Java Development - Tools

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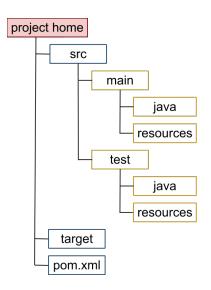
Outline

- Maven build automation tool
- 2 Checkstyle coding style
- SpotBugs static analysis tool
- JUnit 5 Unit Testing

Maven

- An XML file describes the project being built, its dependencies
- Maven is plugin-excution framework
 - All work is done by plugins
- Dynamically downloads plug-ins from one or more repositories

Maven



Maven Plugins

A plugin provides a set of goals

syntax for execution

mvn [plugin-name]:[goal-name]

Example

mvn compiler:compile

Build lifecycle

- validate
- generate-sources
- process-sources
- generate-resources
- process-resources
- compile
- process-test-sources
- process-test-resources
- test-compile
- test
- package
- install
- deploy

CheckStyle

Checkstyle can examine

- Javadoc comments for classes, attributes and methods
- Naming conventions of attributes and methods
- ▶ Limit of the number of function parameters, line lengths
- ► The spaces between some characters
- **.**

Maven Checkstyle plugin

Maven Checkstyle plugin...

```
<executions>
   <execution>
      <id>validate</id>
      <phase>validate</phase>
      <configuration>
        <configLocation>google_checks.xml</configLocation>
        <encoding>UTF-8</encoding>
        <consoleOutput>true</consoleOutput>
        <failsOnError>true</failsOnError>
        <failOnViolation>true</failOnViolation>
        <violationSeverity>warning</violationSeverity>
      </configuration>
      <goals>
        <goal>check</goal>
      </goals>
   </execution>
 </executions>
</plugin>
```

SpotBugs

- SpotBugs is the successor of FindBugs
- Static analysis tool to look for bugs in Java code
- ▶ It checks for more than 400 bug patterns
- spotbugs-maven-plugin can be added to pom.xml

Bug Descriptions

```
https://spotbugs.readthedocs.io/en/latest/bugDescriptions.html
```

JUnit 5

- Unit testing framework
- ▶ JUnit 5 requires Java 8 (or higher) at runtime
- ▶ JUnit 5 can be added to pom.xml

A first test case

```
import static org.junit.jupiter.api.Assertions.assertEquals;
import org.junit.jupiter.api.Test;

class FirstJUnit5Tests {
    @Test
    void myFirstTest() {
        assertEquals(2, 1 + 1);
    }
}
```

Annotations

- ▶ @Test
- @ParameterizedTest
- @RepeatedTest
- ▶ @BeforeEach
- ▶ @AfterEach
- ▶ @BeforeAll : must be static methods
- ▶ @AfterAll : must be static methods
- ▶ @Disabled

Test Classes and Methods

Test method

method that is annotated with @Test, @RepeatedTest, @ParameterizedTest, @TestFactory, or @TestTemplate

Test class

any top level or static member class that contains at least one test method

Test Classes and Methods ...

Methods annotated with

- ▶ @Test
- ▶ @TestTemplate
- ▶ @RepeatedTest
- ▶ @BeforeAll
- ▶ @AfterAll
- @BeforeEach or
- ▶ @AfterEach

annotations must not return a value

Assertions

assertions are static methods in the org.junit.jupiter.api.Assertions class

Repeated Tests

Repeat a test a specified number of times simply by annotating a method with @RepeatedTest

```
Example

@RepeatedTest(10)
void repeatedTest() {
    // ...
}
```

Parameterized Tests

▶ Run a test multiple times with different arguments

```
Example

@ParameterizedTest
@ValueSource(strings = { "racecar", "radar", "121"})
void palindromesTest(String candidate) {
    assertTrue(isPalindrome(candidate));
}
```

Sources of Arguments

- @ValueSource
 - Used for providing a single parameter per parameterized test
- ▶ @MethodSource
 - factory method, must be static
 - must return a Stream, Iterable, Iterator, or array of arguments
- ▶ @CsvSource

@ValueSource

Following types of literal values are supported

- short
- byte
- ▶ int
- ▶ long
- ▶ float
- double
- char
- java.lang.String
- java.lang.Class

@ValueSource...

```
@ParameterizedTest
@ValueSource(ints = { 1, 2, 3 })
void testWithValueSource(int argument) {
   assertTrue(argument > 0 && argument < 4);
}</pre>
```

@MethodSource

```
@ParameterizedTest
@MethodSource("stringProvider")
void testWithSimpleMethodSource(String argument) {
    assertNotNull(argument);
}
static Stream<String> stringProvider() {
    return Stream.of("foo", "bar");
}
```

@CsvSource

Allows you to express argument lists as comma-separated values

```
@ParameterizedTest
@CsvSource({ "foo, 1", "bar, 2", "'baz, qux', 3" })
void testWithCsvSource(String first, int second) {
   assertNotNull(first);
   assertNotEquals(0, second);
}
```

References

- JUnit 5 User Guide
- https://junit.org/junit5/docs/5.0.0-M2/api/org/ junit/jupiter/api/Assertions.html

Thank You