GATE-01

ee25btech11063 - VEJITH

1) Earth's dipole field originates mainly from		(GATE GG 2010)
a) mantle		
b) outer core		
c) inner core		
d) crust		
2) sunspots are regions of		(CATE CC 2010)
a) high grassing		(GATE GG 2010)
a) high pressure b) low magnetic field		
b) low magnetic fieldc) high temperature		
d) high magnetic field		
3) The electrical conduction mechanism in sedimentary	v rocks is usually.	
-/	,	(GATE GG 2010)
a) pyroelectric		,
b) electronic		
c) electrolytic		
d) dielectric		
4) The unit of electrical resistivity is		
		(GATE GG 2010)
a) ohm		
b) ohm-m		
c) ohm-m ²		
d) ohm-m ⁻¹		
5) outcrop pattern parallel to topographic contours sign	nifies	(CATE CC 2010)
a) harigantal hada		(GATE GG 2010)
a) horizontal bedsb) vertical beds		
c) inclined beds		
d) folded beds		
6) A rock with equal modal contents of quartz,plagiocl	lase and orthoclase is known as	
		(GATE GG 2010)
a) diorite	c) granite	
b) gabbro	d) syenite	
7) The main factors in soil-forming processes are		
, C 1		(GATE GG 2010)
a) bedrock and time only		
b) topography and bedrock only		
c) climate,time and topography only		
d) climate,topography,bedrock and time		
8) Glacial drift refers to the		
		(GATE GG 2010)
a) movement of glaciers		
b) interglacial intervals		
c) erosional landforms produced by glaciers		
d) sediments deposited by glaciers		
9) sand dunes are long ridges whose alignment is		(GATE GG 2010)
a) always perallal to provailing wind direction		(GAIE GG 2010)
a) always parallel to prevailing wind directionb) always perpendicular to prevailing wind direction		
c) either parallel or perpendicular to prevailing wind direction		
d) not related to prevailing wind direction	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
0) The oldest rocks in India are		
0) The oldest rocks in India are		(GATE GG 2010)

1	b) between 2.5 and 3 billion years old		2
	c) between 2 and 2.5 billion years old		
	d) less than 2 billion years old		
11)	The sequential placement of geological events as determined b	y their position in the rock record is known	as (GATE GG 2010)
	a) relative dating		
	o) correlation		
	c) absolute dating		
	d) uniformitarianism		
	Time equivalence of rock units in different areas can be established	ished primarily by considering similarity in	(GATE GG 2010)
	a) lithology		
	o) fossil assemblages		
	c) sedimentary structures d) mineral assemblages		
	_	a major cause of the extinction of dinoscure)
	Which of the following volcanic events has been suggested as	a major cause of the extinction of dinosaurs	(GATE GG 2010)
	a) Panjal volcanism		
	b) Deccan volcanism c) Rajmahal volcanism		
	d) Malani volcanism		
	Bode's law express the approximate distance between		
14)	Bode's law express the approximate distance between		(GATE GG 2010)
	a) earth and other planets		()
	b) moon and sun		
	planets and sun		
	d) moon and earth		
15)	India's northward drift from Gondwanaland is believed to have	e started approximately (in million years ago,	Ma) (GATE GG 2010)
	a) 50 Ma		
	o) 150 Ma		
	c) 300 Ma		
	d) 400 Ma		
16)	Which of the following instruments contain piezoelectric mater	rial?	
			(GATE GG 2010)
	a) hydrophone		
	b) geophone		
	c) gravimeter		
	d) magnetometer		
1/)	If the average crustal thickness is 35 km and the height of a n on Airy's model beneath the mountain will be approximately	nountain is 5 km above the mean sea level.tr	ie crustai tnickness
	on Any's model beneath the mountain win be approximately		(GATE GG 2010)
			(0/112 00 2010)
	a) 35 km	c) 50 km	
1	o) 40 km	d) 70 km	
18)	The equipotential surface over which the gravitational field has	s equal value is known as	(2.55
			(GATE GG 2010)
	a) geoid		
	o) spheroid c) ellipsoid		
	d) man san laval		

