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Question
If
$$\begin{pmatrix} 2a+b & a-2b \\ 5c-d & 4c+3d \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & -3 \\ 11 & 24 \end{pmatrix}$$
, then the value of a+b-c+2d

From the matrix equation the first row gives

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & -2 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \\ d \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix} \tag{1}$$

From the matrix equation the second row gives

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 5 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 4 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \\ d \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 11 \\ 24 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2}$$

combine (1) and (2)

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & -2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 5 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 4 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \\ d \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -3 \\ 11 \\ 24 \end{pmatrix}$$
 (3)

Forming the augmented matrix

$$\begin{pmatrix}
2 & 1 & 0 & 0 & | & 4 \\
1 & -2 & 0 & 0 & | & -3 \\
0 & 0 & 5 & -1 & | & 11 \\
0 & 0 & 4 & 3 & | & 24
\end{pmatrix}
\xrightarrow{R_2 \leftrightarrow R_2 - \frac{1}{2} \times R_1}
\begin{pmatrix}
2 & 1 & 0 & 0 & | & 4 \\
0 & -\frac{5}{2} & 0 & 0 & | & -5 \\
0 & 0 & 5 & -1 & | & 11 \\
0 & 0 & 4 & 3 & | & 24
\end{pmatrix}$$

$$(2)$$

$$\xrightarrow{R_1 \leftrightarrow R_1 + \frac{2}{5} \times R_2} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & -\frac{5}{2} & 0 & 0 & -5 \\ 0 & 0 & 5 & -1 & 11 \\ 0 & 0 & 4 & 3 & 24 \end{pmatrix}$$
 (5)

$$\frac{R_{1} \leftrightarrow R_{1} + \frac{2}{5} \times R_{2}}{\longrightarrow} \begin{pmatrix}
0 & 0 & 4 & 3 & | 24 \rangle \\
2 & 0 & 0 & 0 & | 2 \\
0 & -\frac{5}{2} & 0 & 0 & | -5 \\
0 & 0 & 5 & -1 & | 11 \\
0 & 0 & 4 & 3 & | 24 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\xrightarrow{R_{4} \leftrightarrow R_{4} - \frac{4}{5} \times R_{3}} \begin{pmatrix}
2 & 0 & 0 & 0 & | 2 \\
0 & -\frac{5}{2} & 0 & 0 & | -5 \\
0 & 0 & 5 & -1 & | 11 \\
0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{19}{5} & | \frac{76}{5}
\end{pmatrix}$$
(6)

$$\xrightarrow{R_3 \leftrightarrow R_3 + \frac{5}{19} \times R_4} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & -\frac{5}{2} & 0 & 0 & -5 \\ 0 & 0 & 5 & 0 & 15 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{19}{5} & \frac{76}{5} \end{pmatrix}$$
 (7)

on back substitution we get

$$\implies \begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \\ d \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} \tag{8}$$

value of

$$a+b-c+2d = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \\ d \end{pmatrix}$$
 (9)

$$= (1 \quad 1 \quad -1 \quad 2) \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} = 8 \tag{10}$$