Installing Cloudera Hadoop on UCB W205 Base Image

There are 2 approaches to setting up and installing Cloudera's Distribution including Apache Hadoop using the AWS AMI for W205: manual and via the Cloudera Manager GUI application. This document provides instructions for the manual method.

When launching your AWS image, add additional open ports before starting the instance. Specifically, open 50070, 8080, 8088, and 4040.

When you've completed the steps in this document, you may want to make a new AMI for your personal use! (You can do this from the EC2 web console.)

Recommended, Make a Working User

It is ALWAYS a bad idea to run as root. You need to make a user for yourself and using that for day to day work on the AMI. Once you've set up a user you like, you can always make a new, personal AMI to save your configurations.

Make a user for yourself

```
useradd <username>
```

Setting Up HDFS

As root:
```
yum install hadoop-conf-pseudo
```

As root, make a Hadoop user:
```
useradd hadoop
passwd hadoop
```

Add your personal user to the Hadoop group
```
usermod -G hadoop <user>
```

As root, setup password-less ssh
```
su - hadoop
ssh-keygen -t rsa
cat ~/.ssh/id_rsa.pub >> ~/.ssh/authorized_keys
chmod 0600 ~/.ssh/authorized_keys
```

As root, mount your extra storage:
1. Find the extra storage
   a. Run `df -h` and notice that only a 10GB partition is mounted
   b. Find your available EBS storage or Ephemeral Storage
      i. Run `fdisk -l`
      ii. Locate the device that looks like `/dev/<something>`**b**
2. Mount that storage as /data

```
        a.  mkdir /data
        b.  mount -t ext3 /dev/<something>b /data
        c.  chown hadoop:hadoop /data
    3.  As root, make a directory for your personal user on /data
        a.  mkdir /data/<user>
        b.  chown <user>:hadoop /data/<user>
```

As root edit the HDFS and Yarn config files:

1. `cd /etc/Hadoop/conf`
   a. edit `hdfs-site.xml`
      i. Edit the following properties to match the following:

```
<property>
    <name>hadoop.tmp.dir</name>
    <value>/data/hadoop-hdfs/cache/${user.name}</value>
</property>
<property>
    <name>dfs.namenode.name.dir</name>
    <value>file:///data/hadoop-
hdfs/cache/${user.name}/dfs/name</value>
</property>
<property>
    <name>dfs.namenode.checkpoint.dir</name>
    <value>file:///data/hadoop-
hdfs/cache/${user.name}/dfs/namesecondary</value>
</property>
<property>
    <name>dfs.datanode.data.dir</name>
    <value>file:///data/hadoop-
hdfs/cache/${user.name}/dfs/data</value>
</property>
```

   b. Edit `yarn-site.xml`
      i. Edit properties to match the following

```
 <property>
    <description>List of directories to store localized files
in.</description>
    <name>yarn.nodemanager.local-dirs</name>
    <value>/data/hadoop-yarn/cache/${user.name}/nm-local-dir</value>
</property>

<property>
    <description>Where to store container logs.</description>
    <name>yarn.nodemanager.log-dirs</name>
    <value>/data/hadoop-yarn/containers</value>
</property>

<property>
    <description>Where to aggregate logs to.</description>
    <name>yarn.nodemanager.remote-app-log-dir</name>
    <value>/data/hadoop-yarn/apps</value>
</property>
```

As the "hdfs" user, format the HDFS NameNode:
```
sudo -u hdfs hdfs namenode -format
```

Start HDFS (this is a bash for loop which starts every service named hadoop-hdfs-*)
```
for x in `cd /etc/init.d ; ls hadoop-hdfs-*` ; do sudo service $x
restart ; done
```

As root, setup the HDFS directory structure:
```
/usr/lib/hadoop/libexec/init-hdfs.sh
```

As hdfs, make sure HDFS looks ok:
```
sudo -u hdfs hadoop fs -ls -R /
```

As hdfs, set up space for your personal user:
```
sudo -u hdfs hdfs dfs -mkdir /user/<user>
sudo -u hdfs hdfs dfs -chown <user> /user/<user>
```

Starting YARN

Start YARN, as root
```
service hadoop-yarn-resourcemanager start
service hadoop-yarn-nodemanager start
service hadoop-mapreduce-historyserver start
```

Set up Hive

As root, edit `/etc/hive/conf/hive-site.xml`
```
Set the following property:
      <property>
        <name>javax.jdo.option.ConnectionURL</name>

        <value>jdbc:derby:;databaseName=/data/${user.name}/hive/metastore/metastore_db;cre
        ate=true</value>
          <description>JDBC connect string for a JDBC metastore</description>
      </property>
```

As your personal user, start Hive
```
su <user>
hive
```

Set up Spark 1.5

Open https://spark.apache.org/downloads.html in your browser
Select a release as follows:

      Spark 1.5.0
      Pre-built for Hadoop 2.6 or later
      Direct download
Copy the URL to download spark

As your personal user,
```
      wget <url for spark>
      tar xvzf spark-1.5.0-bin-hadoop2.6.tgz
      mv spark-1.5.0-bin-hadoop2.6 spark15
      export SPARK_HOME=$HOME/spark15
      export HADOOP_CONF_DIR=/etc/hadoop/conf
```

You can start pyspark as follows:
```
$SPARK_HOME/bin/pyspark --master yarn
```