

# CS 4040/5040

## Milestone 1

**Author:** Viraj Parmar

**Date:** October 22, 2025

### 1. Median Runtime Table (ms)

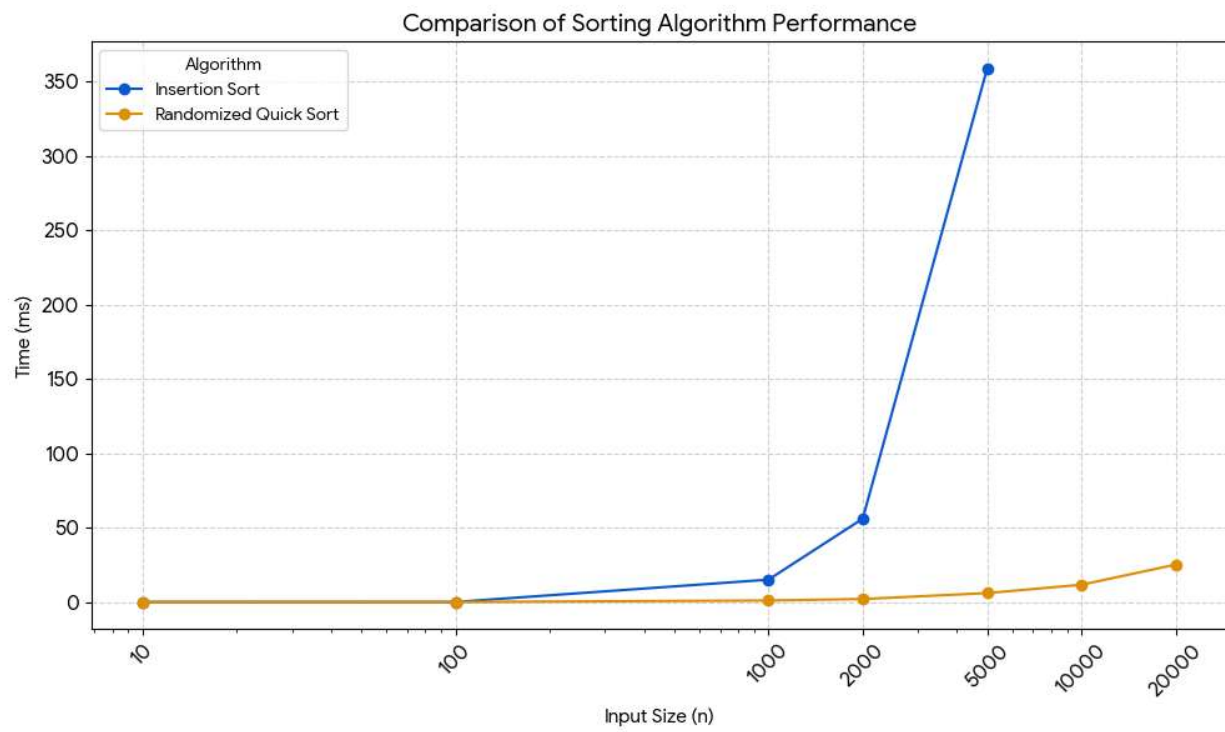
#### a. Insertion Sort

n	Median Runtime (ms)
10	0.00
100	0.00
1000	15.03
2000	56.03
5000	358.83
10000	Skipped (too slow)
20000	Skipped (too slow)

#### b. Randomized Quick Sort

n	Median Runtime (ms)
10	0.00
100	0.00
1000	1.00
2000	2.00
5000	6.00
10000	11.60
20000	25.15

## 2. Runtime Plots:



## 5. Observations and Analysis:

### A. Sorting By Insertion:

- The larger the input size the faster the runtime expands.
- Naturally, the trend follows  $O(n^2)$  complexity.
- omitted for very large arrays ( $n = 10,000$  or  $20,000$ ) due to the incredibly lengthy runtime.

### B. Quick Sorted by Randomization:

- Compared to Insertion Sort the runtime increases more slowly.
- The trend is consistent with theory following  $O(n \log n)$  complexity.
- up to  $n = 20,000$  efficient even for the massive inputs.

### C. Similarity:

- Unpredictable Quick Sort works better with larger arrays than Insertion Sort.
- It is only appropriate for small arrays ( $n < 5000$ ) to use Insertion Sort.