Problem 4:

 $\int_{2}^{3} \frac{2}{x^2} dx$ such that n=4

Trapezoidal Approximation:

$$T = \frac{3-2}{2\times4} \times [f(2) + 2\times f(2.25) + 2\times f(2.5) + 2\times f(2.75) + f(3)]$$

$$T = \frac{1}{8} \times (.5 + 2 \times .3951 + 2 \times .32 + 2 \times .2645 + .2222)$$

$$T = .3352$$

Simpson's Approximation:

$$S = \frac{3-2}{3\times4} \times [f(2) + 4 \times f(2.25) + 2 \times f(2.5) + 4 \times f(2.75) + f(3)]$$

$$S = \frac{1}{12} \times (.5 + 4 \times .3951 + 2 \times .32 + 4 \times .2645 + .2222)$$

$$S = .3333$$

Exact value:

$$E = \int_2^3 \frac{2}{x^2} dx$$

$$E = -\frac{2}{x}|_2^3$$

$$E = \frac{1}{3}$$

Problem 30:

Solve for n, such that the error is $\leq .00001$ for the approximation of $\int_0^1 \frac{1}{x} dx$

Note that
$$f' = \frac{-1}{(x+1)^2}$$
, $f'' = \frac{2}{(x+1)^3}$, $f''' = \frac{-6}{(x+1)^4}$, and $f^{(4)} = \frac{24}{(x+1)^5}$

Trapezoidal Approximation Error:

$$|E| \leq \frac{(b-a)^3}{12 \times n_t^2} \times [\max|f''(x)|_a^b]$$

$$.00001 \leq \frac{(1-0)^3}{12 \times n_t^2} \times [\max |\frac{2}{(1+x)^3}|]$$

There are no critical points in f'' in $\mathbf{x} = [0,1]$, so $\max \left| \frac{2}{(1+x)^3} \right| = f''(0) = 2$

$$n_t^2 \ge \frac{1 \times 2}{12 \times .00001}$$

$$n_t \ge 129.099$$

$$n_t = 130$$

Simpson Approximation Error:

$$|E| \leq \frac{(b-a)^5}{180 \times n_S^4} \times [\max|f^{(4)}(x)|_a^b]$$

$$.00001 \le \frac{(1-0)^5}{180 \times n_S^4} \times [max|\frac{24}{(1+x)^5}|]$$

There are no critical points in $f^{(4)}$ in $\mathbf{x}=[0,1]$, so $[\max|\frac{24}{(1+x)^5}|]=f^{(4)}(0)=24$

$$n_S^4 \ge \frac{1 \times 24}{180 \times .00001}$$

$$n_S \ge 115.47$$

$$n_S = 116$$