



Department of Computer Science & Engineering

Server Administration Complete Lab Assignment

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Abstract:

In this document I will walk you through,

1. Installing and configuring Nano Server
 - Installing Nano Server
 - Completing post-installation tasks on Nano Server
 - Performing remote management
2. Configuring local storage
 - Creating and managing volumes
 - Resizing volumes
 - Managing virtual hard disks
3. Implementing Storage Spaces
 - Creating a Storage Space
 - Installing Data Deduplication
 - Configuring Data Deduplication
4. Installing and configuring containers
 - Installing and configuring Windows Server containers by using Windows PowerShell
 - Installing and configuring Windows Server containers by using Docker
5. Deploying and administering AD DS
 - Deploying AD DS
 - Deploying domain controllers by performing domain controller cloning
 - Administering AD DS
6. Managing AD DS objects
 - Creating and managing groups in AD DS
 - Creating and configuring user accounts in AD DS

7. Administering AD DS

- Delegate administration for OUs
- Creating and modifying AD DS objects

8. Domain and trust management in AD DS

- Implementing forest trusts
- Implementing child domains in AD DS

9. Implementing AD DS sites and replication

- Modifying the default site
- Creating additional sites and subnets
- Configuring AD DS replication |
- Monitoring and troubleshooting AD DS replication

10. Implementing a Group Policy infrastructure

- Creating and configuring GPOs
- Managing GPO scope

11. Troubleshooting Group Policy infrastructure

- Verify GPO application
- Troubleshooting GPOs

12. Implementing WSUS and deploying updates

- Implementing WSUS
- Configuring update settings
- Approving and deploying an update by using WSUS

- Installation of Windows Server 2016
- Installation of Windows Server Core
- Installation of Nano Server

1. Installation of Windows Server 2016

Step-1

Choose the machine whether it is physically or virtually.

Step-2

Download the Windows Server 2016 from the official site.

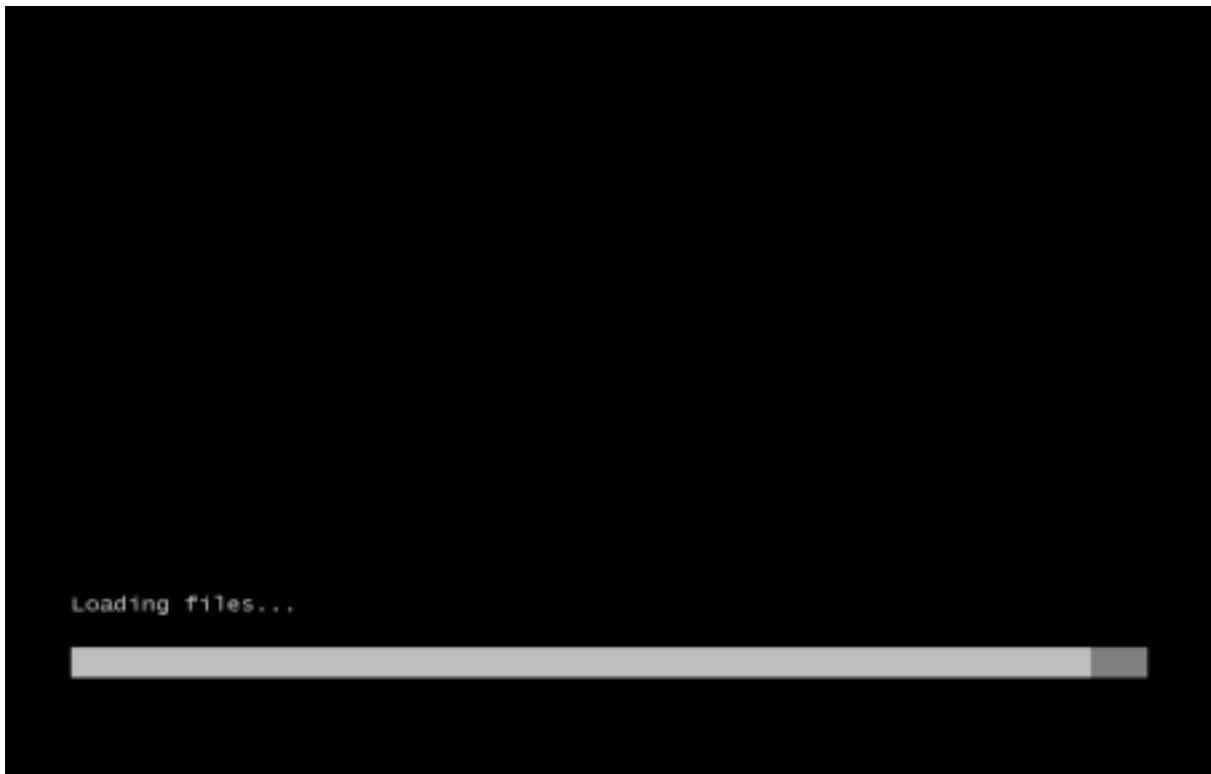
Step-3

Based on the step-1 go ahead, now we are going to install it on a virtual machine.

Step-4

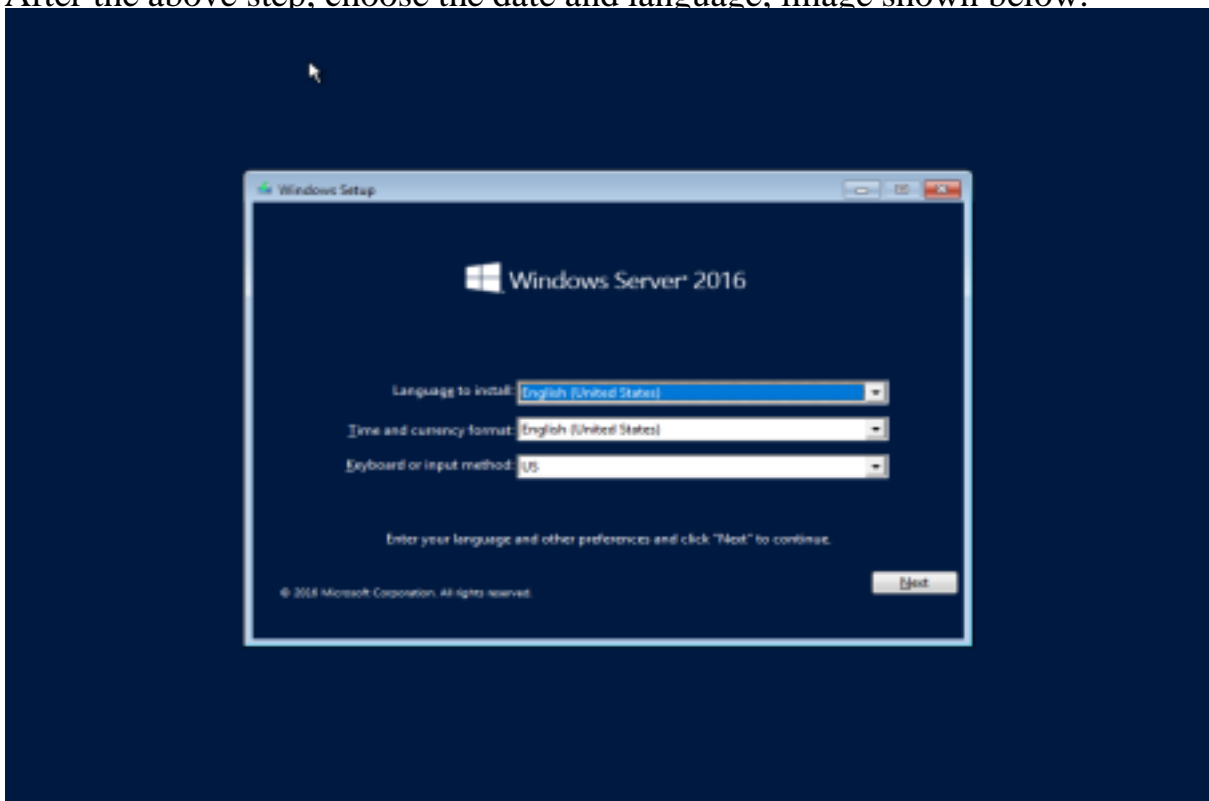
Import the Windows Server 2016 OS into a virtual machine. Step-5

Start the virtual machine, when you start the machine it will show **loading files** progress, image shown below.



Step-6

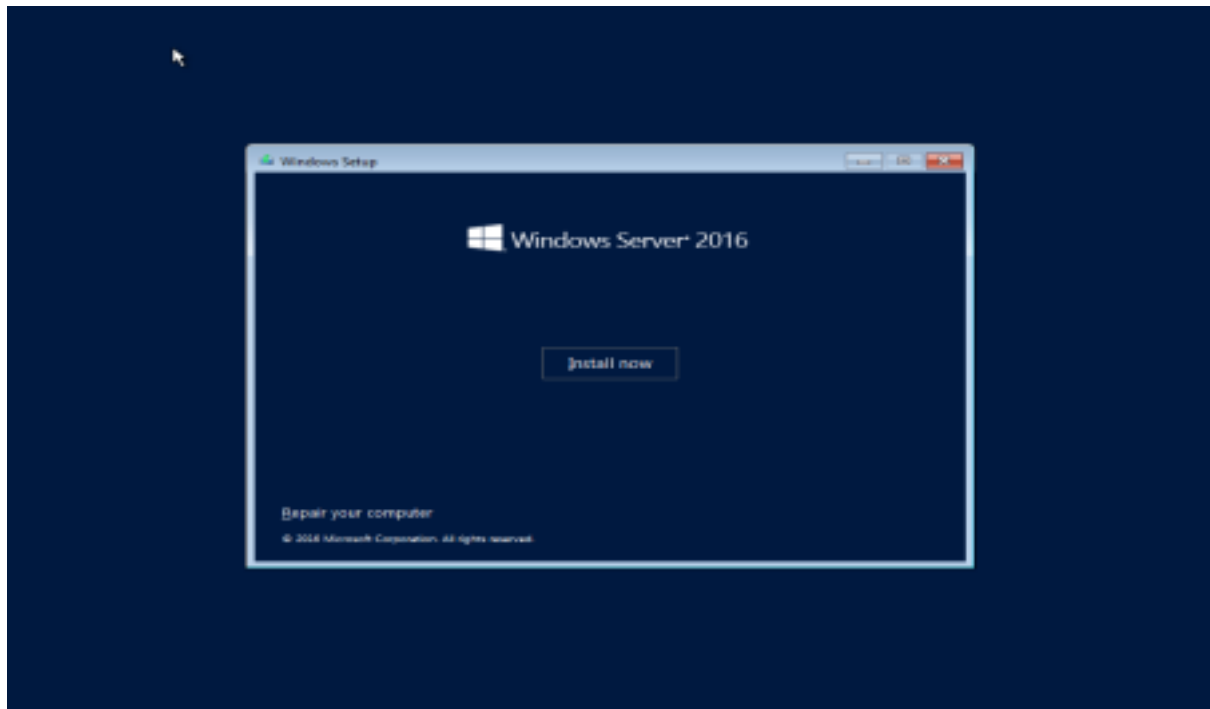
After the above step, choose the date and language, image shown below.



