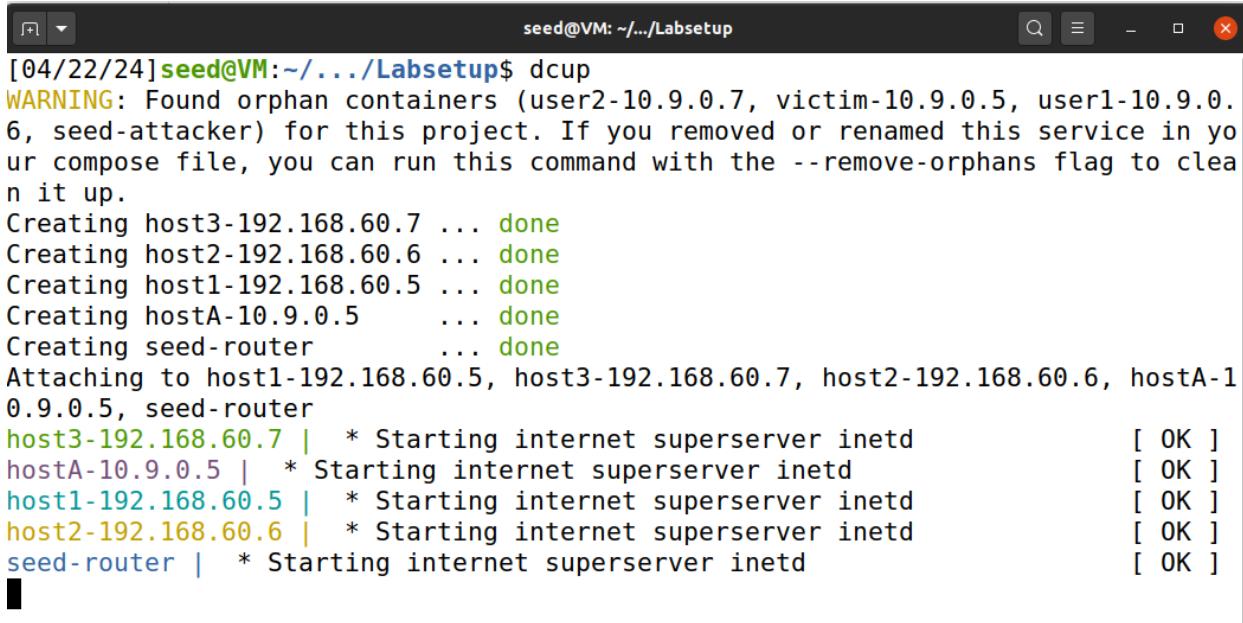
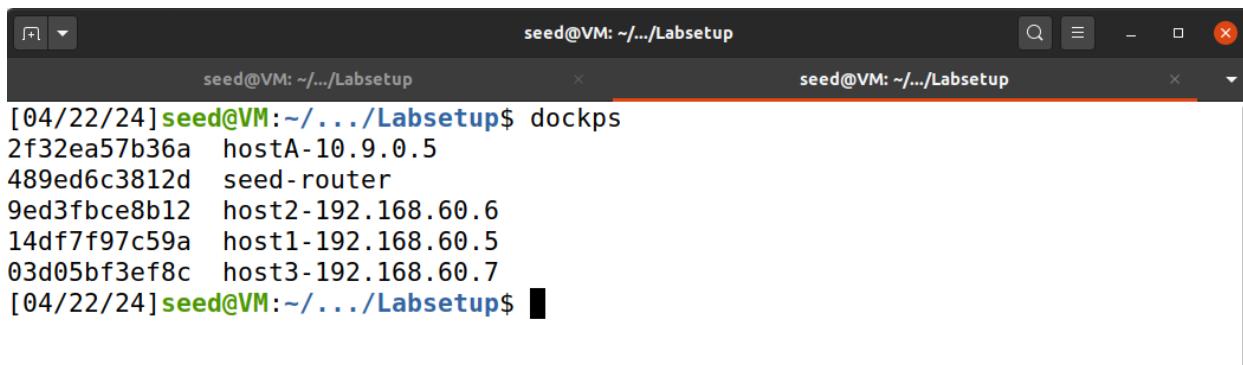


This lab exercise's main goals are to achieve two learning objectives: understanding firewall operation and setting up a basic network firewall. First, a stateless packet-filtering firewall will be created, which will assess packets and determine if they should be passed or discarded based on pre-established firewall rules. This will provide us with an overview of the fundamental operations of firewalls. It's crucial to remember that Linux comes with an integrated firewall called iptables that is based on Netfilter. Netfilter and firewall-related topics are the main topics of this lab.

Lab setup



```
[04/22/24] seed@VM:~/.../Labsetup$ dcup
WARNING: Found orphan containers (user2-10.9.0.7, victim-10.9.0.5, user1-10.9.0.6, seed-attacker) for this project. If you removed or renamed this service in your compose file, you can run this command with the --remove-orphans flag to clean it up.
Creating host3-192.168.60.7 ... done
Creating host2-192.168.60.6 ... done
Creating host1-192.168.60.5 ... done
Creating hostA-10.9.0.5      ... done
Creating seed-router          ... done
Attaching to host1-192.168.60.5, host3-192.168.60.7, host2-192.168.60.6, hostA-10.9.0.5, seed-router
host3-192.168.60.7 | * Starting internet superserver inetd [ OK ]
hostA-10.9.0.5 | * Starting internet superserver inetd [ OK ]
host1-192.168.60.5 | * Starting internet superserver inetd [ OK ]
host2-192.168.60.6 | * Starting internet superserver inetd [ OK ]
seed-router | * Starting internet superserver inetd [ OK ]
```

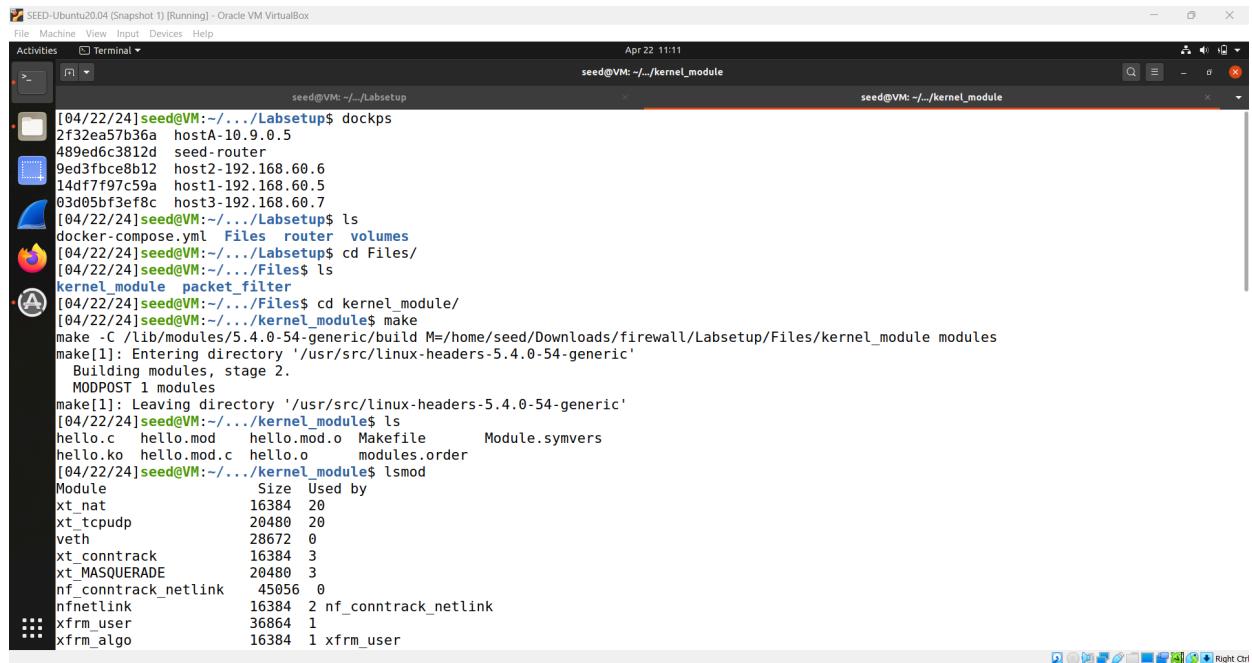


```
[04/22/24] seed@VM:~/.../Labsetup$ dockps
2f32ea57b36a  hostA-10.9.0.5
489ed6c3812d  seed-router
9ed3fbce8b12  host2-192.168.60.6
14df7f97c59a  host1-192.168.60.5
03d05bf3ef8c  host3-192.168.60.7
[04/22/24] seed@VM:~/.../Labsetup$
```

