

# Big Data

## R programming basics

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Que 1 – Branching statements in R programming.

```
x <- 5
y <- 6

if (x>y) {
  print("x is greater than y")
} else if(x==y){
  print("x and y are equal")
}else{
  print("x is less than y")
}
```

Output:

```
> source("~/Documents/vscode/branching.r")
[1] "x is less than y"
> |
```

Que 2 – Looping statements in R

```
#while
i<-1
print("while loop")
while(i<6){
  print(i)
```

```

    i<-i+1
  }

#for
print("for loop")
for(i in 1:5){
  print(i)
}

```

```

#repeat
i<-1
print("repeat")
repeat{
  print(i)
  i<-i+1
  if(i>5){
    break
  }
}

```

Output:

```

> source("~/Documents/vscode/looping.r")
[1] "while loop"
[1] 1
[1] 2
[1] 3
[1] 4
[1] 5
[1] "for loop"
[1] 1
[1] 2
[1] 3
[1] 4
[1] 5
[1] "repeat"
[1] 1
[1] 2
[1] 3
[1] 4
[1] 5
> |

```

Que 3 – Create two dataframes for Batch 1 and Batch 2 with reg.no, grade, name and cgpa and combine them

- Append one more field class as categorial value

```
batch1 <- data.frame(
  reg_no = c(3001,3002,3003,3004,3005),
  stu_name = c("a","b","c","d","e"),
  cgpa = c(9.1,9.3,9.2,9.2,9.5)
)

# batch1
print("batch1")
print(batch1)

grades <- c("a","a+","a","a","o")
batch1 <- cbind(batch1,grades)
print("Adding grades column")
print(batch1)

print("batch2")

batch2 <- data.frame(
  reg_no = c(3501,3502,3503,3504,3505),
  stu_name = c("a","b","c","d","e"),
  cgpa = c(9.1,9.3,5.2,9.2,9.5)
)

#batch2
print(batch2)

grades <- c("a","a+","a","a","o")
batch2 <- cbind(batch2,grades)
print(batch2)

batch_info <- rbind(batch1,batch2)
```

```

batch_info

batch_info$class <- as.factor(ifelse(batch_info$cgpa>=6.0,"pass"
,"fail"))

print("Combining two batches")

print(batch_info)

```

## Output:

```

> source("~/Documents/vscode/dataset.r")
[1] "batch1"
  reg_no stu_name cgpa
1  3001         a  9.1
2  3002         b  9.3
3  3003         c  9.2
4  3004         d  9.2
5  3005         e  9.5
[1] "Adding grades column"
  reg_no stu_name cgpa grades
1  3001         a  9.1      a
2  3002         b  9.3     a+
3  3003         c  9.2      a
4  3004         d  9.2      a
5  3005         e  9.5      o
[1] "batch2"
  reg_no stu_name cgpa
1  3501         a  9.1
2  3502         b  9.3
3  3503         c  5.2
4  3504         d  9.2
5  3505         e  9.5
  reg_no stu_name cgpa grades
1  3501         a  9.1      a
2  3502         b  9.3     a+
3  3503         c  5.2      a
4  3504         d  9.2      a
5  3505         e  9.5      o
[1] "Combining two batches"
  reg_no stu_name cgpa grades class
1  3001         a  9.1      a  pass
2  3002         b  9.3     a+  pass
3  3003         c  9.2      a  pass
4  3004         d  9.2      a  pass
5  3005         e  9.5      o  pass
6  3501         a  9.1      a  pass
7  3502         b  9.3     a+  pass
8  3503         c  5.2      a  fail
9  3504         d  9.2      a  pass
10 3505         e  9.5      o  pass
> |

```

#### Que 4 – Create a list of string, numeric with sid, sname, project domain

- Extract only project domain

```
stu_list <- list(c("A","B","C"),c(3001,3002,3003),c("web_dev","app_dev","ML"))  
print(stu_list)  
names(stu_list) <- c("stu_names","stu_id","proj_domain")  
print("project domain")  
print(stu_list$proj_domain)
```