20) Among the following the best reconnaissance method for determining basement configuration of sedimentary basins is

(GATE GG 2010)

(GATE GG 2010)

19) The angle between the present geographic north and geomagnetic north is

a) 1.5°
b) 7.5°
c) 11.5°
d) 23.5°

a) gravity methodb) self potential method

- c) seismic method
- d) electromagnetic method
- 21) Cooling of basic lava under water will lead to the formation of

- a) lava tunnel
- b) pillow structure
- c) columnar jointing
- d) cumulus texture
- 22) What would you expect to find at the base of a typical oceanic plate?

(GATE GG 2010)

a) Basalt

c) Gabbro

b) Diorite

- d) peridotite
- 23) Major coal deposits of India are found in the

(GATE GG 2010)

- a) cuddapah supergroup
- b) vindhyan supergroup
- c) Gondwana supergroup
- d) Dharwar supergroup
- 24) Which of the following is a product of residual weathering process?

(GATE GG 2010)

- a) Placer gold
- b) Banded iron ore

- c) Bauxite
- d) Porphyry copper
- 25) Choose the correct combination of ore and location of it's deposits.

(GATE GG 2010)

- a) uranium-jaduguda
- b) Lead-khetri

- c) Gold-panna
- d) Iron-Malanjkhand
- 26) The age of the oldest rocks in present-day ocean basins is

(GATE GG 2010)

- a) Devonian
- b) Jurassic
- c) Eocene
- d) Permian
- 27) Silicon to oxygen ratio in the following silicate structure is

(GATE GG 2010)

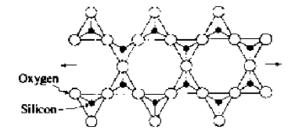


Fig. 27: silicate structure

- a) 1:2
- b) 2:5
- c) 4:11
- d) 1:3
- 28) Direct precipitation of uraninite from a mineralizing solution containing UO_2 ions can take place due to

- a) increase in Eh
- b) decrease in Eh
- c) increase in pH
- d) decrease in pH
- 29) Match the optical properties in Group I with appropriate minerals in Group II.

Group I	Group II
P. Twinkling	1. Quartz
Q. Pleochroic haloes	2. Nepheline
R. Anomalous interference colour	3. Calcite
S. Uniaxial positive	4. Chloride
	5.Biotite

a) P-4, Q-5, R-3, S-2 b) P-3, Q-4, R-5, S-2

- c) P-3, Q-5, R-4, S-1 d) P-3, Q-4, R-5, S-1
- 30) Wall-rock alteration producing epidote, albite and chloride around an ore body is called

(GATE GG 2010)

- a) argillic alteration
- b) propylitic alteration
- c) potassium-silicate alteration
- d) sericite alteration
- 31) Match the textures/structures in Group I with appropriate minerals in Group II.

(GATE GG 2010)

Group I
P.Cumulus texture
Q.Spinifex texture
R.Oriented intergrowth
S.Comb structure

Group II
1. Cavity filling
2. Gravity settling
3. Annealing
4. Quenching
5. Coherent exsolution

a) P-2, Q-4, R-5, S-1 b) P-3, Q-1, R-2, S-5 c) P-1, Q-5, R-4, S-3

d) P-2, Q-5, R-4, S-1

32) An area shows linear erosional depression, sag pond, spring and offset stream along with sub-horizontal slickensides. The prominent structure indicated by these features is

(GATE GG 2010)

- a) strike-slip fault
- b) horst and graben
- c) klippe
- d) nappe
- 33) Match the ore types in Group I with path-finder elements in Group II (GATE GG 2010)

Group I	Group II
P. Porphyry Cu ore	1.As
Q. Vein type Au ore	2.Hg
R. Pb-Zn-Ag ores	3.Cr
	4.Mo
	5.Ni

a) P-4, Q-1, R-2 b) P-3, Q-2, R-1

- c) P-4, Q-3, R-5
- d) P-5, Q-4, R-2
- 34) Match the nature of mass movements listed in Group I with the evidences listed in Group II.

