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## NCERT 11.9.4 8Q

## EE22BTECH11010 - Venkatesh D Bandawar \*

**Question:** Find the sum to n terms of series, whose  $n^{th}$  term is: n(n+1)(n+4). **Solution** 

Parameter	Description	Value
x(n)	n <sup>th</sup> term of series	n(n+1)(n+4)u(n)
y(n-1)	sum to n terms of series or sum to $(n-1)^{th}$ term of series	

TABLE 0: Given parameters

from equation (??) to (??),

$$X(Z) = \frac{z^{-1} \left(1 + 4z^{-1} + z^{-2}\right)}{\left(1 - z^{-1}\right)^4} + \frac{5z^{-1} \left(z^{-1} + 1\right)}{\left(1 - z^{-1}\right)^3} + \frac{4z^{-1}}{\left(1 - z^{-1}\right)^2}$$
(1)

$$Y(z) = X(z)U(z) \tag{2}$$

$$= \frac{z^{-1}\left(1+4z^{-1}+z^{-2}\right)}{\left(1-z^{-1}\right)^5} + \frac{5z^{-1}\left(z^{-1}+1\right)}{\left(1-z^{-1}\right)^4} + \frac{4z^{-1}}{\left(1-z^{-1}\right)^3}$$
(3)

Using contour integration for inverse Z transformation.

$$y(n-1) = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \oint_c Y(z)z^{n-2}dz \tag{4}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi j} \oint_{c} \frac{\left(z^{2} + 4z + 1\right)}{\left(z - 1\right)^{5}} z^{n} dz + \frac{1}{2\pi j} \oint_{c} \frac{5(z + 1)}{\left(z - 1\right)^{4}} z^{n} dz + \frac{1}{2\pi j} \oint_{c} \frac{4}{\left(z - 1\right)^{3}} z^{n} dz \tag{5}$$

$$\therefore R = \frac{1}{(m-1)!} \lim_{z \to a} \frac{d^{m-1}}{dz^{m-1}} \left( (z-a)^m f(z) \right)$$
 (6)

$$R_1 = \frac{1}{4!} \lim_{z \to 1} \frac{d^4}{dz^4} \left( (z - 1)^5 \frac{\left(z^2 + 4z + 1\right)z^n}{\left(z - 1\right)^5} \right) \tag{7}$$

$$=\frac{(n+2)(n+1)(n)(n-1)}{4!}+\frac{4(n+1)(n)(n-1)(n-2)}{4!}+\frac{n(n-1)(n-2)(n-3)}{4!}$$
 (8)

$$R_2 = \frac{1}{3!} \lim_{z \to 1} \frac{d^3}{dz^3} \left( (z - 1)^4 \frac{5(z + 1)z^n}{(z - 1)^4} \right) \tag{9}$$

$$=\frac{5(n+1)(n)(n-1)}{3!} + \frac{5n(n-1)(n-2)}{3!} \tag{10}$$

$$R_3 = \frac{1}{2!} \lim_{z \to 1} \frac{d^2}{dz^2} \left( (z - 1)^3 \frac{4z^n}{(z - 1)^3} \right)$$
 (11)

$$=\frac{4n(n-1)}{2!}$$
 (12)

$$\implies y(n-1) = R_1 + R_2 + R_3 \tag{13}$$

$$=\frac{n^2(n-1)^2}{4} + \frac{5n(n-1)(2n-1)}{6} + \frac{4n(n-1)}{2}$$
 (14)

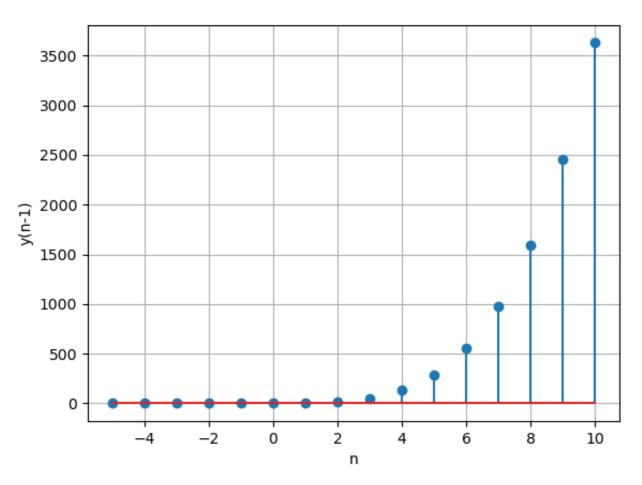


Fig. 0:  $y(n) = \frac{n^2(n-1)^2}{4} + \frac{5n(n-1)(2n-1)}{6} + \frac{4n(n-1)}{2}$