Click the **Next** button.

Step-6

After the above step, click on **install now** button, image shown below.



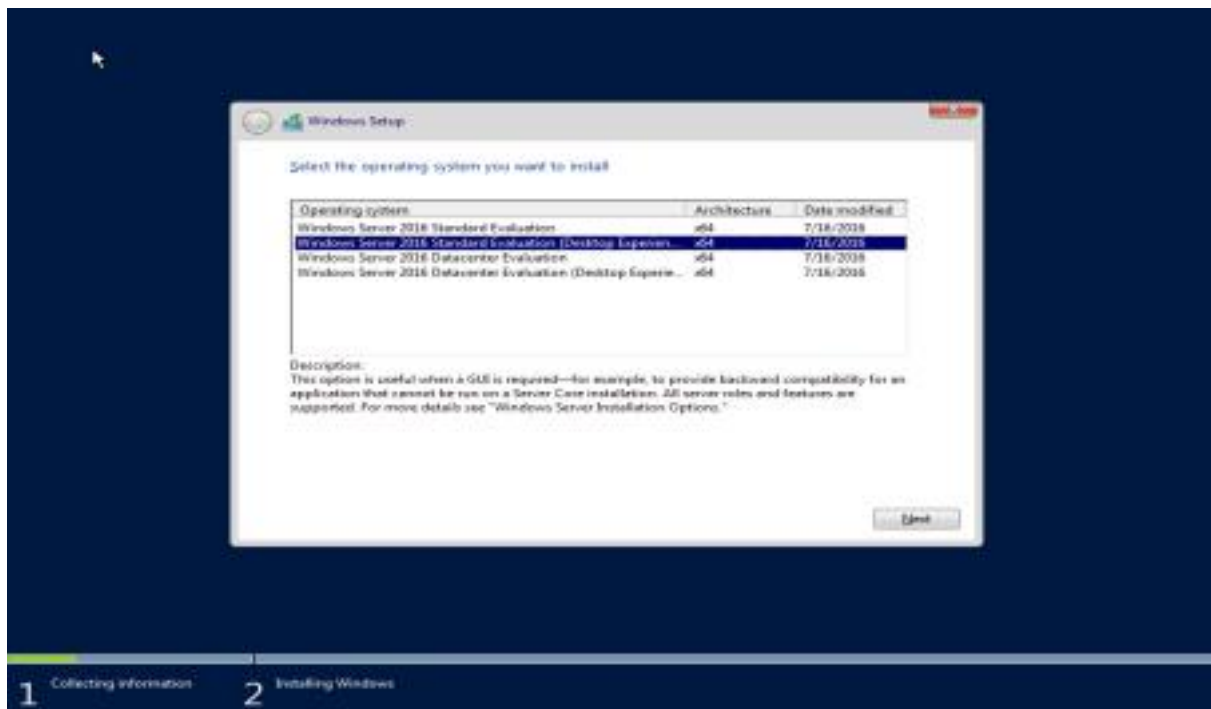
Step-7

After the above step windows server will start to **Setup** the OS image shown below.



Step-8

After the above ,**Select the OS edition** you want to install, image shown below.



Click the **Next** button.

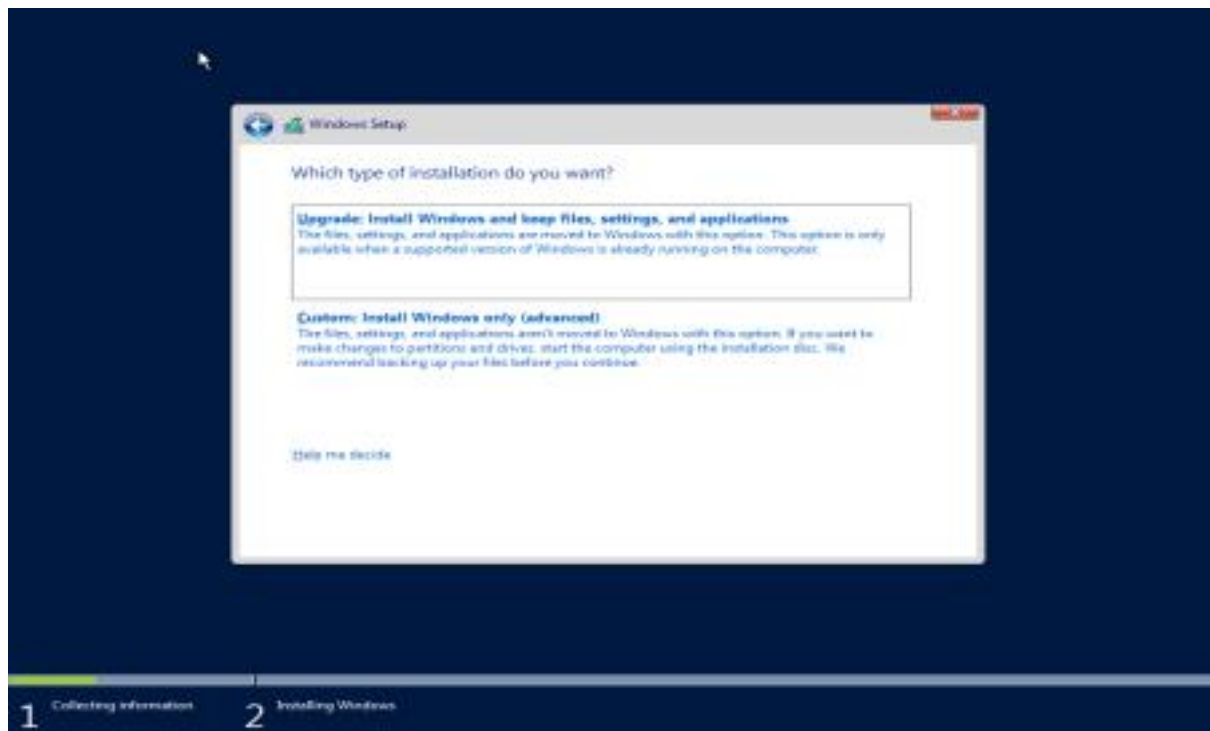
Step-9

After the above step, **Accept the license terms**, image shown below.



Step-10

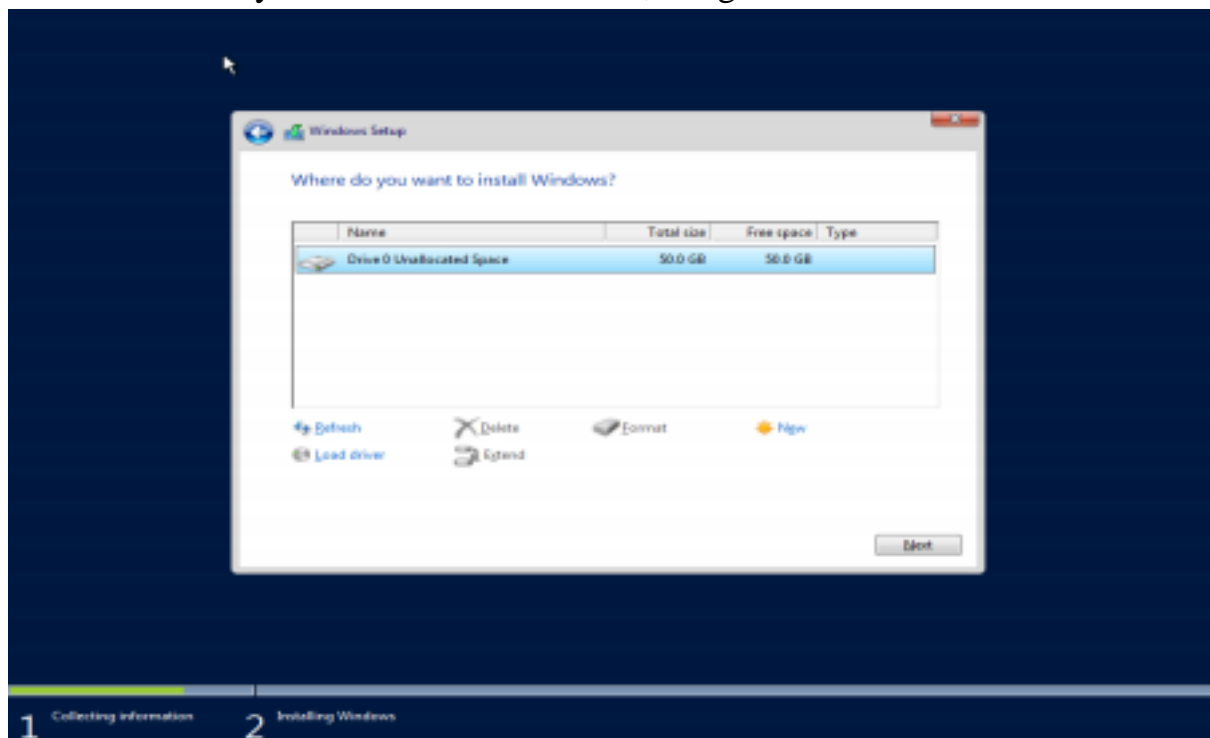
Choose the installation mode, image shown below.



Choose **Custom** installation option.

