Full Stack Development Lab Docker 3

Docker Networking

1. Lab objectives

This lab covers basic network management and container port management.

2. Setup

You should start this lab with no images or containers installed. If you have any containers running, you should stop them, then run **docker container prune** to remove all the stopped containers. Then ensure all the images you have locally are removed. You should know how to do that from the last lab

```
D:\Docker>docker images
REPOSITORY TAG IMAGE ID CREATED SIZE

D:\Docker>docker ps -a
CONTAINER ID IMAGE COMMAND CREATED STATUS PORTS NAMES
```

3. Docker Networks

List the docker networks with **docker network Is**. The list of networks that see might be different on your machine, but you should see at least a bridge network,

```
D:\Docker>docker network ls
               NAME
NETWORK ID
                          DRIVER
                                     SC0PE
                                     local
f60a86532892
               bridge
                          bridge
74dbc19ddc61
               host
                          host
                                     local
b0a01d01f8a8
                          null
                                     local
```

Use the **docker network inspect host** to see the details of the host network.

Notice that there are no IP addresses specified. Containers deployed to the host network are on the same network as the Linux host.

The interesting network is the bridge network.

4. Containers, IPs and ports

In order to see that containers are deployed onto this network by default, run an ubuntu container interactively like you did in the last lab

docker run -it -expose 8080 -name test ubuntu

This command will expose port 8080 *only while the container is running.* The port on the container is exposed when the container starts up. Once the container exits, that port is no longer exposed.

Once you are in the **bash** shell, run the command **hostname -I** to get the IP address of the container. Note that it is the range of the bridge network.

```
D:\Docker>docker run -it --expose 8080 --name test ubuntu

root@f2916d162876:/# hostname -I
172.17.0.2
root@f2916d162876:/#
```

In a separate window, run the **docker ps** command to see that the port 8080 is open.

```
D:\Docker>docker ps
CONTAINER ID IMAGE COMMAND CREATED STATUS PORTS NAMES
f2916d162876 ubuntu "bash" 6 minutes ago Up 6 minutes 8080/tcp test
```

Go back to the first window and exit the **bash** shell. Then rerun the **docker ps -a** command. Note that there are no ports exposed

```
D:\Docker>docker ps -a
CONTAINER ID IMAGE COMMAND CREATED STATUS PORTS NAMES
f2916d162876 ubuntu "bash" 8 minutes ago Exited (0) 8 seconds ago test
```

5. Port publishing

Even if a container exposes a port, it is still running on a private network. Port publishing is used by the Docker engine to map container ports to ports on the host network.

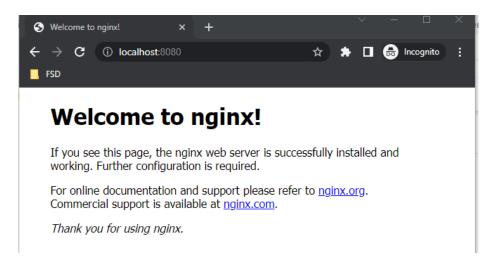
In this section, you will pull a web server nginx image and run it. The container exposes port 80 on the Docker network, but the -p 8080:80 clause connects the container port 80 to the host port 8080.

```
D:\Docker>docker run -p 8080:80 --name webby nginx
Unable to find image 'nginx:latest' locally
latest: Pulling from library/nginx
a603fa5e3b41: Pull complete
c39e1cda607e: Pull complete
90cfefba34d7: Pull complete
438226fb7aba: Pull complete
62583498bae6: Pull complete
9802a2cfdb8d: Pull complete
Digest: sha256:e209ac2f37c70c1e0e9873a5f7231e91dcd83fdf1178d8ed36c2ec09974210ba
Status: Downloaded newer image for nginx:latest
/docker-entrypoint.sh: /docker-entrypoint.d/ is not empty, will attempt to perform configuration
... more stuff ...
2022/11/17 13:52:16 [notice] 1#1: start worker process 40
2022/11/17 13:52:16 [notice] 1#1: start worker process 42
2022/11/17 13:52:16 [notice] 1#1: start worker process 43
```

Notice that that the running container is using the window it started up in as its standard output, which means you can't enter anything until the container exits. In another terminal window, check the stats on the running container. Notice the port mapping which is saying that any IP address anywhere (0.0.0.0) can access the host port 8080 which will then by forwarded to the container port 80

```
D:\Docker>docker ps -a
CONTAINER ID IMAGE COMMAND CREATED STATUS PORTS NAMES
11aba9468dbe nginx "/docker-entrypoint..." 26 minutes ago Up 26 minutes 0.0.0.0:8080->80/tcp webby
```

Confirm in a web browser that nginx is in fact running on localhost:8080



Now stop the running container using the "docker stop webby" command and check the stats for the stopped container. Check the window where you ran the container from and you will see that the container is no longer using it for standard output. Also check in a browser to confirm that the webserver is no longer running.



