

Java programming

Access modifiers in Java:-

There are two types of modifiers in Java

Access modifiers

Non-access modifiers

Access modifiers in Java specifies the accessibility of scope of a field, method, constructor or class.

We can change the access level of fields, constructors, methods & class by applying the access modifiers on it.

There are four types of access modifiers in Java they are:-

1. private
2. public
3. Default
4. protected.

private:-

The access level of a private modifier is only within the class. It cannot be accessed from outside the class.

Default :-

The access level of a default modifier is only within the package.

It cannot be accessed from outside the package. If you do not specify any access level, it will be the default.

protected :-

The access level of a protected modifier is within the package & outside the package through child class.

If you do not make the child class, it cannot be accessed from outside the package.

Public :-

The access level of a public modifier is everywhere. It can be accessed from within the class, outside the class, within the package & outside the package.

There are many non access modifiers, such as static, abstract, synchronized, native, volatile etc.

<u>Access modifier</u>	<u>within class</u>	<u>within package</u>	<u>outside package by subclass only</u>	<u>Outside package</u>
private	y	N	N	N
Default	y	y	N	N
protected	y	y	y	N
public	y	y	y	y

The private access modifier is accessible only within the class

example of private class

```

class A {
    private int data = 40;

    private void msg() {
        System.out.println("Hello java");
    }
}

public class Simple {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        A obj = new A();
        System.out.println(obj.data);
        obj.msg();
    }
}

```

example of default

```

package my pack;
import pack.*;

class B {
    public static void main(String args[]) {
        A obj = new A();
        obj.msg();
    }
}

```

example of protected

```
package my pack;  
import pack.*;  
class B extends A {  
public static void main  
(String args[]) {  
    B obj = new B();  
    obj.msg();  
}
```

java Access modifiers with method overriding

```
class A {  
protected void msg()  
{  
    System.out.println("Hello java");  
}
```

```
public class simple extends A {
```

```
void msg()
```

```
{  
    System.out.println("Hello java");  
}
```

```
public void main (String [] args) {
```

```
    simple obj = new simple();
```

```
    obj.msg();  
}
```

example of public

```
package my pack;  
import pack.*;  
class B {  
public static void  
main (String args[]) {  
    A obj = new A();  
    obj.msg();  
}
```