

## Before you begin

③ 3 minute read 
 ✓ page test

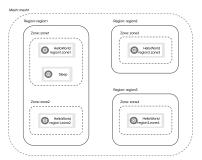
Before you begin the locality load balancing tasks, you must first install Istio on multiple

clusters. The clusters must span three regions, containing four availability zones. The number of clusters required may vary

The number of clusters required may vary based on the capabilities offered by your cloud provider.

For simplicity, we will assume that there is only a single primary cluster in the mesh. This simplifies the process of configuring the control plane, since changes only need to be applied to one cluster.

We will deploy several instances of the Helloworld application as follows:



Setup for locality load balancing tasks

#### Environment Variables

This guide assumes that all clusters will be accessed through contexts in the default Kubernetes configuration file. The following environment variables will be used for the various contexts:

Variable	Description
CTX_PRIMARY	The context used for applying configuration to the primary cluster.
CTX_R1_Z1	The context used to interact with pods in region1.zone1.
CTX R1 72	The context used to

	interact with pods in region3.zone4.	
Create the sample namespace		

To begin, generate yaml for the sample namespace with automatic sidecar injection

interact with pods in

The context used to

The context used to

interact with pods in

region1.zone2.

region2.zone3.

CTX R2 Z3

CTX R3 Z4

enabled:

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: Namespace
metadata:
  name: sample
  labels:
    istio-injection: enabled
EOF
```

\$ cat <<EOF > sample.vaml

#### Add the sample namespace to each cluster:

```
$ for CTX in "$CTX_PRIMARY" "$CTX_R1_Z1" "$CTX_R1_Z
2" "$CTX_R2_Z3" "$CTX_R3_Z4"; \
    do \
        kubectl --context="$CTX" apply -f sample.yaml;
    done
```

### **Deploy** HelloWorld

Generate the HelloWorld YAML for each locality, using the locality as the version

### \$ for LOC in "region1 zone1" "region1 zone2" "region

string:

```
$ for LOC in "region1.zone1" "region1.zone2" "regio
n2.zone3" "region3.zone4"; \
    do \
        ./@samples/helloworld/gen-helloworld.sh@ \
        --version "$LOC" > "helloworld-${LOC}.yaml";
    done
```

# Apply the Helloworld YAML to the appropriate cluster for each locality:

-f helloworld-region2.zone3.yaml

```
$ kubectl apply --context="${CTX_R1_Z1}" -n sample
\
  -f helloworld-region1.zone1.yaml
```

```
$ kubectl apply --context="${CTX_R1_Z2}" -n sample
\
-f helloworld-region1.zone2.yaml

$ kubectl apply --context="${CTX_R2_Z3}" -n sample
```

```
$ kubectl apply --context="${CTX_R3_Z4}" -n sample
\
-f helloworld-region3.zone4.yaml
```

### **Deploy** Sleep

Deploy the Sleep application to region1 zone1:

```
$ kubectl apply --context="${CTX_R1_Z1}" \
```

-f @samples/sleep/sleep.vaml@ -n sample

### Wait for Helloworld pods

Wait until the Helloworld pods in each zone are Running:

```
e -l app="helloworld" \
  -l version="region1.zone1"
                                          READY
NAME
STATUS RESTARTS AGE
helloworld-region1.zone1-86f77cd7b-cpxhv
                                         2/2
Running 0
                    305
$ kubectl get pod --context="${CTX R1 Z2}" -n sampl
e -l app="helloworld" \
  -l version="region1.zone2"
NAME
                                          READY
STATUS RESTARTS AGE
helloworld-region1.zone2-86f77cd7b-cpxhv
                                          2/2
Running 0
                    30s
$ kubectl get pod --context="${CTX_R2_Z3}" -n sampl
e -l app="helloworld" \
  -1 version="region2.zone3"
NAME
                                          READY
STATUS RESTARTS AGE
helloworld-region2.zone3-86f77cd7b-cpxhv
                                         2/2
Runnina 0
                    305
```

\$ kubectl get pod --context="\${CTX\_R1\_Z1}" -n sampl

```
e -l app="helloworld" \
    -l version="region3.zone4"

NAME READY

STATUS RESTARTS AGE
helloworld-region3.zone4-86f77cd7b-cpxhv 2/2
Running 0 30s
```

\$ kubectl get pod --context="\${CTX R3 Z4}" -n sampl

**Congratulations!** You successfully configured the system and are now ready to begin the locality load balancing tasks!

### **Next steps**

You can now configure one of the following load balancing options:

- Locality failover
- Locality weighted distribution

Only one of the load balancing options should be configured, as they are mutually exclusive.

Attempting to configure both may lead to unexpected behavior.