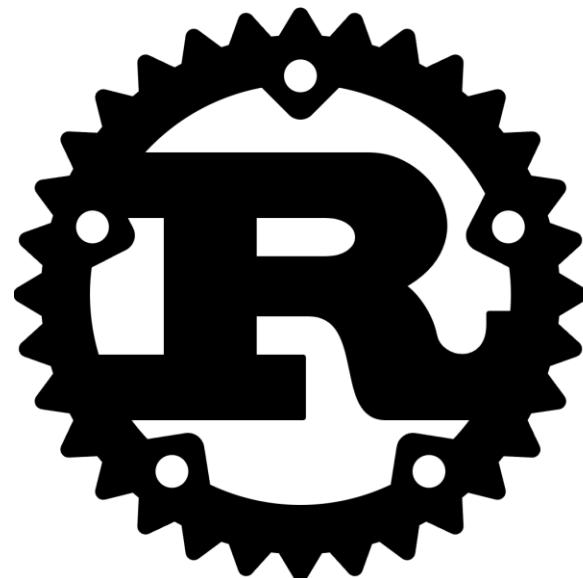


# Qiskit Rust/Python Architecture in < 2.0



User interfaces

Backend



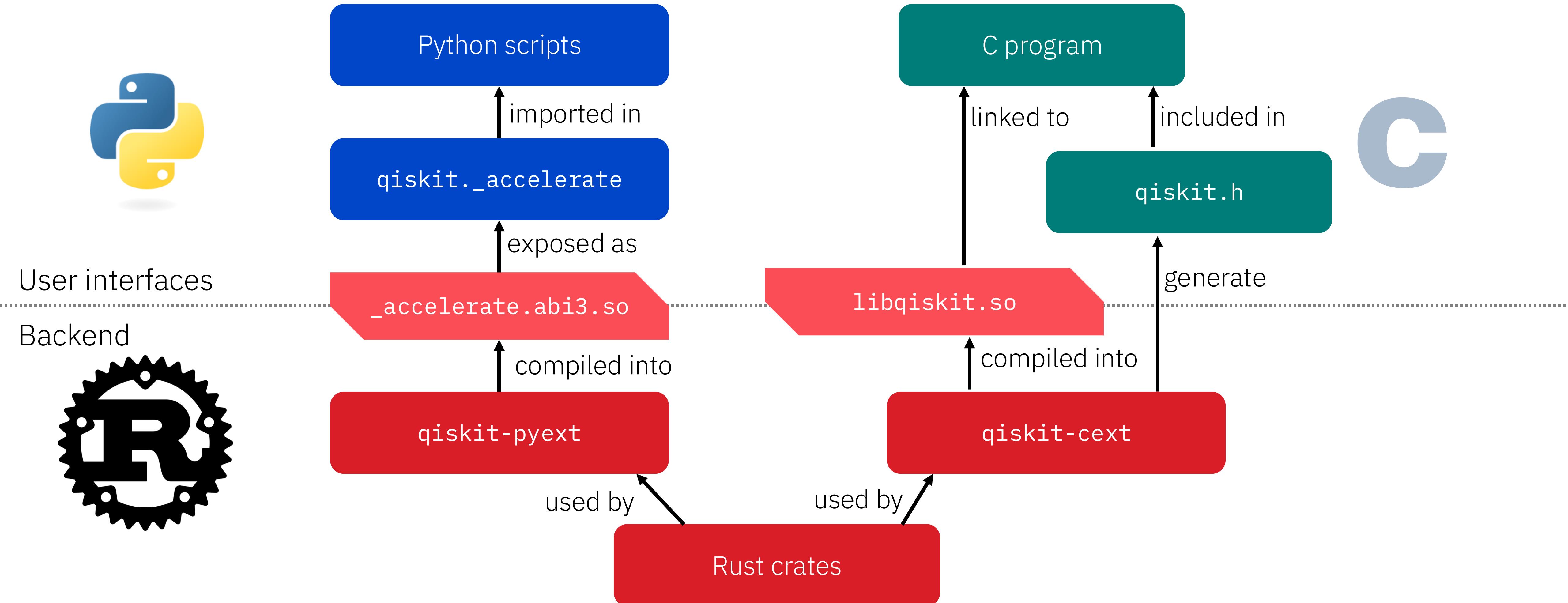
# Qiskit Rust limitations before 2.x

- Operating in the Rust/compiled language domain is only available to Qiskit itself.
  - Prevents users from getting the highest performance paths.
- Rust doesn't provide a stable ABI,
  - Limits reusability and interoperability with other languages.
- Users are only able to consume Qiskit from Python.
  - If running in an environment without Python
  - Most of the Rust code in Qiskit has some runtime dependency on Python.

