

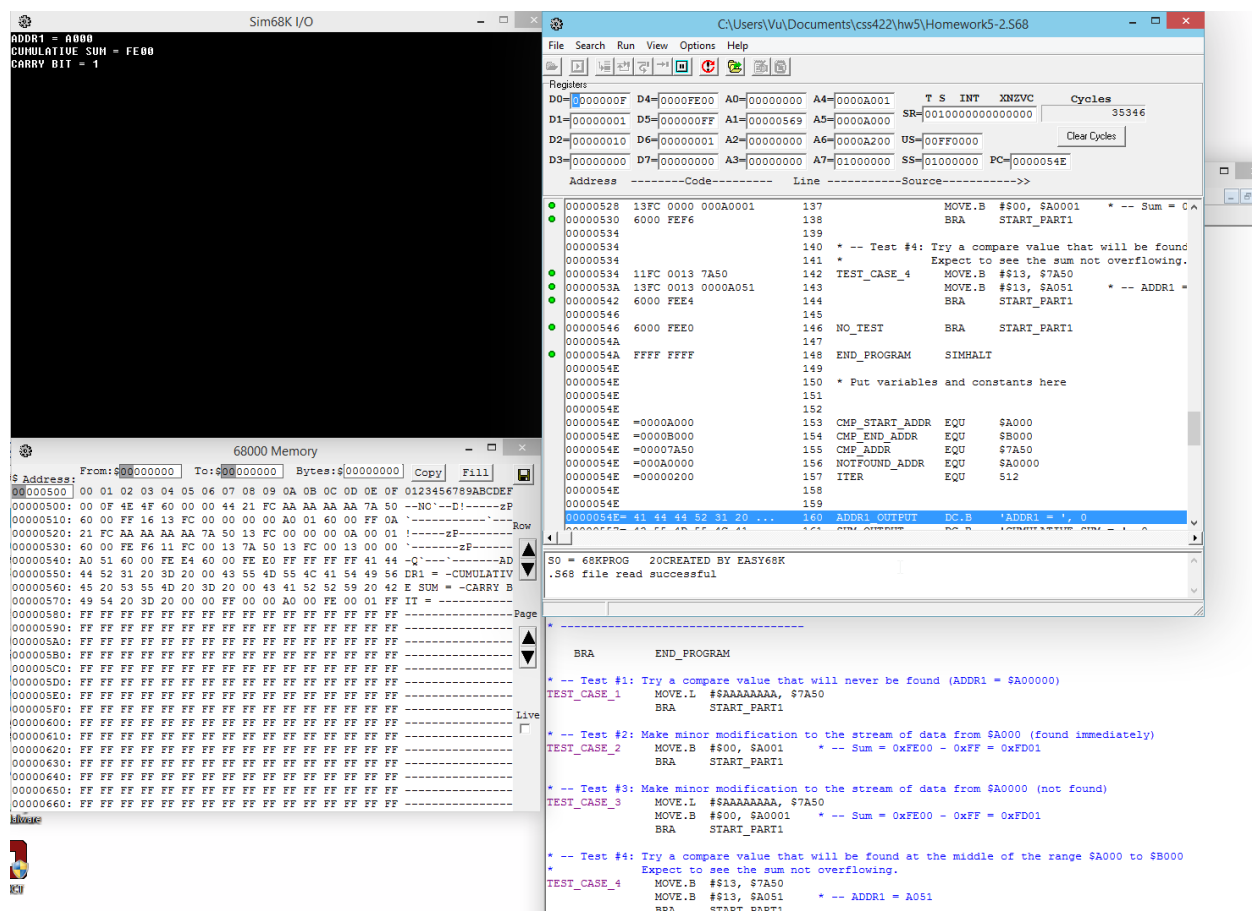
Homework 5

Vu Dinh

Part 1. Bit Shifting, Bit Rotating, and CCR bits

1. ASL.B #2, #\$C1A8D372:
Result: C1A8D3C8
CCR: 11011
2. ASL.L #5, #\$C1A8D372:
Result: 351A6E40
CCR: 00010
3. LSR.B #4, #\$C1A8D372:
Result: C1A8D307
CCR: 00000
4. ROR.W #2, #\$C1A8D372:
Result: C1A8B4DC
CCR: 01001
5. ROL.L #7, #\$C1A8D372:
Result: D469B960
CCR: 01000