Task 1.a:

The 'Make' command, which automatically determines which parts of a complex programme require recompilation and issues the necessary commands, must be run before we can proceed. Run the 'ls' command first, then 'Make' to view the output of the Make command. A feature known as the Loadable Kernel Module (LKM) makes it possible to add new modules to the kernel while it is running without having to restart the machine or rebuild the kernel. An LKM can be used to implement packet filtering as part of the firewall capability. This exercise will aid in our familiarization with LKM.

A basic loadable kernel module with the code provided prints "Hello World!" upon loading and "Bye-bye World!" upon removal from the kernel. These messages are printed into the /var/log/syslog file rather than appearing on the screen. We can use the "dmesg" command to view the messages.



```
[04/22/24]seed@VM:~/.../Labsetup$ dockps
2f32ea57b36a hostA-10.9.0.5
489ed6c3812d seed-router
9ed3fbce8b12 host2-192.168.60.6
14df7f97c59a host1-192.168.60.5
03d05bf3ef8a host3-192.168.60.7
[04/22/24]seed@VM:~/.../Labsetup$ ls
docker-compose.yml  Files  router  volumes
[04/22/24]seed@VM:~/.../Labsetup$ cd Files/
[04/22/24]seed@VM:~/.../Files$ ls
kernel_module  packet_filter
[04/22/24]seed@VM:~/.../Files$ cd kernel_module/
[04/22/24]seed@VM:~/.../kernel_module$ make
make -C /lib/modules/5.4.0-54-generic/build M=/home/seed/Downloads/firewall/Labsetup/Files/kernel_module modules
make[1]: Entering directory '/usr/src/linux-headers-5.4.0-54-generic'
  Building modules, stage 2.
    MODPOST 1 modules
make[1]: Leaving directory '/usr/src/linux-headers-5.4.0-54-generic'
[04/22/24]seed@VM:~/.../kernel_module$ ls
hello.c  hello.mod  hello.mod.o  Makefile      Module.symvers
hello.ko  hello.mod.c  hello.o   modules.order
[04/22/24]seed@VM:~/.../kernel_module$ lsmod
Module           Size  Used by
xt_nat          16384  20
xt_tcpudp       20480  20
veth             28672  0
xt_conntrack     16384  3
xt_MASQUERADE    20480  3
nf_conntrack     45056  0
nfnetlink        16384  2 nf_conntrack_netlink
xfrm_user        36864  1
xfrm_algo         16384  1 xfrm_user
[04/22/24]seed@VM:~/.../kernel_module$ Right Ctrl
```

```

seed@VM: ~/Labsetup
seed@VM: ~.../kernel_module

serio_raw      20480  0
mac_hid        16384  0
sch_fq_codel   20480  2
vmwgfx         299008 3
ttm            106496 1 vmwgfx
drm_kms_helper 184320 1 vmwgfx
fb_sys_fops    16384 1 drm_kms_helper
syscopyarea    16384 1 drm_kms_helper
sysfillrect    16384 1 drm_kms_helper
sysimgblt      16384 1 drm_kms_helper
parport_pc     40960  0
ppdev          24576  0
lp              20480  0
parport         53248 3 parport_pc,lp,ppdev
drm             491520 6 vmwgfx,drm_kms_helper,ttm
ip_tables       32768 2 iptable_filter,iptable_nat
x_tables        40960 7 xt_conntrack,iptable_filter,xt_tcpudp,xt_addrtype,xt_nat,ip_tables,xt_MASQUERADE
autofs4         45056 2
hid_generic     16384 0
usbhid          57344 0
hid             131072 2 usbhid,hid_generic
psmouse         155648 0
video           49152 0
ahci            40960 2
i2c_piix4      28672 0
libahci          32768 1 ahci
pata_acpi       16384 0
e1000           147456 0
[04/22/24]seed@VM:~.../kernel_module$ 

```

We insert the module hello.ko

```

seed@VM: ~/Labsetup
seed@VM: ~.../kernel_module

fb_sys_fops    16384 1 drm_kms_helper
syscopyarea    16384 1 drm_kms_helper
sysfillrect    16384 1 drm_kms_helper
sysimgblt      16384 1 drm_kms_helper
parport_pc     40960  0
ppdev          24576  0
lp              20480  0
parport         53248 3 parport_pc,lp,ppdev
drm             491520 6 vmwgfx,drm_kms_helper,ttm
ip_tables       32768 2 iptable_filter,iptable_nat
x_tables        40960 7 xt_conntrack,iptable_filter,xt_tcpudp,xt_addrtype,xt_nat,ip_tables,xt_MASQUERADE
autofs4         45056 2
hid_generic     16384 0
usbhid          57344 0
hid             131072 2 usbhid,hid_generic
psmouse         155648 0
video           49152 0
ahci            40960 2
i2c_piix4      28672 0
libahci          32768 1 ahci
pata_acpi       16384 0
e1000           147456 0
[04/22/24]seed@VM:~.../kernel_module$ ls
hello.c hello.ko hello.mod hello.mod.c hello.mod.o hello.o Makefile modules.order Module.symvers
[04/22/24]seed@VM:~.../kernel_module$ sudo insmod hello.ko
[04/22/24]seed@VM:~.../kernel_module$ lsmod | grep -i hello
hello           16384 0
[04/22/24]seed@VM:~.../kernel_module$ sudo rmmod hello