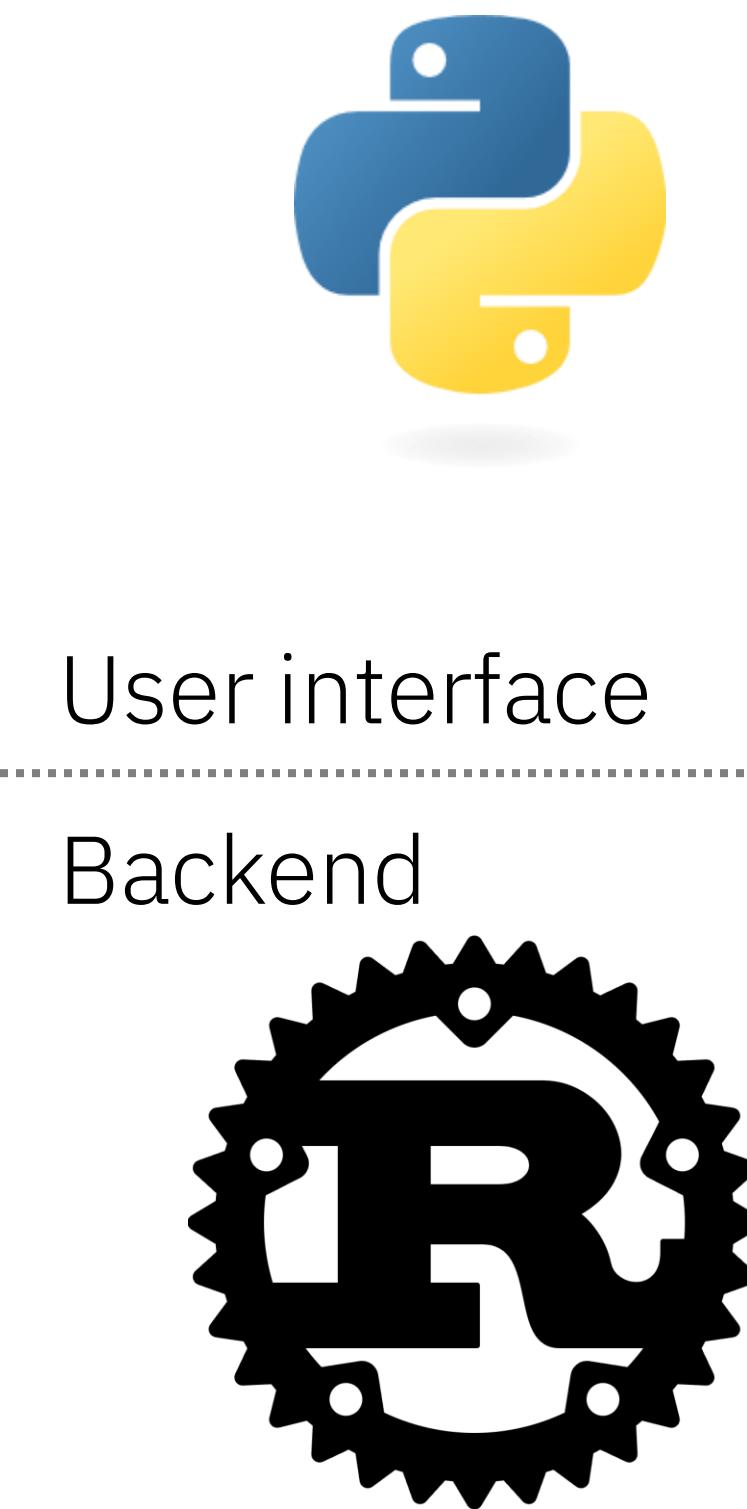
## Qiskit C API for 2.x

- Introduce a standalone Rust crate that builds a C foreign function interface (FFI) that exposes an interface for consumption from compiled languages
- A C API can natively interface with almost every programming language (Fortran, C++, Rust, Python, Julia, etc.)
- Near term goal is to enable HPC use cases with Quantum, longer term is to enable broader usage from any software domain
- Rust has native support for building C FFIs, so adding a C API to pure Rust libraries is straightforward.
- Directly expose the Rust data model and functionality to provide a direct low-level, high-performance interface.
- Complements the existing Python high level interface.
- Two modes of operation:
  - Standalone build: `libqiskit.so`
  - Embedded in the Python extension: `_accelerate.abi3.so`