Part 2. Pattern matching and cumulative sum



See source (full resolution) at: <http://i.imgur.com/zHAiIn5.png>

Source code:

```

*-----
* Title      :      Homework 5 part 2 // Pattern finding and Cumulative sum
* Written by :      Vu Dinh
* Date       :      Nov 28 2014
* Comment    :      There are a lot of vague specifications of the program.
*              I've created some test cases and stated expected
results.
*-----

```

```

        ORG      $400
START:                ; first instruction of program

```

```

* -----
* ----- PART 3: TESTING -----
* -----

```

```

TEST_CASE  MOVE.B  #$0, D7      * -- test case number
           CMP.B   #$1, D7
           BEQ     TEST_CASE_1
           CMP.B   #$2, D7
           BEQ     TEST_CASE_2
           CMP.B   #$3, D7
           BEQ     TEST_CASE_3
           CMP.B   #$4, D7
           BEQ     TEST_CASE_4
DEFAULT    BRA     NO_TEST

```

```

* -----
* --- PART 1: PATTERN MATCHING -----
* -----
* | Tested for the following cases: |
* | >> Pattern found immediately at |
* |   $A000                        |
* | >> Pattern not found           |
* | >> Pattern found between $A000 |
* |   and $B000                    |
* -----

```

```

START_PART1 CLR    D1

```

```

location      MOVEA.L    #CMP_START_ADDR, A4      * -- starting search
LOOP          CMPA.L     #CMP_END_ADDR, A4         * -- ending search
location
              BEQ        NOT_FOUND
              MOVEA.L     A4, A5                   * -- keep a copy before
incrementing A4
COMPARE      MOVE.B      (A4)+, D4                 * -- currently
processed data
              CMP.B       CMP_ADDR, D4
              BEQ         FOUND
ENDLOOP      BRA         LOOP

```

```
FOUND      MOVE.L      A5, ADDR1          * -- match is found
addr1 = matched location
```

```
      BRA          CSUM
```

```
NOT_FOUND  MOVE.L      #NOTFOUND_ADDR, ADDR1  * -- match not found,
addr1 = special value
```

```
      BRA          CSUM
```

```
* -----
* --- PART 2: CUMULATIVE SUM -----
* -----
* | Tested for the following cases: |
* | >> Change one summand to $00   |
* -----
```

```
CSUM      CLR          D4
          MOVEA.L      #$0, A3          * -- resetting A3
          MOVE.W       #ITER, D2       * -- D2 = loop counter
          MOVEA.L      ADDR1, A6
```

```
SUM_LOOP  CMP.L        #0, D2
          BEQ          SUM_FINISH
          MOVE.B        (A6)+, D5      * -- data is extracted as BYTE
          ADD.W         D5, D4         * -- but summed as WORD
          BCS          SET_CARRY      * -- if the carry bit is set,
record it
```

```

LOOPBACK    SUB.L      #1, D2
            BRA        SUM_LOOP

SET_CARRY   MOVE.B     #1, D6          * -- record carry bit
            BRA        LOOPBACK        * -- going back into loop

SUM_FINISH  MOVE.W     D4, ADDSUM      * -- move the sum to requested
location
            MOVE.B     D6, CARRYBIT    * -- move the carry bit to the
requested location
            BRA        PRINTRESULT

PRINTRESULT LEA        ADDR1_OUTPUT, A1
            MOVE.B     #14, D0
            TRAP       #15
            MOVE.L     ADDR1, D1       * -- printing ADDR1
            MOVE.B     #16,D2
            MOVE.B     #15,D0
            TRAP       #15

            LEA        EMPTY_LINE, A1  * -- printing empty line
            MOVE.B     #13,D0
            TRAP       #15

            LEA        SUM_OUTPUT, A1
            MOVE.B     #14, D0
            TRAP       #15

