

## DAY 38

### INTERVIEW BIT PROBLEMS :

#### 1. Pascal Triangle

Given numRows, generate the first numRows of Pascal's triangle.

Pascal's triangle : To generate  $A[C]$  in row  $R$ , sum up  $A'[C]$  and  $A'[C-1]$  from previous row  $R - 1$ .

**Example:**

Given numRows = 5,

Return

```
[
  [1],
  [1,1],
  [1,2,1],
  [1,3,3,1],
  [1,4,6,4,1]
]
```

**CODE :**

**PYTHON**

class Solution:

```
    # @param A : integer
    # @return a list of list of integers
    def solve(self, A):
        out=[]
        for l in range(1,A+1):
            ele=1
            temp=[]
            for i in range(1,l+1):
                temp.append(ele)
                ele=int(ele*(l-i)//i)
            out.append(temp)
        return out
```

#### 2. Kth Row of Pascal's Triangle

Given an index  $k$ , return the  $k$ th row of the Pascal's triangle.

Pascal's triangle : To generate  $A[C]$  in row  $R$ , sum up  $A'[C]$  and  $A'[C-1]$  from previous row  $R - 1$ .

**Example:**

**Input :**  $k = 3$

**Return :**  $[1,3,3,1]$

**NOTE :**  $k$  is 0 based.  $k = 0$ , corresponds to the row  $[1]$ .

**CODE :**

**C++**

```
vector<int> Solution::getRow(int A) {  
    vector<int>temp;  
    int n = 1;  
    for( int l = 0; l <= A ; l++){  
        temp.push_back(n);  
        n = n * (A - l)/(l + 1);  
    }  
    return temp;  
}
```