

## Classifying Metrics Based on Request or Response

Classify metrics by request

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GET /reviews/{review\_id}

and responses handled by services in your mesh. For example, a bookseller tracks the number of times book reviews are requested. A book review request has this structure:

It's useful to visualize telemetry based on the type of requests

Counting the number of review requests must account for the unbounded element review\_id. GET /reviews/1 followed by GET /reviews/2 should count as two requests to get reviews.

request processing as istio\_operationId attribute with value equal to GetReviews. You can use the attribute as a dimension in Istio standard metrics. Similarly, you can track metrics based on other operations like ListReviews and CreateReviews.

Istio uses the Envoy proxy to generate metrics and provides its

control/istio-discovery/templates/telemetryv2\_1.11.yaml. As a result,

configuration in the EnvoyFilter at manifests/charts/istio-

For more information, see the reference content.

Istio lets you create classification rules using the AttributeGen plugin that groups requests into a fixed number of logical operations. For example, you can create an operation named Getreviews, which is a common way to identify operations using the Open API Spec operationId. This information is injected into

writing classification rules involves adding attributes to the EnvoyFilter.

#### Classify metrics by request

You can classify requests based on their type, for example ListReview, GetReview, CreateReview.

 Create a file, for example attribute\_gen\_service.yaml, and save it with the following contents. This adds the istio.attributegen plugin to the EnvoyFilter. It also creates an attribute, istio\_operationId and populates it with values for the categories to count as metrics.

This configuration is service-specific since request paths are typically service-specific.

```
apiVersion: networking.istio.io/v1alpha3
kind: EnvoyFilter
metadata:
 name: istio-attributegen-filter
spec:
 workloadSelector:
   labels:
      app: reviews
 configPatches:
  - applyTo: HTTP FILTER
   match:
      context: SIDECAR INBOUND
      proxv:
        proxyVersion: '1\.9.*'
      listener:
        filterChain:
```

```
filter:
            name: "envoy.http_connection_manager"
            subFilter:
              name: "istio.stats"
    patch:
      operation: INSERT BEFORE
      value:
        name: istio.attributegen
        typed_config:
          "@type": type.googleapis.com/udpa.type.v1.TypedStruct
          type url: type.googleapis.com/envoy.extensions.filters.http.
wasm.v3.Wasm
          value:
            config:
              configuration:
                "@type": type.googleapis.com/google.protobuf.StringVal
пe
                value: |
                    "attributes": [
                        "output attribute": "istio operationId",
```

```
"value": "ListReviews",
                            "condition": "request.url path == '/review
s' && request.method == 'GET'"
                            "value": "GetReview",
                            "condition": "request.url_path.matches('^/
reviews/[[:alnum:]]*$') && request.method == 'GET'"
                            "value": "CreateReview",
                            "condition": "request.url_path == '/review
s/' && request.method == 'POST'"
              vm_config:
                runtime: envoy.wasm.runtime.null
```

"match": [

```
2. Apply your changes using the following command:

$ kubectl -n istio-system apply -f attribute_gen_service.yaml
```

local: { inline string: "envoy.wasm.attributegen" }

code:

stats-filter-1.11.yaml

3. Find the stats-filter-1.11 EnvoyFilter resource from the istio-system namespace, using the following command:

```
$ kubectl -n istio-system get envoyfilter | grep ^stats-filter-1.11
stats-filter-1.11 2d
```

4. Create a local file system copy of the EnvoyFilter

```
Create a local file system copy of the EnvoyFilter configuration, using the following command:

| $ kubectl -n istio-system get envoyfilter stats-filter-1.11 -o yaml >
```

the name: istio.stats extension configuration. Update it to map request\_operation dimension in the requests\_total standard metric to istio\_operationId attribute. The updated configuration file section should look like the following.

5. Open stats-filter-1.11.yaml with a text editor and locate

standard metric to istio\_operationId attribute. The update configuration file section should look like the following.

```
typed config:
  '@type': type.googleapis.com/udpa.type.v1.TypedStruct
  type_url: type.googleapis.com/envoy.extensions.filters.http.wasm.v3.
Wasm
 value:
   confia:
      configuration:
        "@type": type.googleapis.com/google.protobuf.StringValue
       value:
            "metrics": [
               "name": "requests_total",
               "dimensions": {
                 "request operation": "istio operationId"
             }]
```

6. Save stats-filter-1.11.yaml and then apply the

name: istio.stats

\$ kubectl -n istio-system apply -f stats-filter-1.11.yaml

configuration using the following command:

created.

meshConfig:

7. Add the following configuration to the mesh config. This results in the addition of the request\_operation as a new dimension to the istio\_requests\_total metric. Without it, a new metric with the name envoy request operation somevalue istio requests total is

```
defaultConfig:
    extraStatTags:
    request_operation
```

8. Generate metrics by sending traffic to your application.

 After the changes take effect, visit Prometheus and look for the new or changed dimensions, for example istio\_requests\_total.

