

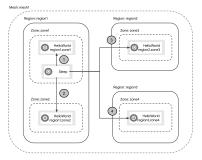
## **Locality failover**

**⊙** 4 minute read ✓ page test

Follow this guide to configure your mesh for locality failover.

Before proceeding, be sure to complete the steps under before you begin.

In this task, you will use the Sleep pod in region1.zone1 as the source of requests to the Helloworld service. You will then trigger failures that will cause failover between localities in the following sequence:



Locality failover sequence

Internally, Envoy priorities are used to control failover. These priorities will be assigned as follows for traffic originating from the Sleep pod (in region1 zone1):

Priority	Locality	Details
0	region1.zone1	Region, zone, and sub-zone

		all match.
1	None	Since this task doesn't use sub-zones, there are no matches for a different sub- zone.
2	region1.zone2	Different zone within the same region.
3	region2.zone3	No match, however failover is defined for region1- >region2.
4	region3.zone4	No match and

no failover defined for region1->region3.

# Configure locality failover

Apply a DestinationRule that configures the following:

 Outlier detection for the Helloworld service. This is required in order for failover to function properly. In particular, it configures the sidecar proxies to know when endpoints for a service are unhealthy, eventually • Failover policy between regions. This ensures that failover beyond a region boundary will behave predictably.

triggering a failover to the next locality.

 Connection Pool policy that forces each HTTP request to use a new connection.

This task utilizes Envoy's drain function to force a failover to the next locality. Once drained, Envoy will reject new connection requests. Since each request uses a new connection, this results in failover immediately following a drain. This configuration is used for demonstration purposes only.

```
e -f - <<E0F
apiVersion: networking.istio.io/v1beta1
kind: DestinationRule
metadata:
  name: helloworld
spec:
  host: helloworld.sample.svc.cluster.local
  trafficPolicy:
    connectionPool:
      http:
        maxRequestsPerConnection: 1
    loadBalancer:
      simple: ROUND ROBIN
      localityLbSetting:
        enabled: true
        failover:
          - from: region1
            to: region2
    outlierDetection:
      consecutive5xxErrors: 1
      interval: 1s
      baseEjectionTime: 1m
E0F
```

\$ kubectl --context="\${CTX PRIMARY}" apply -n sampl

### Verify traffic stays in

#### region1.zone1

Call the Helloworld service from the Sleep pod:

```
$ kubectl exec --context="${CTX_R1_Z1}" -n sample -
c sleep \
    "$(kubectl get pod --context="${CTX_R1_Z1}" -n sa
mple -1 \
    app=sleep -o jsonpath='{.items[0].metadata.name}'
)" \
    -- curl -sSL helloworld.sample:5000/hello
Hello version: region1.zone1, instance: helloworld-
region1.zone1-86f77cd7b-cpxhy
```

Verify that the version in the response is region1.zone.

Repeat this several times and verify that the response is always the same.

#### Failover to region1.zone2

Next, trigger a failover to region1.zone2. To do this, you drain the Envoy sidecar proxy for Helloworld in region1.zone1:

```
$ kubectl --context="${CTX_R1_Z1}" exec \
    "$(kubectl get pod --context="${CTX_R1_Z1}" -n sa
mple -1 app=helloworld \
    -l version=region1.zone1 -o jsonpath='{.items[0].
metadata.name}')" \
    -n sample -c istio-proxy -- curl -sSL -X POST 127
.0.0.1:15000/drain listeners
```

Call the Helloworld service from the Sleep pod:

mple -1 \
 app=sleep -o jsonpath='{.items[0].metadata.name}'
)" \
 -- curl -sSL helloworld.sample:5000/hello
Hello version: region1.zone2, instance: helloworldregion1.zone2-86f77cd7b-cpxhv

\$ kubectl exec --context="\${CTX\_R1\_Z1}" -n sample -

"\$(kubectl get pod --context="\${CTX\_R1\_Z1}" -n sa

c sleep \

failover. Repeat the command several more times and verify that the version in the response is always region1.zone2.

The first call will fail, which triggers the

#### Failover to region2.zone3

Now trigger a failover to region2.zone3. As you did previously, configure the HelloWorld

in region1.zone2 to fail when called:

```
"$(kubectl get pod --context="${CTX_R1_Z2}" -n sa
mple -l app=helloworld \
    -l version=region1.zone2 -o jsonpath='{.items[0].
metadata.name}')" \
    -n sample -c istio-proxy -- curl -sSL -X POST 127
.0.0.1:15000/drain listeners
```

\$ kubectl --context="\${CTX R1 Z2}" exec \

## Call the Helloworld service from the Sleep pod:

```
c sleep \
    "$(kubectl get pod --context="${CTX_R1_Z1}" -n sa
mple -1 \
    app=sleep -o jsonpath='{.items[0].metadata.name}'
)" \
    -- curl -sSL helloworld.sample:5000/hello
Hello version: region2.zone3, instance: helloworld-region2.zone3-86f77cd7b-cpxhv
```

\$ kubectl exec --context="\${CTX R1 Z1}" -n sample -

The first call will fail, which triggers the failover. Repeat the command several more times and verify that the version in the response is always region2.zone3.

#### Failover to region3.zone4

Now trigger a failover to region3.zone4. As you did previously, configure the HelloWorld in region2.zone3 to fail when called:

```
$ kubectl --context="${CTX_R2_Z3}" exec \
    "$(kubectl get pod --context="${CTX_R2_Z3}" -n sa
mple -l app=helloworld \
    -l version=region2.zone3 -o jsonpath='{.items[0].
metadata.name}')" \
    -n sample -c istio-proxy -- curl -sSL -X POST 127
.0.0.1:15000/drain listeners
```

Call the Helloworld service from the Sleep pod:

```
"$(kubectl get pod --context="${CTX_R1_Z1}" -n sa
mple -1 \
app=sleep -o jsonpath='{.items[0].metadata.name}'
)" \
-- curl -sSL helloworld.sample:5000/hello
Hello version: region3.zone4, instance: helloworld-
region3.zone4-86f77cd7b-cpxhv

The first call will fail, which triggers the
```

\$ kubectl exec --context="\${CTX\_R1\_Z1}" -n sample -

failover. Repeat the command several more times and verify that the version in the response is always region3.zone4.

**Congratulations!** You successfully configured locality failover!

#### Next steps

c sleep \

Cleanup resources and files from this task.