(GATE GG 2010)

Group II Group II

P. Creep 1.Tounge-shaped mass movement

Q. Earth flow 2. Curved tree trunks

R. Slump 3. Scree formation at the base

4. Curved surface of rupture

a) P-2, Q-1, R-4

c) P-4, Q-2, R-1

b) P-1, Q-3, R-4

d) P-4, Q-3, R-2

35) Which of the following metamorphic facies is characterized by the pyrope rich garnet+ omphacite assemblage?

(GATE GG 2010)

a) Blueschist

c) Greenschist

b) Eclogite

d) Granulite

36) Match the gemstones in Group I with corresponding minerals in Group II.

(GATE GG 2010)

Group I
P. Peridote
1. Beryl
Q. Emerald
2. Feldspar
R. Amazonite
3. Corundum
S. Ruby
4. Olivine

a) P-4, Q-1, R-2, S-3

c) P-2, Q-4, R-1, S-3

b) P-1, Q-3, R-2, S-4

- d) P-3, Q-4, R-1, S-2
- 37) Which of the following statements is NOT correct with regard to a perched water table?

(GATE GG 2010)

- a) It is within an area where a local aquiclude occurs within a larger aquifer
- b) It lies above the main water table
- c) It is found in the main zone of saturation
- d) It is occasionally associated with springs
- 38) The spatial resolution of IRS LISS-III multi-spectral sensor for Near Infra-Red (NIR) band is

(GATE GG 2010)

- a) $5.8m \times 5.8m$
- b) $23.5m \times 23.5m$
- c) $70m \times 70m$
- d) $72.5m \times 72.5m$
- 39) Which of the following combinations of extinction events and extinct organisms is NOT correct?

(GATE GG 2010)

- a) Cretaceous end Dinosaurs
- b) Triassic end-Conodonts
- c) Permian end Trilobites
- d) Miocene end Ammonites
- 40) In India, marine fossili ferous rocks of lower Paleozoic age are mainly found in the

(GATE GG 2010)

a) Gondwana

c) Outer Himalaya

b) Higher Himalaya

d) Tethys Himalaya

41) Which of the following pairs of rock formations and characteristic fossils is correct?

(GATE GG 2010)

- a) Raniganj-Elephas
- b) Pinjor-Titanosaurus
- c) Lameta-Glossopteris
- d) Subathu-Nummulites
- 42) Which of the following groups of rock formations is NOT arranged from older to younger?

- a) Uttatur Trichinopoly Ariyalur Niniyur
- b) Paicham-Katrol-Chari Urmia
- c) Talchir-Damuda Panchet Mahadev
- d) Semri-Kaimur-Rewa-Bhander
- 43) Choose the correct combination of geological agents and associated features

- a) River Spit
- b) Glacier Yardang
- c) Longshore current Esker
- d) Wind-Ventifact
- 44) A sedimentary sequence dominated by large scale (5-10 m thick) cross beds, well-sorted and well-rounded quartz-rich sand with no fine matrix is most likely to be a

- a) deltaic deposit
- b) lagoonal deposit
- c) colian deposit
- d) outer shelf deposit
- 45) An invertebrate in which the plane of symmetry bisects the shell through the mid-point of the hinge is a

(GATE GG 2010)

- a) Pelecypod
- b) Brachiopod
- c) Gastropod
- d) Caphalopod
- 46) The oldest mamals and birds are known ,respectively from,

(GATE GG 2010)

- a) Creataceous and paleocene
- b) Silurian and Devonian

- c) Triassic and Jurassic
- d) Oligocene and Miocene

47) Allochems in a limestone consist of

(GATE GG 2010)

- a) micrite only
- b) spar only
- c) ooids only
- d) bioclasts and ooids

Common Data Questions

Common Data Questions 48 and 49

The following geological map exposes three beds, of which the bed P is the oldest and the bed R the youngest.

