E Contents **Kubernetes Ingress**

⊙ 3 **minute read ✓** page test

service outside of the service mesh cluster, using the Kubernetes Ingress Resource.

This task describes how to configure Istio to expose a

Using the Istio Gateway, rather than Ingress, is recommended to make use of the full feature

set that Istio offers, such as rich traffic management and security features.

Before you begin

Follow the instructions in the Before you begin and Determining the ingress IP and ports sections of the Ingress Gateways task.

Configuring ingress using an Ingress resource

A Kubernetes Ingress Resources exposes HTTP and HTTPS routes from outside the cluster to services within the cluster.

Let's see how you can configure a Ingress on port 80 for HTTP traffic.

1. Create an Ingress resource:

```
$ kubectl apply -f - <<EOF
apiVersion: networking.k8s.io/v1beta1
kind: Ingress
metadata:
  annotations:
    kubernetes.io/ingress.class: istio
  name: ingress
spec:
  rules:
  - host: httpbin.example.com
    http:
      paths:
      - path: /status/*
        hackend:
          serviceName: httpbin
          servicePort: 8000
FOF
```

The kubernetes.io/ingress.class annotation is

required to tell the Istio gateway controller that it should handle this Ingress, otherwise it will be ignored. 2. Access the httpbin service using curl:

```
$ curl -s -I -HHost:httpbin.example.com "http://$INGRESS HO
ST:$INGRESS PORT/status/200"
```

HTTP/1.1 200 OK server: istio-envoy

```
Note that you use the -H flag to set the Host HTTP
header to "httpbin.example.com". This is needed
```

because the Ingress is configured to handle "httpbin.example.com", but in your test

- environment you have no DNS binding for that host and are simply sending your request to the ingress IP.3. Access any other URL that has not been explicitly
- exposed. You should see an HTTP 404 error:

 \$ curl -s -I -HHost:httpbin.example.com "http://\$INGRESS HO

```
ST:$INGRESS_PORT/headers"
HTTP/1.1 404 Not Found
...
```

Next Steps

TLS

Ingress supports specifying TLS settings. This is supported by Istio, but the referenced secret must exist in the namespace of the istio-ingressgateway deployment (typically istio-system). cert-manager can be used to generate these certificates.

Specifying path type

By default, Istio will treat paths as exact matches,

unless they end in /* or .*, in which case they will become prefix matches. Other regular expressions are not supported.

This allows explicitly declaring a path as Exact or Prefix.

In Kubernetes 1.18, a new field, pathType, was added.

Specifying IngressClass

In Kubernetes 1.18, a new resource, IngressClass, was added, replacing the kubernetes.io/ingress.class

annotation on the Ingress resource. If you are using this resource, you will need to set the controller field to istio.io/ingress-controller. For example:

apiVersion: networking.k8s.io/v1beta1

kind: IngressClass

```
metadata:
  name: istio
spec:
  controller: istio.io/ingress-controller
apiVersion: networking.k8s.io/v1beta1
kind: Ingress
metadata:
  name: ingress
spec:
  ingressClassName: istio
  rules:
```

```
- host: httpbin.example.com
http:
  paths:
  - path: /
  pathType: Prefix
  backend:
    serviceName: httpbin
    servicePort: 8000
```

Cleanup

Delete the Ingress configuration, and shutdown the httpbin service:

\$ kubectl delete --ignore-not-found=true -f @samples/httpbin/htt pbin.yaml@

\$ kubectl delete ingress ingress