## NCERT 11.15. Q10

## EE23BTECH11010 - Venkatesh Bandawar\*

Question: For the travelling harmonic wave  $y(x,t) = 2.0\cos 2\pi (10t - 0.0080x + 0.35)$  where x and y are in cm and t in s. Calculate the phase difference between oscillatory motion of two points separated by a distance of

- (a) 4 m
- (b) 0.5 m
- (c)  $\lambda/2$
- (d)  $3\lambda/4$

**Solution:** Harmonic wave :

Parameter	Description	Value
k	angular wave number	$2\pi (0.008)$
$\lambda = \frac{2\pi}{k}$	wavelength	125 cm
f	natural frequency	10
A	amplitude	2.0
φ	phase	$2\pi (0.35)$

$$y(x,t) = 2.0\cos 2\pi (10t - 0.0080x + 0.35)$$
 (1)

Phase of harmonic wave (at x):

$$= 2\pi \left(10t - 0.0080x + 0.35\right) \tag{2}$$

$$k = 2\pi(0.008) \tag{3}$$

$$\therefore k = \frac{2\pi}{\lambda} \tag{4}$$

$$\lambda = \frac{2\pi}{k} \tag{5}$$

$$\lambda = \frac{2\pi}{2\pi \times 0.008}$$

$$\lambda = 125 \text{cm} \tag{6}$$

Phase difference = 
$$\theta_1 - \theta_2$$
 (7)

$$= (kx_1 + \omega t + \phi) - (kx_2 + \omega t + \phi)$$
(8)

$$=k\left(x_{1}-x_{2}\right) \tag{9}$$

(a) : 
$$(x_1 - x_2) = 400 cm$$

phase difference = 
$$k(x_1 - x_2)$$
 (??)  
=  $2\pi \times 0.0080 \times 400$   
=  $6.4\pi$  radians (10)

(b) 
$$:: (x_1 - x_2) = 50 \, cm$$
  
phase difference =  $k(x_1 - x_2)$ 

phase difference = 
$$k(x_1 - x_2)$$
 (??)  
=  $2\pi \times 0.0080 \times 50$   
=  $0.8\pi$  radians (11)

(c) : 
$$(x_1 - x_2) = \frac{\lambda}{2} cm$$

phase difference = 
$$k(x_1 - x_2)$$
 (??)  
=  $2\pi \times 0.0080 \times \frac{\lambda}{2}$  (12)  
=  $2\pi \times 0.0080 \times \frac{125}{2}$  (::  $\lambda = 125$ )  
=  $\pi$ radians (13)

(d) 
$$: (x_1 - x_2) = \frac{3\lambda}{4} cm$$

phase difference = 
$$k(x_1 - x_2)$$
 (??)  
=  $2\pi \times 0.0080 \times 3 \times \frac{\lambda}{4}$  (14)  
=  $2\pi \times 0.0080 \times 3 \times \frac{125}{4}$  (::  $\lambda = 125$ )  
=  $\frac{3\pi}{2}$  radians (15)