



1. what is an average occupancy rate in each of the room categories?

```
: df_agg_bookings["occ_pct"] = df_agg_bookings["successful_bookings"]/df_agg_bookings["capacity"]
: df_agg_bookings.head(4)
```

	property_id	check_in_date	room_category	successful_bookings	capacity	occ_pct
0	16559	1-May-22	RT1	25	30.0	83.33
1	19562	1-May-22	RT1	28	30.0	93.33
2	19563	1-May-22	RT1	23	30.0	76.67
3	17558	1-May-22	RT1	30	19.0	157.89

```
: df_agg_bookings["occ_pct"] = df_agg_bookings["occ_pct"].apply(lambda x: round(x*100,2))
: df_agg_bookings.head(4)
```

	property_id	check_in_date	room_category	successful_bookings	capacity	occ_pct
0	16559	1-May-22	RT1	25	30.0	83.33
1	19562	1-May-22	RT1	28	30.0	93.33
2	19563	1-May-22	RT1	23	30.0	76.67
3	17558	1-May-22	RT1	30	19.0	157.89

```
: df_agg_bookings.groupby("room_category")["occ_pct"].mean().round(2)
```

room_category	occ_pct
RT1	58.22
RT2	58.04
RT3	58.03
RT4	59.30



2. print average occupancy rate per city ?

```
2..print average occupancy rate per city based on property id we have to join hotels and agg_booking

df_hotels = pd.read_csv("/users/AAA-09/dim_hotels.csv")

df = pd.merge(df,df_hotels,on = "property_id")
df.head(4)
```

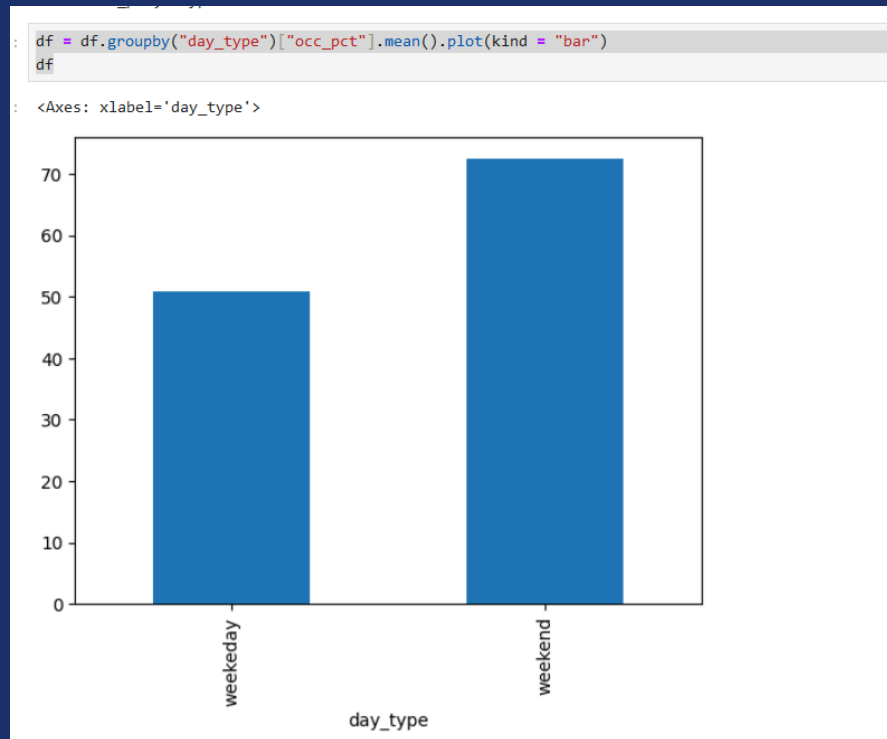
	property_id	check_in_date	room_category	successful_bookings	capacity	occ_pct	room_id	room_class	property_name	category	city
0	16559	1-May-22	RT1	25	30.0	83.33	RT1	Standard	Atliq Exotica	Luxury	Mumbai
1	16559	2-May-22	RT1	20	30.0	66.67	RT1	Standard	Atliq Exotica	Luxury	Mumbai
2	16559	3-May-22	RT1	17	30.0	56.67	RT1	Standard	Atliq Exotica	Luxury	Mumbai
3	16559	4-May-22	RT1	21	30.0	70.00	RT1	Standard	Atliq Exotica	Luxury	Mumbai

```
import pandas as pd
df = df.groupby("city")["occ_pct"].mean().round(2)
df
```

```
city
Bangalore    56.59
Delhi        61.61
Hyderabad    58.14
Mumbai       57.94
Name: occ_pct, dtype: float64
```