```

We use the command dmesg to view the packet information in the terminal

```

seed@VM: ~/kernel_module
seed@VM: ~/Labsetup

[04/22/24]seed@VM:~/.../kernel_module$ dmesg
[    0.000000] Linux version 5.4.0-54-generic (buildd@lcy01-amd64-024) (gcc version 9.3.0 (Ubuntu 9.3.0-17ubuntu1~20.0
4)) #60-Ubuntu SMP Fri Nov 6 10:37:59 UTC 2020 (Ubuntu 5.4.0-54.60-generic 5.4.65)
[    0.000000] Command line: BOOT_IMAGE=/boot/vmlinuz-5.4.0-54-generic root=UUID=a91f1a43-2770-4684-9fc3-b7abfd786c1d
ro quiet splash
[    0.000000] KERNEL supported cpus:
[    0.000000]   Intel GenuineIntel
[    0.000000]   AMD AuthenticAMD
[    0.000000]   Hygon HygonGenuine
[    0.000000]   Centaur CentaurHauls
[    0.000000]   zhaoxin Shanghai
[    0.000000] x86/fpu: x87 FPU will use FXSAVE
[    0.000000] BIOS-provided physical RAM map:
[    0.000000] BIOS-e820: [mem 0x0000000000000000-0x000000000009fbff] usable
[    0.000000] BIOS-e820: [mem 0x00000000000000fc00-0x000000000000ffff] reserved
[    0.000000] BIOS-e820: [mem 0x0000000000000000-0x000000000000ffff] reserved
[    0.000000] BIOS-e820: [mem 0x000000000000100000-0x00000000007fffff] usable
[    0.000000] BIOS-e820: [mem 0x0000000000000000-0x00000000007fffff] ACPI data
[    0.000000] BIOS-e820: [mem 0x00000000fec00000-0x00000000fec0ffff] reserved
[    0.000000] BIOS-e820: [mem 0x00000000fee00000-0x00000000fee0ffff] reserved
[    0.000000] BIOS-e820: [mem 0x00000000ffffc0000-0x00000000ffffffff] reserved
[    0.000000] NX (Execute Disable) protection: active
[    0.000000] SMBIOS 2.5 present.
[    0.000000] DMI: innotek GmbH VirtualBox/VirtualBox, BIOS VirtualBox 12/01/2006
[    0.000000] Hypervisor detected: KVM
[    0.000000] kvm-clock: Using msrs 4b564d01 and 4b564d00
[    0.000000] kvm-clock: cpu 0, msr 27e01001, primary cpu clock
[    0.000000] kvm-clock: using sched offset of 6221135857 cycles
[    0.000003] clocksource: kvm-clock: mask: 0xfffffffffffffff max_cycles: 0x1cd42e4dff, max_idle_ns: 881590591483 n

```

```

seed@VM: ~/kernel_module
seed@VM: ~/Labsetup

[ 6.453839] snd_intel8x0 0000:00:05.0: white list rate for 1028:0177 is 48000
[ 7.659619] audit: type=1400 audit(1713798157.836:2): apparmor="STATUS" operation="profile_load" profile="unconfine
1" name="/usr/lib/snapd/snap-confine" pid=517 comm="apparmor_parser"
[ 7.659623] audit: type=1400 audit(1713798157.836:3): apparmor="STATUS" operation="profile_load" profile="unconfine
1" name="/usr/lib/snapd/snap-confine//mount-namespace-capture-helper" pid=517 comm="apparmor_parser"
[ 7.666869] audit: type=1400 audit(1713798157.848:4): apparmor="STATUS" operation="profile_load" profile="unconfine
1" name="libreoffice-oopsplash" pid=516 comm="apparmor_parser"
[ 7.692851] audit: type=1400 audit(1713798157.876:5): apparmor="STATUS" operation="profile_load" profile="unconfine
1" name="/usr/bin/man" pid=519 comm="apparmor_parser"
[ 7.692854] audit: type=1400 audit(1713798157.876:6): apparmor="STATUS" operation="profile_load" profile="unconfine
1" name="man_filter" pid=519 comm="apparmor_parser"
[ 7.692855] audit: type=1400 audit(1713798157.876:7): apparmor="STATUS" operation="profile_load" profile="unconfine
1" name="man_groff" pid=519 comm="apparmor_parser"
[ 7.701856] audit: type=1400 audit(1713798157.884:8): apparmor="STATUS" operation="profile_load" profile="unconfine
1" name="/usr/sbin/tcpdump" pid=518 comm="apparmor_parser"
[ 7.709775] audit: type=1400 audit(1713798157.892:9): apparmor="STATUS" operation="profile_load" profile="unconfine
1" name="/usr/sbin/cups-browsed" pid=520 comm="apparmor_parser"
[ 7.727730] audit: type=1400 audit(1713798157.912:10): apparmor="STATUS" operation="profile_load" profile="unconfi
ed" name="/usr/lib/cups/backend/cups-pdf" pid=521 comm="apparmor_parser"
[ 7.727733] audit: type=1400 audit(1713798157.912:11): apparmor="STATUS" operation="profile_load" profile="unconfi
ed" name="/usr/sbin/cupsd" pid=521 comm="apparmor_parser"
[ 8.835334] vboxsf: g_fHostFeatures=0x8000000f g_fSFFeatures=0x1 g_uSfLastFunction=29
[ 8.835624] vboxsf: Successfully loaded version 6.1.10_Ubuntu
[ 8.835699] vboxsf: Successfully loaded version 6.1.10_Ubuntu on 5.4.0-54-generic SMP mod_unload (LINUX_VERSION_CO
DE=0x50441)
[ 9.447920] 15:02:39.633568 main      VBoxService 6.1.10_Ubuntu r138449 (verbosity: 0) linux.amd64 (Jun 6 2020 11:3
1:37) release log
[ 15:02:39.633571 main      Log opened 2024-04-22T15:02:39.633540000Z
[ 9.448375] 15:02:39.634087 main      OS Product: Linux


```

```

[04/22/24]seed@VM:~/.../kernel_module$ sudo dmesg --clear
[04/22/24]seed@VM:~/.../kernel_module$ dmesg
[04/22/24]seed@VM:~/.../kernel_module$ dmesg -k -e
[04/22/24]seed@VM:~/.../kernel_module$ dmesg -k -w

[82898.526972] hello: module verification failed: signature and/or required key missing - tainting kernel
[82898.536476] Hello World!
[83533.628477] Bye-bye World!.
[84260.342593] Hello World!
[84330.934300] Bye-bye World!.

```

Using the command dmesg -k -w, the message included in the packets is shown on the terminal.

We made the module print "Hello world" when we first presented it.

The module we introduced can be successfully expelled by typing sudo rmmod hello, which prints "Bye bye World," indicating that the module has been removed.

Task 1.b

Subtask 1: The purpose of Netfilter is to enable packet manipulation by authorised users. It accomplishes this by introducing hooks into the Linux kernel that are positioned at different locations, such as the paths for incoming and outgoing packets. We can modify arriving packets by attaching our own programmes to the appropriate hooks within the Loadable Kernel Module (LKM). Within our programme, we are able to choose which packets to block or alter. In this job, we will create a packet filtering module using LKM and Netfilter.

The firewall policies that the module retrieves from a data structure will be used to determine whether or not to block packets. Students are permitted to hardcode firewall policies in the programme because filtering is the main focus.

We must visit the seed virtual machine and execute the make command in order to compile the seedFilter kernel module.