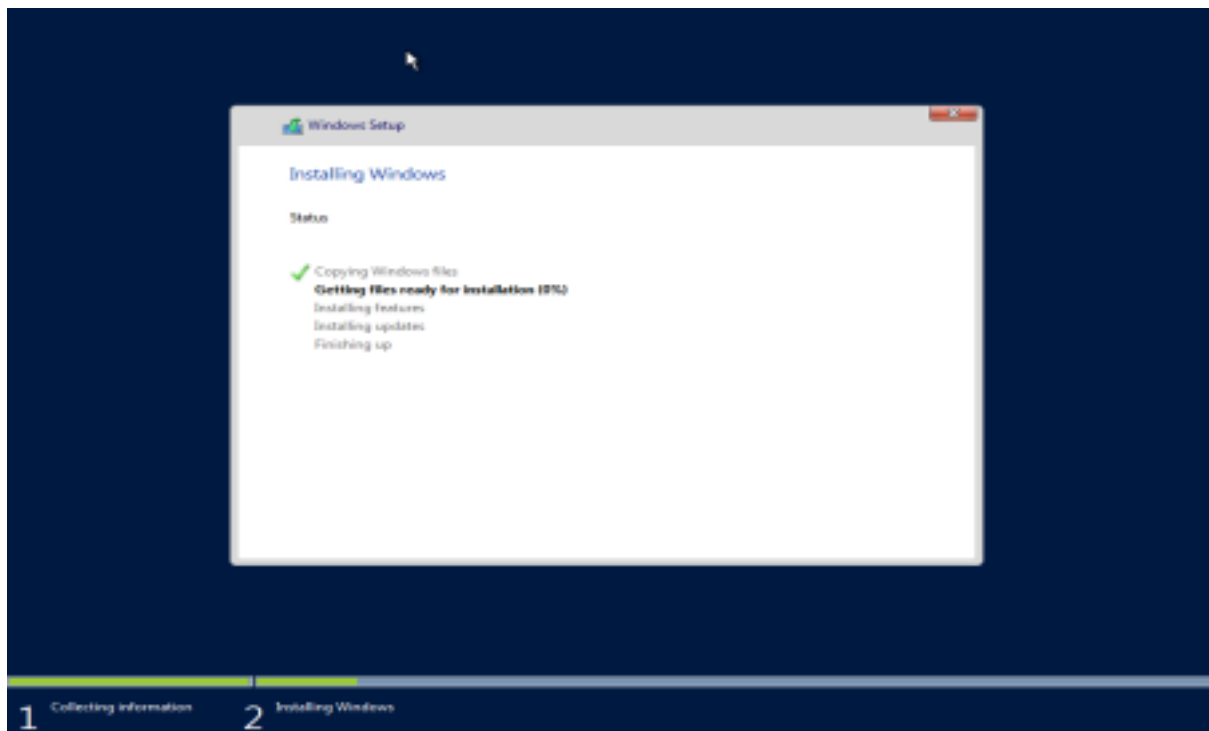
Step-11

Choose the disk you want to install the OS, image shown below.



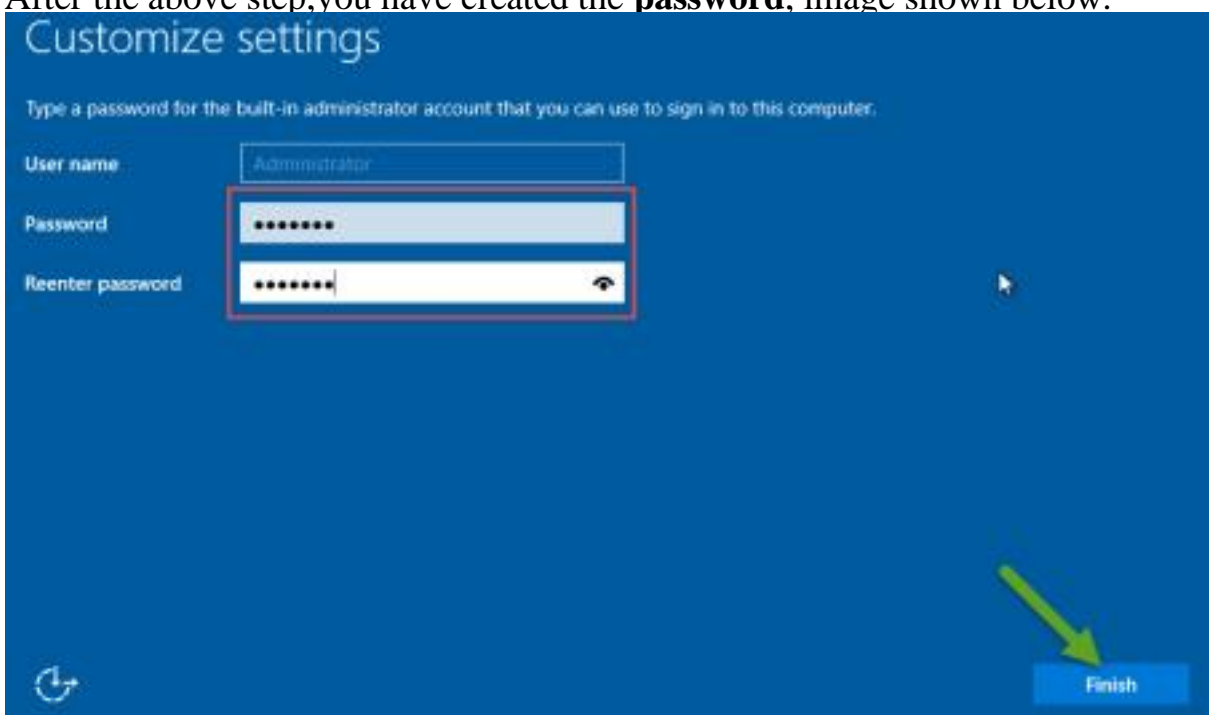
Step-12

After above step, OS will start to install on virtual machine, image shown below.



Step-13

After the above step, you have created the **password**, image shown below.



Click the **Finish** button.

Step-13

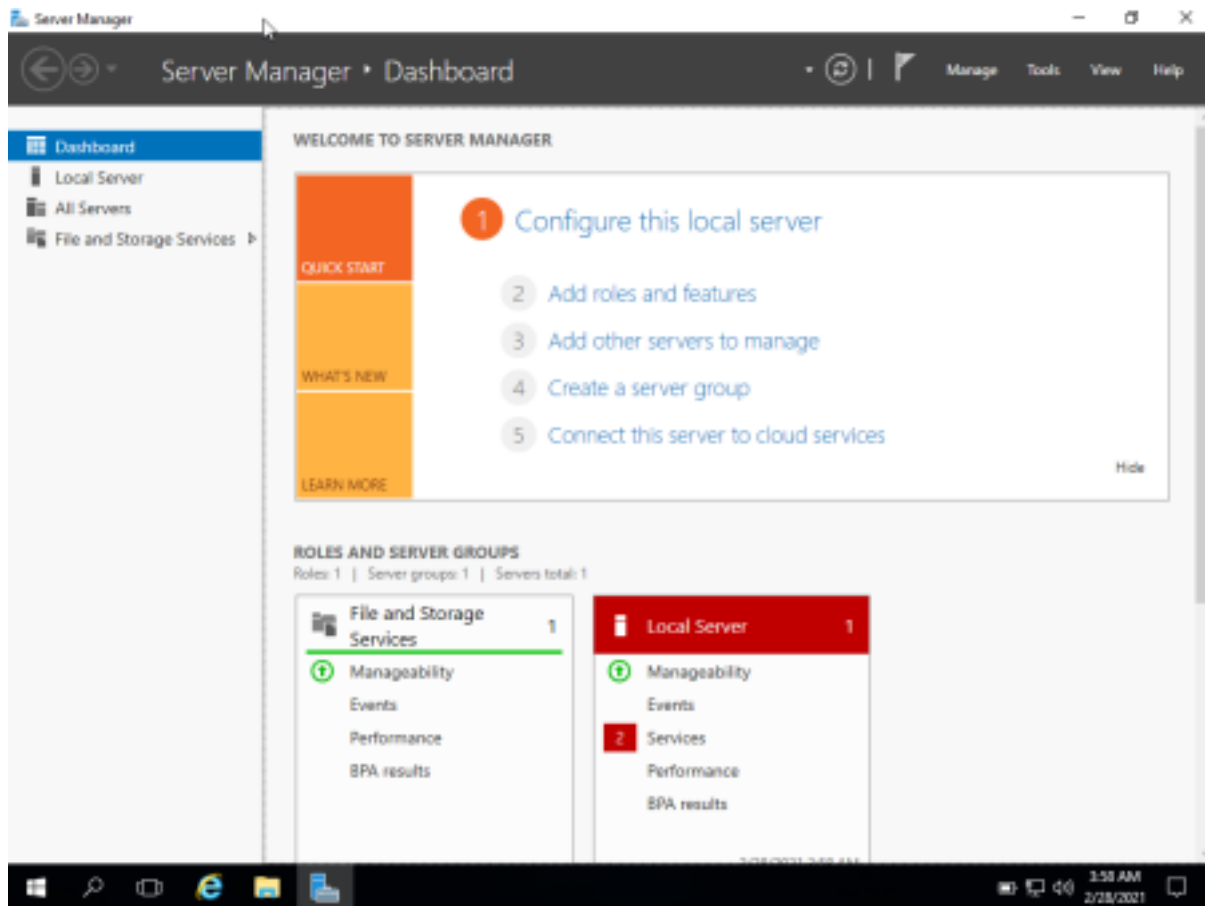
After the above step, you will see the image shown below, press **Ctrl+Alt+Delete**.



Finally,



Congratulations, you have completed the installation process.
Dashboard of **Server Manager**.



Thank you

2.Installation of Windows Server Core

Now we are going to install the **Windows Server Core** edition.

Definition:

- Server Core is a minimalistic Windows Server installation option.
- It is fully Command Line Interface(CLI).
- Installation process is the same as before we have seen.
- Half of the process remains the same.