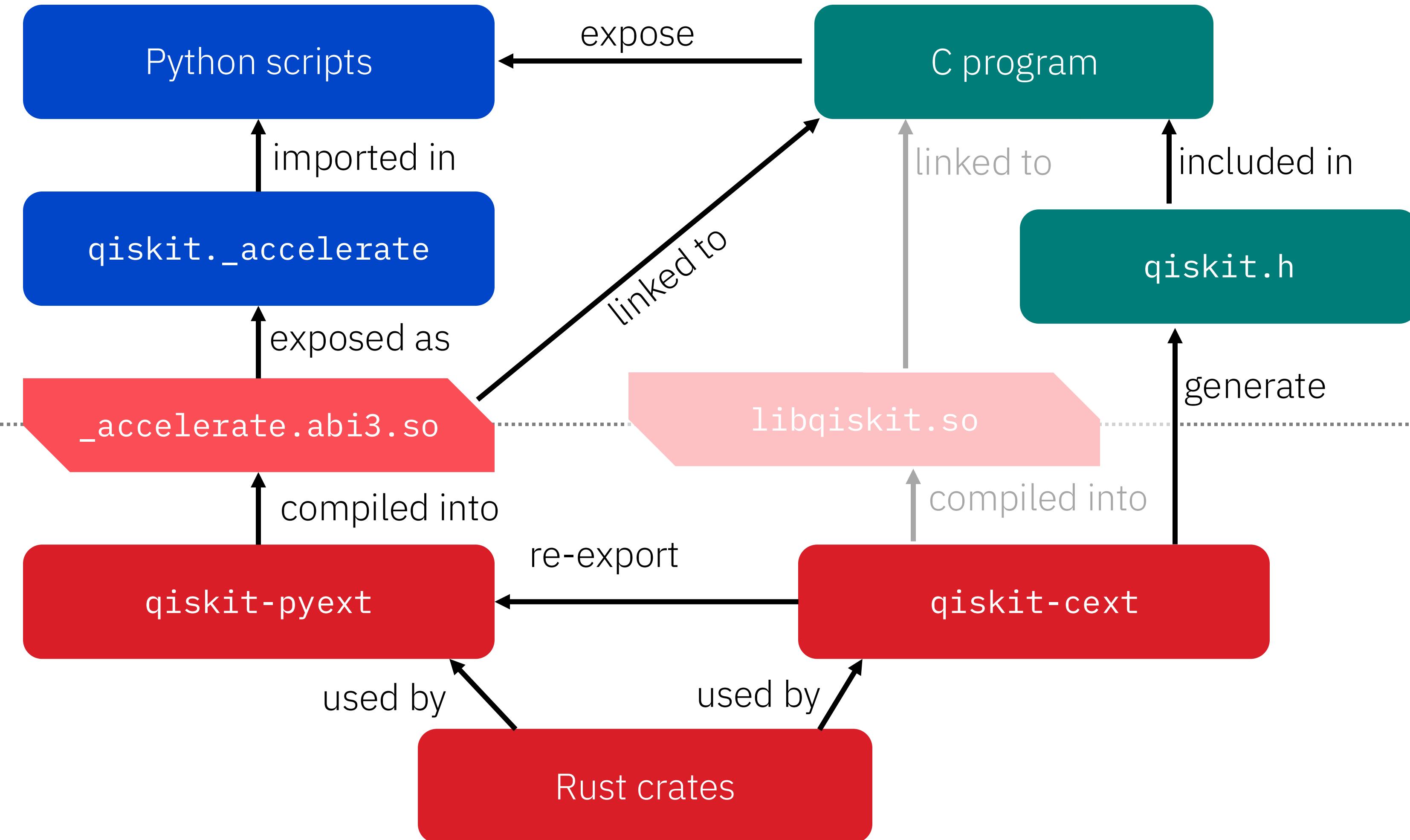
# Qiskit Standalone user interfaces



# Qiskit C API Embedded in