The creation of the seedFilter.ko file is the process's output. We may use the "dig @8.8.8.8 www.example.com" command to see if our kernel module is blocking '8.8.8.8'. This command will not produce any output when it is executed. We can view the command's output after uninstalling the module.

```
[04/22/24]seed@VM:~/.../packet_filter$ ls
Makefile seedFilter.c
[04/22/24]seed@VM:~/.../packet_filter$ make
make -C /lib/modules/5.4.0-54-generic/build M=/home/seed/Downloads/firewall/Labsetup/Files/packet_filter modules
make[1]: Entering directory '/usr/src/linux-headers-5.4.0-54-generic'
  CC [M]  /home/seed/Downloads/firewall/Labsetup/Files/packet_filter/seedFilter.o
Building modules, stage 2.
MODPOST 1 modules
  CC [M]  /home/seed/Downloads/firewall/Labsetup/Files/packet_filter/seedFilter.mod.o
  LD [M]  /home/seed/Downloads/firewall/Labsetup/Files/packet_filter/seedFilter.ko
make[1]: Leaving directory '/usr/src/linux-headers-5.4.0-54-generic'
[04/22/24]seed@VM:~/.../packet_filter$ ls
Makefile      Module.symvers seedFilter.ko  seedFilter.mod.c  seedFilter.o
modules.order  seedFilter.c   seedFilter.mod  seedFilter.mod.o
[04/22/24]seed@VM:~/.../packet_filter$ sudo insmod seedFilter.ko
[04/22/24]seed@VM:~/.../packet_filter$ lsmod | grep sed
Module           Size Used by
[04/22/24]seed@VM:~/.../packet_filter$ lsmod | grep seed
seedFilter          16384  0
```

```
[04/22/24]seed@VM:~/.../packet_filter$ ping 8.8.8.8
PING 8.8.8.8 (8.8.8.8) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=1 ttl=57 time=35.4 ms
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=2 ttl=57 time=23.6 ms
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=3 ttl=57 time=29.9 ms
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=4 ttl=57 time=21.7 ms
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=5 ttl=57 time=18.1 ms
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=6 ttl=57 time=23.7 ms
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=7 ttl=57 time=18.8 ms
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=8 ttl=57 time=23.4 ms
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=9 ttl=57 time=23.5 ms
^C
--- 8.8.8.8 ping statistics ---
9 packets transmitted, 9 received, 0% packet loss, time 8024ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 18.065/24.229/35.385/5.083 ms
[04/22/24]seed@VM:~/.../packet_filter$
```

```
[04/22/24]seed@VM:~/.../packet_filter$ ping 8.8.4.4
PING 8.8.4.4 (8.8.4.4) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 8.8.4.4: icmp_seq=1 ttl=57 time=28.6 ms
64 bytes from 8.8.4.4: icmp_seq=2 ttl=57 time=27.4 ms
64 bytes from 8.8.4.4: icmp_seq=3 ttl=57 time=71.3 ms
64 bytes from 8.8.4.4: icmp_seq=4 ttl=57 time=30.3 ms
64 bytes from 8.8.4.4: icmp_seq=5 ttl=57 time=24.2 ms
^C
--- 8.8.4.4 ping statistics ---
5 packets transmitted, 5 received, 0% packet loss, time 4011ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 24.240/36.364/71.273/17.566 ms
[04/22/24]seed@VM:~/.../packet_filter$
```

```
[04/22/24]seed@VM:~/.../packet_filter$ dig www.example.com

; <>> DiG 9.16.1-Ubuntu <>> www.example.com
;; global options: +cmd
;; Got answer:
;; ->>HEADER<- opcode: QUERY, status: NOERROR, id: 48123
;; flags: qr rd ra; QUERY: 1, ANSWER: 1, AUTHORITY: 0, ADDITIONAL: 1

;; OPT PSEUDOSECTION:
;; EDNS: version: 0, flags:; udp: 65494
;; QUESTION SECTION:
;www.example.com.           IN      A

;; ANSWER SECTION:
www.example.com.      3600    IN      A      93.184.215.14

;; Query time: 80 msec
;; SERVER: 127.0.0.53#53(127.0.0.53)
;; WHEN: Mon Apr 22 11:28:27 EDT 2024
;; MSG SIZE  rcvd: 60
[04/22/24]seed@VM:~/.../packet_filter$
```

We'll use the same window that was used to run the dmesg command to install the kernel module. The "sudo insmod seedFilter.ko" command can be used to install the kernel module. The "sudo lsmod | grep -i seed" command can be used to display all loaded kernel modules and filter out those with "seedFilter" in their names. This allows us to determine whether the module is installed. We'll use the command "sudo rmmod seedFilter" to remove the module. When the command is executed, "Registering filters" will appear first, followed by "The filters are being removed" to show that the filters are being removed.

```
[88381.290189] Registering filters.
[88422.183686] *** LOCAL_OUT
[88422.183748]   127.0.0.1 --> 127.0.0.53 (UDP)
[88422.184285] *** LOCAL_OUT
[88422.184287]   10.0.2.15 --> 192.168.1.1 (UDP)
[88422.269332] *** LOCAL_OUT
[88422.269335]   127.0.0.53 --> 127.0.0.1 (UDP)
[88422.470261] *** LOCAL_OUT
[88422.470264]   127.0.0.1 --> 127.0.0.53 (UDP)
[88422.470898] *** LOCAL_OUT
[88422.470900]   127.0.0.53 --> 127.0.0.1 (UDP)
[88436.648103] *** LOCAL_OUT
[88436.648106]   10.0.2.15 --> 192.168.1.1 (UDP)
[88483.416838] *** LOCAL_OUT
[88483.416841]   127.0.0.1 --> 127.0.0.1 (UDP)
[88483.418666] *** LOCAL_OUT
[88483.418668]   10.0.2.15 --> 8.8.4.4 (UDP)
[88483.418677] *** Dropping 8.8.4.4 (UDP), port 53
[88488.455349] *** LOCAL_OUT
[88488.455352]   10.0.2.15 --> 8.8.4.4 (UDP)
[88488.455379] *** Dropping 8.8.4.4 (UDP), port 53
[88493.459034] *** LOCAL_OUT
[88493.459038]   10.0.2.15 --> 8.8.4.4 (UDP)
[88493.459059] *** Dropping 8.8.4.4 (UDP), port 53
[88554.257033] *** LOCAL_OUT
[88554.257036]   10.0.2.15 --> 192.168.1.1 (UDP)
[88554.310799] *** LOCAL_OUT
[88554.310806]   10.0.2.15 --> 34.122.121.32 (TCP)
[88555.316916] *** LOCAL_OUT
[88555.317469]   10.0.2.15 --> 34.122.121.32 (TCP)
[88557.339234] *** LOCAL_OUT
[88557.339237]   10.0.2.15 --> 34.122.121.32 (TCP)
[88561.401382] *** LOCAL_OUT

[88574.252007]   10.0.2.15 --> 91.189.91.48 (TCP)
[88574.565261] *** LOCAL_OUT
[88574.565945]   10.0.2.15 --> 91.189.91.48 (TCP)
[88574.566418] *** LOCAL_OUT
[88574.566421]   10.0.2.15 --> 91.189.91.48 (TCP)
[88574.915537] *** LOCAL_OUT
[88574.916287]   10.0.2.15 --> 91.189.91.48 (TCP)
[88574.918545] *** LOCAL_OUT
[88574.918548]   10.0.2.15 --> 91.189.91.48 (TCP)
[88688.201731] *** LOCAL_OUT
[88688.201736]   192.168.60.1 --> 224.0.0.251 (UDP)
[88688.201897] *** LOCAL_OUT
[88688.201898]   10.9.0.1 --> 224.0.0.251 (UDP)
[88688.201951] *** LOCAL_OUT
[88688.201952]   172.17.0.1 --> 224.0.0.251 (UDP)
[88688.202398] *** LOCAL_OUT
[88688.202400]   10.0.2.15 --> 224.0.0.251 (UDP)
[88688.202675] *** LOCAL_OUT
[88688.202677]   127.0.0.1 --> 224.0.0.251 (UDP)
[88722.191162] *** LOCAL_OUT
[88722.191166]   127.0.0.1 --> 127.0.0.53 (UDP)
[88722.193291] *** LOCAL_OUT
[88722.193294]   10.0.2.15 --> 192.168.1.1 (UDP)
[88722.223766] *** LOCAL_OUT
[88722.223770]   127.0.0.53 --> 127.0.0.1 (UDP)
[88722.487769] *** LOCAL_OUT
[88722.487772]   127.0.0.1 --> 127.0.0.53 (UDP)
[88722.490228] *** LOCAL_OUT
[88722.490231]   127.0.0.53 --> 127.0.0.1 (UDP)
[88770.835372] The filters are being removed.
```

```
[04/22/24]seed@VM:~/.../packet_filter$ ping www.example.com
PING www.example.com (93.184.215.14) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 93.184.215.14 (93.184.215.14): icmp_seq=1 ttl=54 time=27.0 ms
64 bytes from 93.184.215.14 (93.184.215.14): icmp_seq=2 ttl=54 time=26.5 ms
64 bytes from 93.184.215.14 (93.184.215.14): icmp_seq=3 ttl=54 time=51.3 ms
64 bytes from 93.184.215.14 (93.184.215.14): icmp_seq=4 ttl=54 time=21.0 ms
64 bytes from 93.184.215.14 (93.184.215.14): icmp_seq=5 ttl=54 time=18.8 ms
^C
--- www.example.com ping statistics ---
5 packets transmitted, 5 received, 0% packet loss, time 4024ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 18.812/28.907/51.287/11.618 ms
[04/22/24]seed@VM:~/.../packet_filter$
```

