# AI INTGATION WITH SPRING BOOT APPLICATION

#### **INTRODUCTION:**

In recent years, Artificial Intelligence (AI) has become a key component in building smart and responsive applications. Language models like OpenAI's GPT have made it possible to generate human-like responses, automate content creation, perform semantic analysis, and more — all through simple API calls.

**Spring Boot**, a powerful Java framework for building production-ready applications, provides a seamless way to integrate with AI services using HTTP clients or libraries like **Spring AI**. By connecting Spring Boot applications to AI APIs (e.g., OpenAI or Azure OpenAI), developers can enhance their software with capabilities such as natural language understanding, intelligent chat, summarization, and code generation.

This document explains how to connect a Spring Boot application with an AI model using standard tools and configurations, enabling intelligent interaction between backend services and advanced language models.

For Example:

we integrate our Spring boot application with two famous AI language models

1. OLLAMA

Now lets start with our first model OLLAMA

## **OLLAMA**

Ollama is a local AI runtime that allows you to run and interact with large language models (LLMs) like LLaMA, Mistral, and Gemma directly on your machine — no cloud or API key required.

It simplifies the process of using open-source LLMs by handling model downloading, serving, and interaction through a unified and easy-to-use CLI or HTTP API.

Steps to integrate Spring boot application with Ollama

Step:1 Download and Install Ollama

- Visit Ollama Official website https://ollama.com/
- Download the Ollama according to your system configuration like windows, macOS,.....
- After downloaded Ollama, Just double click on that, by just clicking on next button
- After installation success click on Finish

#### Step:2 Start Ollama

• After installation successful open command prompt in your machine

Commands to check ollama installed successfully or not:

1. Verify Ollama is installed successfully or not

Command: ollama

Output:

C:\Users >ollama

Usage:

ollama [flags]

ollama [command]

#### Available Commands:

serve Start ollama

create Create a model from a Modelfile

show Show information for a model

run Run a model

stop Stop a running model

pull Pull a model from a registry

push Push a model to a registry

list List models

ps List running models

cp Copy a model

rm Remove a model

help Help about any command

### Flags:

- -h, --help help for ollama
- -v, --version Show version information
- → If the output is like above, you successfully installed it.
- 2. List out all the installed models

Command: ollama list

Output:

C:\Users>ollama list

NAME ID SIZE MODIFIED llama3.2:latest a80c4f17acd5 2.0 GB 19 hours ago

→ Observe the above output

It provides all the details about the AI Models

Here llama3.2:latest -> Model name

a80c4f17acd5 -> Model ID

3. Run particular model

Command: ollama run model\_name ollama run llama3.2:latest

- → If it is the first time you installed the model, it takes some time to install and
- → If you already installed, it just start

4.

C:\Users>ollama run tinyllama:1.1b

>>> Send a message (/? for help)

Here you can give any prompt that will react.

```
Example: >>> Hello
Hello, How do you do...
```

#### Step:2 Integrate Ollama with Spring boot application

1. Create a simple Spring boot application in eclipse or IntelliJ or any other

```
→ Add
```

Spring web and Ollama dependencies in pom.xml

→ Add below property in pom.xml properties. It manages the AI versions.

```
<spring-ai.version>1.0.0</pring-ai.version>
```

```
Add below BOM in dependency management
```

→ Add this property in properties file. It loads by spring automatically.

spring.ai.ollama.chat.options.model=tinyllama:1.1b

</dependencyManagement>

#### → Controller

import org.springframework.ai.chat.client.ChatClient; import org.springframework.ai.ollama.OllamaChatModel; import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.GetMapping; import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestMapping; import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestParam; import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RestController;

→ After this just hit the request and get the output