the Python extension

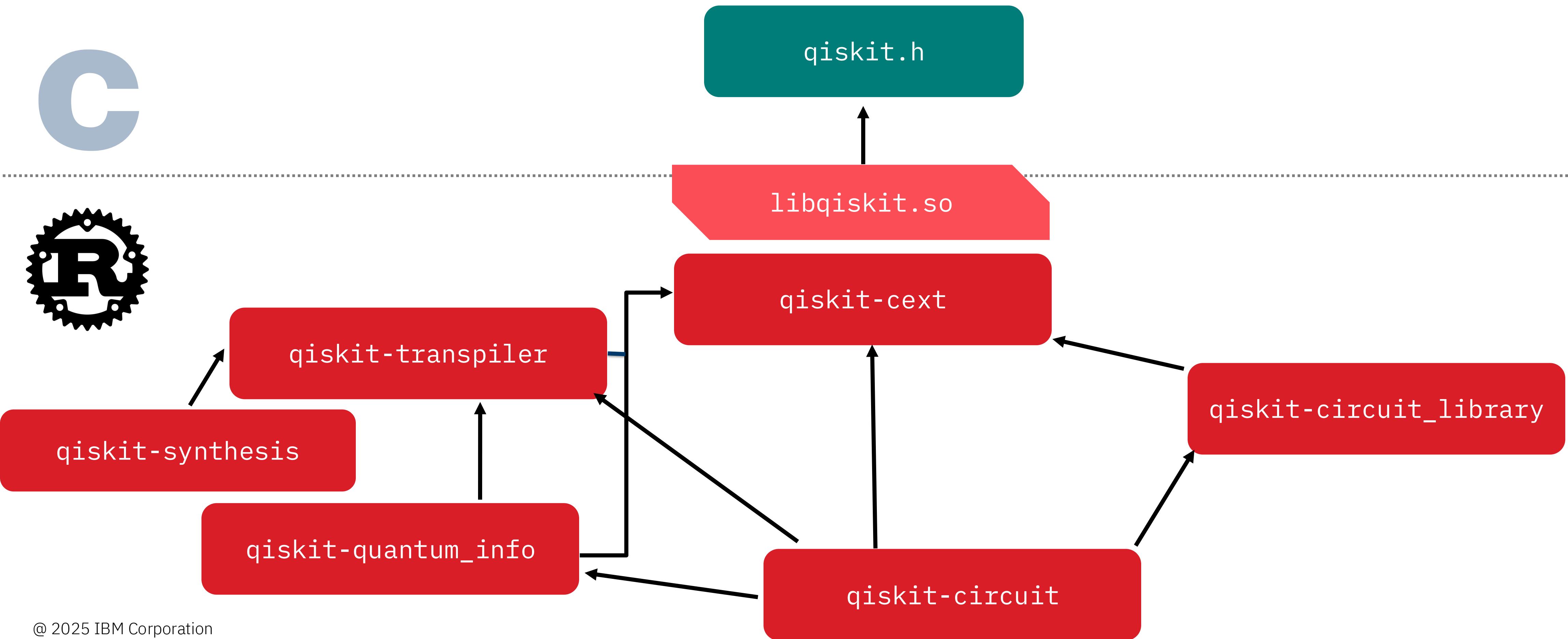
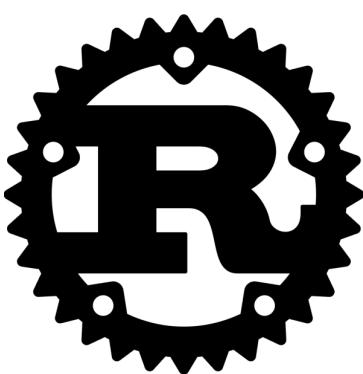