The screenshot shows three terminal windows side-by-side. The left window is titled 'seed@VM: ~/.../Labsetup' and contains the command 'dig @8.8.4.4 www.example.com'. The middle window is titled 'seed@VM: ~/.../packet_filter' and contains the output of the 'dig' command, which shows a successful DNS query to Google's public DNS server. The right window is also titled 'seed@VM: ~/.../packet_filter' and contains the output of a 'ping' command to 'www.example.com', showing several ICMP echo requests being sent to the target host.

```
seed@VM: ~/.../Labsetup
seed@VM: ~/.../packet_filter
seed@VM: ~/.../packet_filter

[04/22/24]seed@VM:~/.../packet_filter$ dig @8.8.4.4 www.example.com

; <>> DiG 9.16.1-Ubuntu <>> @8.8.4.4 www.example.com
; (1 server found)
;; global options: +cmd
;; Got answer:
;; ->>HEADER<- opcode: QUERY, status: NOERROR, id: 59033
;; flags: qr rd ra ad; QUERY: 1, ANSWER: 1, AUTHORITY: 0, ADDITIONAL: 1

;; OPT PSEUDOSECTION:
;; EDNS: version: 0, flags:; udp: 512
;; QUESTION SECTION:
;www.example.com.      IN      A

;; ANSWER SECTION:
www.example.com.    2944    IN      A      93.184.215.14

;; Query time: 35 msec
;; SERVER: 8.8.4.4#53(8.8.4.4)
;; WHEN: Mon Apr 22 11:35:23 EDT 2024
;; MSG SIZE  rcvd: 60
```

Using the "dig @8.8.8<www.example.com" command, we can see if the Google DNS server (8.8.8.8) is being blocked by the kernel module. The "sudo rmmod seedFilter" command can be used to remove the kernel module once the testing is finished. By doing this, the kernel module will be removed from memory and the system will be able to operate properly without the need for filtering rules.

Subtask 2 :

```

*seedPrint.c                               seedBlock.c
75 int registerFilter(void) {
76     printk(KERN_INFO "seedPrint:Registering filters.\n");
77     //NF_INET_FORWARD
78     hook1.hook = printInfo;
79     hook1.hooknum = NF_INET_FORWARD;
80     hook1(pf = PF_INET;
81     hook1.priority = NF_IP_PRI_FIRST;
82     nf_register_net_hook(&init_net, &hook1);
83     //NF_INET_POST_ROUTING
84     hook2.hook = printInfo;
85     hook2.hooknum = NF_INET_POST_ROUTING;
86     hook2(pf = PF_INET;
87     hook2.priority = NF_IP_PRI_FIRST;
88     nf_register_net_hook(&init_net, &hook2);
89     //NF_INET_PRE_ROUTING
90     hook3.hook = printInfo;
91     hook3.hooknum = NF_INET_PRE_ROUTING;
92     hook3(pf = PF_INET;
93     hook3.priority = NF_IP_PRI_FIRST;
94     nf_register_net_hook(&init_net, &hook3);
95     //NF_INET_LOCAL_IN
96     hook4.hook = printInfo;
97     hook4.hooknum = NF_INET_LOCAL_IN;
98     hook4(pf = PF_INET;
99     hook4.priority = NF_IP_PRI_FIRST;
100    nf_register_net_hook(&init_net, &hook4);
101    //NF_INET_LOCAL_OUT
102    hook5.hook = printInfo;
103    hook5.hooknum = NF_INET_LOCAL_OUT;
104    hook5(pf = PF_INET;
105    hook5.priority = NF_IP_PRI_FIRST;
106    nf_register_net_hook(&init_net, &hook5);

```

We make changes in the code seedFilter.c (subtask1) and make seedPrint.c

```

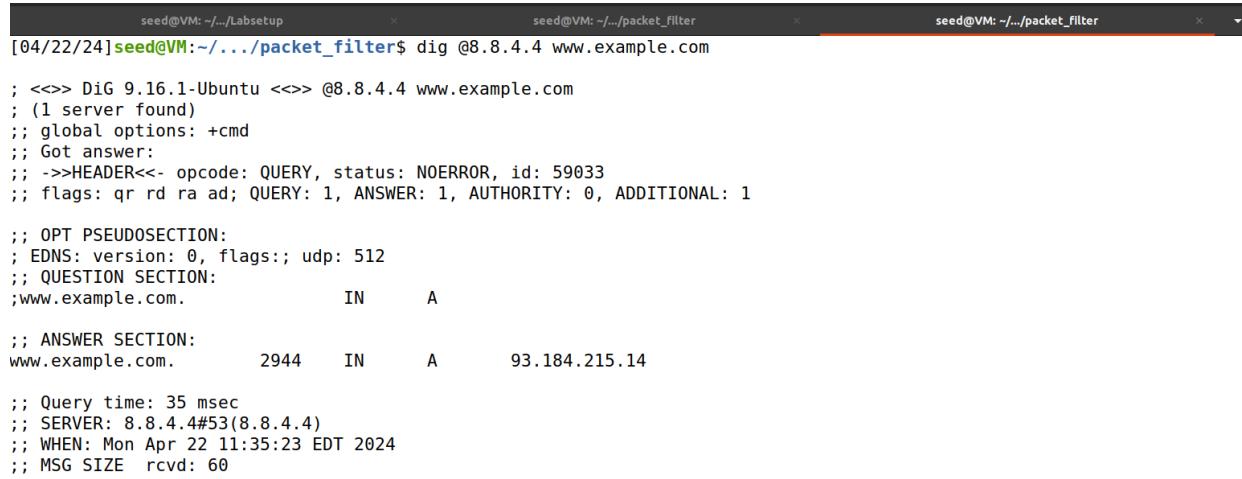
[04/22/24]seed@VM:~/.../Files$ cd packet_filter/
[04/22/24]seed@VM:~/.../packet_filter$ make clean
make -C /lib/modules/5.4.0-54-generic/build M=/home/seed/Downloads/firewall/Labsetup/Files/packet_filter clean
make[1]: Entering directory '/usr/src/linux-headers-5.4.0-54-generic'
  CLEAN  /home/seed/Downloads/firewall/Labsetup/Files/packet_filter/Module.symvers
make[1]: Leaving directory '/usr/src/linux-headers-5.4.0-54-generic'
[04/22/24]seed@VM:~/.../packet_filter$ ls
Makefile  seedFilter.c
[04/22/24]seed@VM:~/.../packet_filter$ cp seedFilter.c  seedPrint.c
[04/22/24]seed@VM:~/.../packet_filter$ gedit seed

