

Drawing with Opencv

Here are the Steps

1) Initialize our Canvas as a 300 x 300 pixel image with 3 Channels Red, Blue, Green with a Black background.

$\text{Canvas} = \text{np.zeros}((300, 300, 3), \text{dtype} = "uint8")$

2) Now let's draw a diagonal line from Top left to Bottom Right of Green

B G R

$\text{green} = (0, 255, 0)$
 $\text{cv2.line} = (\text{Canvas}, (0, 0), (300, 300), \text{green})$
 $\text{cv2.imshow}("Canvas", \text{Canvas})$
 $\text{cv2.waitKey}(0)$

The line which we draw is by default 1 pixel thick.

Now let's say that we want to draw 3 pixel thickness

B G R Position

$\text{red} = (0, 0, 255)$

$\text{cv2.line} = (\text{Canvas}, (300, 0), (0, 300), \text{red}, 3)$

$\text{cv2.imshow}("Canvas", \text{Canvas})$ Color Thickness

$\text{cv2.waitKey}(0)$

The above one will draw a line from top right to bottom left corner

3) Now let's say we want to draw a rectangle on the same image. But starting position $\rightarrow 10 \times 10$

Ending Position $\rightarrow 60 \times 60$. Color \rightarrow Green.

CV2.rectangle(Canvas, (10, 10), (60, 60), green)

CV2.imshow("Canvas", Canvas)

CV2.waitKey(60)

Therefore $\rightarrow 50 \times 50$ is a Square

Similarly, we can draw with thickness and fill the Rectangle / space.

Thickness
 \downarrow

CV2.rectangle(Canvas, (10, 10), (60, 60), green, 3, -1)

CV2.imshow("Canvas", Canvas)

CV2.waitKey(60)

Fill
 \downarrow

4) Now let's see how to draw circles

For that first we need to reinitialize our Canvas as an empty array, then compute the center (x, y) co-ordinate of the Canvas.

```
Canvas = np.zeros((300, 300, 3), dtype = "uint8")  
(Center x, Center y) = (Canvas.shape[1] // 2,  
                          Canvas.shape[0] // 2)  
white = (255, 255, 255)
```

→ This is nothing but we are trying to compute
the center of co-ordinates

Now we have the center and by using the radius
Starting with 25 pixels to 150 pixels by incrementing
25 pixels, we will be able to draw multiple circles.

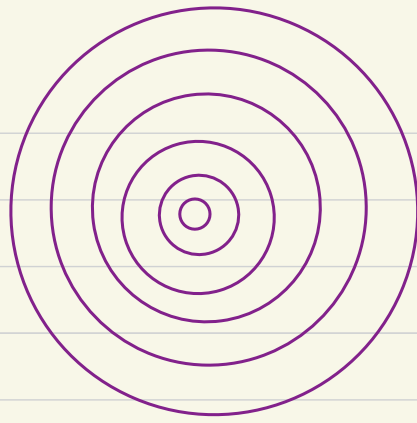
for r in range(0, 175, 25):

```
cv2.circle(Canvas, (Center x, Center y), r,  
            white)
```

```
cv2.imshow("Canvas", Canvas)  
cv2.waitKey(0)
```

When we draw like this → we will get it as
Bull's eye effect / Dot Board

Like this
we will get
the output



5) Now let's draw random circles

```
Canvas = np.zeros((300, 300, 3), dtype="uint8")  
for i in range(0, 25):
```

We will generate a radius size between 5 and 200,
generate a random color and pick a random
point on our Canvas to draw the circle.

```
radius = np.random.randint(5, high=200)  
color = np.random.randint(0, high=256,
```

```
size=(3,)).tolist()  
Pt = np.random.randint(0, high=300, size=(2,))
```

→ It means we need 3 values ranging between 0 and 255
and we are converting that
from numpy array to list

If we don't convert to list → opencv throws an error

→ Similarly, we need two points of Canvas(300, 300)

CV2. Circle (canvas, tuple (pt), radius, color, -1)

CV2. imshow ("canvas", canvas)

CV2. waitKey (0)

6) Till now what we seen was, we were creating our own Canvas and then we were drawing it.

What if we want to draw on a specific image?

Instead of canvas, just pass the image variable.

Rest everything will be remaining the same.