User interface  
Backend

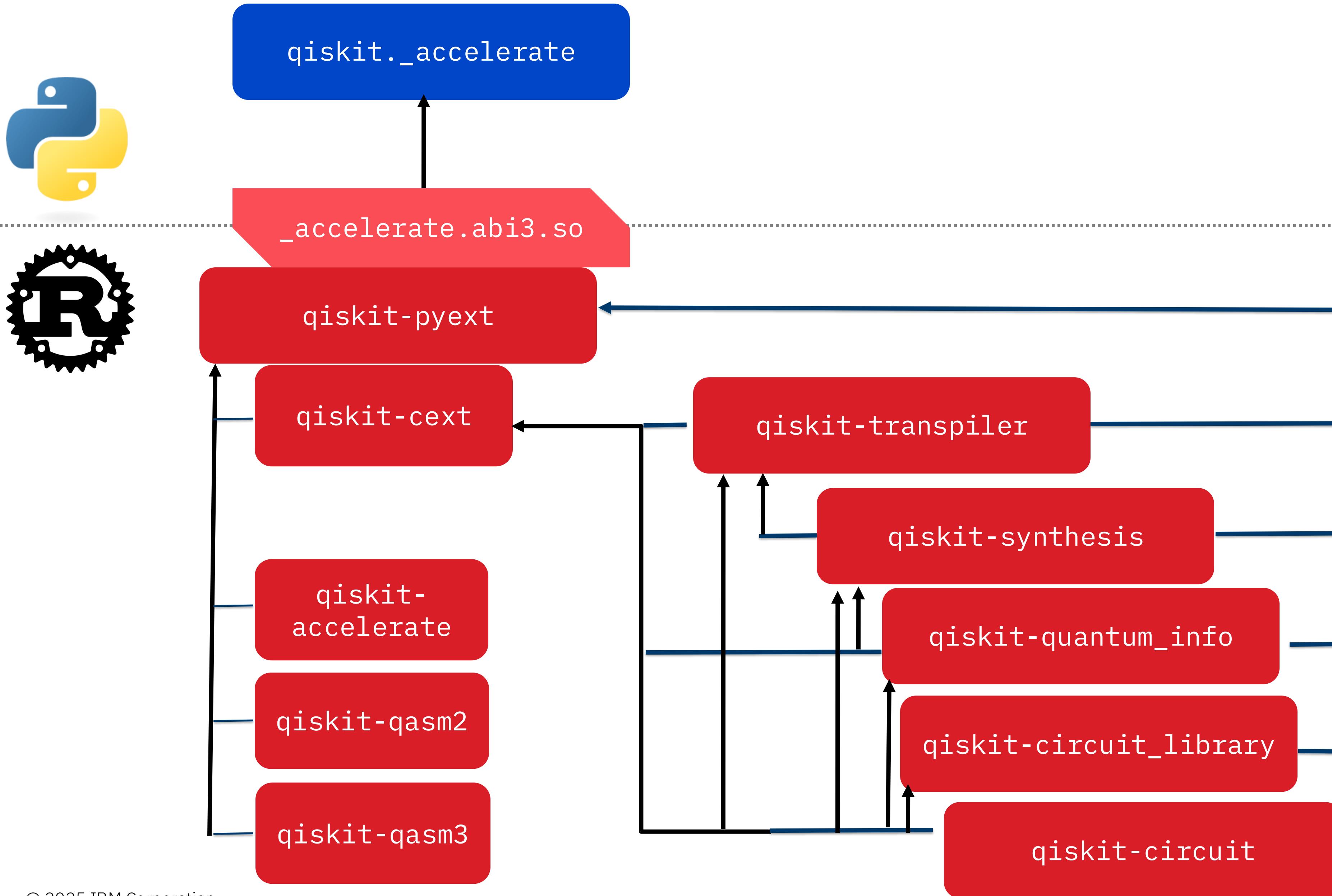


# Qiskit C API Standalone mode in 2.3

C



# Qiskit Rust/Python Architecture in 2.3



# Qiskit C API in 2.3

- Majority of Qiskit's core data model is in pure Rust, Qiskit is now about 43% Rust by lines of code
- Support for transpilation, circuit construction and interaction, sparse observable construction
- Early prototype of Qiskit C Client for IBM Quantum Platform
  - <https://github.com/Qiskit/qiskit-ibm-runtime-c/>
  - Provides interfaces to query backends, build compilation targets for them, and to execute quantum circuits from C, without Python.
- C API still has limitations, currently doesn't have:
  - Parameterized Gates
  - DAGCircuit (compilation IR)
  - Custom transpiler passes
  - Custom gates
  - Control flow
  - Anything not defined in Rust
- C API is marked as experimental and potentially changes between minor version releases.

# Using the C API

# Accelerating Python with the C API

```
#define PY_SSIZE_T_CLEAN
#include <Python.h> // include Python header for PyObject
#define QISKIT_C PYTHON_INTERFACE // enable C->Python conversions
#include <qiskit.h>

PyObject *build_ghz(uint32_t num_bits) {
    QkCircuit *circuit = qk_circuit_new(num_bits, num_bits);
    // Add Hadamard on qubit 0
    uint32_t q0[1] = {0};
    qk_circuit_gate(circuit, QkGate_H, q0, NULL);

    // Add the CX gates
    uint32_t inter[2] = {0, 0};
    for (uint32_t i = 2; i < num_bits; i++) {
        inter[1] = i;
        qk_circuit_gate(circuit, QkGate_CX, inter, NULL);
    }

    // Measure the qubits
    for (uint32_t i = 0; i < num_bits; i++) {
        qk_circuit_measure(circuit, i, i);
    }

    return qk_circuit_to_python(circuit);
}
```