```

The make command must be used to compile the kernel module for this task. Upon completion of the compilation process, multiple kernel modules will be produced within the same directory. To finish this operation, we will use the seedPrint.ko module, as indicated in the screenshot below.

```
[04/22/24]seed@VM:~/.../packet_filter$ ls
Makefile seedFilter.c
[04/22/24]seed@VM:~/.../packet_filter$ cp seedFilter.c seedPrint.c
[04/22/24]seed@VM:~/.../packet_filter$ gedit seed
^C
[04/22/24]seed@VM:~/.../packet_filter$ gedit seedPrint.c &
[3] 6042
[04/22/24]seed@VM:~/.../packet_filter$ gedit Makefile &
[4] 6051
[04/22/24]seed@VM:~/.../packet_filter$ make
make -C /lib/modules/5.4.0-54-generic/build M=/home/seed/Downloads/firewall/Labsetup/Files/packet_filter modules
make[1]: Entering directory '/usr/src/linux-headers-5.4.0-54-generic'
  CC [M]  /home/seed/Downloads/firewall/Labsetup/Files/packet_filter/seedFilter.o
Building modules, stage 2.
 MODPOST 1 modules
  CC [M]  /home/seed/Downloads/firewall/Labsetup/Files/packet_filter/seedFilter.mod.o
  LD [M]  /home/seed/Downloads/firewall/Labsetup/Files/packet_filter/seedFilter.ko
make[1]: Leaving directory '/usr/src/linux-headers-5.4.0-54-generic'
[4]  Done          gedit Makefile
[04/22/24]seed@VM:~/.../packet_filter$ ls
Makefile Module.symvers seedFilter.ko  seedFilter.mod.c  seedFilter.o
modules.order seedFilter.c  seedFilter.mod  seedFilter.mod.o  seedPrint.c
[04/22/24]seed@VM:~/.../packet_filter$ make
make -C /lib/modules/5.4.0-54-generic/build M=/home/seed/Downloads/firewall/Labsetup/Files/packet_filter modules
make[1]: Entering directory '/usr/src/linux-headers-5.4.0-54-generic'
  Building modules, stage 2.
 MODPOST 1 modules
make[1]: Leaving directory '/usr/src/linux-headers-5.4.0-54-generic'

|seed@VM:~/.../packet_filter$ sudo insmod seedPrint.ko
|seed@VM:~/.../packet_filter$ sudo rmmod seedPrint.ko
|seed@VM:~/.../packet_filter$ █
```



The screenshot shows three terminal windows side-by-side. The left window is titled 'seed@VM: ~/.../Labsetup'. The middle window is titled 'seed@VM: ~/.../packet_filter'. The right window is also titled 'seed@VM: ~/.../packet_filter'. All three windows display the same command and its output:

```
[04/22/24]seed@VM:~/.../packet_filter$ dig @8.8.4.4 www.example.com

; <>> DiG 9.16.1-Ubuntu <>> @8.8.4.4 www.example.com
; (1 server found)
;; global options: +cmd
;; Got answer:
;; ->>HEADER<<- opcode: QUERY, status: NOERROR, id: 59033
;; flags: qr rd ra ad; QUERY: 1, ANSWER: 1, AUTHORITY: 0, ADDITIONAL: 1

;; OPT PSEUDOSECTION:
;; EDNS: version: 0, flags:; udp: 512
;; QUESTION SECTION:
;www.example.com.      IN      A

;; ANSWER SECTION:
www.example.com.    2944    IN      A      93.184.215.14

;; Query time: 35 msec
;; SERVER: 8.8.4.4#53(8.8.4.4)
;; WHEN: Mon Apr 22 11:35:23 EDT 2024
;; MSG SIZE  rcvd: 60
```

During this incident, the host with the IP address 10.0.2.15 tried to initiate a connection with 142.250.113.95, leading to the generation of logs for the LOCAL_OUT and POST_ROUTING hooks. The LOCAL_OUT hook manages outgoing traffic, while the POST_ROUTING hook is the last step in processing outbound packets. The response from 142.250.113.95 activated the PRE_ROUTING hook as it was an incoming packet, and after moving through the PRE_ROUTING hook, it was directed to the LOCAL_IN hook. The POST_ROUTING hook has the capability to alter the destinations set by the LOCAL_OUT hook. The PRE_ROUTING hook handles incoming packets in their original state. For packets whose destination is not the host itself, the FORWARD hook comes into play, allowing packets to be routed to any of the machine's interfaces.

```

seed@VM: ~/Labsetup      seed@VM: ~/Labsetup      seed@VM: ~/packet_filter      seed@VM: ~/packet_filter      seed@VM: ~/packet_filter      seed@VM: ~/packet_filter
[17499.165739] seedPrint: module verification failed: signature and/or required key missing - tainting kernel
[17499.174639] seedPrint:Registering filters.
[17552.619610] *** LOCAL_OUT
[17552.619646]   10.0.2.15 --> 142.250.113.95 (TCP)
[17552.619654] *** POST_ROUTING
[17552.619655]   10.0.2.15 --> 142.250.113.95 (TCP)
[17552.619878] *** PRE_ROUTING
[17552.619879]   142.250.113.95 --> 10.0.2.15 (TCP)
[17552.619883] *** LOCAL_IN
[17552.619883]   142.250.113.95 --> 10.0.2.15 (TCP)
[17552.653044] *** PRE_ROUTING
[17552.653279]   142.250.113.95 --> 10.0.2.15 (TCP)
[17552.653456] *** LOCAL_IN
[17552.653645]   142.250.113.95 --> 10.0.2.15 (TCP)
[17552.653756] *** LOCAL_OUT
[17552.653873]   10.0.2.15 --> 142.250.113.95 (TCP)
[17552.653996] *** POST_ROUTING
[17552.654107]   10.0.2.15 --> 142.250.113.95 (TCP)
[17605.667976] *** LOCAL_OUT
[17605.667979]   10.0.2.15 --> 142.250.113.95 (TCP)
[17605.667986] *** POST_ROUTING
[17605.667986]   10.0.2.15 --> 142.250.113.95 (TCP)
[17605.668439] *** PRE_ROUTING
[17605.668440]   142.250.113.95 --> 10.0.2.15 (TCP)
[17605.668445] *** LOCAL_IN
[17605.668445]   142.250.113.95 --> 10.0.2.15 (TCP)
[17605.668663] *** LOCAL_OUT
[17605.668663]   10.0.2.15 --> 142.250.113.95 (TCP)
[17605.668665] *** POST_ROUTING
[17605.668666]   10.0.2.15 --> 142.250.113.95 (TCP)
[17605.668867] *** PRE_ROUTING
[17605.668868]   142.250.113.95 --> 10.0.2.15 (TCP)

[17751.359224] *** LOCAL_OUT
[17751.359225]   10.0.2.15 --> 35.232.111.17 (TCP)
[17751.359228] *** POST_ROUTING
[17751.359228]   10.0.2.15 --> 35.232.111.17 (TCP)
[17751.359480] *** PRE_ROUTING
[17751.359481]   35.232.111.17 --> 10.0.2.15 (TCP)
[17751.359485] *** LOCAL_IN
[17751.359485]   35.232.111.17 --> 10.0.2.15 (TCP)
[17751.412671] *** PRE_ROUTING
[17751.412952]   35.232.111.17 --> 10.0.2.15 (TCP)
[17751.413158] *** LOCAL_IN
[17751.413393]   35.232.111.17 --> 10.0.2.15 (TCP)
[17751.413545] *** LOCAL_OUT
[17751.415249]   10.0.2.15 --> 35.232.111.17 (TCP)
[17751.415389] *** POST_ROUTING
[17751.415562]   10.0.2.15 --> 35.232.111.17 (TCP)
[17751.416724] *** PRE_ROUTING
[17751.417473] *** LOCAL_OUT
[17751.417474]   10.0.2.15 --> 35.232.111.17 (TCP)
[17751.417478] *** POST_ROUTING
[17751.417479]   10.0.2.15 --> 35.232.111.17 (TCP)
[17751.418612]   35.232.111.17 --> 10.0.2.15 (TCP)
[17751.421090] *** LOCAL_IN
[17751.423793]   35.232.111.17 --> 10.0.2.15 (TCP)
[17751.425007] *** LOCAL_OUT
[17751.425651]   10.0.2.15 --> 35.232.111.17 (TCP)
[17751.426709] *** POST_ROUTING
[17751.427213]   10.0.2.15 --> 35.232.111.17 (TCP)
[17751.428871] *** PRE_ROUTING
[17751.428872]   35.232.111.17 --> 10.0.2.15 (TCP)
[17751.428877] *** LOCAL_IN
[17751.428878]   35.232.111.17 --> 10.0.2.15 (TCP)
[17765.382650] seedPrint:The filters are being removed.