(GATE GG 2010)

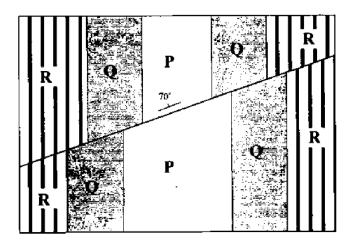


Fig. 47

48) What type of structure does the map depict?

- a) Faulted anticline
- b) Folded strike-slip fault

- c) Faulted syncline
- d) Folded normal fault
- 49) Why is bed P wider in the area south of fault?

- a) Erosion has removed most of bed P to the north of fault
- b) Folding has caused thinning of bed P to the north of fault
- c) Deeper level of bed P is exposed due to faulting and erosion to the south of fault
- d) Bed P had a variable thickness prior to faulting

Common Data Questions 50 and 51

A sequence of shale and limestone is intruded by an igneous pluton. Metasomatic interaction between the pluton and the country rocks involves introduction of Si and Al isto dolomitic limestone.

50) Which pair of rock types best describes the products of metamorphism in the contact aureole?

(GATE GG 2025)

a) Slate and schist

c) Schist and bornfels

b) Schist and skarn

- d) Hornfels and skarn
- 51) The mineral which is NOT expected in assemblages in the metamorphosed dolomitic limestone is

(GATE GG 2010)

- a) coarse
- b) anorthite
- c) diopside
- d) andalusite

Linked Answer Questions

statement for Linked Answer Questions 52 and 53:

A pluton of iron-poor basic magma containing trace concentrations of Ni, Rb, Sr and V undergoes crystallization upon cooling

52) The first mineral to crystallize will be

(GATE GG 2010)

- a) augite
- b) hornblende
- c) olivine
- d) oligoclase
- 53) The trace element that will be preferentially incorporated in the correct mineral in Q. 52 is

(GATE GG 2010)

- a) Ni
- b) Rb
- c) Sr
- d) V

Linked Answer Questions 54 and 55:

54) Silica-undersaturated minerals are

(GATE GG 2010)

- a) nepheline and albite
- b) olivine and enstatite
- c) leucite and orthoclase
- d) olivine and leucite
- 55) The Hermann-Mauguin symbols of crystallographic notation for the correct minerals in Q. 54 are

(GATE GG 2010)

- a) 2/m2/m and 4/m
- b) 2/m2/m2/m for both
- c) 4/m and 2/m
- d) 6 and I

END OF SECTION 1 OF PART B

PART B (SECTION 2): FOR GEOPHYSICS CANDIDATES ONLY

26) The gravity value measured at the base of a 10 m tall building is 40 mGal. The value at the top of the building ignoring its mass is close to

(GATE GG 2010)

a) 20 mGal

- b) 37 mGal
- c) 40 mGal
- d) 43 mGal
- 27) Upward continuation technique filters their wavelength anomalies and amplitudes.

- a) short, reduces
- b) long, enhances
- c) long, reduces
- d) short, enhances
- 28) The relative intensities of induced and remanent magnetization are commonly expressed in terms of

(GATE GG 2010)

- a) susceptibility
- b) gyromagnetic ratio
- c) Poisson's ratio
- d) konigsberg ratio
- 29) In electrical resistivity method, which among the following is correct with reference to Geometric Factor(GF)?