C

```
def build_ghz_fast(n: int) -> QuantumCircuit:
    """Build a GHZ state skipping checks where possible."""

    circuit = QuantumCircuit(n, n)

    # use the internal Rust classes directly
    h = clib.HGate._standard_gate
    cx = clib.CXGate._standard_gate

    circuit._append(
        CircuitInstruction.from_standard(h, [circuit.qubits[0]], []))

    for i in range(1, n):
        circuit._append(
            CircuitInstruction.from_standard(cx, [circuit.qubits[0], circuit.qubits[i]], []))

    for i in range(n):
        circuit._append(
            CircuitInstruction(clib.Measure(), [circuit.qubits[i]], [circuit.clbits[i]]))

    return circuit
```



Time to create a 1000 qubit GHZ state Circuit:

C and Python:  $342 \mu\text{s} \pm 100 \mu\text{s}$  per loop (mean  $\pm$  std. dev. of 7 runs, 1,000 loops each)

Python:  $4.64 \text{ ms} \pm 330 \mu\text{s}$  per loop (mean  $\pm$  std. dev. of 7 runs, 100 loops each)

# Native Language bindings to Qiskit C API

C

```
from qiskit import QuantumCircuit

def main():
    # Build a Bell state
    qc = QuantumCircuit(2, 2)
    qc.h(0)
    qc.cx(0, 1)
    qc.measure(0, 0)
    qc.measure(1, 1)
```



```
#include <qiskit.h>

int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
    // Build a Bell state
    QkCircuit *qc = qk_circuit_new(2, 2);

    uint32_t h_qargs[1] = {0};
    qk_circuit_gate(qc, QkGate_H, h_qargs, NULL);
    uint32_t cx_qargs[2] = {0, 1};
    qk_circuit_gate(qc, QkGate_CX, cx_qargs, NULL);
    for (uint32_t i = 0; i < 2; i++) {
        qk_circuit_measure(qc, i, i);
    }
    qk_circuit_free(qc);
    return 0;
}
```

# Native Language bindings to Qiskit C API

- C++
  - <https://github.com/Qiskit/qiskit-cpp>

```
#include "circuit/quantumcircuit.hpp"
```

```
using namespace Qiskit::circuit;
```

```
int main() {
    QuantumRegister qr(2);
    ClassicalRegister cr(2);
    QuantumCircuit circ(qr, cr);
    circ.h(0);
    circ.cx(0, 1);
    circ.measure(0, 0);
    circ.measure(1, 1);
```

```
return 0;
}
```



# Native Language bindings to Qiskit C API

- C++
  - <https://github.com/Qiskit/qiskit-cpp>
- Rust
  - <https://github.com/Qiskit/qiskit-rs>

```
use qiskit_rs::QuantumCircuit;
```

```
pub fn main() {  
    let mut qc = QuantumCircuit::new(2, 2);  
    qc.h(0);  
    qc.cx(0, 1);  
    qc.measure(0, 0);  
    qc.measure(1, 1);  
}
```

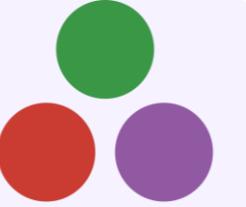


# Native Language bindings to Qiskit C API

- C++
  - <https://github.com/Qiskit/qiskit-cpp>
- Rust
  - <https://github.com/Qiskit/qiskit-rs>
- Julia
  - <https://github.com/Qiskit/Qiskit.jl/>

using Qiskit

```
function build_bell()
    qc = Qiskit.Circuit(2, 2)
    qc.h(1)
    qc.cx(1, 2)
    qc.measure(1, 1)
    qc.measure(2, 2)
    qc
end
```



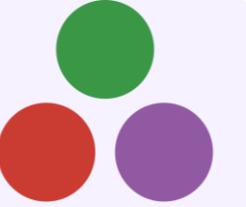
# Native Language bindings to Qiskit C API

- C++
  - <https://github.com/Qiskit/qiskit-cpp>
- Rust
  - <https://github.com/Qiskit/qiskit-rs>
- Julia
  - <https://github.com/Qiskit/Qiskit.jl/>