```

Subtask 3:



```
*seedPrint.c          seedBlock.c          Makefile
1#obj-m += seedFilter.o
2#obj-m += seedPrint.o
3obj-m += seedBlock.o
4all:
5    make -C /lib/modules/$(shell uname -r)/build M=$(PWD) modules
6
7clean:
8    make -C /lib/modules/$(shell uname -r)/build M=$(PWD) clean
9
10ins:|
11    sudo dmesg -C
12    sudo insmod seedFilter.ko
13
14rm:
15    sudo rmmod seedFilter
16
```

The seedBlock.c file, which is a duplicate of seedFilter.c with the modifications in the code as indicated below, inherits the makefile.

```

*seedPrint.c          seedBlock.c          Makefile
8 #include <linux/icmp.h>
9 #include <linux/if_ether.h>
10 #include <linux/inet.h>
11
12
13 static struct nf_hook_ops hook1, hook2, hook3, hook4;
14
15
16 unsigned int blockUDP(void *priv, struct sk_buff *skb,
17                       const struct nf_hook_state *state)
18 {
19     struct iphdr *iph;
20     struct udphdr *udph;
21
22     u16 port = 53; //dns
23     char ip[16] = "8.8.4.4";
24     u32 ip_addr;
25
26     if (!skb) return NF_ACCEPT;
27
28     iph = ip_hdr(skb);
29     // Convert the IPv4 address from dotted decimal to 32-bit binary
30     in4_pton(ip, -1, (u8 *)&ip_addr, '\0', NULL);
31
32     if (iph->protocol == IPPROTO_UDP) {
33         udph = udp_hdr(skb);
34         if (iph->daddr == ip_addr && ntohs(udph->dest) == port){
35             printk(KERN_WARNING "*** Dropping %pI4 (UDP), port %d\n", &(iph->daddr), port);
36             return NF_DROP;
37         }
38     }
39     return NF_ACCEPT;

```

```

*seedPrint.c          seedBlock.c          Makefile
39     return NF_ACCEPT;
40 }
41
42 unsigned int blockICMP(void *priv, struct sk_buff *skb,
43                       const struct nf_hook_state *state)
44 {
45     struct iphdr *iph;
46     struct icmphdr *icmph;
47
48     //u16 port = 53; //dns
49     char ip[16] = "10.9.0.1";
50     u32 ip_addr;
51
52     if (!skb) return NF_ACCEPT;
53
54     iph = ip_hdr(skb);
55     // Convert the IPv4 address from dotted decimal to 32-bit binary
56     in4_pton(ip, -1, (u8 *)&ip_addr, '\0', NULL);
57
58     if (iph->protocol == IPPROTO_ICMP) {
59         icmph = icmp_hdr(skb);
60         if (iph->daddr == ip_addr && icmph->type == ICMP_ECHO){
61             printk(KERN_WARNING "*** Dropping %pI4 (ICMP)\n", &(iph->daddr));
62             return NF_DROP;
63         }
64     }
65     return NF_ACCEPT;
66 }
67
68 unsigned int blockTelnet(void *priv, struct sk_buff *skb,
69                         const struct nf_hook_state *state)
70 {

```



The terminal window shows the following output:

```

Dropping 8.8.4.4 (UDP), port 53
Dropping 10.9.0.1 (ICMP)
Screenshot copied to clipboard and saved

```

```

63     }
64     return NF_ACCEPT;
65 }
66 }
67
68 unsigned int blockTelnet(void *priv, struct sk_buff *skb,
69                         const struct nf_hook_state *state)
70 {
71     struct iphdr *iph;
72     struct tcphdr *tcp;
73
74     u16 port = 23; //dns
75     char ip[16] = "10.9.0.1";
76     u32 ip_addr;
77
78     if (!skb) return NF_ACCEPT;
79
80     iph = ip_hdr(skb);
81     // Convert the IPv4 address from dotted decimal to 32-bit binary
82     in4_pton(ip, -1, (u8 *)ip_addr, '\0', NULL);
83
84     if (iph->protocol == IPPROTO_TCP) {
85         tcp = tcp_hdr(skb);
86         if (iph->daddr == ip_addr && ntohs(tcp->dest) == port){
87             printk(KERN_WARNING "*** Dropping %pI4 (TCP), port %d\n", &(iph->daddr), port);
88             return NF_DROP;
89         }
90     }
91 }
92
93
94
95
96
97
98
99
100
101
102
103
104
105
106
107
108
109
110
111
112
113
114
115
116
117
118
119
120
121
122
123
124
125
126
127
128
129 int registerFilter(void) {
130     printk(KERN_INFO "Registering filters.\n");
131
132     hook1.hook = printInfo;
133     hook1.hooknum = NF_INET_LOCAL_OUT;
134     hook1(pf = PF_INET;
135     hook1.priority = NF_IP_PRI_FIRST;
136     nf_register_net_hook(&init_net, &hook1);
137
138     hook2.hook = blockUDP;
139     hook2.hooknum = NF_INET_POST_ROUTING;
140     hook2(pf = PF_INET;
141     hook2.priority = NF_IP_PRI_FIRST;
142     nf_register_net_hook(&init_net, &hook2);
143
144     hook3.hook = blockICMP;
145     hook3.hooknum = NF_INET_PRE_ROUTING;
146     hook3(pf = PF_INET;
147     hook3.priority = NF_IP_PRI_FIRST;
148     nf_register_net_hook(&init_net, &hook3);
149
150     hook4.hook = blockTelnet;
151     hook4.hooknum = NF_INET_PRE_ROUTING;
152     hook4(pf = PF_INET;
153     hook4.priority = NF_IP_PRI_FIRST;
154     nf_register_net_hook(&init_net, &hook4);
155 }
```

Using build, we compile the files to obtain the seedBlock.ko modules. This module is inserted, and the packets are looked for. If the firewall was effectively set up, the packets ought to be dropping from port 23.