(GATE GG 2010)

- a) varies for profiling and remains constant for sounding
- c) GF remains constant for profiling and varies for sounding
- b) GF remains constant for both profiling and sounding
- d) GF varies for both profiling and sounding
- 30) If in a magnetic dipole 'm' represents poles of equal strength and 'l' represents the distance between the two poles, then the magnetic moment of dipole is

(GATE GG 2010)

- a) lm
- b) $\frac{l}{m}$
- c) 2lm
- d) $\frac{lm}{2}$
- 31) Energy in radioactive decay with respect to time follows

(GATE GG 2010)

- a) normal distribution
- b) Poisson distribution
- c) chi-squared distribution
- d) binomial distribution
- 32) The logging technique that uses non-conductive drilling fluids is

(GATE GG 2010)

- a) SP logging
- b) Resistivity logging
- c) Induction logging
- d) Radiometric logging
- 33) Unguided random-walk inversion technique signifies

(GATE GG 2010)

- a) Genetic algorithm
- b) Simulated annealing
- c) Monte Carlo inversion
- d) Metropolis algorithm
- 34) The compressional wave velocity ∇p within a solid with adiabatic bulk modulus ∇p rigidity modulus G and density ρ is given by

a)
$$vp = \sqrt{\frac{k\gamma + (5/3)G}{\rho}}$$

b) $vp = \sqrt{\frac{k\gamma + (2/3)G}{\rho}}$
c) $vp = \sqrt{\frac{k\gamma + (1/3)G}{\rho}}$
d) $vp = \sqrt{\frac{k\gamma + (4/3)G}{\rho}}$

b)
$$vp = \sqrt{\frac{k\gamma + (2/3)G}{\rho}}$$

c)
$$vp = \sqrt{\frac{k\gamma + (1/3)G}{\rho}}$$

d)
$$vp = \sqrt{\frac{k\gamma + (4/3)G}{g}}$$

- 35) The number of independent elements of the 4th order stiffness tensor required to characterize general elastic media is (GATE GG 2010)
 - a) 2
 - b) 21
 - c) 36
 - d) 81

36) The seismic energy released in an earthquake of magnitude $Ms = 7.0$ is abo	out $_{-}$ times that released in an earthquake of Ms =
6.0. times that	(GATE GG 2010)
a) 10 b) 32 c) 64 d) 100	
37) In the figure given below "-" represents dilatation and "+" represents composite with strike-slip mechanism is represented by	ression. The fault plane solution of an earthquake
	(GATE GG 2010)
(P) (Q) (R)	(S)
Fig. 37	
a) P b) Q c) R d) S	
38) The anelastic attenuation of seismic energy depends on	(CATE OC 2010)
a) quality factorb) particle accelerationc) stress dropd) particle velocity	(GATE GG 2010)
39) The seismic wave travelling in low velocity layer and critically incident at layers	the discontinuity between low and high velocity
	(GATE GG 2010)
 a) will be diffracted b) will be reflected c) will propagate along the discontinuity d) will be absorbed 40) An input signal {-1,1,0,2}, after passing through a delay operator z,will be 	
	(GATE GG 2010)
a) $-z^2 + z^3 + 2z^5$ b) $\{0, -1, 1, 0, 2\}$ c) $\{0, 2, 0, 1, -1\}$ d) $-z + z^2 + 2z^4$	
41) If m represents the number of model parameters, d the number of data poi which of the following defines an underdetermined system?	ints and p the rank of matrix to be inverted, then (GATE GG 2010)
a) m <d and="" b)="" m="" p="d">d and p=d c) m=d and p=d d) m<d and="" p≠d<="" td=""><td></td></d></d>	
42) A unit amplitude of an electromagnetic wave at thrice the skin-depth will be	e reduced to (GATE GG 2010)
a) $-3e$ b) $\frac{3}{e}$ c) $\frac{e}{3}$ d) e^{-3}	(GAIL GG 2010)
43) The Hilbert transform of a function $f(t)$ is denoted by $H(f(t))$. If $f(t) = \sin t$	t , then H{ $H(f(t))$ } is (GATE GG 2010)
a) - sin t b) - cos t c) sin t d) cos t	
44) The rectangular function $\pi(t)$ is defined as $\pi(t) = 1$ $ t \le \frac{1}{2}$ $ t > \frac{1}{2}$	