Insert Your Language of choice here

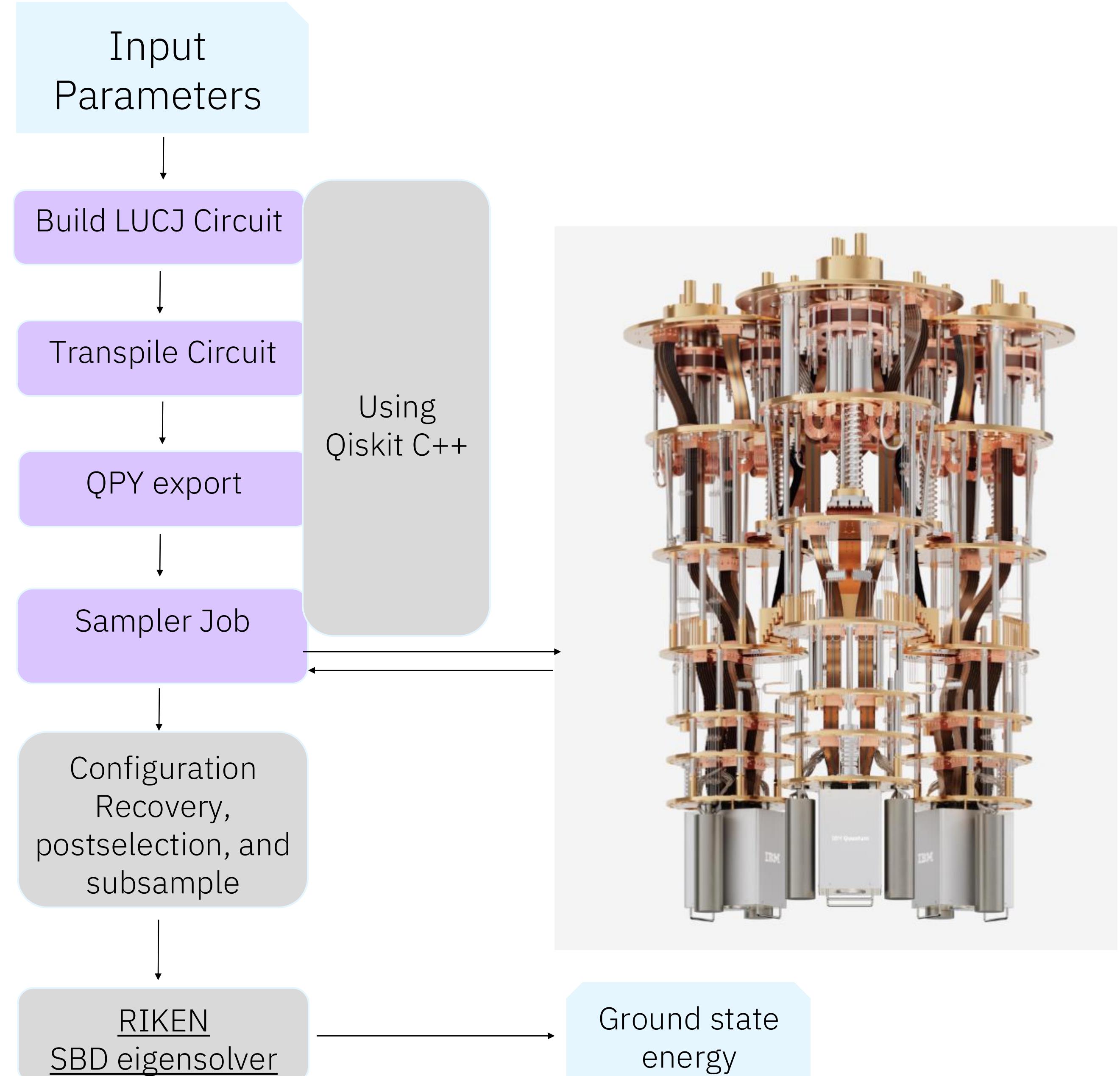
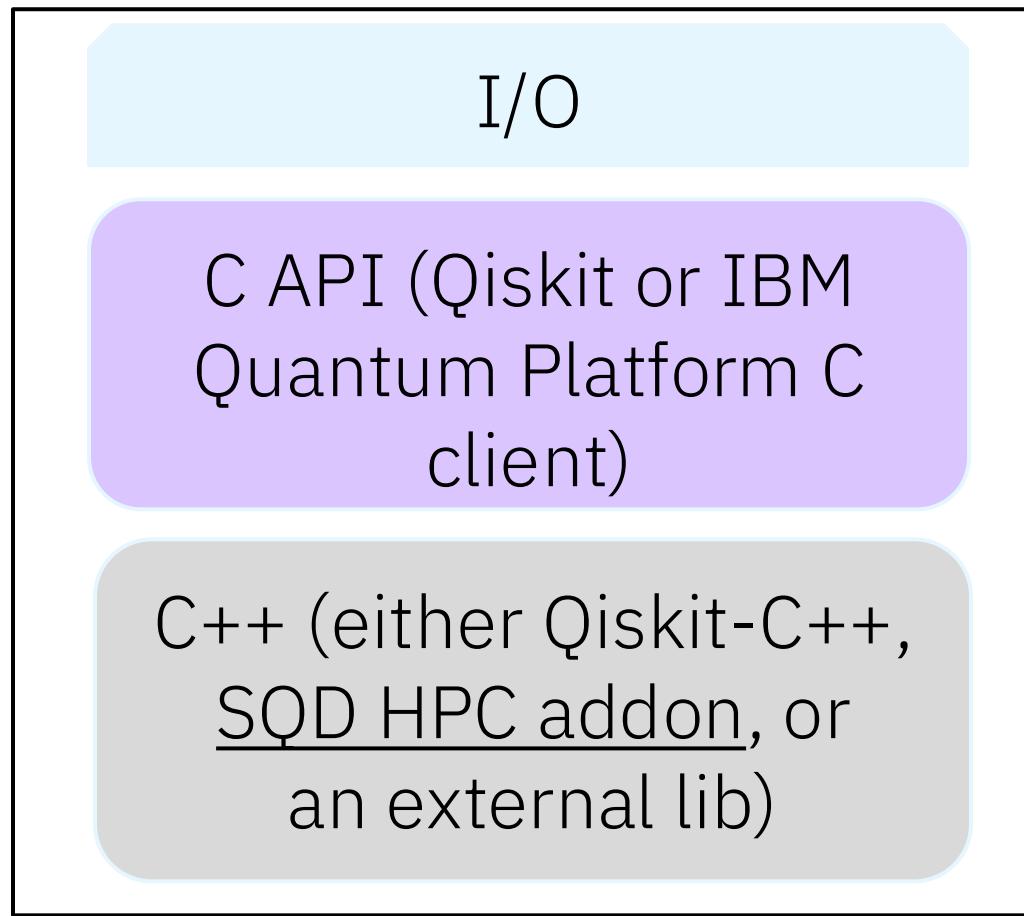
using Qiskit

```
function build_bell()
    qc = Qiskit.Circuit(2, 2)
    qc.h(1)
    qc.cx(1, 2)
    qc.measure(1, 1)
    qc.measure(2, 2)
    qc
end
```