# Classify metrics by response

You can classify responses using a similar process as requests. Do note that the response\_code dimension already exists by default. The example below will change how it is populated.

 ${\it 1. \ Create\ a\ file,\ for\ example\ attribute\_gen\_service.yaml,\ and\ save\ it\ with\ the\ following\ contents.\ This\ adds\ the}$ 

istio.attributegen plugin to the EnvoyFilter and generates the istio\_responseClass attribute used by the stats plugin.

This example classifies various responses, such as grouping all response codes in the 200 range as a 2xx dimension.

```
apiVersion: networking.istio.io/v1alpha3
kind: EnvovFilter
metadata:
  name: istio-attributegen-filter
spec:
  workloadSelector:
    labels:
      app: productpage
  configPatches:
  - applyTo: HTTP_FILTER
    match:
      context: SIDECAR INBOUND
      proxy:
```

```
listener:
        filterChain:
          filter:
            name: "envoy.http connection manager"
            subFilter:
              name: "istio.stats"
   patch:
      operation: INSERT_BEFORE
     value:
        name: istio.attributegen
        typed config:
          "@type": type.googleapis.com/udpa.type.v1.TypedStruct
          type_url: type.googleapis.com/envoy.extensions.filters.http.
wasm.v3.Wasm
          value:
            config:
              configuration:
                "@type": type.googleapis.com/google.protobuf.StringVal
                value: I
```

proxyVersion: '1\.9.\*'

пe

```
"attributes": [
                        "output_attribute": "istio_responseClass",
                        "match": [
                            "value": "2xx",
                            "condition": "response.code >= 200 && resp
onse.code <= 299"
                            "value": "3xx",
                            "condition": "response.code >= 300 && resp
onse.code <= 399"
                          },
                            "value": "404",
                            "condition": "response.code == 404"
                          },
                            "value": "429",
                            "condition": "response.code == 429"
                           },
```

```
"value": "503",
                            "condition": "response.code == 503"
                            "value": "5xx",
                            "condition": "response.code >= 500 && resp
onse.code <= 599"
                            "value": "4xx",
                            "condition": "response.code >= 400 && resp
onse.code <= 499"
              vm_config:
                runtime: envoy.wasm.runtime.null
                code:
                  local: { inline_string: "envoy.wasm.attributegen" }
```

\$ kubectl -n istio-system apply -f attribute\_gen\_service.yaml 3. Find the stats-filter-1.11 EnvoyFilter resource from the istio-system namespace, using the following command:

2. Apply your changes using the following command:

- \$ kubectl -n istio-system get envoyfilter | grep ^stats-filter-1.11 stats-filter-1.11 2d
- 4. Create a local file system copy of the EnvoyFilter
  - configuration, using the following command:

  - \$ kubectl -n istio-system get envoyfilter stats-filter-1.11 -o yaml > stats-filter-1.11.vaml

Open stats-filter-1.11.yaml with a text editor and locate

the name: istio.stats extension configuration. Update it to map response\_code dimension in the requests\_total standard metric to istio\_responseClass attribute. The updated configuration file section should look like the following.

```
typed config:
  '@type': type.googleapis.com/udpa.type.v1.TypedStruct
  type_url: type.googleapis.com/envoy.extensions.filters.http.wasm.v3.
Wasm
 value:
   confia:
      configuration:
        "@type": type.googleapis.com/google.protobuf.StringValue
       value:
            "metrics": [
               "name": "requests_total",
               "dimensions": {
                 "response code": "istio responseClass"
```

6. Save stats-filter-1.11.yaml and then apply the

name: istio.stats

configuration using the following command:

```
$ kubectl -n istio-system apply -f stats-filter-1.11.yaml
```

### Verify the results

- $1. \ \ Generate\ metrics\ by\ sending\ traffic\ to\ your\ application.$
- 2. Visit Prometheus and look for the new or changed dimensions, for example 2xx. Alternatively, use the following command to verify that Istio generates the data for your new dimension:

\$ kubectl exec pod-name -c istio-proxy -- curl -sS 'localhost:15000/st ats/prometheus' | grep istio\_

In the output, locate the metric (e.g. istio\_requests\_total) and verify the presence of the new or changed dimension.

### Troubleshooting

If classification does not occur as expected, check the following potential causes and resolutions.

Review the Envoy proxy logs for the pod that has the service on which you applied the configuration change. Check that

logs on the pod, (pod-name), where you configured classification by using the following command:

\$\\$ \text{kubectl logs pod-name -c istio-proxy | grep -e "Config Error" -e "envoy w"}\$

there are no errors reported by the service in the Envoy proxy

```
Additionally, ensure that there are no Envoy proxy crashes by looking for signs of restarts in the output of the following command:
```

ommand:

\$ kubectl get pods pod-name

asm"