

## **Locality failover**

Configure locality failover

Verify traffic stays in region1.zone1

Failover to region1.zone2

Failover to region2.zone3

Failover to region3.zone4

Next steps

Follow this guide to configure your mesh for locality failover.

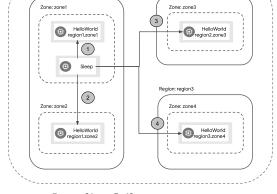
Before proceeding, be sure to complete the steps under before you begin.

In this task, you will use the <code>Sleep pod</code> in <code>region1.zone1</code> as the source of requests to the <code>HelloWorld</code> service. You will then trigger failures that will cause failover between localities in the following sequence:

Mesh: mesh1

Region: region1

Region: region2



Locality failover sequence

Internally, Envoy priorities are used to control failover. These

priorities will be assigned as follows for traffic originating from the Sleep pod (in region1 zone1):

Priority	Locality	Details
0	region1.zone1	Region, zone, and sub-zone all match.
1	None	Since this task doesn't use subzones, there are no matches for a different sub-zone.
2	region1.zone2	Different zone within the same region.

Configure 1	locality failover	•

• Outlier detection for the Helloworld service. This is required in order for failover to function properly. In particular, it

Apply a DestinationRule that configures the following:

No match, however failover is

No match and no failover defined

defined for region1->region2.

for region1->region3.

3

4

region2.zone3

region3.zone4

- configures the sidecar proxies to know when endpoints for a service are unhealthy, eventually triggering a failover to the next locality. • Failover policy between regions. This ensures that failover
- beyond a region boundary will behave predictably. Connection Pool policy that forces each HTTP request to use
- a new connection. This task utilizes Envoy's drain function to force a failover to the next locality. Once drained, Envoy will reject new connection requests. Since each request uses a new connection, this results in failover immediately following a drain. This configuration is used for demonstration purposes only.
- \$ kubectl --context="\${CTX\_PRIMARY}" apply -n sample -f <<EOF</pre>

apiVersion: networking.istio.io/v1beta1

```
kind: DestinationRule
metadata:
  name: helloworld
spec:
  host: helloworld.sample.svc.cluster.local
  trafficPolicy:
    connectionPool:
      http:
        maxRequestsPerConnection: 1
    loadBalancer:
      simple: ROUND ROBIN
      localityLbSetting:
        enabled: true
        failover:
          - from: region1
            to: region2
    outlierDetection:
      consecutive5xxErrors: 1
      interval: 1s
      baseEjectionTime: 1m
FOF
```

# Verify traffic stays in region1.zone1

Call the HelloWorld service from the Sleep pod:

```
$ kubectl exec --context="${CTX_R1_Z1}" -n sample -c sleep \
    "$(kubectl get pod --context="${CTX_R1_Z1}" -n sample -l \
    app=sleep -o jsonpath='{.items[0].metadata.name}')" \
    -- curl -sSL helloworld.sample:5000/hello
Hello version: region1.zone1, instance: helloworld-region1.zone1-86f77cd7b-cpxhv
```

Repeat this several times and verify that the response is always the same.

Verify that the version in the response is region1.zone.

### Failover to region1.zone2

**Next, trigger a failover to** region1.zone2. **To do this, you** drain the Envoy sidecar proxy **for** HelloWorld **in** region1.zone1:

```
$ kubectl --context="${CTX_R1_Z1}" exec \
    "$(kubectl get pod --context="${CTX_R1_Z1}" -n sample -l app=helloworld \
    -l version=region1.zone1 -o jsonpath='{.items[0].metadata.name}')" \
    -n sample -c istio-proxy -- curl -sSL -X POST 127.0.0.1:15000/drain_liste
ners
```

Call the Helloworld service from the Sleep pod:

```
$ kubect1 exec --context="${CTX_R1_Z1}" -n sample -c sleep \
    "$(kubect1 get pod --context="${CTX_R1_Z1}" -n sample -l \
    app=sleep -o jsonpath='{.items[0].metadata.name}')" \
    -- curl -sSL helloworld.sample:5000/hello
Hello version: region1.zone2, instance: helloworld-region1.zone2-86f77cd7b-cpxhv
```

command several more times and verify that the version in the response is always region1.zone2.

The first call will fail, which triggers the failover. Repeat the

#### Failover to region2.zone3

Now trigger a failover to region2.zone3. As you did previously,

\$ kubectl --context="\${CTX\_R1\_Z2}" exec \
 "\$(kubectl get pod --context="\${CTX\_R1\_Z2}" -n sample -l app=helloworld \
 -l version=region1.zone2 -o jsonpath='{.items[0].metadata.name}')" \
 -n sample -c istio-proxy -- curl -sSL -X POST 127.0.0.1:15000/drain\_liste
ners

configure the Helloworld in region1.zone2 to fail when called:

```
Call the HelloWorld service from the Sleep pod:

$ kubectl exec --context="${CTX_R1_Z1}" -n sample -c sleep \
    "$(kubectl get pod --context="${CTX_R1_Z1}" -n sample -1 \
    app=sleep -o jsonpath='{.items[0].metadata.name}')" \
```

The first call will fail, which triggers the failover. Repeat the

Hello version: region2.zone3, instance: helloworld-region2.zone3-86f77cd7b-

-- curl -sSL helloworld.sample:5000/hello

cpxhv

command several more times and verify that the version in the response is always region2.zone3.

#### Failover to region3.zone4

\$ kubectl --context="\${CTX\_R2\_Z3}" exec \

Now trigger a failover to region3.zone4. As you did previously, configure the HelloWorld in region2.zone3 to fail when called:

```
"$(kubectl get pod --context="${CTX_R2_Z3}" -n sample -l app=helloworld \
-l version=region2.zone3 -o jsonpath='{.items[0].metadata.name}')" \
-n sample -c istio-proxy -- curl -sSL -X POST 127.0.0.1:15000/drain_liste
ners
```

\$ kubectl exec --context="\${CTX\_R1\_Z1}" -n sample -c sleep \
"\$(kubectl get pod --context="\${CTX\_R1\_Z1}" -n sample -l \

Call the Helloworld service from the sleep pod:

```
app=sleep -o jsonpath='{.items[0].metadata.name}')" \
    -- curl -sSL helloworld.sample:5000/hello
Hello version: region3.zone4, instance: helloworld-region3.zone4-86f77cd7b-cpxhv
```

command several more times and verify that the version in the response is always region3.zone4.

The first call will fail, which triggers the failover. Repeat the

**Congratulations!** You successfully configured locality failover!

## Next steps

Cleanup resources and files from this task.