# Qiskit C API demo for 2.2

- Demonstrate SQD workflow described in:  
Javier Robledo-Moreno *et al.*, Chemistry beyond the scale of exact diagonalization on a quantum-centric supercomputer. *Sci. Adv.* **11**, eadu9991(2025). DOI: [10.1126/sciadv.adu9991](https://doi.org/10.1126/sciadv.adu9991)
- A single binary application that runs classical side as an MPI workload on a cluster and submits jobs to quantum system
- Leverage Qiskit C++ interface to use one language for entire Quantum + HPC workflow
- Demo code can be found here: <https://github.com/qiskit-community/qiskit-c-api-demo>



# Qiskit 2.0

March 31, 2025

Release notes:

<https://docs.quantum.ibm.com/api/qiskit/release-notes/2.0>

- **Introduce C FFI as second public interface to Qiskit**
- **Build infrastructure and packaging for exposing C API**
- **Expose the SparseObservable class**

# Qiskit 2.1

June 19, 2025

Release notes:

<https://docs.quantum.ibm.com/api/qiskit/release-notes/2.1>

- **Expand C FFI functionality to include:**
  - Circuit construction with standard gates
  - Target representation

# Qiskit 2.2

September 18, 2025

Release notes:

<https://docs.quantum.ibm.com/api/qiskit/release-notes/2.2>

- **Expand C FFI to include:**
  - Transpiler function (to compile circuits for target)
  - Standalone transpiler pass functions for most of the passes needed in the above transpile() function

# Qiskit 2.3

December 18, 2025

- **Expand C FFI**
  - DAGCircuit (compilation IR)
  - Building custom transpiler passes from C

# Qiskit 2.4

March 26, 2026

- **Expand C FFI**
  - Custom gates
  - PPM and Pauli Evolution Gate
  - Parameterized Gates

# Qiskit 2.5

June, 2026

- **Your important feature**

# Backup Slides

# LightSabre

- Qiskit has significantly changed and improved version of the algorithm from the original paper:  
<https://arxiv.org/abs/2409.08368>
- Original SABRE paper:  
<https://arxiv.org/pdf/1809.02573.pdf>
- Introduces multiple trials to improve the quality of the results
- Improves runtime scaling through algorithmic optimization

Docs:

<https://docs.quantum.ibm.com/api/qiskit/qiskit.transpiler.passes.SabreLayout>

