

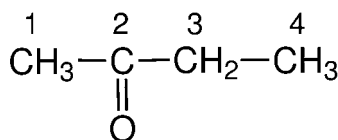
## Problem 2

The  $^1\text{H}$  and  $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$  NMR spectra of 2-butanone ( $\text{C}_4\text{H}_8\text{O}$ ) recorded in  $\text{CDCl}_3$  solution at 298 K and 400 MHz are given below.

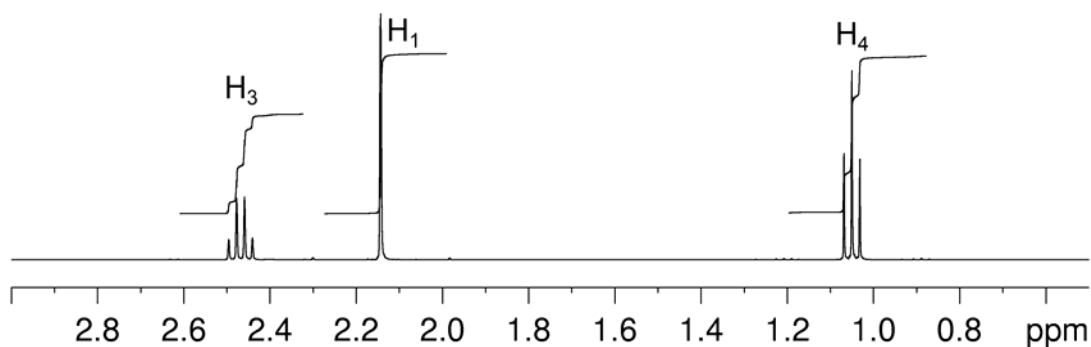
The  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectrum has signals at  $\delta$  1.05 ( $\text{H}_4$ ), 2.14 ( $\text{H}_1$ ) and 2.47 ( $\text{H}_3$ ) ppm.

The  $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$  NMR spectrum has signals at  $\delta$  7.2 ( $\text{C}_4$ ), 28.8 ( $\text{C}_1$ ), 36.2 ( $\text{C}_3$ ) and 208.8 ( $\text{C}_2$ ) ppm.

Also given on the following pages are the  $^1\text{H}$ - $^1\text{H}$  COSY,  $^1\text{H}$ - $^{13}\text{C}$  me-HSQC,  $^1\text{H}$ - $^{13}\text{C}$  HMBC and INADEQUATE spectra. For each 2D spectrum, indicate which correlation gives rise to each cross-peak by placing an appropriate label in the box provided (*e.g.*  $\text{H}_1 \rightarrow \text{H}_2$ ,  $\text{H}_1 \rightarrow \text{C}_1$ ).



$^1\text{H}$  NMR Spectrum  
( $\text{CDCl}_3$ , 400 MHz)



$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$  NMR Spectrum  
( $\text{CDCl}_3$ , 100 MHz)

