Linux Crash Course

W205

Agenda

- ► AWS and EC2
- Vagrant
- Doing things in Linux
- Git basics

AWS and EC2

AWS EC2

- ► How do we get a server?
- ► How do I start a server?
- ► OK now what?

Making an EC2 role in IAM

- IAM = Identity and Access Management
- You don't want a rogue key to have complete control over your AWS account
- ▶ We'll need to
 - ► Make a user
 - Assign ec2 privileges

PEM Files and Secret Keys

THIS IS IMPORTANT

- Download the PEM file someplace safe
- Download the keys someplace safe
- Don't lose them!
- If you do lose your keys
 - Make new keys
- Never, ever put your keys in a repo or on the Internet

Finding and Starting Your Server

- AWS tools way
 - Commands go here
- Web-console way
 - Demo

How Do I Get In?

- SSH (Secure Shell)
- You need that PEM file
 - ▶ ssh -i /path/to/PEM root@address
- For anything not on port 22
 - SSH tunnel
 - Set up an open port on deployment (be careful)

Vagrant

Vagrant Process

- Set up the environment
 - vagrant up
 - Runs Vagrantfile then bootstrap.sh
- Re-provision (if you change the bootstrap)
 - vagrant provision
- Connect to the VM
 - vagrant ssh
 - Use open ports for web

Shutting Down Vagrant

- Stop the VM
 - vagrant halt
- Restart the VM
 - vagrant resume
- Destroy the VM
 - vagrant destroy
 - ► Removes the whole image

Linux Basics

I've SSH'd, Now What?

- ► You are in bash. The Bourne Again Shell
 - ► This is a language
 - Also our primary way of navigating and administration
- We need to be able to
 - Move around
 - Set permissions
 - Look at stuff
 - Run stuff
 - Get help

Moving around and looking at stuff

- ▶ Where am !?
 - pwd
- What's in here?
 - ▶ ls <directory path> or ls -alF <directory path>
- ► What's in that file?
 - ▶ less <file> or more <file> or cat <file>
- Change directory
 - cd <directory path>

Setting Permissions and Running Stuff

- Set the permission of a thing
 - ► Chmod <options> <file or dir>
 - \triangleright Options are (a|g|u)+(r|w|x)
 - ▶ Example: chmod u+x
- Set the owner of a thing
 - chown <user> <file or dir>
- Running a thing in PATH, type the name
- Otherwise use the full path to the thing

Getting help

- For almost every command, you can ask the man
 - man 1s tells you everything there is to know about 1s
- Most programs respond with usage when given either -h, --help, or bad arguments

Git Basics

What is Git?

- Git is a distributed version control system
- Good for collaborating on code
 - Not good for sharing data
- ► Git is not github
 - GitHub is a site which provides space for hosting and sharing Git repos

How does (basically) git work?

- You create a local repository
 - Make and commit changes
 - This keeps track of your local work
- I can clone your repository
 - This is my local repository
 - I can make and commit changes
 - Your repository is the origin of mine
- I can pull updates from your repo to mine
- You can pull changes from me
- ▶ I may be allowed to push changes to you

Working with Git