

🐧 5 minute read

Metrics

Proxy-level metrics
Service-level metrics

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Access logs

Distributed traces

Istio generates detailed telemetry for all service communications within a mesh. This telemetry provides observability of service behavior, empowering operators to troubleshoot, maintain, and optimize their applications – without imposing any additional burdens on service developers. Through Istio, operators gain a thorough understanding of how monitored services are interacting, both

Istio generates the following types of telemetry in order to provide overall service mesh observability:

with other services and with the Istio components themselves.

the four "golden signals" of monitoring (latency, traffic, errors, and saturation). Istio also provides detailed metrics for the mesh control plane. A default set of mesh monitoring dashboards built on top of these metrics is also provided.

 Distributed Traces. Istio generates distributed trace spans for each service, providing operators with a detailed

• Metrics. Istio generates a set of service metrics based on

- understanding of call flows and service dependencies within a mesh.
 Access Logs. As traffic flows into a service within a mesh, Istio can generate a full record of each request, including
- Istio can generate a full record of each request, including source and destination metadata. This information enables operators to audit service behavior down to the individual workload instance level.

Metrics

Metrics provide a way of monitoring and understanding behavior in aggregate.

To monitor service behavior, Istio generates metrics for all service traffic in, out, and within an Istio service mesh. These metrics provide information on behaviors such as the overall volume of traffic, the error rates within the traffic, and the response times for requests.

In addition to monitoring the behavior of services within a mesh, it is also important to monitor the behavior of the mesh itself. Istio components export metrics on their own internal

behaviors to provide insight on the health and function of the mesh control plane.

Proxy-level metrics

Istio metrics collection begins with the sidecar proxies (Envoy). Each proxy generates a rich set of metrics about all traffic passing through the proxy (both inbound and outbound). The proxies also provide detailed statistics about the administrative functions of the proxy itself, including configuration and health information.

Envoy-generated metrics provide monitoring of the mesh at

clusters). As a result, understanding the connection between mesh services and Envoy resources is required for monitoring the Envoy metrics.

the granularity of Envoy resources (such as listeners and

Istio enables operators to select which of the Envoy metrics are generated and collected at each workload instance. By default, Istio enables only a small subset of the Envoygenerated statistics to avoid overwhelming metrics backends and to reduce the CPU overhead associated with metrics collection. However, operators can easily expand the set of collected proxy metrics when required. This enables targeted debugging of networking behavior, while reducing the overall cost of monitoring across the mesh.

Envoy statistics collection. The operations guide on Envoy Statistics provides more information on controlling the generation of proxy-level metrics.

The Envoy documentation site includes a detailed overview of

Example proxy-level Metrics:

```
xds-grpc"} 7163
envoy_cluster_upstream_rq_completed{cluster_name="xds-grpc"} 7164
```

envoy cluster ssl connection error{cluster name="xds-grpc"} 0

envoy cluster internal upstream rg{response code class="2xx",cluster name="

envoy_cluster_lb_subsets_removed{cluster_name="xds-grpc"} 0
envoy_cluster_internal_upstream_rq{response_code="503",cluster_name="xds-grpc"} 1

Service-level metrics

In addition to the proxy-level metrics, Istio provides a set of service-oriented metrics for monitoring service communications. These metrics cover the four basic service monitoring needs: latency, traffic, errors, and saturation. Istio ships with a default set of dashboards for monitoring service behaviors based on these metrics.

The standard Istio metrics are exported to Prometheus by default.

Use of the service-level metrics is entirely optional. Operators may choose to turn off generation and collection of these metrics to meet their individual needs.

Example service-level metric:

```
istio_requests_total{
  connection_security_policy="mutual_tls",
  destination app="details",
  destination_canonical_service="details",
  destination_canonical_revision="v1",
  destination_principal="cluster.local/ns/default/sa/default",
  destination service="details.default.svc.cluster.local",
  destination service name="details",
  destination_service_namespace="default",
  destination version="v1",
  destination workload="details-v1",
  destination workload namespace="default",
  reporter="destination",
  request protocol="http",
  response code="200",
  response_flags="-",
  source app="productpage",
  source canonical service="productpage",
  source_canonical_revision="v1",
```

```
source_version="v1",
source_workload="productpage-v1",
source_workload_namespace="default"
} 214
```

source principal="cluster.local/ns/default/sa/default",

Control plane metrics

The Istio control plane also provides a collection of selfmonitoring metrics. These metrics allow monitoring of the behavior of Istio itself (as distinct from that of the services within the mesh).

For more information on which metrics are maintained, please refer to the reference documentation.

Distributed traces

Distributed tracing provides a way to monitor and understand behavior by monitoring individual requests as they flow through a mesh. Traces empower mesh operators to understand service dependencies and the sources of latency within their service mesh.

Istio supports distributed tracing through the Envoy proxies. The proxies automatically generate trace spans on behalf of the applications they proxy, requiring only that the applications forward the appropriate request context.

Istio supports a number of tracing backends, including Zipkin,

rate for trace generation (that is, the rate at which tracing data is generated per request). This allows operators to control the amount and rate of tracing data being produced for their mesh.

More information about Distributed Tracing with Istio is found

in our FAO on Distributed Tracing.

ISTIO-INGRESSGATEWAY: productpage.default.svc.cluster.local:9080/productpage

details.default.svc.cluster.local;9080/* [41.845ms]

Jaeger, Lightstep, and Datadog. Operators control the sampling

Example Istio-generated distributed trace for a single request:

ISTIO-INGRESSGATEWAY

Annotatione

Span ID: 8b5atb387174856e Parent ID: Norw



Distributed Trace for a single request

Access logs

from the perspective of an individual workload instance. Istio can generate access logs for service traffic in a

Access logs provide a way to monitor and understand behavior

configurable set of formats, providing operators with full control of the how, what, when and where of logging. For more information, please refer to Getting Envoy's Access Logs.

Example Istio access log:

[2019-03-06T09:31:27.360Z] "GET /status/418 HTTP/1.1" 418 - "-" 0 135 5 2 "

-" "curl/7.60.0" "d209e46f-9ed5-9b61-bbdd-43e22662702a" "httpbin:8000" "127 .0.0.1:80" inbound | 8000 | http | httpbin.default.svc.cluster.local - 172.30.146

.73:80 172.30.146.82:38618 outbound_.8000_._.httpbin.default.svc.cluster.lo cal