

# CS 4040/5040

Milestone 1

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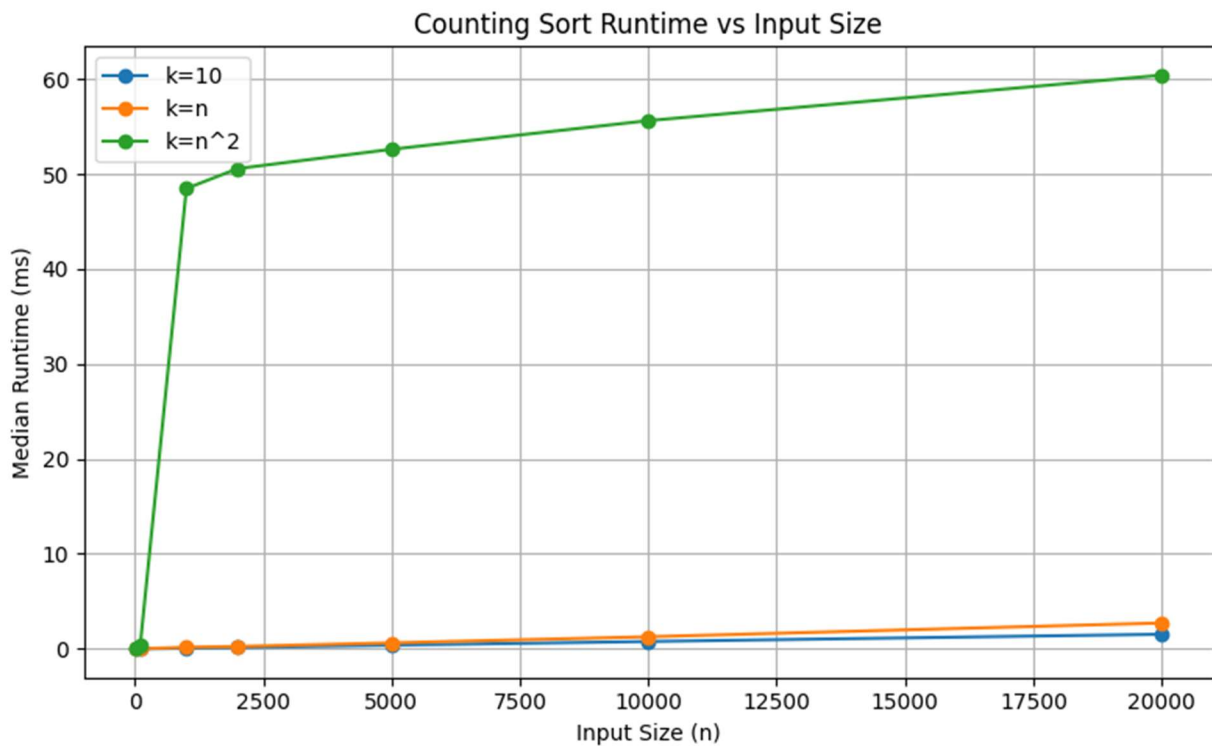
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## Runtime Table

n	k	Median Time (ms)
10	10	0.002
10	n	0.002
10	$n^2$	0.005
100	10	0.018
100	n	0.009
100	$n^2$	0.339
1000	10	0.073
1000	n	0.143
1000	$n^2$	47.065
2000	10	0.144
2000	n	0.238
2000	$n^2$	47.503
5000	10	0.381
5000	n	0.597
5000	$n^2$	48.275
10000	10	0.798
10000	n	1.283
10000	$n^2$	51.138
20000	10	1.451

20000	$n$	2.717
20000	$n^2$	53.899

## Runtime Plot



## Observations

- When  $k = 10$  or  $k = n$ , runtime grows linearly with  $n$ , showing  $O(n + k)$  behavior.
- When  $k = n^2$ , runtime increases sharply because the count array becomes very large, increasing both memory and computation time.
- The results align well with the expected linear-time behavior for small  $k$ .

### Comparison with Milestone 1

Algorithm	Typical Complexity	Runtime Growth	Suitability
Insertion Sort	$O(n^2)$	Very steep; skipped for large $n$ ( $\geq 10,000$ )	Small $n$ ( $< 5,000$ )
Quick Sort (Randomized)	$O(n \log n)$	Smooth, scalable	Large $n$ ( $\leq 20,000$ )
Counting Sort	$O(n + k)$	Linear for small $k$ , slows for huge $k$	Integer arrays with small range