Reasonable Ontology Templates

Modelling patterns for RDF

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Reasonable Ontology Templates

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Reasonable Ontology Templates



A box of language(s) & tools for representing and instantiating RDF modelling patterns. It is designed to improve the efficiency and quality of building, using, and maintaining knowledge bases.

Benefits of OTTR

- > Abstraction layer on top of RDF.
- > Easier for non-semantic actors to use.
- > Well known tools.
- > CLI or automated serialisation.

Specifications

- mOTTR Concepts and Abstract Model for Reasonable Ontology Templates
- rOTTR Adapting Reasonable Ontology Templates to RDF
- **WOTTR** Web Reasonable Ontology Templates
- stOTTR Terse Syntax for Reasonable Ontology Templates
- tabOTTR Tabular Reasonable Ontology Template Instances
 - **bOTTR** Batch Instantiation of OTTR templates

Specifications

mOTTR Concepts and Abstract Model for Reasonable Ontology Templates

rOTTR Adapting Reasonable Ontology Templates to RDF

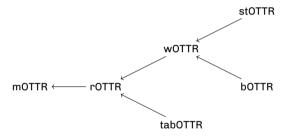
WOTTR Web Reasonable Ontology Templates

stOTTR Terse Syntax for Reasonable Ontology Templates

tabOTTR Tabular Reasonable Ontology Template Instances

bOTTR Batch Instantiation of OTTR templates

Specification dependency



Web Reasonable Ontology Templates
Nith wOTTR it is possible to express templates and template instances in an RDF format that is designed to be compact and readable

terse Syntax for Reasonable Untology Templates
This specification defines the Terse Syntax for Reasonable Ontology Templates (stOTTR) for serialising OTTR templates and instances of OTTR templates, as defined by rOTTR.

stOTTR Terms

A term is, syntactically, either a variable, a constant or a list of terms.

```
?chocolateCake
?CAKE

<http://example.com/carrotcake>
ex:bananabread
:bløtkake

[]
_:blankcake
```

stOTTR Terms

A term is, syntactically, either a variable, a constant or a list of terms.

```
"coffee"
"tea"^^xsd:normalisedString
42
true
3.14

("coffee", ex:bananabread, 42)
(("coffee", 42), ex:bananabread, (3.14))
```

stOTTR Types

A type, i.e., the type of a term, is either a basic type, a list type or a LUB-type (least upper bound).

xsd:double
owl:Class
rdfs:Resource
ottt:Bot

List<xsd:string>
List<NEList<xsd:int>>

stOTTR Template signatures

```
ex:PlanetTemplate [ ?planet , ?label ] .
Two parameters, no modifiers.
 ex:PlanetTemplate [ ! owl:Class ?planet , ? xsd:integer ?numSatellites = 0 ] .
             non-blank modifier
             optional modifier
 owl:Class
             type
             default value
 7x = 0
```

!? non-blank optional

ex:PlanetTemplate [!??planet] .

stOTTR Instances

```
ex:Template(ex:Coffee , ex:Tea) .
ex:Template( , ) .
ex:Template(?cake , "coffee") .
cross | ex:Template( ++(ex:Coffee , ex:Tea) ) .
```

stOTTR Example template

```
@prefix ottr: <http://ns.ottr.xyz/0.4/> .
@prefix o-rdf: <http://tpl.ottr.xyz/rdf/0.1/> .
@prefix o-rdfs: <http://tpl.ottr.xyz/rdfs/0.2/> .
@prefix ex: <http://example.org/> .
ex:PlanetTemplate[
 ottr: IRI ?identifier .
 NEList<xsd:string> ?label ,
 ? ?aphelion
 o-rdf:Type(?identifier, ex:Planet),
 cross | o-rdfs:Label(?identifier, ++?label) .
 ottr:Triple(?identifier, ex:aphelion, ?aphelion)
```

stOTTR Example instances

```
@prefix ottr: <http://ns.ottr.xyz/0.4/> .
@prefix ex: <http://example.org/> .
ex:PlanetTemplate(ex:Earth, ("Jorda"@no, "Earth"@en), "1.01671") .
ex:PlanetTemplate(ex:Mars, ("Mars"@en), "1.6660") .
ex:PlanetTemplate(ex:Jupiter, ("Jupiter"@en), ottr:none) .
```