```

```

        MOVE.L  D4, D1                * -- printing the sum (stored
temporarily in D4)
        MOVE.B  #16,D2                * -- the sum is printed in hex
format
        MOVE.B  #15,D0
        TRAP    #15

        LEA     EMPTY_LINE, A1       * -- empty line
        MOVE.B  #13,D0
        TRAP    #15

        LEA     CARRY_OUTPUT, A1
        MOVE.B  #14, D0
        TRAP    #15
        MOVE.L  D6, D1                * -- the carry bit information
(overwrites D1)
        MOVE.B  #16,D2
        MOVE.B  #15,D0
        TRAP    #15

```

```

* -----
* ----- PART 3: TESTING -----
* -----

```

```

        BRA     END_PROGRAM

```

```

* -- Test #1: Try a compare value that will never be found (ADDR1 =
$A00000)

```

```
TEST_CASE_1      MOVE.L  #$AAAAAAAA, $7A50
                  BRA     START_PART1
```

* -- Test #2: Make minor modification to the stream of data from \$A000
(found immediately)

```
TEST_CASE_2      MOVE.B  #$00, $A001      * -- Sum = 0xFE00 - 0xFF = 0xFD01
                  BRA     START_PART1
```

* -- Test #3: Make minor modification to the stream of data from \$A0000
(not found)

```
TEST_CASE_3      MOVE.L  #$AAAAAAAA, $7A50
                  MOVE.B  #$00, $A0001    * -- Sum = 0xFE00 - 0xFF = 0xFD01
                  BRA     START_PART1
```

* -- Test #4: Try a compare value that will be found at the middle of the
range \$A000 to \$B000

* Expect to see the sum not overflowing.

```
TEST_CASE_4      MOVE.B  #$13, $7A50
                  MOVE.B  #$13, $A051    * -- ADDR1 = A051
                  BRA     START_PART1
```

```
NO_TEST          BRA     START_PART1
```

```
END_PROGRAM      SIMHALT
```

* Put variables and constants here

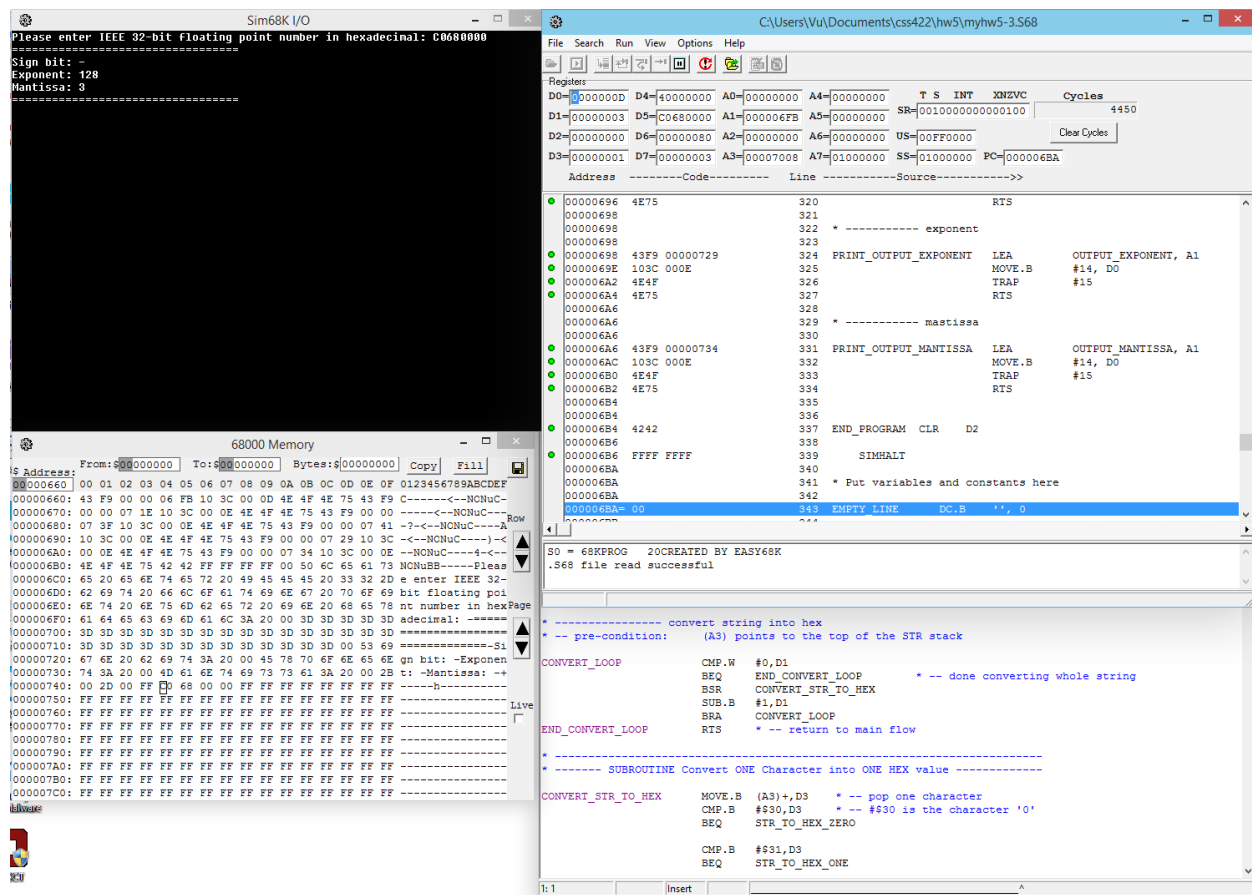
CMP_START_ADDR	EQU	\$A000
CMP_END_ADDR	EQU	\$B000
CMP_ADDR	EQU	\$7A50
NOTFOUND_ADDR	EQU	\$A0000
ITER	EQU	512

