**Enhancing Fake News Detection System Using**

**Python**

**Abstract:**

Recent political events have lead to an increase in the popularity and spread of fake news. As demonstrated by the widespread effects of the large onset of fake news, humans are inconsistent if not outright poor detectors of fake news. With this, efforts have been made to automate the process of fake news detection. The most popular of such attempts include “blacklists" of sources and authors that are unreliable. While these tools are useful, in order to create a more complete end to end solution, we need to account for more difficult cases where reliable sources and authors release fake news.

**INTRODUCTION:**

Fake news exist way before from social media but it multifold when social media was introduced. Fake news is a news designed to deliberately spread hoaxes, propaganda and disinformation. Fake news stories usually spread through social media sites like Facebook, Twitter etc. As an increasing amount of our lives is spent interacting online through social media platforms, more and more people tend to seek out and consume news from social media rather than traditional news organizations. The reasons for this change in consumption behaviors are inherent in the nature of these social media platforms: (i) it is often more timely and less expensive to consume news on social media compared with traditional news media, such as newspapers or television; and (ii) it is easier to further share, comment on, and discuss the news with friends or other readers on social media. For example, 62 percent of U.S. adults get news on social media in 2016, while in 2012, only 49 percent reported seeing news on social media1. It was also found that social media now outperforms television as the major news source2.

**Limitation on existing system:**

• Storage requirements problems

• Vulnerable detection

• While detecting the News, accuracy or time consuming problem.

**PROBLEM STATEMENT:**

About detecting fake news with Python. This advanced python project of detecting fake news deals with fake and real news. Using sklearn, we build a Tfidfvectorizer on our dataset. Then, we initialize a PassiveAggressive Classifier and fit the model. In the end, the accuracy score and the confusion matrix tell us how well our model fares.

**PROJECT OBJECTIVES:**

The main objective is to detect the fake news, which is a classic text classification problem with a straight forward proposition. It is needed to build a model that can differentiate between “Real” news and “Fake” news. The goal of this project is to find the effectiveness and limitations of language-based techniques for detection of fake news through the use of machine learning algorithm including but not limited to convolutional neural networks and recurrent neural networks.

**Algorithm:**

We have implementing our project work using a Python . Open source libraries of python like NumPY.

• This project aims to develop a method for detecting and classifying the news stories using natural language processing.

• The main goal is to identify fake news, which is a classic text classification issue.

• We gathered our data, pre-processed the text, and translated our article into supervised model features.

• Our goal is to develop a model that classifies a given news article as either fake or true.

**Methodology:**

The basic idea of our project is to build a model that can predict the credibility of real time news events. As shown in Fig., the proposed framework consists of four major steps: Data collection, Data preprocessing, Classification and Analysis of results. We first take key phrases of the news event as an input that the individual need to authenticate. After that live data is collected from Twitter Streaming API. The filtered data is stored in the database (Mongo DB). The data preprocessing unit is responsible for preparing a data for further processing. Classification will be based on various news features, twitter reviews like Sentiment Score ,Number of Tweets ,Number of followers ,Number of hashtags ,is verified User ,Number of retweets and NLP techniques. We are going to describe fake news detection method based on one artificial intelligence algorithm –Naïve Bayes Classifier. Sentiment Score will be calculated using Text Vectorization algorithm and NLTK(Natural Language Toolkit). By doing the evaluation of effects acquired from classification and analysis, we are able to decide the share of news being fake or real.



**REVIEW CONCLUSION:**

Many people consume news from social media instead of traditional news media. However, social media has also been used to spread fake news, which has negative impacts on individual people and society. In this paper, an innovative model for fake news detection using machine learning algorithms has been presented. This model takes news events as an input and based on twitter reviews and classification algorithms it predicts the percentage of news being fake or real.

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