

③ 4 minute read ✓ page test

This task shows you how to shift TCP traffic from one version of a microservice to another.

A common use case is to migrate TCP traffic gradually from an older version of a microservice to a new one. In Istio, you accomplish this goal by configuring a sequence of routing rules that redirect

another. In this task, you will send 100% of the TCP traffic to

a percentage of TCP traffic from one destination to

tcp-echo:v1. Then, you will route 20% of the TCP traffic to tcp-echo:v2 using Istio's weighted routing feature.

Before you begin

• Setup Istio by following the instructions in the

• Review the Traffic Management concepts doc.

Installation guide.

io-injection=enabled

Set up the test environment

To get started, create a namespace for testing

TCP traffic shifting and label it to enable.

TCP traffic shifting and label it to enable automatic sidecar injection.

\$ kubectl create namespace istio-io-tcp-traffic-shifting

\$ kubectl label namespace istio-io-tcp-traffic-shifting ist

source for sending requests.

\$ kubectl apply -f @samples/sleep/sleep.yaml@ -n istio-io-t
cp-traffic-shifting

2. Deploy the sleep sample app to use as a test

microservice.

- 3. Deploy the v1 and v2 versions of the tcp-echo
 - \$ kubectl apply -f @samples/tcp-echo/tcp-echo-services.yaml
 @ -n istio-io-tcp-traffic-shifting
- 4. Follow the instructions in Determining the ingress IP and ports to define the TCP_INGRESS_PORT and INGRESS_HOST environment variables.

Apply weight-based TCP routing

1. Route all TCP traffic to the v1 version of the tcp-echo microservice.

```
\ kubectl apply -f @samples/tcp-echo/tcp-echo-all-v1.yaml@ -n istio-io-tcp-traffic-shifting
```

2. Confirm that the tcp-echo service is up and running by sending some TCP traffic from the sleep client.

```
$ for i in {1..20}; do \
kubectl exec "$(kubectl get pod -l app=sleep -n istio-io-tc
p-traffic-shifting -o jsonpath={.items..metadata.name})" \
-c sleep -n istio-io-tcp-traffic-shifting -- sh -c "(date;
sleep 1) | nc $INGRESS HOST $TCP INGRESS PORT"; \
done
one Mon Nov 12 23:24:57 UTC 2018
one Mon Nov 12 23:25:00 UTC 2018
one Mon Nov 12 23:25:02 UTC 2018
one Mon Nov 12 23:25:05 UTC 2018
one Mon Nov 12 23:25:07 HTC 2018
one Mon Nov 12 23:25:10 UTC 2018
one Mon Nov 12 23:25:12 UTC 2018
one Mon Nov 12 23:25:15 UTC 2018
one Mon Nov 12 23:25:17 UTC 2018
one Mon Nov 12 23:25:19 UTC 2018
```

You should notice that all the timestamps have a

```
routed to the v1 version of the tcp-echo service.
3. Transfer 20% of the traffic from tcp-echo:v1 to tcp-
   echo: v2 with the following command:
```

\$ kubectl apply -f @samples/tcp-echo/tcp-echo-20-v2.yaml@ -

prefix of one, which means that all traffic was

```
Wait a few seconds for the new rules to
```

n istio-io-tcp-traffic-shifting

propagate.

```
4. Confirm that the rule was replaced:
    $ kubectl get virtualservice tcp-echo -o vaml -n istio-io-t
```

cp-traffic-shifting apiVersion: networking.istio.io/v1beta1

```
kind: VirtualService
  . . .
spec:
  tcp:
  - match:
    - port: 31400
    route:
    - destination:
        host: tcp-echo
        port:
          number: 9000
        subset: v1
      weight: 80
    - destination:
        host: tcp-echo
        port:
          number: 9000
        subset: v2
      weight: 20
```

- 5. Send some more TCP traffic to the tcp-echo microservice.

```
$ for i in {1..20}; do \
kubectl exec "$(kubectl get pod -l app=sleep -n istio-io-tc
p-traffic-shifting -o jsonpath={.items..metadata.name})" \
-c sleep -n istio-io-tcp-traffic-shifting -- sh -c "(date;
sleep 1) | nc $INGRESS HOST $TCP INGRESS PORT"; \
done
one Mon Nov 12 23:38:45 UTC 2018
two Mon Nov 12 23:38:47 UTC 2018
one Mon Nov 12 23:38:50 UTC 2018
one Mon Nov 12 23:38:52 UTC 2018
one Mon Nov 12 23:38:55 HTC 2018
two Mon Nov 12 23:38:57 UTC 2018
one Mon Nov 12 23:39:00 UTC 2018
one Mon Nov 12 23:39:02 UTC 2018
one Mon Nov 12 23:39:05 UTC 2018
one Mon Nov 12 23:39:07 UTC 2018
```

You should now notice that about 20% of the

timestamps have a prefix of two, which means that 80% of the TCP traffic was routed to the v1 version of the tcp-echo service, while 20% was routed to v2.

Understanding what happened

In this task you partially migrated TCP traffic from an old to new version of the tcp-echo service using Istio's weighted routing feature. Note that this is very

deployment features of container orchestration platforms, which use instance scaling to manage the traffic.

different than doing version migration using the

echo service to scale up and down independently, without affecting the traffic distribution between them.

With Istio, you can allow the two versions of the tcp-

For more information about version routing with autoscaling, check out the blog article Canary Deployments using Istio.

Cleanup

1. Remove the sleep sample, tcp-echo application, and routing rules:

```
$ kubectl delete -f @samples/tcp-echo/tcp-echo-all-v1.yaml@
-n istio-io-tcp-traffic-shifting
$ kubectl delete -f @samples/tcp-echo/tcp-echo-services.yam
l@ -n istio-io-tcp-traffic-shifting
$ kubectl delete -f @samples/sleep/sleep.yaml@ -n istio-io-tcp-traffic-shifting
$ kubectl delete namespace istio-io-tcp-traffic-shifting
```