The convolution of $\pi(t)$ with itself will be

(GATE GG 2010)

- a) a triangular function $\triangle(t)$
- b) again $\pi(t)$
- c) a unit-step function u(t)
- d) a delta function $\delta(t)$
- 45) Given $A = e^{-y} (\cos x a_x \sin x a_y)$, where a_x and a_y denote the unit vectors in x-,y- directions respectively. Then $\nabla \cdot (\nabla \times A) =$ (GATE GG 2010)
 - a) e^{-y}
 - b) 0
 - c) $e^{-y}\cos x$
 - d) $e^{-y} \sin x$
- 46) Match the items in Group I with those in Group II.

(GATE GG 2010)

Group I

- P. convolution in time domain
- Q. Nyquist frequency
- R. Aliasing
- S. White noise

Group II

- 1. $\frac{1}{2\triangle t}$
- 2. Flat spectrum
- 3. Multiplication in frequency domain
- 4. Frequency folding
- 5. Autocorrelation function

- a) P-3, Q-1, R-4, s-2
- b) P-2, Q-1, R-5, s-4
- c) P-3, Q-1, R-2, s-1
- d) P-2, Q-4, R-1, s-5
- 47) In magnetic materials, the relation between magnetic permeability μ and susceptibility K (in Sl units) is

(GATE GG 2010)

- a) $\mu = 1/k$
- b) $\mu 1 k$
- c) $\mu = 1 + k$
- d) $\mu = 1 2\pi k$

Common Data Questions

Common Data Questions 48 and 49

The terrain correction in gravity method accounts for topographic relief in the vicinity of the observation point. The Bouguer slab assumes the topography around the observation point to be flat. In the figure below, the Bouguer slab thickness is and the hollow portion P lies within the Bouguer slab. Q and R are parts of the topography.

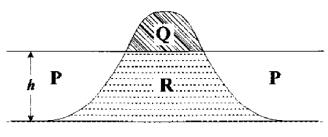


Fig. 47

48) In the region P, the terrain correction is

(GATE GG 2010)

- a) half of that in R
- b) negative
- c) zero
- d) positive
- 49) In the region Q, the terrain correction is required to account for

- a) hollow portion P
- b) reduced gravity due to excess mass in portion Q
- c) increased gravity due to excess mass in portion Q
- d) over-correction of Bouguer slab

Common Data for Questions 50 and 51: For an input x_n the output of a digital filter y_n is gi	ven by $y_n = 1.5x_n - 2x_{n-1} + 2.5y_{n-2}$
50) The order of the digital filter is	(GATE GG 2010)
a) 4 b) 3	

- c) 2
- d) 1
- 51) The transfer function of the digital filter is

- a) $\frac{y_n}{x_n} = \frac{1.5 2z}{1 2.5z}$
- b) $\frac{y_n}{x_n} = \frac{1.5 2z}{1 2.5z^2}$
- c) $\frac{y_n}{x_n} = \frac{1-2.5z^2}{1.5-2z}$
- d) $\frac{y_n}{y_n} = \frac{1.5 2z}{1 + 2.5z^2}$

Linked Answer Questions Statement for Linked Answer Questions 52 and 53: In a two-layer earth model, the values of seismic velocity and density of first and second layers, respectively, are $V\rho 1 = 4000 \text{m/s}.\rho 1 = 2500 \text{kg/m}^3$, and $V\rho 2 = 4500 \text{m/s}.\rho 2$ $= 2600 \text{kg/m}^3$.

52) The acoustic impedance of the first layer in SI units at normal incidence is

(GATE GG 2010)

- a) 10^3
- b) 10^4
- c) 10^5
- d) 10^7
- 53) he transmission coefficient for a wave at normal incidence at the boundary of first and second layer is

(GATE GG 2010)

- a) 0.46
- b) 0.58
- c) 0.92
- d) 1.07

Statement for Linked Answer Questions 54 and 55:

Consider a magnetotelluric (MT) field set up. A plane electromagnetic wave with a time dependence factor $e^{(-i\omega t)}$ is travelling vertically downwards (z-direction) into the Earth with an angular frequency ω The electric field is polarized in the x-direction (strike).

