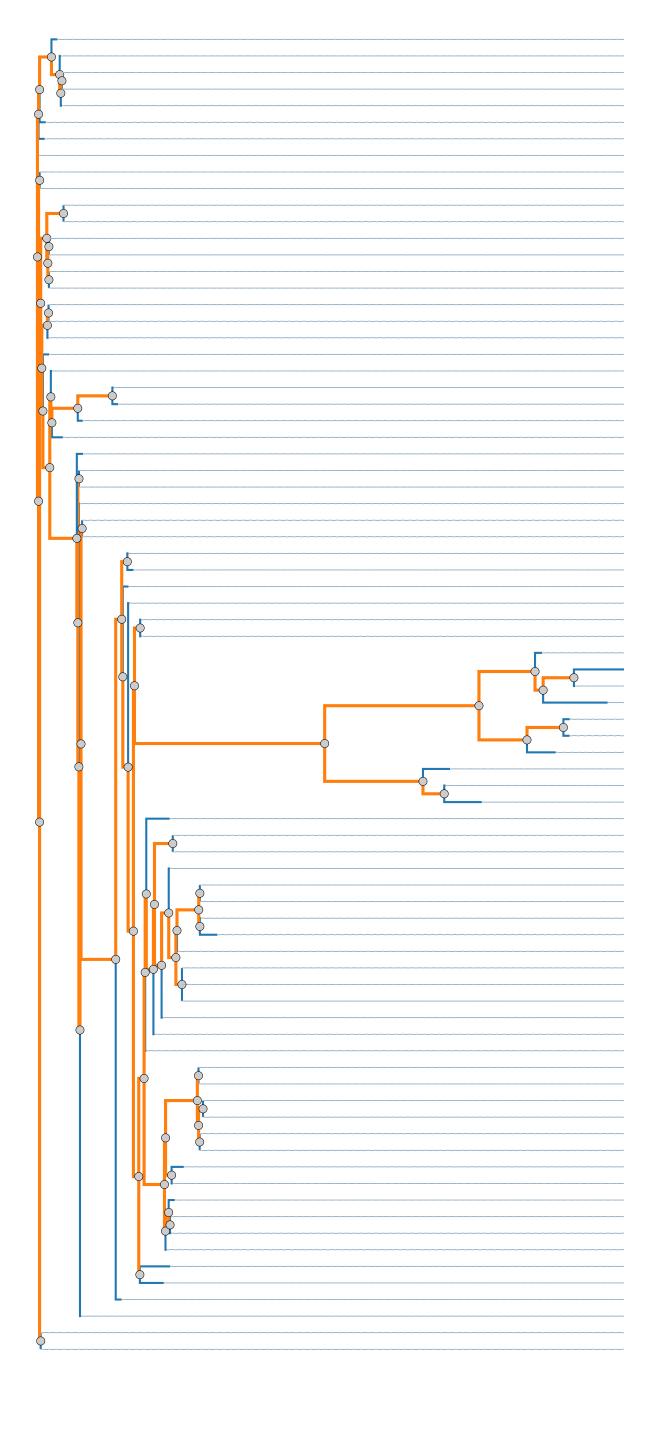
Interpreting dN/dS for intra-host and intra-species pathogen

- dN/dS can be estimated for all sorts of sequence data (e.g., it has been done for cancer SNP data)
- Traditional interpretation of dN/dS is based on the assumption that substitution ~ fixation
- Not the same for intra-species / intra-host pathogens
 - Much of variation is due to polymorphism, or even dead-end mutations

- This is because selection has not had a chance to "filter" mutations (except for patently deleterious ones)
- This often manifests as differences in selective "regimes" between tips and internal branches



- Partition a pathogen tree into terminal and internal branches
- Terminal branches potentially include "dead-end" lineages, i.e. those which are maladaptive
- Internal branches include at least one "transmission" (intra-species) or "replication" (intra-host) events: stronger action of selection
- Focusing on a subset of branches can allow one to interpret dN/dS more precisely