ADDR1_OUTPUT	DC.B	'ADDR1 = ', 0
SUM_OUTPUT	DC.B	'CUMULATIVE SUM = ', 0
CARRY_OUTPUT	DC.B	'CARRY BIT = ', 0
EMPTY_LINE	DC.B	' ', 0

ADDR1	DS.L	\$1
ADDSUM	DS.W	\$1
CARRYBIT	DS.B	\$1

END START ; last line of source

Part 3. Floating point number decoding



See source (full resolution) at: <http://i.imgur.com/RVTitg4.png>

Source code:

```

*-----
--
* Title      :      Homework 5 part 2 // Pattern finding and Cumulative sum
* Written by :      Vu Dinh
* Date       :      Nov 28 2014
* Comment    :      Not thoroughly tested.
*-----
--

```

```

        ORG      $400
START:                      ; first instruction of program

```

```

        BSR      PRINT_INPUT_PROMPT

```

```

*****
*****

```

```

* -----
* ----- SUBROUTINE -----
* -----
* | I borrowed this String --> Hex conversion subroutine |
* | from the disassembler project.                        |
* |      post-condition: The converted hex location is    |
* |                                stored in D4.           |
* -----

```

```

CONVERT_START_LOCATION  CLR      D1

```

```

        MOVEA.L  #$7000,A1
        MOVE.B   #2,D0      * --- read NULL-terminated string
        TRAP     #15        * --- read string into (A1)
        MOVEA.L  A1,A3      * --- make a copy to preserve
original input
END_CONVERT_START_LOCATION  BSR      CONVERT_LOOP
                             BRA      CONVERT_DONE

* ----- convert string into hex
* -- pre-condition:      (A3) points to the top of the STR stack

CONVERT_LOOP              CMP.W   #0,D1
                           BEQ     END_CONVERT_LOOP      * -- done
converting whole string
                           BSR     CONVERT_STR_TO_HEX
                           SUB.B   #1,D1
                           BRA     CONVERT_LOOP
END_CONVERT_LOOP          RTS     * -- return to main flow

* -----
* ----- SUBROUTINE Convert ONE Character into ONE HEX value -----

CONVERT_STR_TO_HEX        MOVE.B   (A3)+,D3      * -- pop one character
                           CMP.B   #$30,D3      * -- #$30 is the character '0'
                           BEQ     STR_TO_HEX_ZERO

                           CMP.B   #$31,D3
                           BEQ     STR_TO_HEX_ONE