54) The electromagnetic field components considered in this mode are

(GATE GG0 2010)

- a) E_x, H_x, H_z
- b) E_z, H_x, H_z
- c) E_x, H_x, E_z
- d) E_z, H_x, H_z
- 55) Which of the following equations represents the above mode?

(GATE GG 2010)

- a) $E_z = \frac{-1}{i\omega t} \frac{\partial H_z}{\partial z}$
- b) $H_x = \frac{-1}{i\omega t} \frac{\partial E_z}{\partial z}$
- c) $H_x = \frac{-1}{i\omega t} \frac{\partial E_x}{\partial z}$

d) $H_z = \frac{-1}{i\omega t} \frac{\partial E_x}{\partial z}$ **END OF SECTION 2 OF PART B**

General Aptitude (GA) Questions

56) His rather casual remarks on politics his lack of seriousness about the subject.

(GATE GG 2010)

a) masked

b) belied			
c) betrayed			
d) suppressed			
	options is the closest in meaning	to the word below:	
Circuitous			
			(GATE GG 2010)
a) cyclic			
b) indirect			
c) confusing			
d) crooked			
58) If we manage to our ch	ldren. our natural resources, we	would leave a better planet for	
			(GATE GG 2010)
a) uphold			
b) restrain			
c) cherish			
d) preserves			
			of them play both hockey and football.
Then the number of per	sons playing neither hockey nor	football is:	(2.177.22.22.20)
			(GATE GG 2010)
a) 2			
b) 17			
c) 13			
d) 3			
=		ollowed by four pairs of words	. Select the pair that best expresses the
relation in the original p	oair. Unemployed: Worker		(CATE CC 2010)
			(GATE GG 2010)
a) fallow: land	b) unaware: sleeper	c) wit: jester	d) renovated: house
,	•	, •	,
61) If $137 + 276 = 435$ how	much is $731 + 672$?		
			(GATE GG 2010)
a) 534			
b) 1403			
c) 1623			
d) 1513			
62) Hari (H) , Gita (G) , Irfan	(I) and Saira (S) are siblings (i.e	e.brothersandsisters). All were	born on 1 st January. The age difference
	sive siblings (that is born one af	ter another) is less than 3 years	s. Given the following facts:
	e > Irfan's age + Saira's age.		
_	etween Gita and Saira is I year. I	However, Gita is not the oldest	and Saira is not the youngest.
iii. There are no twins			
In what way they were	born(oldestfirst)?		
			(GATE GG 2010)
a) HSIG			
b) SGHI			
c) IGSH			
d) IHSG			
			0 1 111 1 11 11 11
aganta that do thair re	changed from large scale clas		
	ork silently appear to be suite	d to such warfare; and regre	etfully, there exist people in military Which of the following statements best

sums up the meaning of the above passage:

- a) Modern warfare has resulted in civil strife.
- b) Chemical agents are useful in modern warfare.
- c) Use of chemical agents in warfare would be undesirable.
- d) People in military establishments like to use chemical agents in war.
- 64) 5 skilled workers can build a wall in 20 days: 8 semi-skilled workers can build a wall in 25 days: 10 unskilled workers can build a wall in 30 days. If a team has 2 skilled. 6semi-skilled and 5 unskilled workers, how long will it take to build the wall? (GATE EE 2025)
 - b) 18 days c) 16 days a) 20 days d) 15 days
- 65) Given digits 2, 2, 3, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4, 4 how many distinct 4 digit numbers greater than 3000 can be formed?

a) 50 b) 51 c) 52 d) 53

END OF THE QUESTION PAPER