In the same window where the "dmesg" command was run, we can use the command "sudo insmod seedBlock.ko" to install the kernel module. The command "sudo lsmod | grep -i seed" can be used to confirm whether the module has been installed. The command "sudo rmmod seedBlock" can be used to eliminate the module from memory. When the module is registered

or uninstalled, the messages "seedBlock: Registering filters" and "seedBlock: The filters are being removed" will be shown, accordingly.

```
seed@VM:~/.../packet_filter$ sudo rmmod seedPrint.ko
seed@VM:~/.../packet_filter$ ls
Module.symvers seedPrint.c  seedPrint.mod  seedPrint.mod.o
seedFilter.c  seedPrint.ko  seedPrint.mod.c  seedPrint.o
seed@VM:~/.../packet_filter$ make clean
ib/modules/5.4.0-54-generic/build M=/home/seed/Downloads/firewall_exploration/Labsetup/Files/packet_filter clean
ntering directory '/usr/src/linux-headers-5.4.0-54-generic'
/home/seed/Downloads/firewall_exploration/Labsetup/Files/packet_filter/Module.symvers
eaving directory '/usr/src/linux-headers-5.4.0-54-generic'
seed@VM:~/.../packet_filter$ ls
seedFilter.c  seedPrint.c
seed@VM:~/.../packet_filter$ cp seedFilter.c  seedBlock.c
seed@VM:~/.../packet_filter$ gedit seedBlock.c
seed@VM:~/.../packet_filter$ make
ib/modules/5.4.0-54-generic/build M=/home/seed/Downloads/firewall_exploration/Labsetup/Files/packet_filter modules
ntering directory '/usr/src/linux-headers-5.4.0-54-generic'
/home/seed/Downloads/firewall_exploration/Labsetup/Files/packet_filter/seedBlock.o
modules, stage 2.
1 modules
/home/seed/Downloads/firewall_exploration/Labsetup/Files/packet_filter/seedBlock.mod.o
/home/seed/Downloads/firewall_exploration/Labsetup/Files/packet_filter/seedBlock.ko
eaving directory '/usr/src/linux-headers-5.4.0-54-generic'
seed@VM:~/.../packet_filter$ ls
Module.symvers seedBlock.ko  seedBlock.mod.c  seedBlock.o  seedPrint.c
seedBlock.c  seedBlock.mod  seedBlock.mod.o  seedFilter.c
seed@VM:~/.../packet_filter$ sudo insmod seedBlock.ko
seed@VM:~/.../packet_filter$ sudo rmmod seedBlock.ko
```

Before the attack occurred, I created a container called "HOST" and used it to check connectivity by running the commands "ping 10.9.0.1" and "telnet 10.9.0.1". Both tests were successful, and a connection was established.

```
|PING 10.9.0.1 (10.9.0.1) 56(84) bytes of data.
|^C
--- 10.9.0.1 ping statistics ---
25 packets transmitted, 0 received, 100% packet loss, time 24583ms
```

And after entering telnet 10.9.0.1

```
|Trying 10.9.0.1...
|^C
```

```

seed@VM: -/.../Labsetup      seed@VM: -/.../Labsetup      seed@VM: -/.../packet_filter      seed@VM: -/.../packet_filter      seed@VM: -      seed@VM: -/.../packet_filter
[21865.019143] usb 2-1: Manufacturer: VirtualBox
[21865.246579] input: VirtualBox USB Tablet as /devices/pci0000:00/0000:00:06.0/usb2/2-1/1.0/0003:80EE:0021.0003/input/input9
[21865.310607] hid-generic 0003:80EE:0021.0003: input,hidraw0: USB HID v1.10 Mouse [VirtualBox USB Tablet] on usb-0000:00:06.0-1/input0
[21869.722266] e1000: enp0s3 NIC Link is Up 1000 Mbps Full Duplex, Flow Control: RX
[22560.939384] Registering filters.
[22595.705743] *** LOCAL_OUT
[22595.705875]   10.0.2.15 --> 35.241.9.150 (TCP)
[22595.858207] *** LOCAL_OUT
[22595.858581]   10.0.2.15 --> 35.241.9.150 (TCP)
[22648.720495] *** LOCAL_OUT
[22648.720497]   10.0.2.15 --> 35.241.9.150 (TCP)
[22648.722950] *** LOCAL_OUT
[22648.722952]   10.0.2.15 --> 35.241.9.150 (TCP)
[22648.723152] *** LOCAL_OUT
[22648.723154]   10.0.2.15 --> 35.241.9.150 (TCP)
[22648.748030] *** LOCAL_OUT
[22648.748359]   10.0.2.15 --> 35.241.9.150 (TCP)
[22651.371847] *** Dropping 10.9.0.1 (UDP)
[22652.404959] *** Dropping 10.9.0.1 (UDP)
[22653.426151] *** Dropping 10.9.0.1 (UDP)
[22654.450206] *** Dropping 10.9.0.1 (UDP)
[22655.474308] *** Dropping 10.9.0.1 (UDP)
[22656.499196] *** Dropping 10.9.0.1 (UDP)
[22657.521928] *** Dropping 10.9.0.1 (UDP)
[22658.546152] *** Dropping 10.9.0.1 (UDP)
[22659.572244] *** Dropping 10.9.0.1 (UDP)
[22660.594616] *** Dropping 10.9.0.1 (UDP)
[22661.619194] *** Dropping 10.9.0.1 (UDP)
[22662.641998] *** Dropping 10.9.0.1 (UDP)
[22663.665496] *** Dropping 10.9.0.1 (UDP)
[22664.689256] *** Dropping 10.9.0.1 (UDP)
[22665.713276] *** Dropping 10.9.0.1 (UDP)
[22666.737212] *** Dropping 10.9.0.1 (UDP)

```

```

seed@VM: -/.../Labsetup      seed@VM: -/.../Labsetup      seed@VM: -/.../packet_filter      seed@VM: -/.../packet_filter      seed@VM: -/.../packet_filter
[22771.116019] *** LOCAL_OUT
[22771.116022]   10.0.2.15 --> 130.127.255.250 (UDP)
[22771.134976] *** LOCAL_OUT
[22771.134980]   10.0.2.15 --> 185.125.190.18 (TCP)
[22771.227621] *** LOCAL_OUT
[22771.228023]   10.0.2.15 --> 185.125.190.18 (TCP)
[22771.236637] *** LOCAL_OUT
[22771.236638]   10.0.2.15 --> 185.125.190.18 (TCP)
[22771.344190] *** LOCAL_OUT
[22771.344195]   10.0.2.15 --> 185.125.190.18 (TCP)
[22771.344801] *** LOCAL_OUT
[22771.344803]   10.0.2.15 --> 185.125.190.18 (TCP)
[22777.543761] *** LOCAL_OUT
[22777.544065]   10.0.2.15 --> 34.117.65.55 (TCP)
[22777.544459] *** LOCAL_OUT
[22777.544461]   10.0.2.15 --> 34.117.65.55 (TCP)
[22795.532071] *** LOCAL_OUT
[22795.532075]   10.0.2.15 --> 185.125.190.57 (UDP)
[22826.127340] *** Dropping 10.9.0.1 (UDP), port 23
[22827.147015] *** Dropping 10.9.0.1 (UDP), port 23
[22829.164243] *** Dropping 10.9.0.1 (UDP), port 23
[22833.258789] *** Dropping 10.9.0.1 (UDP), port 23
[22841.450579] *** Dropping 10.9.0.1 (UDP), port 23
[22857.592572] *** Dropping 10.9.0.1 (UDP), port 23
[22866.697855] *** LOCAL_OUT
[22866.697857]   127.0.0.1 --> 127.0.0.53 (UDP)
[22866.705085] *** LOCAL_OUT
[22866.705087]   127.0.0.1 --> 127.0.0.53 (UDP)
[22866.705928] *** LOCAL_OUT
[22866.705930]   10.0.2.15 --> 130.127.255.250 (UDP)
[22866.713084] *** LOCAL_OUT
[22866.713086]   127.0.0.1 --> 127.0.0.53 (UDP)

```

As we can see in the above, it is dropping the 10.9.0.1 when we attempt to connect; this means that a firewall has been successfully constructed, hence fulfilling the goal.