```

```
CMP.B    #$32,D3
BEQ      STR_TO_HEX_TWO
```

```
CMP.B    #$33,D3
BEQ      STR_TO_HEX_THREE
```

```
CMP.B    #$34,D3
BEQ      STR_TO_HEX_FOUR
```

```
CMP.B    #$35,D3
BEQ      STR_TO_HEX_FIVE
```

```
CMP.B    #$36,D3
BEQ      STR_TO_HEX_SIX
```

```
CMP.B    #$37,D3
BEQ      STR_TO_HEX_SEVEN
```

```
CMP.B    #$38,D3
BEQ      STR_TO_HEX_EIGHT
```

```
character '9'
CMP.B    #$39,D3          * -- #$39 is the
BEQ      STR_TO_HEX_NINE
```

```
character 'A'
CMP.B    #$41,D3          * -- #$41 is the
```

character 'a'

BEQ STR_TO_HEX_A

CMP.B #\$61,D3 * -- #\$61 is the

BEQ STR_TO_HEX_A

CMP.B #\$42,D3

BEQ STR_TO_HEX_B

CMP.B #\$62,D3

BEQ STR_TO_HEX_B

CMP.B #\$43,D3

BEQ STR_TO_HEX_C

CMP.B #\$63,D3

BEQ STR_TO_HEX_C

CMP.B #\$44,D3

BEQ STR_TO_HEX_D

CMP.B #\$64,D3

BEQ STR_TO_HEX_D

CMP.B #\$45,D3

BEQ STR_TO_HEX_E

CMP.B #\$65,D3

BEQ STR_TO_HEX_E

CMP.B #\$46,D3

BEQ STR_TO_HEX_F

CMP.B #\$66,D3

BEQ STR_TO_HEX_F

BRA INVALID_CHARACTER

* ----- Conversion definitions -----

INVALID_CHARACTER NOP * -- skip invalid character

RTS

STR_TO_HEX_ZERO MOVE.L #\$0,D3 * -- push HEX 0 into HEX stack

BSR SHIFT_START_ADDR

ADD.L D3,D4

RTS

STR_TO_HEX_ONE MOVE.L #\$1,D3 * -- push HEX 1 into HEX stack

BSR SHIFT_START_ADDR

ADD.L D3,D4

RTS

STR_TO_HEX_TWO MOVE.L #\$2,D3 * -- push HEX 2 into HEX stack

BSR SHIFT_START_ADDR

ADD.L D3,D4

RTS

STR_TO_HEX_THREE MOVE.L #\$3,D3 * -- push HEX 3 into HEX stack

BSR SHIFT_START_ADDR

ADD.L D3,D4

RTS

STR_TO_HEX_FOUR MOVE.L #\$4,D3 * -- push HEX 4 into HEX stack

BSR SHIFT_START_ADDR

ADD.L D3,D4

	RTS
STR_TO_HEX_FIVE	MOVE.L #\$5,D3 * -- push HEX 5 into HEX stack BSR SHIFT_START_ADDR ADD.L D3,D4 RTS
STR_TO_HEX_SIX	MOVE.L #\$6,D3 * -- push HEX 6 into HEX stack BSR SHIFT_START_ADDR ADD.L D3,D4 RTS
STR_TO_HEX_SEVEN	MOVE.L #\$7,D3 * -- push HEX 7 into HEX stack BSR SHIFT_START_ADDR ADD.L D3,D4 RTS
STR_TO_HEX_EIGHT	MOVE.L #\$8,D3 * -- push HEX 8 into HEX stack BSR SHIFT_START_ADDR ADD.L D3,D4 RTS
STR_TO_HEX_NINE	MOVE.L #\$9,D3 * -- push HEX 9 into HEX stack BSR SHIFT_START_ADDR ADD.L D3,D4 RTS
STR_TO_HEX_A	MOVE.L #\$A,D3 * -- push HEX A into HEX stack BSR SHIFT_START_ADDR ADD.L D3,D4 RTS
STR_TO_HEX_B	MOVE.L #\$B,D3 * -- push HEX B into HEX stack BSR SHIFT_START_ADDR

