Lesson 3 Color Sorting

Note: The servo on robotic hand has been set with corresponding ID and limited angle before delivery. If the ID and the limited angle change due to other operations, please refer to the tutorial in "5.Appendix/8.Servo Debugging Method" to adjust.

1. Getting Ready

- 1) This lesson can be started after the robotic hands are assembled. The specific assembly method refers to "Advanced Lesson/ Vision Gripping Lesson/ Lesson 1 Robotic Hands Assembly".
- 2) Place the colored block on the surface at the height of 15 cm and the error of height can not exceed 1 cm, otherwise it will affect the performance. You can use the product package box to experience this game directly.

2. Working Principle

The working principle of this this lesson is as follow:

The color is recognized through Lab color space firstly. Then convert RGB color into Lab color space, and proceed with binarization, dilation and erosion to obtain the contour of the target color.

Then, filter out the largest contour among red, green and blue three colors through he traversal function, and circle it, so that the color of the object can be recognized.

At last, judge according to the recognized color, and control the robot to grip and place or shake its head after recognizing the corresponding color object.

The source code of the program is located in:

/home/pi/TonyPi/Extend/Color_classify.py

```
# 开合手掌颜色分类
     debug = False
20 pif sys.version_info.major == 2:
        print('Please run this program with python3!')
           sys.exit(0)
       ange_rgb = {
  'red': (0, 0, 255),
  'blue': (255, 0, 0),
  'green': (0, 255, 0),
  'black': (0, 0, 0),
  'white': (255, 255, 255),
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30 }
    # 找出面积最大的轮廓
     # 参数为要比较的轮廓的列表
33 # 参数为要比较的轮廓的列表
34 日def getAreaMaxContour(contours):
          contour_area_temp = 0
contour_area_max = 0
area_max_contour = None
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         for c in contours: # 历遍所有轮廓
            return area_max_contour, contour_area_max # 返回最大的轮廓
     lab data = None
49 servo_data = None
50 ⊟def load_config():
          global lab_data, servo_data
          lab_data = yaml_handle.get_yaml_data(yaml_handle.lab_file_path)
          servo_data = yaml_handle.get_yaml_data(yaml_handle.servo_file_path)
     # 初始位置
   □def initMove():
          Board.setBusServoPulse(17, 500, 500)
Board.setBusServoPulse(19, 500, 500)
Board.setBusServoPulse(1, 1050, 500)
           Board.setPWMServoPulse(2, servo_data['servo2'], 500)
```

3. Operation Step

- The entered command must be pay attention to case sensitivity and space.
- 1) Turn on the robot and connect to Raspberry Pi desktop with VNC.
- 2) Click or press "Ctrl+Alt+T" to open LX terminal.



3) Enter "cd TonyPi/Extend/" and press "Enter" to come to the directory of



game programmings.

```
pi@raspberrypi:~ $ cd TonyPi/Extend/
```

4) Enter "sudo python3 FaceTrack Fan.py" command, and then press "Enter" to start the game.

```
pi@raspberrypi:~ $ cd TonyPi/Extend/
pi@raspberrypi:~/TonyPi/Extend $ sudo python3 Color_classify.py
```

5) If want to exit the game, press "Ctrl+C" in the LX terminal. Please try multiple times if fail to exit.

4. Project Outcome

After the program is started, TonyPi Pro will squat first. When the red block is recognized, it will grip the block with right hand and place it to the right. When the blue block is recognized, it will grip the block and place it to the left. When the green block is recognized, it will shake head.

5. Function Extension

5.1 Modify Default Recognized Color

The program of color sorting has three built-in colors by default, which are red, green and blue. When red and blue are recognized, TonyPi Pro will grip the corresponding object. When green is recognized, TonyPi Pro will shake its head.

Take the robot nods when recognizing red and grip when recognizing green and blue as example. The specific modification steps are as follow:

 Enter "cd TonyPi/Extend/" command and press "Enter" to come to the directory of the game programmings.

```
pi@raspberrypi:~ $ cd TonyPi/Extend/
```

2) Enter "sudo vim Color_classify.py" command, and then press "Enter".

```
pi@raspberrypi:~ $ cd TonyPi/Extend/
pi@raspberrypi:~/TonyPi/Extend $ sudo vim Color_classify.py
```

3) Find the code shown in the figure below:

```
time.sleep(1)
if detect_color == 'red':
    AGC.runActionGroup('grab_right')
    detect_color = 'None
    draw_color = range_rgb["black"]
    action_finish = True
elif detect_color == 'blue':
    AGC.runActionGroup('grab_left')
    detect_color = 'None
    draw_color = range_rgb["black"]
    action_finish = True
elif detect_color == 'green':
    for i in range(2):
       Board.setPWMServoPulse(2, 1300, 300)
        time.sleep(0.3)
        Board.setPWMServoPulse(2, 1700, 300)
```