Library of Reasonable Ontology Templates (IOTTR)



http://tpl.ottr.xyz/

tabOTTR

tabOTTR is designed to be simple to use and simple to parse. The development is driven by use cases. There are therefore constructs or types of values that may not be possible to represent in tabOTTR.

tabOTTR Prefix

#OTTR	prefix
ex	http://example.org/
unit	http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/
#OTTR	end

The following are implicitly declared for all files:

```
rdf http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#
rdfs http://www.w3.org/2000/01/rdf-schema#
owl http://www.w3.org/2002/07/owl#
xsd http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#
dc http://purl.org/dc/elements/1.1/
ottr http://ns.ottr.xyz/templates#
```

tabOTTR Template instruction

#OTTR	template	ex:PlanetTemplate	
1	2	3	0
iri	text+	unit:AU	ignored
Id	Label	Aphelion	
ex:Mars	Mars@@en Mars@@no	1.666	
ex:Jupiter	Júpíter@@is Jupiter@@no	5.4588	
ex:Saturn	Saturn@@de	10.1238	
#OTTR	end		

tabOTTR Data types

```
iri IRI
blank RDF blank node
text unttyped RDF literal
IRI, e.g. XSD typed RDF literal
auto individually determined by value
X+ an RDF list where the type of items are determined by X
```

tabOTTR auto

Each value is individually typed according to following rules.

iri string is aboslute URL or a QName.

blank string starts with _:, fresh node *.

typed literal xsd:boolean, xsd:integer, xsd:decimal

untyped literal default

none value none

Lutra

Lutra is an open source (LGPL) reference implementation of OTTR.



Running the Lutra CLI

- 1. Download latest stable .jar from https://gitlab.com/ottr/lutra/lutra/-/releases.
- 2. Open a terminal of choice.

Running the Lutra CLI

java -jar lutra.jar -l ottrlib.ttl -L stottr -I tabottr -f data.xlsx -o outputfile.ttl

ottrlib.ttl Location of stOTTR templates.

outputfile Serialized RDF.

Running the Lutra CLI

java -jar lutra.jar -l ottrlib.ttl -L stottr -I tabottr -f data.xlsx -o outputfile.ttl

-1, -library Location of OTTR library.

-L, -libraryFormat Input format of library, wottr or stottr.

-I, -inputFormat Input format of instances, wottr, stottr, tabottr or bottr. Default: wottr.

-f, -fetchMissing Fetch missing template dependencies.

Assume that definitions are accessible via IRI. Default: false.

-o, -output Path for writing output.

More flags: https://www.ottr.xyz/#Lutra

Using Lutra in Java

```
import org.eclipse.rdf4j.model.Model;
import org.eclipse.rdf4j.rio.RDFFormat;
import org.eclipse.rdf4j.rio.Rio;
import xyz.ottr.lutra.cli.CLI;
public static Model runLutra() throws IOException {
 String cmd = "...";
 ByteArrayOutputStream outStream = new ByteArrayOutputStream();
 PrintStream out = new PrintStream(outStream, true, "UTF-8");
 CLI cli = new CLI(out, System.out);
 cli.run(cmd.split(" "));
 String result = outStream.toString();
 InputStream inputStream = new ByteArrayInputStream(result.getBytes(StandardCharsets.UTF_8));
 return Rio.parse(inputStream, inputStream.toString(), RDFFormat.TURTLE);
```

Demo!

https://github.com/veleda/ottr-masterclass

ottr-masterclass

- |- data
- | |- 2023
- |- slides

OTTR Events

OTTR User Forum

- > 1st
- > 2nd
- > 3rd

Check out https://ottr.xyz/#Latest_news for more!

References

Specification https://www.ottr.xyz/

Masterclass https://github.com/veleda/ottr-masterclass

Java example Implementation at the Norwegian Maritime Authority

#KGC2023

Join the Conversation

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