

INFORMED CONSENT FOR ORTHODONTIC TREATMENT									
Patient Name		Reshma Siya			Emirates ID		784-6478-3648736-8		
File No	:	4	DOB	:	1995-05-21	Nationality	:	Other	
Gender	:	Female	Doctor's Name	:	Alan Alfred	Date	:	2024-02-15	

Please read the following information carefully and ask about anything you do not understand. It will be our pleasure to explain it further.

Informed consent indicates your awareness of the negative as well as the positive aspects of orthodontic treatment. In the majority of cases, orthodontic treatment is an elective procedure. This means that one possible option is no treatment at all. Other alternative treatment plans may include: extraction of teeth, non-extraction ofteeth, prosthetic restoration or even surgery. Treatment of your teeth, like any other treatment of the body, has inherent risks and limitations. These risks are seldom serious enough to contraindicate treatment, but they should be considered in making the decision to undergo orthodontic treatment

The patients responsibility- It is the patients responsibility to follow the brushing and oral hygiene instructions that are given, so that no harm will come to the teeth and surrounding tissues; to come to all appointments on the proper day and time; to adhere to the list of food restrictionsin order to keep from damaging the teeth and orthodontic appliance; to wear headgear, elastics and retainers, if they are necessary, so that treatment time will be as short as possible and so we can achieve the best results; and to visit the general dentist at least every six months for an examination and cleaning. There will be additional orthodontic charges for replacement of appliances (such as retainers or braces) that are lost or damaged due to repeated patient neglect, or any excessive extension of treatment due lack of patient co-operation .100% patient co-operation is very, very important.

Oral hygiene- decalcification (permanent markings), decay,or gum disease can occur if patients do not brush their teeth properly and thoroughly during treatment period. Excellent oral hygiene and plaque removal is a must. Sugars and between meal snacks should be reduced as much as possible. Visit your family dentist regularly

A non vital or dead tooth is a possibility- A tooth that has been traumatized from a deep filling or even a minor blow can die over a long period of time with or without orthodontic treatment. an undetected non vital tooth may flare up during orthodontic movement, requiring endodontic (root canal) treatment to maintain it

Root resorption - In some cases, the root ends of the teeth are shortened during treatment .this is called root resorption. Under healthy circumstances the shortened roots are no disadvantage. However, in the event of gum discase in later life the root resorption may reduce the longevity of the affected teeth. It should be noted that not all root resorption arises from orthodontic treatment. Trauma, cuts, impaction, endocrine disorders, idiopathic reasons can also cause root resorption.

Growth issues- Occasionally a person who has grown normally and in average proportions may not continue to do so. If growth becomes disproportionate, the jaw relation can be affected and original treatment objectives may have to be compromised. Skeletal growth disharmony is a biologic process beyond the orthodontists control. Some orthodontic patients will require oral surgery to obtain a reasonable treatment result to complete their case. Most patients we can inform ahead of time prior to starting any treatment that this is necessary. Some patients with poor growth, poor response to treatment, or poor co- operation may also require oral surgery to complete their cases

Gum tissues- The bone-gum relationship around teeth is always dependent upon whether there is enough bone to support the gum tissue properly. Many times when very crowded teeth are straightened there is a lack of bone and supporting gum tissue surrounding the teeth. Therefore, the gum tissue contour and support may not be adequate and require periodontal intervention.

Treatment time- The total time for treatment can be delayed beyond our estimate. Lack of, or poorly directed facial growth, poor elastic wear, or headgear co-operation, broken appliances and missed appointments are all important factors that could lengthen treatment time and affect the quality of the result

Extra-oral appliances- Instructions must be followed very carefully. A Facebow or headgear that is pulled outward while elastic force is attached can cause damage to the face or eyes. However, we use appliances with a snap away safety feature to reduce this possibility. Always remember to release the forces before removing the facebow from your teeth. To reduce the possibility of injury, contact sports and similar activities should not be performed while a headgear is worn.

TMJ- There is a risk that problems may occur in the temporomandibular joints(TMJ). Although this is rare, it is a possibility. Tooth alignment or bite correction sometimes can improve tooth related causes of TMJ pain, but this is not in all cases. Tension appears to play a role in the frequency and severity of joint pains, and there are many other causes of TMJ dysfunction.

Very unusual occurrences - Swallowed appliances, chipped teeth, dislodged restorations and allergies to latex or nickel rarely occur but are possible

Termination of treatment- It is understood that treatment can be terminated for failure to cooperate, missing appointments, not wearing appliances, excessive breakage, failure to keep financial commitments, relocation, personal conflicts or for any other reason the doctor feels necessary. If termination is necessary, the patient will be given ample time to locate another orthodontist to continue treatmentor the braces will be removed.

Expectations - All orthodontic patients can expect improvement with their particular problem, but, in many cases, absolute perfection is impossible due to lack of muscle balance, tooth shapes and sizes and varying degrees of co-operation during treatment, along with heredity aspects that affects everyones specific treatment results

Relapse - Teeth have a tendency to return to their original position after orthodontic treatment this is called relapse. Very severe problems have a higher tendency to relapse and the most common area for relapse is the lower front teeth.after band removal, a positioner or retainers are placed to minimize relapse .full co-operation in wearing these appliances is vital .we will make our correction to the highest standards and in many cases over correct in order to accommodate the rebound tendencies . When retention is discontinued some relapse is still possible

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I consent to the taking of photographs , study models and x-rays before , during and after orthodontic treatment to assist in the planning and progress treatment objectives if the case proves to be of special scientific interest , the doctor reserves the right to present the records in scientific papers or demonstrations to the profession

I certify that I have read or had read to me the contents of this form and do realize the risks and limitations involved, and consent to orthodontic treatment.

Sign here, only if all of your questions have been answered to your satisfaction							
Patient/Parent/Guardian	Doctor						
J.							
Patient Name Reshma Siya Date 2024-02-15	Alan Alfred - Dental (GD10001) Date 2024-02-15						

