OPTIMIZATION USING PYTHON

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Assignment

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1 Problem

Find the absolute maximum value and the absolute minimum value of the following functions in the given intervals:

$$f(x) = 4x - \frac{1}{2}x^2, x \in \left[-2, \frac{9}{2}\right]$$
 (1)

2 Solution

A function f(x) is said to be convex if following inequality is true for $\lambda \in [0,1]$:

$$\lambda f(x_1) + (1 - \lambda)f(x_2) \ge f(\lambda x_1 + (1 - \lambda)x_2)$$
 (2)

Checking convexity of f(x):

$$\lambda \left(4x_1 - \frac{1}{2}x_1^2 \right) + (1 - \lambda) \left(4x_2 - \frac{1}{2}x_2^2 \right) \ge$$

$$4 \left(\lambda x_1 + (1 - \lambda)x_2 \right) - \frac{1}{2} \left(\lambda x_1 + (1 - \lambda)x_2 \right)^2$$
(3)

$$x_{1}^{2} \left(\frac{\lambda^{2} - \lambda}{2}\right) + x_{2}^{2} \left(\frac{\lambda^{2} - \lambda}{2}\right) + 2x_{1}x_{2} \left(\frac{\lambda - \lambda^{2}}{2}\right) \ge 0$$

$$\left(\frac{\lambda^{2} - \lambda}{2}\right) \left(x_{1}^{2} + x_{2}^{2} - 2x_{1}x_{2}\right) \ge 0$$

$$(5)$$

$$-\frac{1}{2}\lambda \left(1 - \lambda\right) \left(x_{1} - x_{2}\right)^{2} \ge 0$$

$$(6)$$

$$\implies \frac{1}{2}\lambda (1 - \lambda) (x_1 - x_2)^2 \le 0$$
(7

Equation (7) holds true for all $\lambda \in (0,1)$. Hence the given function f(x) is concave For a general quadratic equation

$$f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c \tag{8}$$

1. For Maxima:

Using gradient ascent method,

$$x_n = x_{n-1} + \mu \frac{df(x)}{dx} \tag{9}$$

$$\frac{df(x)}{dx} = 4 - x \tag{10}$$

After substituting 10 in 9 we get:

$$x_n = x_{n-1} + \mu(4 - x_{n-1}) \tag{11}$$

In equation (9), μ is a variable parameter known as step size. x_{n+1} is the next position. The plus sign refers to the maximization part of gradient ascent. Assume, $\mu=0.001$, Taking $x_0=-2$, precision= 0.0000001 and following the above method, we keep doing iterations until $x_{n+1}-x_n$ becomes less than the value of precision we have chosen.

(a) The absolute maxima occurs at 3.9999900196756437

$$x_n = 4 \tag{12}$$

(b) The value of f(x) at maxima is 7.99999999950196

$$Maxima = 7.99999999950196 \approx 8$$
 (13)

Maxima Point =
$$3.9999900196756437 \approx 4$$
 (14)

Hence, The maxima value of f(x) at x = 4 is 8.

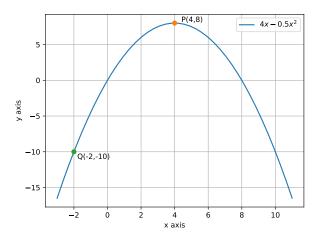


Figure 1: $f(x) = 4x - 0.5x^2$

2. For Minima: Critical point is given by

$$\frac{df(x)}{dx} = 0 ag{15}$$

$$\implies x = 4 \tag{16}$$

and,end points are x = -2 and x = 4.5. Using table1,

x	f(x)
-2	-10
4	8
4.5	7.875

Table 1: Value of f(x)

$$Minima = -10$$
 (17)

$$Minima Point = -2$$
 (18)

Hence, The minima value of f(x) at x=-2 is -10.

The following python code computes the maxima, minima value as plotted in Fig. $1. \,$

https://github.com/velicharlagokulkumar/FWC_module1/blob/main/optimization/other/codes/optimize.py