#### Output:

```
[[1]]  
[1] "A" "B" "C"  
  
[[2]]  
[1] 3001 3002 3003  
  
[[3]]  
[1] "web_dev" "app_dev" "ML"  
  
[1] "project domain"  
[1] "web_dev" "app_dev" "ML"  
> |
```

#### Que 5 – Create a list for eid, ename, designation, salary and company location

- Change designation from manager to ceo
- Append project details between designation and salary
- Remove location information

```
emp_data <-  
list(c(1,2,3),c("a","b","c"),c("Manager","Team_Lead","Worker"),c(1000,2000,1500),c("Chennai","Banglore","Chennai"))  
names(emp_data) <- c("emp_id","emp_name","emp_desig","emp_sal","emp_loc")  
print(emp_data)  
# emp_data  
emp_data <- lapply(emp_data,function(x) replace(x,x=="Manager","CEO"))  
print("changing manger to ceo")  
print(emp_data)
```

```

append(emp_data,c("web","app","ml"),after=3)

print("appending projects")

print(emp_data)

emp_data[["emp_loc"]] = NULL

print("removing employee work location")

print(emp_data)

```

## Output:

```

$emp_id
[1] 1 2 3

$emp_name
[1] "a" "b" "c"

$emp_desig
[1] "Manager" "Team_Lead" "Worker"

$emp_sal
[1] 1000 2000 1500

$emp_loc
[1] "Chennai" "Banglore" "Chennai"

[1] "changing manger to ceo"
$emp_id
[1] "1" "2" "3"

$emp_name
[1] "a" "b" "c"

$emp_desig
[1] "CEO" "Team_Lead" "Worker"

$emp_sal
[1] "1000" "2000" "1500"

$emp_loc
[1] "Chennai" "Banglore" "Chennai"

```

```

[1] "appending projects"
$emp_id
[1] "1" "2" "3"

$emp_name
[1] "a" "b" "c"

$emp_desig
[1] "CEO"          "Team_Lead" "Worker"

$emp_sal
[1] "1000" "2000" "1500"

$emp_loc
[1] "Chennai" "Banglore" "Chennai"

[1] "removing employee work location"
$emp_id
[1] "1" "2" "3"

$emp_name
[1] "a" "b" "c"

$emp_desig
[1] "CEO"          "Team_Lead" "Worker"

$emp_sal
[1] "1000" "2000" "1500"

```

Que 6 – create a vector with string values, numeric values and find vector length, extract 3<sup>rd</sup> element, extract 1,4,6 elements, remove 1<sup>st</sup> element, remove 1,3,6 elements and change item at 5<sup>th</sup> index

#string values

```
sports <- c("cricket","football","badminton")
```

```
print("string vector")
```

```
print(sports)
```

#numbers

```
a <- 1:10
```

```
print("number vector")
```

```
print(a)
```

#length

```

print("vector length - sports")

print(length(sports))

#indexing

print("indexing of vectors")

print(sports[3])

#multi indexing

print("multi indexing of vectors")

print(a[c(1,4,6)])

#remove first ele

print("removing elements")

a <- a[! a%in% c(1)]

print(a)

a <- a[! a%in% c(1,4,6)]

print(a)

print("assigning values to specific location")

a[5]<-10

print(a)

```

output:

```

[1] "string vector"
[1] "cricket" "football" "badminton"
[1] "number vector"
[1] 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
[1] "vector length - sports"
[1] 3
[1] "indexing of vectors"
[1] "badminton"
[1] "multi indexing of vectors"
[1] 1 4 6
[1] "removing elements"
[1] 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
[1] 2 3 5 7 8 9 10
[1] "assigning values to specific location"
[1] 2 3 5 7 10 9 10

```