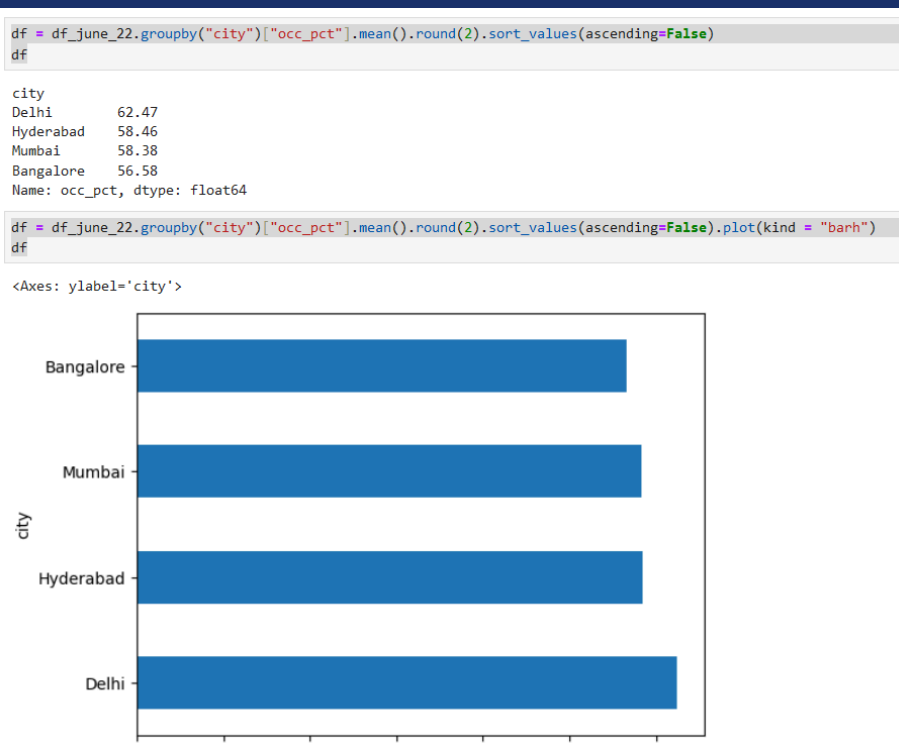


3. when was the occupancy better weekdays or weekends?





4. In the month of June what is the occupancy for different cities?





5. How to add august data in the file?

```
[ ]: 5. How to add august data in the file?
```

```
[39]: df_august = pd.read_csv("/users/AAA-09/new_data_august.csv")
      df_august
```

```
[39]:
```

	property_id	property_name	category	city	room_category	room_class	check_in_date	mm	yy	week	no	day_type	successful_bookings	capacity	occ%
0	16559	Atliq Exotica	Luxury	Mumbai	RT1	Standard	01-Aug-22	Aug-22	W 32	weekday			30	30	100.00
1	19562	Atliq Bay	Luxury	Bangalore	RT1	Standard	01-Aug-22	Aug-22	W 32	weekday			21	30	70.00
2	19563	Atliq Palace	Business	Bangalore	RT1	Standard	01-Aug-22	Aug-22	W 32	weekday			23	30	76.67
3	19558	Atliq Grands	Luxury	Bangalore	RT1	Standard	01-Aug-22	Aug-22	W 32	weekday			30	40	75.00
4	19560	Atliq City	Business	Bangalore	RT1	Standard	01-Aug-22	Aug-22	W 32	weekday			20	26	76.92
5	17561	Atliq Blu	Luxury	Mumbai	RT1	Standard	01-Aug-22	Aug-22	W 32	weekday			18	26	69.23
6	17564	Atliq Seasons	Business	Mumbai	RT1	Standard	01-Aug-22	Aug-22	W 32	weekday			10	16	62.50

```
[2]: import pandas as pd
      latest_df = pd.concat([df, df_august], ignore_index=True, axis=0)
      latest_df.tail(5)
```



6. print revenue realized per city?

```
6. print revenue realized per city?

df_bookings_all = pd.merge(df_hotels, df_bookings, on="property_id")
df_bookings_all.head(4)
```

	property_id	property_name	category	city	booking_id	booking_date	check_in_date	checkout_date	no_guests	room_category	booking_platform	rating
0	16558	Atliq Grands	Luxury	Delhi	May012216558RT11	27-04-22	1/5/2022	2/5/2022	-3.0	RT1	direct online	
1	16558	Atliq Grands	Luxury	Delhi	May012216558RT12	30-04-22	1/5/2022	2/5/2022	2.0	RT1	others	
2	16558	Atliq Grands	Luxury	Delhi	May012216558RT13	28-04-22	1/5/2022	4/5/2022	2.0	RT1	logtrip	
3	16558	Atliq Grands	Luxury	Delhi	May012216558RT14	28-04-22	1/5/2022	2/5/2022	-2.0	RT1	others	

```
df_bookings_all.groupby("city")["revenue_realized"].sum()
```

```
city
Bangalore    420397050
Delhi        294500318
Hyderabad    325232870
Mumbai       668640991
Name: revenue_realized, dtype: int64
```



7. print month by revenue?

```
: df_bookings_all.groupby("mmm yy")["revenue_realized"].sum()
: mmm yy
  Jul 22    389940912
  Jun 22    377191229
  May 22    408375641
Name: revenue_realized, dtype: int64
```



8. print revenue realized per hotel type?

```
df_bookings_all2 = pd.merge(df_bookings_all, df_hotels, on = "property_id")
df_bookings_all2.head(4)
```

	property_id	property_name_x	category_x	city_x	booking_id	booking_date	check_in_date	checkout_date	no_guests	room_category	booking_platform	rate
0	16558	Atliq Grands	Luxury	Delhi	May012216558RT11	27-04-22	1/5/2022	2/5/2022	-3.0	RT1	direct online	
1	16558	Atliq Grands	Luxury	Delhi	May012216558RT12	30-04-22	1/5/2022	2/5/2022	2.0	RT1	others	
2	16558	Atliq Grands	Luxury	Delhi	May012216558RT13	28-04-22	1/5/2022	4/5/2022	2.0	RT1	logtrip	
3	16558	Atliq Grands	Luxury	Delhi	May012216558RT14	28-04-22	1/5/2022	2/5/2022	-2.0	RT1	others	

```
df_bookings_all2.groupby("category_y")["revenue_realized"].sum()
```

```
category_y
Business    656019297
Luxury      1052751932
Name: revenue_realized, dtype: int64
```




9. print average rating per city?

```
[ ]: 9. print average rating per city

86]: df_bookings_all.groupby("city")["ratings_given"].mean().round(2)

86]: city
      Bangalore    3.41
      Delhi       3.78
      Hyderabad   3.66
      Mumbai      3.65
      Name: ratings_given, dtype: float64
```



10. print a pie chart of revenue realized per booking platform?