Used for:

- When you finish installing Server Core on a system and sign in for the first time, you'r in for a bit of a surprise.
- The main difference between the Server with Desktop Experience • installation option and Server Core is that Server Core does not include the following GUI shell packages:

Microsoft-Windows-Server-Shell-Package

Microsoft-Windows-Server-Gui-Mgmt-Package

Microsoft-Windows-Server-Gui-RSAT-Package

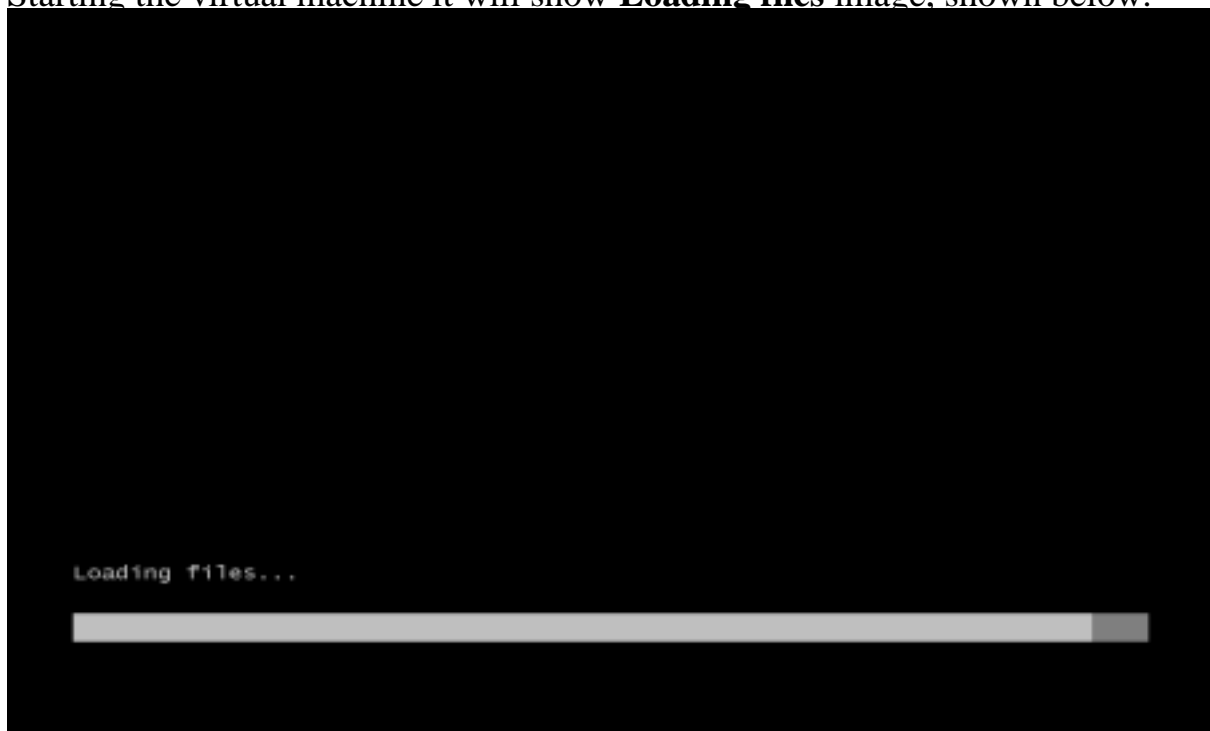
Microsoft-Windows-Cortana-PAL-Desktop-Package

In other words, there is no desktop in Server Core, by design. While maintaining the capabilities required to support traditional business applications and role-based workloads, Server Core does not have a traditional desktop interface.

Instead, Server Core is designed to be managed remotely through the command line, PowerShell, or a GUI tool (like RSAT or Windows Admin Center). Find the installation process below given instruction and screenshots.

Step-1

Starting the virtual machine it will show **Loading files** image, shown below.



Step-2

Choose the date and language.

Step-3

Click the on **Install now** button.

Step-4

Look carefully we have chosen **Windows Server Datacenter Evaluation**.

Click the **Next** button.

Step-5

Accept the license terms, image shown below.

Step-6

Choose the installation mode, image shown below

Step-7

The OS will start to install on virtual machine,image shown below.

Step-8

Windows Server Core **getting started**, image shown below.

Step-9

As i mentioned earlier Windows Server Core is fully Command Line Interface. You need to change password before signing in,image shown below, click **ok**.

Step-10

After changing your password again click the **Ok** option, image shown below.

Step-11

This is the First window after completing the installation process.

Learn some basic commands to work on this OS.

Congratulations again, you have completed the installation process.

Thank you
3.Installation Windows Nano Server

Now we are going to install the **Windows Nano Server** edition.

Definition:

- Nano Server is a remotely administered server operating system optimized for private clouds and datacenters.
- It is similar to Windows Server in Server Core mode, but significantly smaller.
- has no local logon capability, and only supports 64-bit applications, tools.

Used for:

- Nano Server can also be used as a host server for cloud-based applications.
- as a server running Internet Information Services (IIS) or some other Windows-supported web server, or as a domain name system (DNS) server.

Installation process:

To install the Windows Nano Server we need some specific commands, given below. Step-1

Change the directory using (cd command) to locate Windows Server ISO Image.

Step-2

Locate folder using D:\> **cd NanoServer**

Step-3

Import-Module .\NanoServerImageGenerator -Verbose

Step-4

Set-ExecutionPolicy RemoteSigned

Step-5

We have to write some more commands

New-NanoServer

-Deployment Guest

-Edition Standard

-MediaPath D:\

-TargetPath C:\VHD\Nano01.VHD

-InterfaceNameOrIndex Ethernet

-Ipv4Address 10.10.10.75

-Ipv4SubnetMask 255.0.0.0

-Ipv4Gateway 10.10.10.14

Step-6

Now Windows Server files will be copying.

This process will take 5-10 mins.

Step-7

Creat Hyper-v.

Screenshot shown below.

Congratulations again, you have completed the installation process of Windows Nano Server.

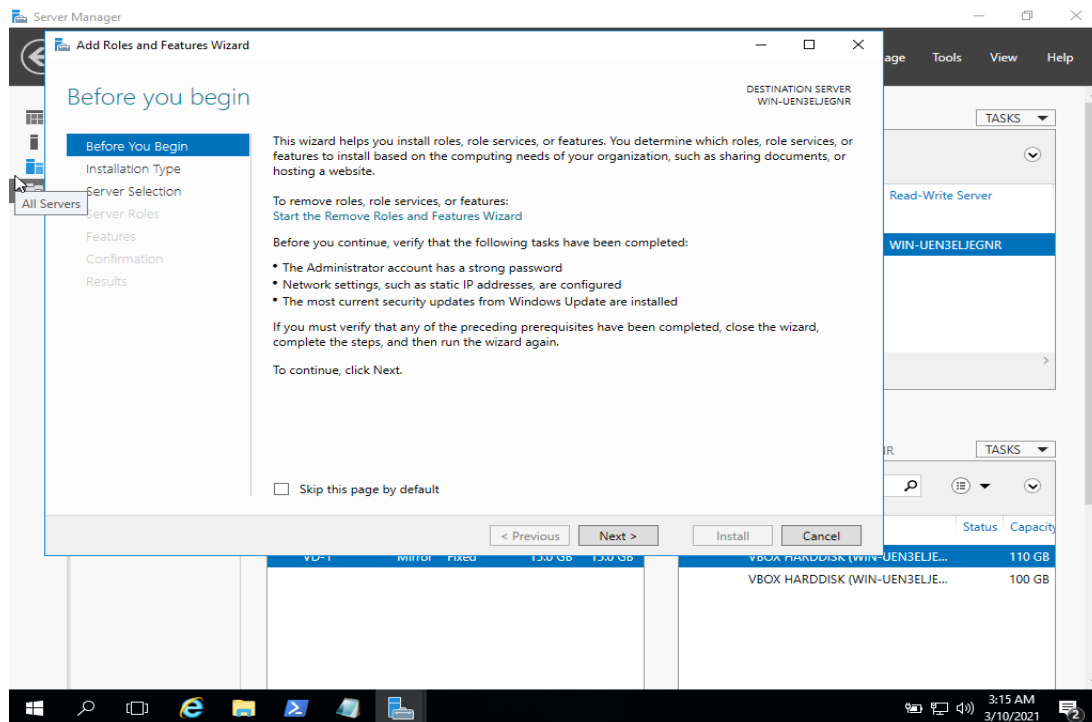
Lab-3

Implementing Storage Spaces

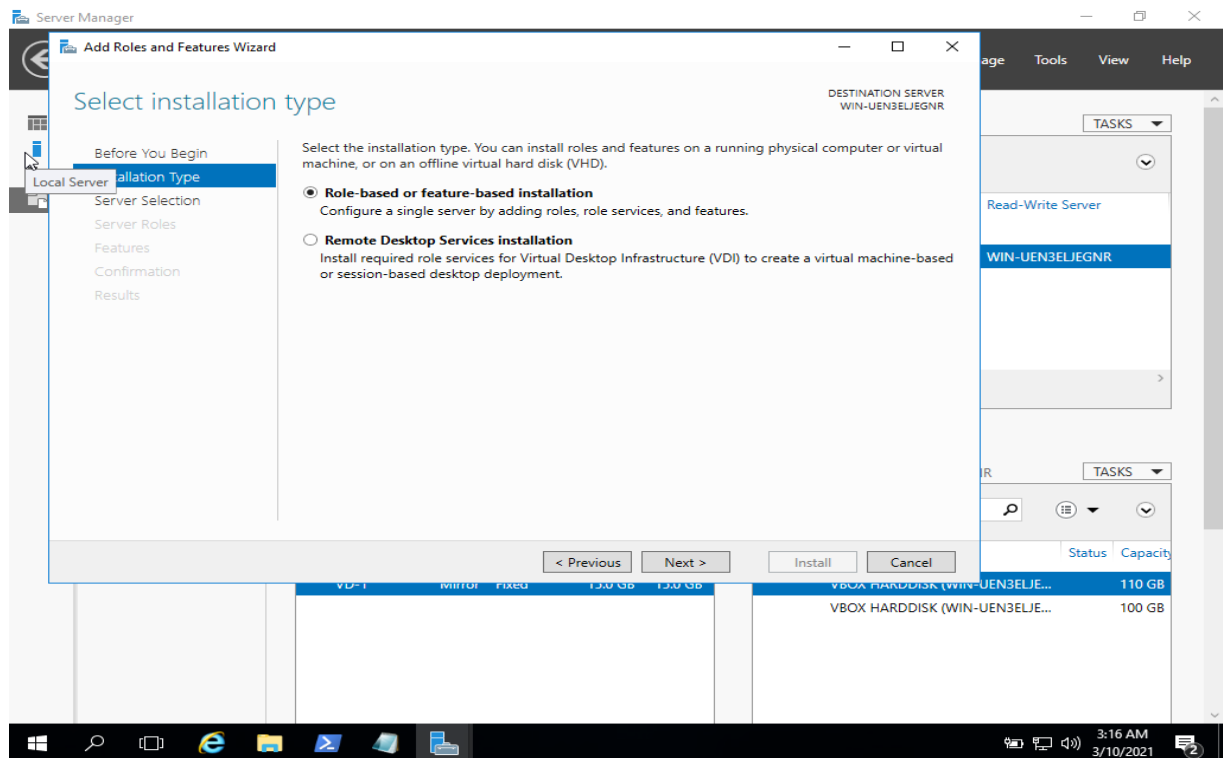
Aim:

- Creating a Storage Space
- Installing Data Deduplication
- Configuring Data Deduplication