	ADD.L D3,D4
	RTS
STR_TO_HEX_C	MOVE.L #\$C,D3 * -- push HEX C into HEX stack
	BSR SHIFT_START_ADDR
	ADD.L D3,D4
	RTS
STR_TO_HEX_D	MOVE.L #\$D,D3 * -- push HEX D into HEX stack
	BSR SHIFT_START_ADDR
	ADD.L D3,D4
	RTS
STR_TO_HEX_E	MOVE.L #\$E,D3 * -- push HEX E into HEX stack
	BSR SHIFT_START_ADDR
	ADD.L D3,D4
	RTS
STR_TO_HEX_F	MOVE.L #\$F,D3 * -- push HEX F into HEX stack
	BSR SHIFT_START_ADDR
	ADD.L D3,D4
	RTS
SHIFT_START_ADDR	CLR D7
	MOVE.W D1,D7
	SUB.W #1,D7
	ASL #2,D7 * -- $D7 = (D1 - 1) * 4$
	ASL.L D7,D3
END_SHIFT_START_ADDR	RTS

```

* -----
* ----- END OF SUBROUTINE -----
* -----
* | I borrowed this String --> Hex conversion subroutine |
* | from the project.                                     |
* |      post-condition: The converted hex location is    |
* |                                     stored in D4.      |
* -----

```

```

*****
*****

```

```

CONVERT_DONE    MOVE.L  D4, INPUT_ADDRESS    * -- store the addr at the end
of the program

```

```

                MOVE.L  D4, D5                * -- make a copy
                CMP.L   #$0, D4
                BLT     NEGATIVE
                BRA     EXTRACT_EXP

```

```

NEGATIVE        MOVE.B  #1, D3                * -- Store the sign bit in D3
                SUB.L   #$80000000, D4
                BRA     EXTRACT_EXP

```

```

* ----- Finished processing the sign bit

```

```

EXTRACT_EXP     MOVE.B  #23, D0              * -- shifting the IEEE number by 23
bits

```

```

exponent                * -- to the right will expose the

it is                    * -- Sign-extension is a problem, but

branch if                * -- taken care of in the NEGATIVE

                        * -- the number IS negative.

                        ASR.L    D0, D4

STORE_EXP                MOVE.L  D4, D6        * -- Store the exponent in D6

                        BRA      EXTRACT_MANT

* ----- Finished processing the exponent

EXTRACT_MANT             MOVE.L  D5, D7        * -- Move the copy to D7

                        ASL.L    D0, D4        * -- Shift the exponent 23-bits to the
left

                        SUB.L    D4, D7        * -- Original value - exponent value =
mantissa

COUNT_MASTISSA         CLR      D1

ROTATE_LOOP              CMP.B    #0, D0

                        BEQ      ROTATE_DONE

                        ROR.L    #1,D7

                        BCS      INCREMENT_MANT * -- if the bit 1 is rotated out, C
= 1

CONT_ROTATE              SUB.B    #1, D0

                        BRA      ROTATE_LOOP

INCREMENT_MANT           ADD.B    #1, D1        * -- D1 (later D7) stores the count of
the 1's in the mantissa

