Spring 2024: CS5720

Neural Networks & Deep Learning - ICP-3

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Github Link: https://github.com/venkatavinayvarma/NeuralNetworks ICP3.git

Video Link: https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1B0X1eq38WGeVXGh2-kyPpdM1e71SFWM5?usp=sharing

In class programming:

- 1. Create a class Employee and then do the following
- Create a data member to count the number of Employees
- Create a constructor to initialize name, family, salary, department
- Create a function to average salary
- Create a Fulltime Employee class and it should inherit the properties of Employee class
- Create the instances of Fulltime Employee class and Employee class and call their member functions.

```
1)Create a class \ensuremath{\mathsf{Employee}} and then do the following
       · Create a data member to count the number of Employees
      • Create a constructor to initialize name, family, salary, department
      • Create a function to average salary
      • Create a Fulltime Employee class and it should inherit the properties of Employee class
      • Create the instances of Fulltime Employee class and Employee class and call their member functions.
•[4]: class Employee:
                                                                                                                                               ⑥↑↓占早ⅰ
           noOfEmployees = 0
          salarySum =0
          # Initializes an Employee object.
          def __init__(self, name, family, salary, department):
               self.family = family
               self.salary = salary
               self.department = department
              Employee.noOfEmployees += 1
              Employee.salarySum += self.salary
           # Calculates the average salary of all employees.
          def average_salary(self):
              return sum([Employee.salarySum for emp in employees])/Employee.noOfEmployees
          # This class represents a full-time employee, who inherits from the Employee class and has an additional bonus attribute
       class FulltimeEmployee(Employee):
          def __init__(self, name, family, salary, department, bonus):
               \verb"super"().\_init\_(name, family, salary, department")
               self.bonus = bonus
          # Create employee instances
       employee1 = Employee("vinay", "Varma", 10000, "IT")
       employee2 = FulltimeEmployee("vikas", "Varma", 80000, "HR", 1000)
employee3 = FulltimeEmployee("Raju", "Varma", 70000, "Marketing",500)
       employees = [employee1, employee2, employee3]
           # Print the number of employees
       print(f"Number of Employees: {Employee.noOfEmployees}")
           # Print the average salary
       print(f"Average Salary: ${employee1.average_salary():.2f}")
```

```
# Print the number of employees
print(f"Number of Employees: {Employee.noOfEmployees}")

# Print the average salary
print(f"Average Salary: ${employee1.average_salary():.2f}")

# Print individual employee salaries
print(f"{employee1.name}'s salary: ${employee1.salary:.2f}")
print(f"{employee2.name}'s salary: ${employee2.salary + employee2.bonus:.2f}")
print(f"{employee3.name}'s salary: ${employee3.salary + employee3.bonus:.2f}")

Number of Employees: 3
Average Salary: $160000.00
vinay's salary: $160000.00
vikas's salary: $10000.00
Raju's salary: $10000.00
```

2. Numpy

Using NumPy create random vector of size 20 having only float in the range 1-20.

Then reshape the array to 4 by 5.

Then replace the max in each row by 0 (axis=1) (you can NOT implement it via for loop)

```
2)Using NumPy create random vector of size 20 having only float in the range 1-20.
      Then reshape the array to 4 by 5
      Then replace the max in each row by 0 (axis=1)
      (you can NOT implement it via for loop)
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•[6]: import numpy as np # Importing numpy library
      vector size = np.arange(1,21,dtype=float) # Creating a numpy vector with arange function
      print(vector size)
      vector_size=vector_size.reshape(4,5) # Reshaping the vector with reshape() function
      print(vector_size)
      vector_size=np.where(np.isin(vector_size, vector_size.max(axis=1)),0, vector_size)# Finding the max values in row and replacing them with zero using np.whe
      vector_size
      [ 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14. 15. 16. 17. 18.
       19. 20.]
      [[ 1. 2. 3. 4. 5.]
      [6. 7. 8. 9. 10.]
      [11. 12. 13. 14. 15.]
       [16. 17. 18. 19. 20.]]
[6]: array([[ 1., 2., 3., 4., 0.],
            [6., 7., 8., 9., 0.],
             [11., 12., 13., 14., 0.],
            [16., 17., 18., 19., 0.]])
```