4) Press "i" to enter the editing mode. Then modify "red" in "if detect_color == 'red':" to "green".



```
time.sleep(1)
111
                        if detect_color == 'green':
                            AGC.runActionGroup('grab_right')
detect_color = 'None'
draw_color = range_rgb["black"]
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                             action_finish = True
116
117
                        elif detect_color == 'blue':
                             AGC.runActionGroup('grab_left')
119
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123
                            detect_color = 'None
                            draw_color = range_rgb["black"]
                             action_finish = True
                        elif detect_color == 'green':
                             for i in range(2):
                                 Board.setPWMServoPulse(2, 1300, 300)
                                 time.sleep(0.3)
                                 Board.setPWMServoPulse(2, 1700, 300)
```

5) Locate line 123, and then modify "green" in "elif detect color == 'green':" to "red".

```
time.sleep(1)
                    if detect_color == 'green':
                        AGC.runActionGroup('grab_right')
                        detect_color = 'None
                        draw_color = range_rgb["black"]
115
                        action_finish = True
116
117
                    elif detect_color == 'blue':
                        AGC.runActionGroup('grab_left')
119
120
                        detect_color = 'None
                        draw_color = range_rgb["black"]
                        action_finish = True
122
                    elif detect_color == 'red\':
                         for i in range(2):
                             Board.setPWMServoPulse(2, 1300, 300)
                             time.sleep(0.3)
                             Board.setPWMServoPulse(2, 1700, 300)
```

6) After modification, press "Esc" and then enter ":wq" (Please note that the colon is in front of wq). Then press "Enter" to save and exit the modified content.

```
elif detect_color == 'red':
                        for i in range(2):
                            Board.setPWMServoPulse(2, 1300, 300)
                            time.sleep(0.3)
                            Board.setPWMServoPulse(2, 1700, 300)
                            time.sleep(0.3)
: WQ
```



7) After the game is restarted, the robot will shake its head after recognizing the red block. When recognizing the blue or green block, the robot will grip and sort the block.

5.2 Add New Recognized Color

In addition to three built-in recognized colors, you can add other recognized colors. This section takes orange as example and the specific operation steps are as follow:

 Open VNV and enter command "sudo vim TonyPi/lab_config.yaml" to open Lab color setting file.

```
pi@raspberrypi:~ $ sudo vim TonyPi/lab_config.yaml
```

The initial value can be recorded by screenshot or file backup.

Click "LAB_Too" on system desktop, and then click "Execute" in the pop-up prompt window.

6



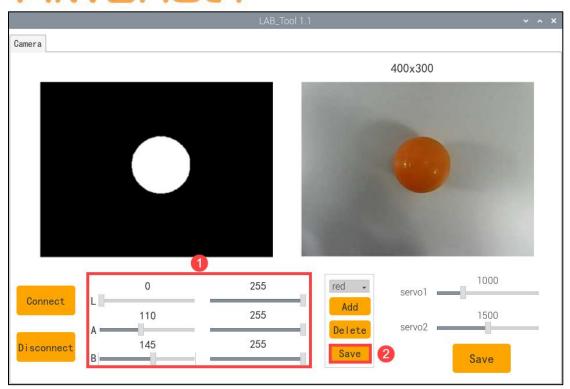


3) Click "Connect" button in the lower left corner. When the picture transmitted by the camera is displayed in the interface, it means that the connection is successful. Then select "red" in the right frame.



4) Point the camera at the color you want to recognize and drag the corresponding sliders of L, A and B until the orange part in left interface becomes white and other colors become black. Then click "save" button behind the "red" to save the modified data.

7



5) After modification, enter command "sudo vim TonyPi/lab_config.yaml" to view whether the color setting parameters are modified.

To avoid any impact on the game, it's recommended to use the LAB_Tool to modify the value back to the initial value after the modification is completed.

6) Check the data in red frame above. If the edited value was written in the

configuration program, press "Esc" and enter ":wq" to save it and exit.

7) According to the content in "5.1 Modify the Recognized Color", set the default color that make TonyPi Pro shake its head after recognition as red according to the content in "5.1 Modify the recognized color".

- 8) After the game is started, place the orange object in front of the camera, you can see that TonyPi Pro performs "shake head" action.
- 9) If want to add other colors as the recognition color, please refer to the same operation steps.