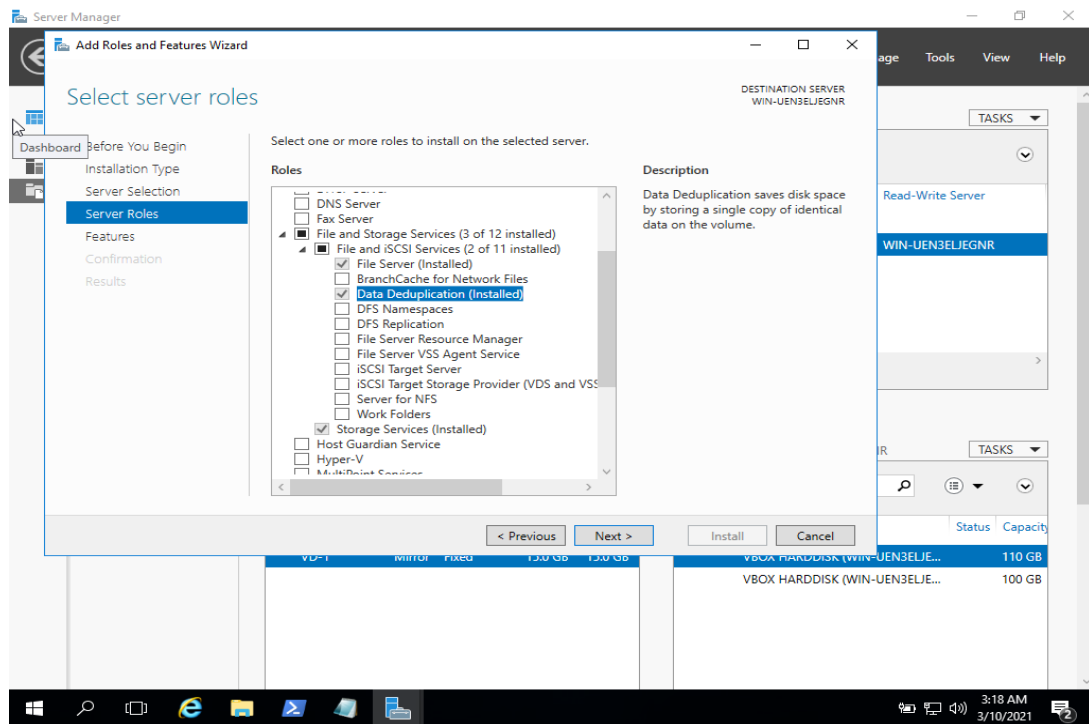
Step-1



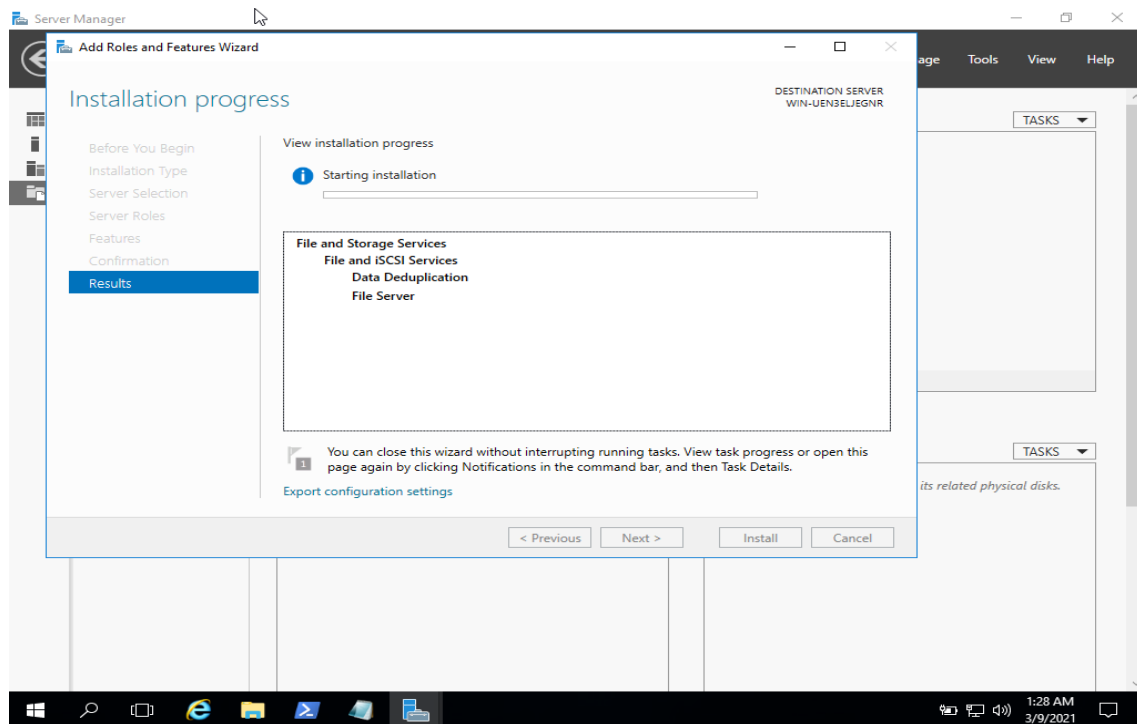
Step-2



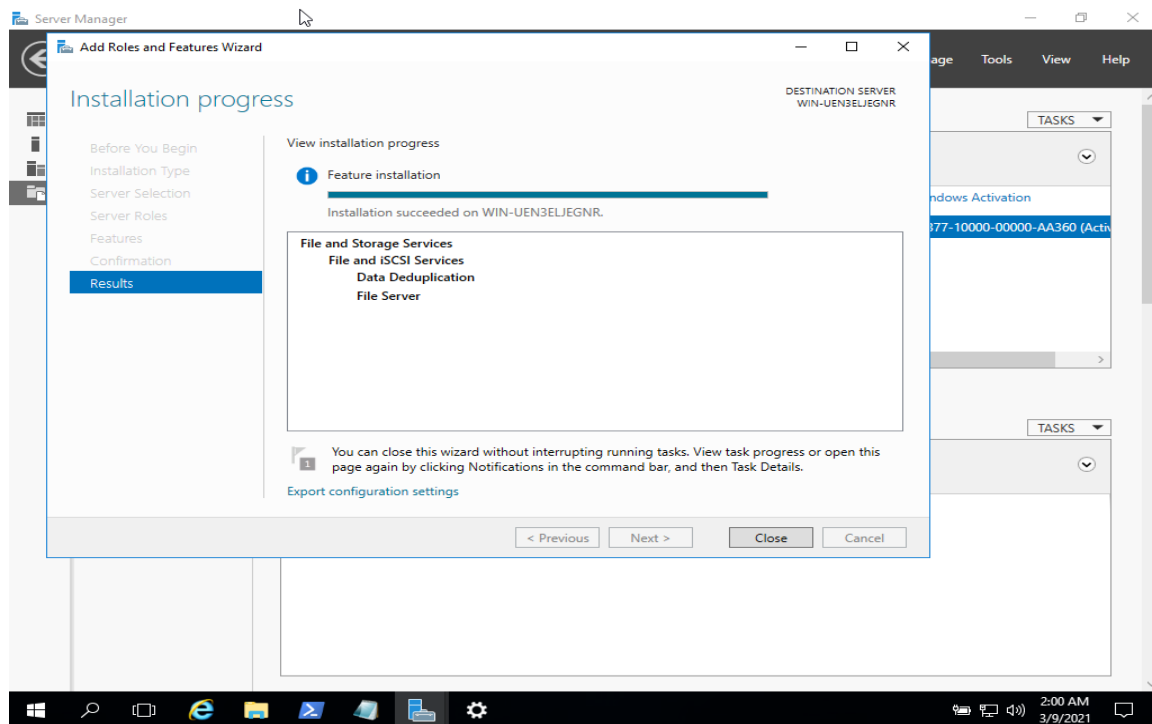
Step-4



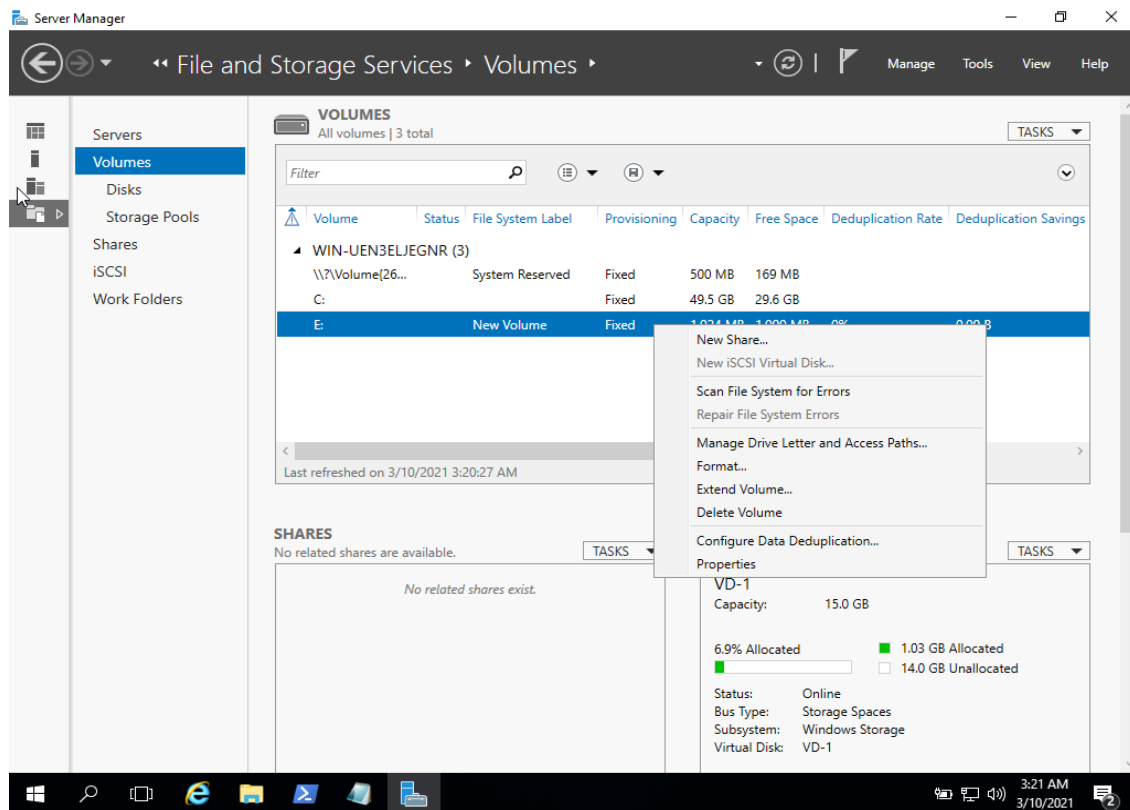
Step-5