```

```
BRA      CONT_ROTATE
```

```
ROTATE_DONE  BRA      PRINT_RESULT
```

```
* ----- Finished processing the mantissa
```

```
*****
***** OUTPUT OUTPUT OUTPUT *****
*****
***** OUTPUT OUTPUT OUTPUT *****
*****
***** OUTPUT OUTPUT OUTPUT *****
*****
```

```
PRINT_RESULT  BSR      PRINT_OUTPUT_SEPARATOR
               MOVE.L   D1, D7  * -- make a copy of the mantissa results
```

```
* ----- sign bit
```

```
PRIME_SIGNBIT  BSR      PRINT_OUTPUT_SIGNBIT
               CMP.B    #1, D3
               BEQ      SIGNBIT_NEG
               BRA      SIGNBIT_POS
```

```
SIGNBIT_NEG    BSR      PRINT_SIGNBIT_NEGATIVE
               BRA      PRIME_EXPONENT
```

```

SIGNBIT_POS    BSR    PRINT_SIGNBIT_POSITIVE
                BRA    PRIME_EXPONENT

```

```

* ----- exponent

```

```

PRIME_EXPONENT BSR    PRINT_EMPTY_LINE
                BSR    PRINT_OUTPUT_EXPONENT
                MOVE.L D6, D1 * -- the exponent to be printed
                MOVE.B #10, D2 * -- print in base 10
                MOVE.B #15, D0 * -- trap task #15
                TRAP    #15
                BRA    PRIME_MANTISSA

```

```

* ----- mantissa (now stored in D7)

```

```

PRIME_MANTISSA BSR    PRINT_EMPTY_LINE
                BSR    PRINT_OUTPUT_MANTISSA
                MOVE.L D7, D1 * -- the exponent to be printed
                MOVE.B #10, D2 * -- print in base 10
                MOVE.B #15, D0 * -- trap task #15
                TRAP    #15

```

```

CLEANING_UP    BSR    PRINT_EMPTY_LINE
                BSR    PRINT_OUTPUT_SEPARATOR
                BRA    END_PROGRAM

```

```

* -----

```

```

* ----- PROGRAM FLOW SUBROUTINES -----

```

* -----

```
PRINT_EMPTY_LINE    LEA      EMPTY_LINE, A1
                     MOVE.B   #13, D0
                     TRAP      #15
                     RTS
```

```
PRINT_INPUT_PROMPT  LEA      INPUT_PROMPT, A1    * -- displaying input
message
                     MOVE.B   #14, D0
                     TRAP      #15
                     RTS
```

```
PRINT_OUTPUT_SEPARATOR LEA      OUTPUT_SEPARATOR, A1
                     MOVE.B   #13, D0
                     TRAP      #15
                     RTS
```

* ----- sign bit

```
PRINT_OUTPUT_SIGNBIT LEA      OUTPUT_SIGNBIT, A1
                     MOVE.B   #14, D0
                     TRAP      #15
                     RTS
```

```
PRINT_SIGNBIT_POSITIVE LEA      OUTPUT_SIGNBIT_POSITIVE, A1
                     MOVE.B   #14, D0
                     TRAP      #15
```

RTS

```
PRINT_SIGNBIT_NEGATIVE  LEA      OUTPUT_SIGNBIT_NEGATIVE, A1
                        MOVE.B   #14, D0
                        TRAP      #15
                        RTS
```

* ----- exponent

```
PRINT_OUTPUT_EXPONENT  LEA      OUTPUT_EXPONENT, A1
                        MOVE.B   #14, D0
                        TRAP      #15
                        RTS
```

* ----- mantissa

```
PRINT_OUTPUT_MANTISSA  LEA      OUTPUT_MANTISSA, A1
                        MOVE.B   #14, D0
                        TRAP      #15
                        RTS
```

```
END_PROGRAM  CLR      D2
```

SIMHALT

* Put variables and constants here

EMPTY_LINE DC.B '', 0

INPUT_PROMPT DC.B 'Please enter IEEE 32-bit floating point number in
hexadecimal: ', 0

OUTPUT_SEPARATOR DC.B '=====', 0

OUTPUT_SIGNBIT DC.B 'Sign bit: ', 0

OUTPUT_EXPONENT DC.B 'Exponent: ', 0

OUTPUT_MANTISSA DC.B 'Mantissa: ', 0

OUTPUT_SIGNBIT_POSITIVE DC.B '+', 0

OUTPUT_SIGNBIT_NEGATIVE DC.B '-', 0

INPUT_ADDRESS DS.L \$1

END START ; last line of source