6. Starting and stopping – detached mode

You can restart any stopped container. Restart the nginx container using the start command. Confirm that the webserver is running again on localhost:8080

D:\Docker> <mark>docker ps -a</mark> CONTAINER ID IMAGE 11aba9468dbe nginx	COMMAND "/docker-entrypoint"	CREATED 2 hours ago	STATUS Exited (0) 38	PORTS minutes ago	NAMES webby
D:\Docker>docker start webby webby					
D:\Docker> <mark>docker ps</mark> CONTAINER ID IMAGE 11aba9468dbe nginx	COMMAND "/docker-entrypoint"	CREATED 2 hours ago	STATUS Up 8 seconds	PORTS 0.0.0.0:8080->80/tcp	NAMES webby

Note that the container started in what is called detached mode. This is the default when running a docker container except when using **docker run**. The container does not attach to the terminal and dump its standard output there.

Run a second webserver on localhost:8081 in detached mode using the -p option.

```
D:\Docker>docker run -d -p 8081:80 --name webby2 nginx 047025714ef29bbae6ebbd851d1ecb3acb8f4f6fe4e3d52c870c066df6e4a1ab
D:\Docker>docker
                   r <mark>ps</mark>
IMAGE
CONTAINER ID
                                COMMAND
                                                                                     STATUS
                                "/docker-entrypoint..."
047025714ef2
                                                                7 seconds ago
                                                                                     Up 5 seconds
                                                                                                        0.0.0.0:8081->80/tcp
                                                                                                                                      webby2
                   nginx
                                "/docker-entrypoint..."
11aba9468dbe
                   nginx
                                                                2 hours ago
                                                                                     Up 5 minutes
                                                                                                        0.0.0.0:8080->80/tcp
                                                                                                                                      webby
```

Check that both web servers are running. Note that when webby2 started, the only output was the container ID.

Stop both servers and remove the stopped containers.

7. Using Docker exec

Containers have a default command that is executed when the container is run. However, you can also start a container but specify a different command to run, assuming the command is available in the image.

For example, running nginx by default runs the web server. Run the bash shell instead as shown below. Ensure you are in the nginx container

```
D:\Docker>docker run -it nginx bash
root@b88de662afb9:/# ls
                            docker-entrypoint.sh
                                                   home
                                                         lib64
                                                                mnt
                                                                      proc
                                                                                        tmp
     docker-entrypoint.d
                            etc
                                                   lib
                                                         media
                                                                opt
                                                                      root
                                                                            sbin
                                                                                   sys
root@b88de662afb9:/#
```

In a separate window, check the status of the container. Notice that the command listed is the default command, which you overrode and that there is no port mapping because you didn't specify it.

```
D:\Docker><mark>docker ps</mark>
CONTAINER ID IMAGE COMMAND CREATED STATUS PORTS NAMES
b88de662afb9 nginx "/docker-entrypoint..." 5 minutes ago Up 5 minutes 80/tcp brave_keldysh
```

The **docker exec** allows you to execute commands in a container just like you did with nginx, the difference is that **exec** is used to execute commands in running containers.

To see this, start nginx in detached mode and verify that the web server is running on the port you specified.

```
D:\Docker>docker run -d -p 8080:80 --name webby nginx
dbba3e391104ed34fbee5fbe2667c65c3034755379d43cd47cb8f246f1f17036

D:\Docker>docker ps
CONTAINER ID IMAGE COMMAND CREATED STATUS PORTS NAMES
dbba3e391104 nginx "/docker-entrypoint..." 9 seconds ago Up 8 seconds 0.0.0.0:8080->80/tcp webby
```

Now open a bash shell into the running container.

```
D:\Docker>docker exec -it webby bash
root@dbba3e391104:/# ls
bin dev
boot docker-entrypoint.d
                             docker-entrypoint.sh
                                                    home
                                                          lib64
                                                                  mnt
                                                                       proc
                                                                              run
                                                                                    srv
                                                                                          tmp
                                                                                               var
                            etc
                                                    lib
                                                           media
                                                                       root
                                                                              sbin
                                                                  opt
                                                                                    sys
                                                                                          usr
root@dbba3e391104:/#
```

In a separate window, confirm that there is exactly one container running.

```
D:\Docker>docker ps
CONTAINER ID IMAGE COMMAND CREATED STATUS PORTS NAMES
dbba3e391104 nginx "/docker-entrypoint..." 4 minutes ago Up 4 minutes 0.0.0.0:8080->80/tcp webby
```

Stop all containers and prune all of the stopped containers.

End Lab