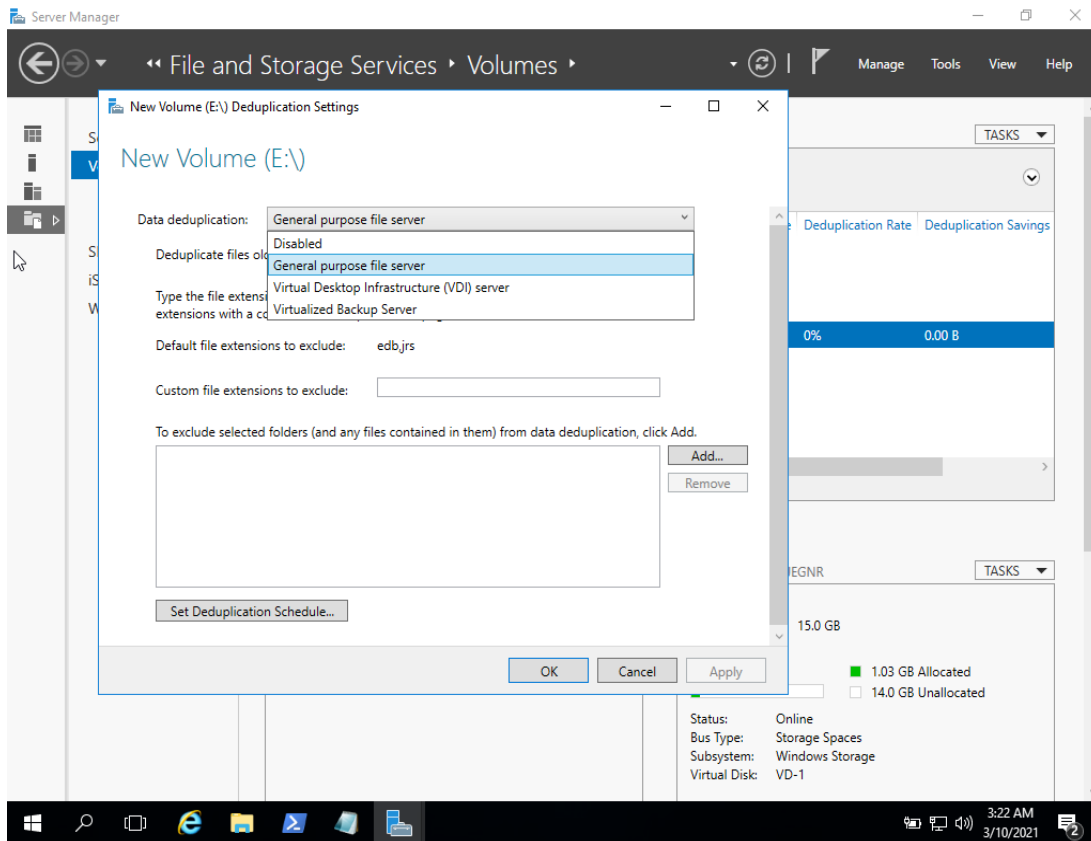
Step-6

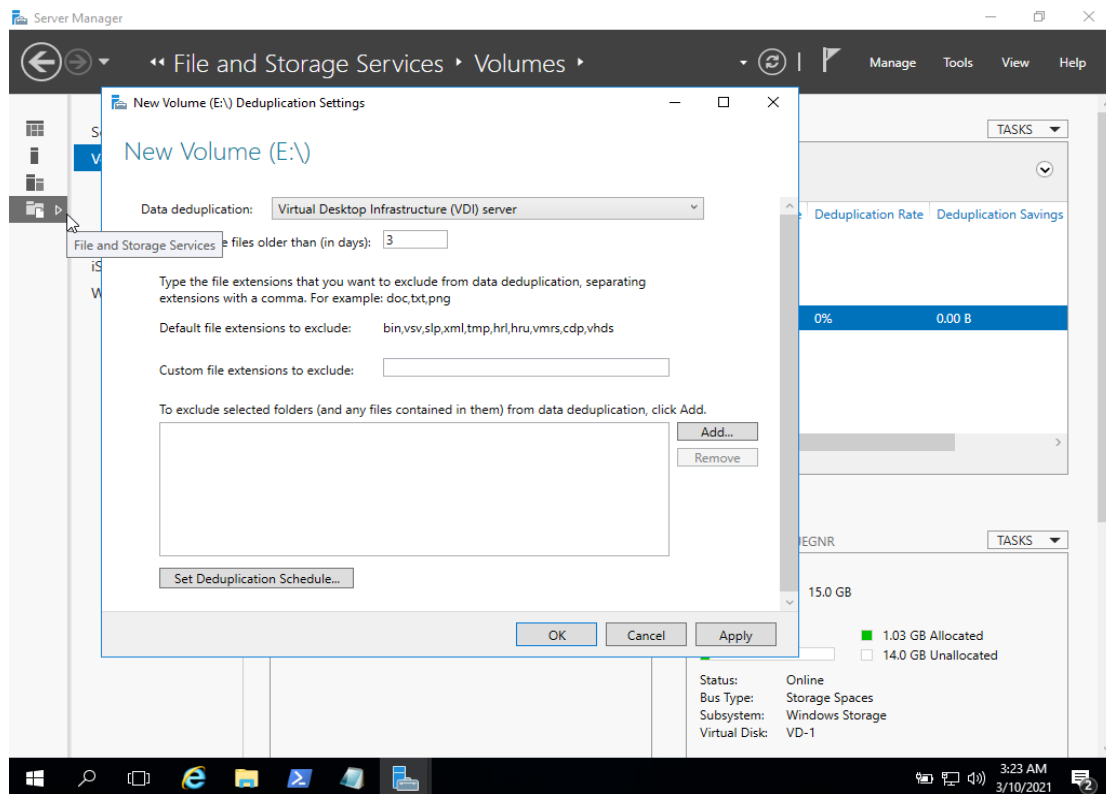


Step-7



Step-8



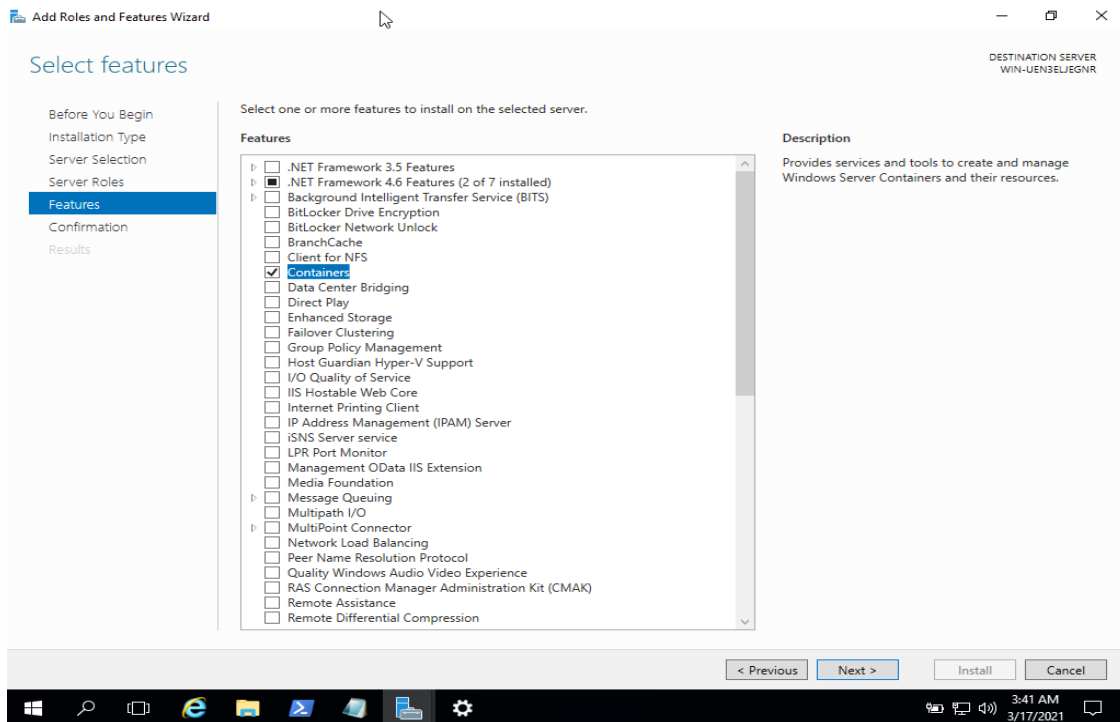


Lab –4

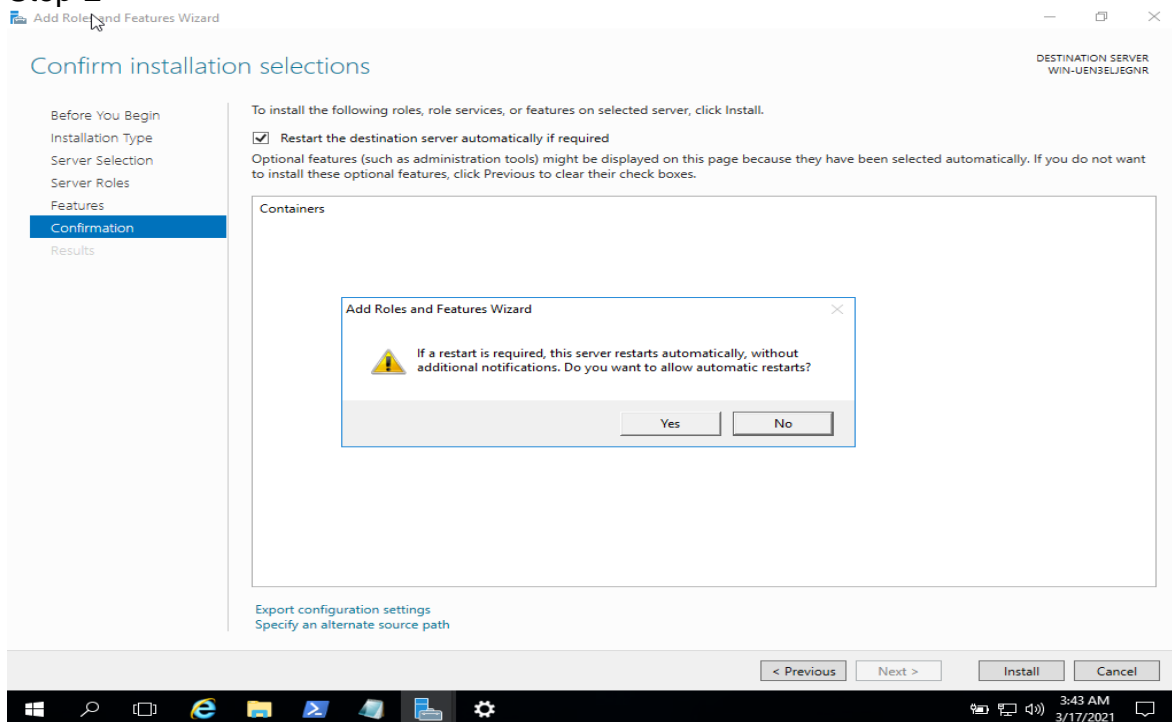
Aim:

Installing and configuring Windows Server containers by using Windows PowerShell
Installing and configuring Windows Server containers by using Docker Installin

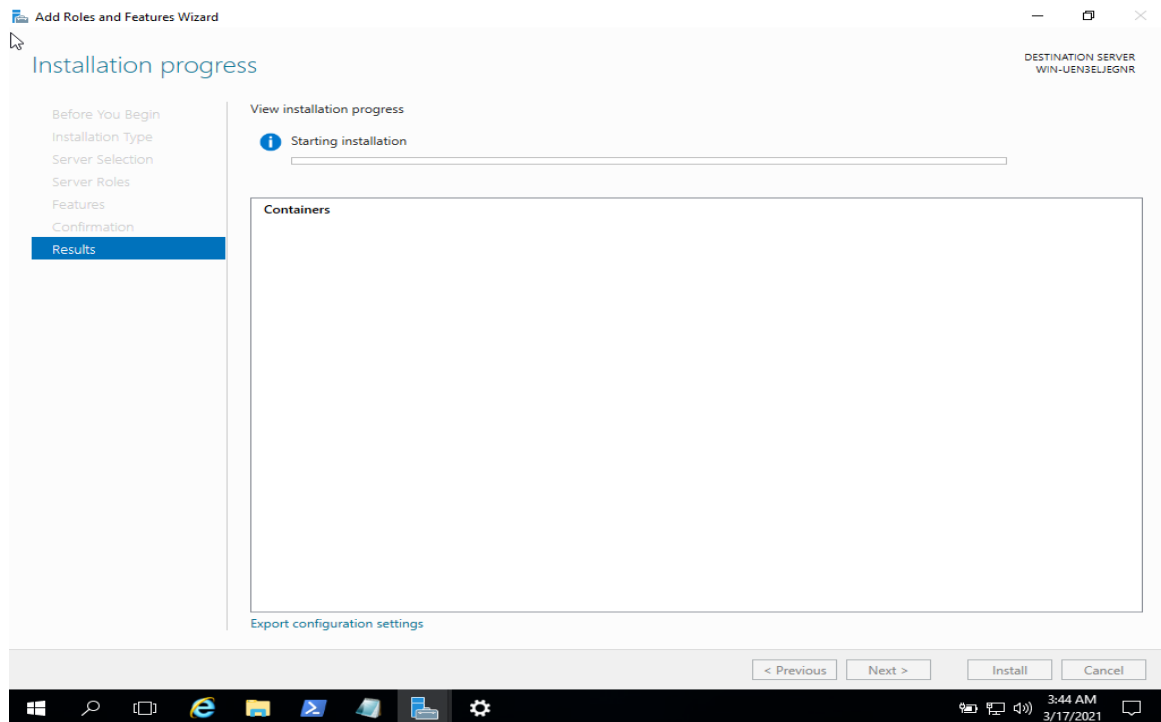
Step-1



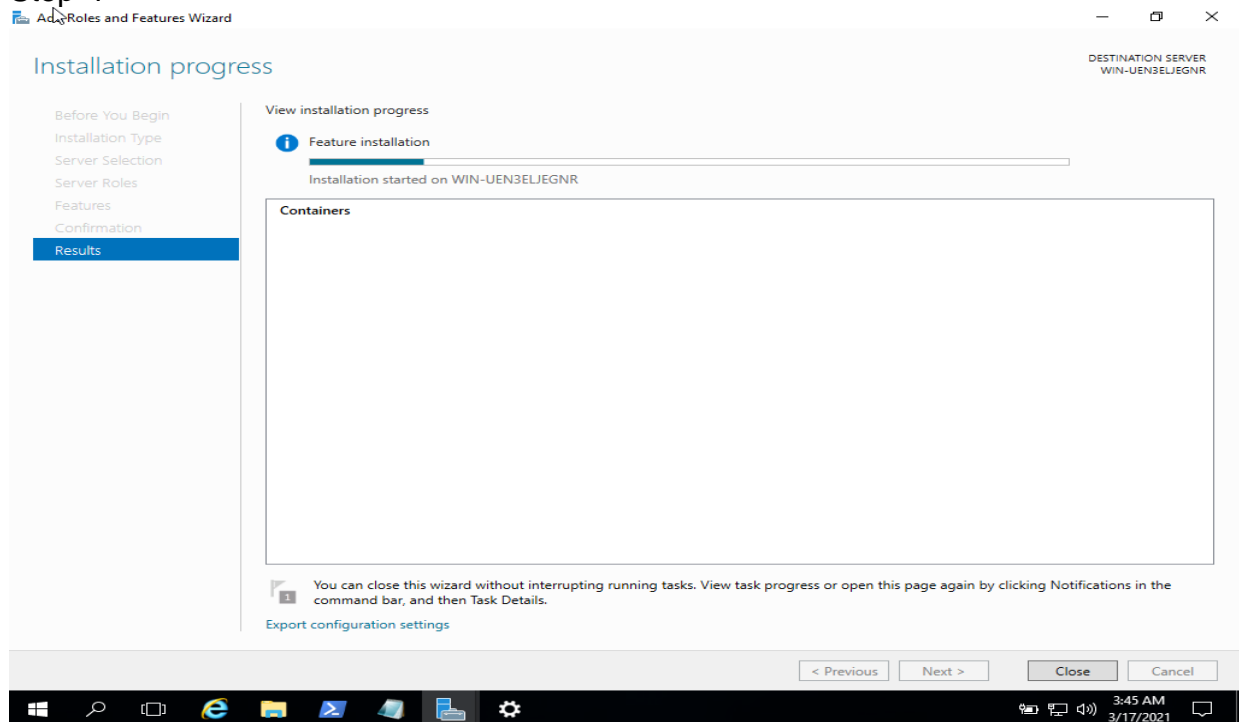
Step-2



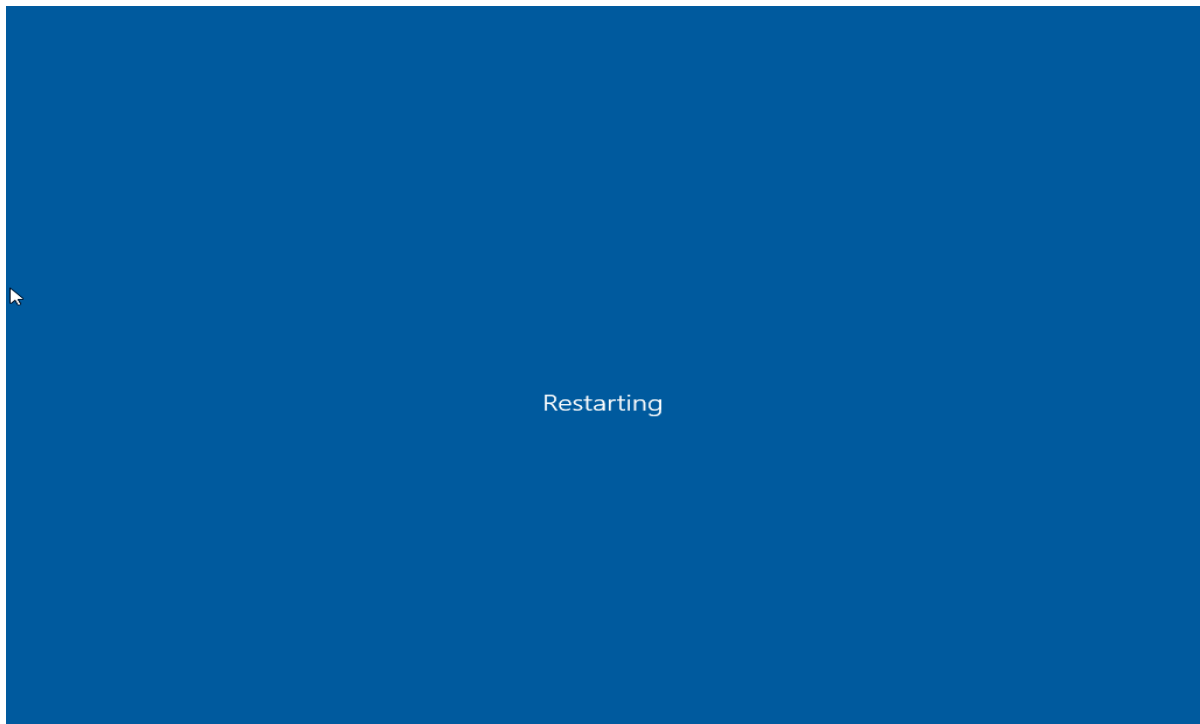
Step-3



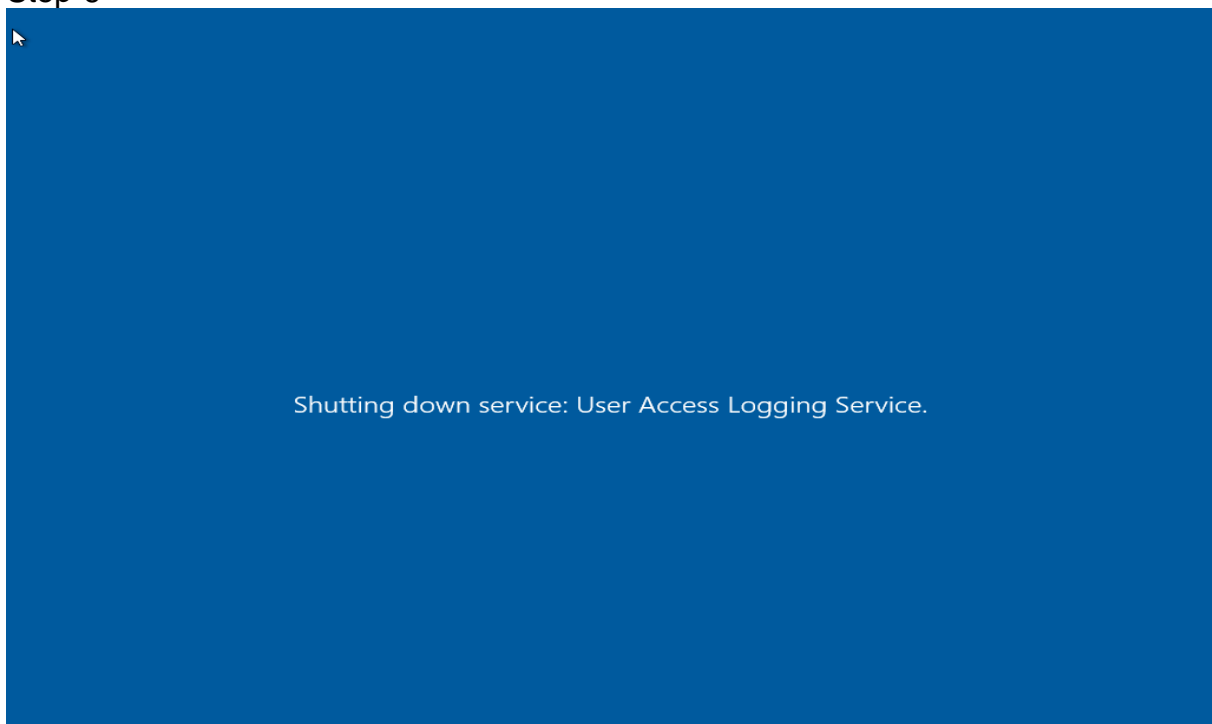
Step-4



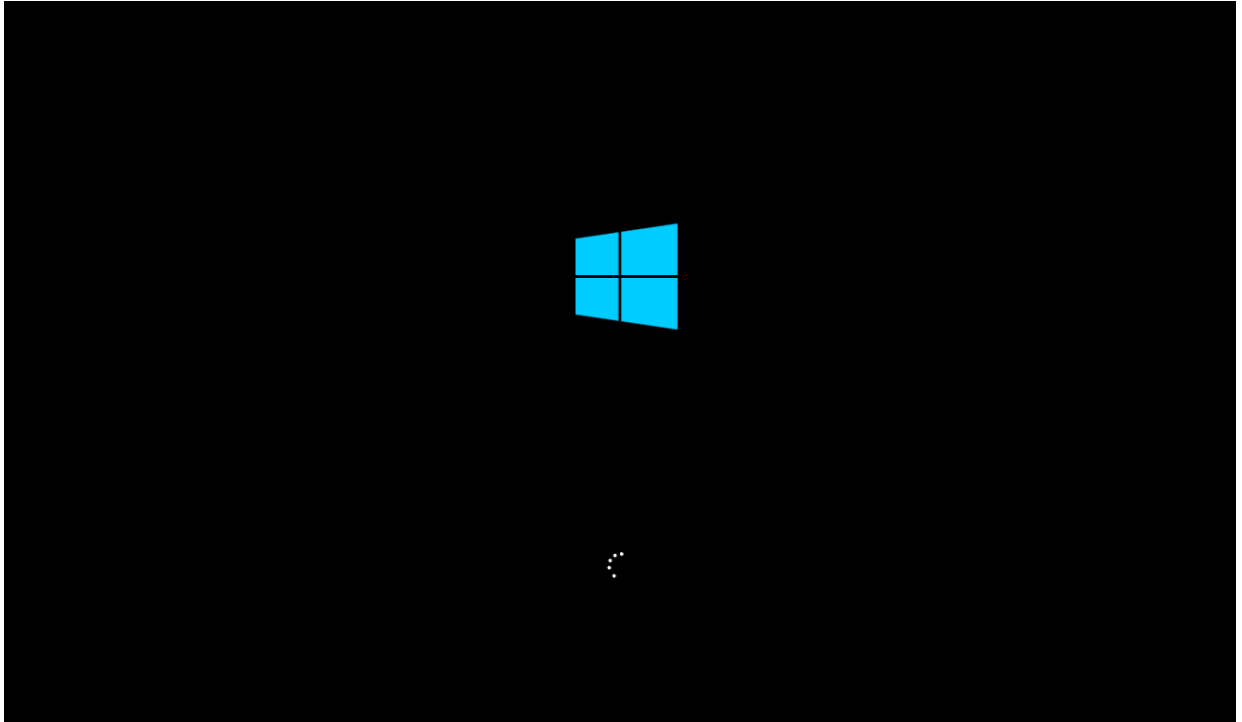
Step-5



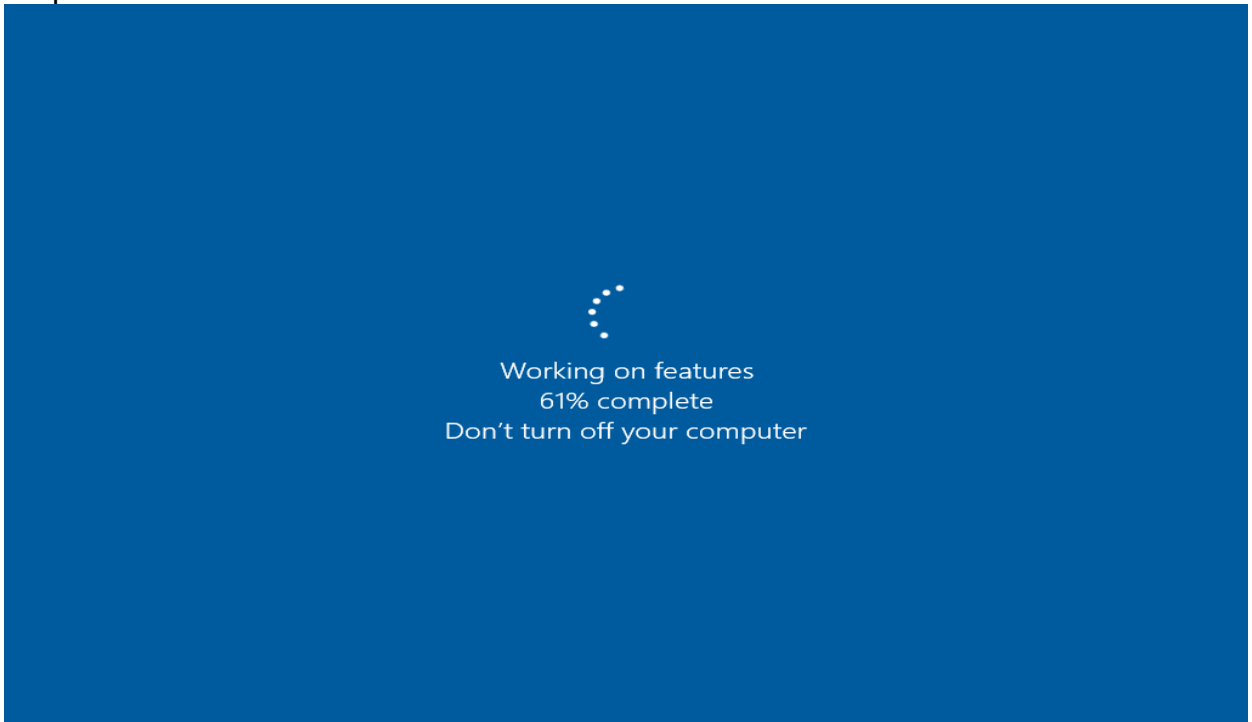
Step-6



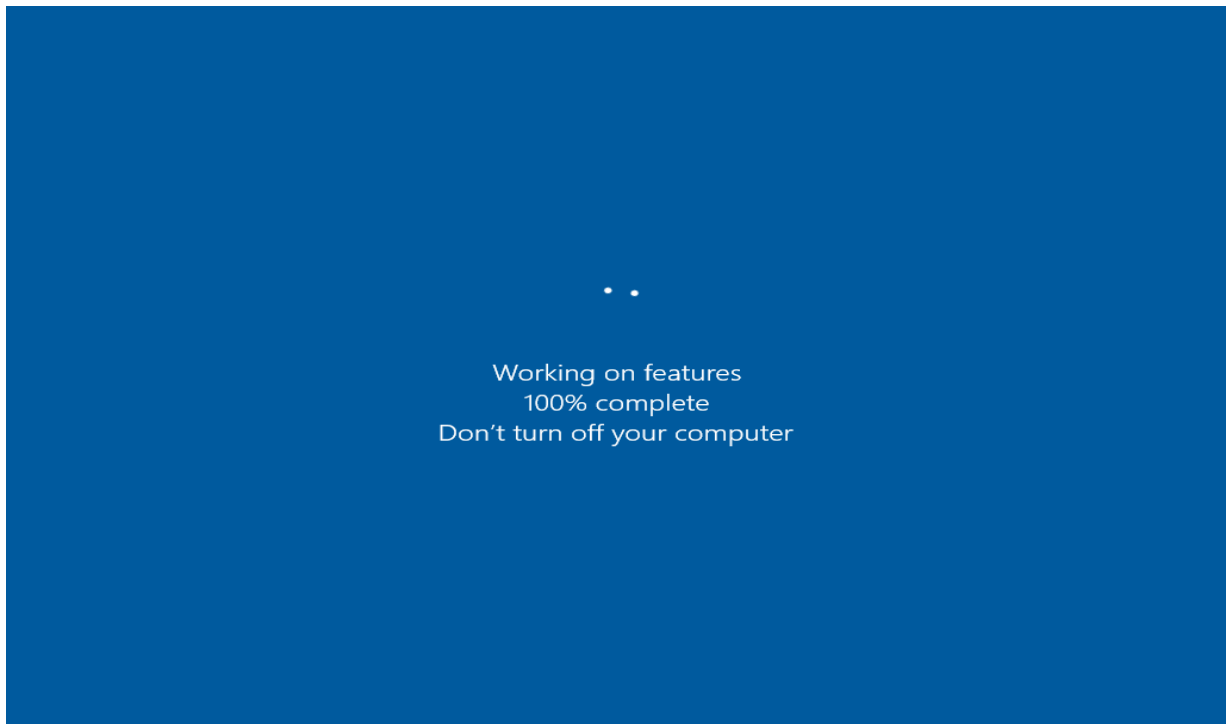
Step-7



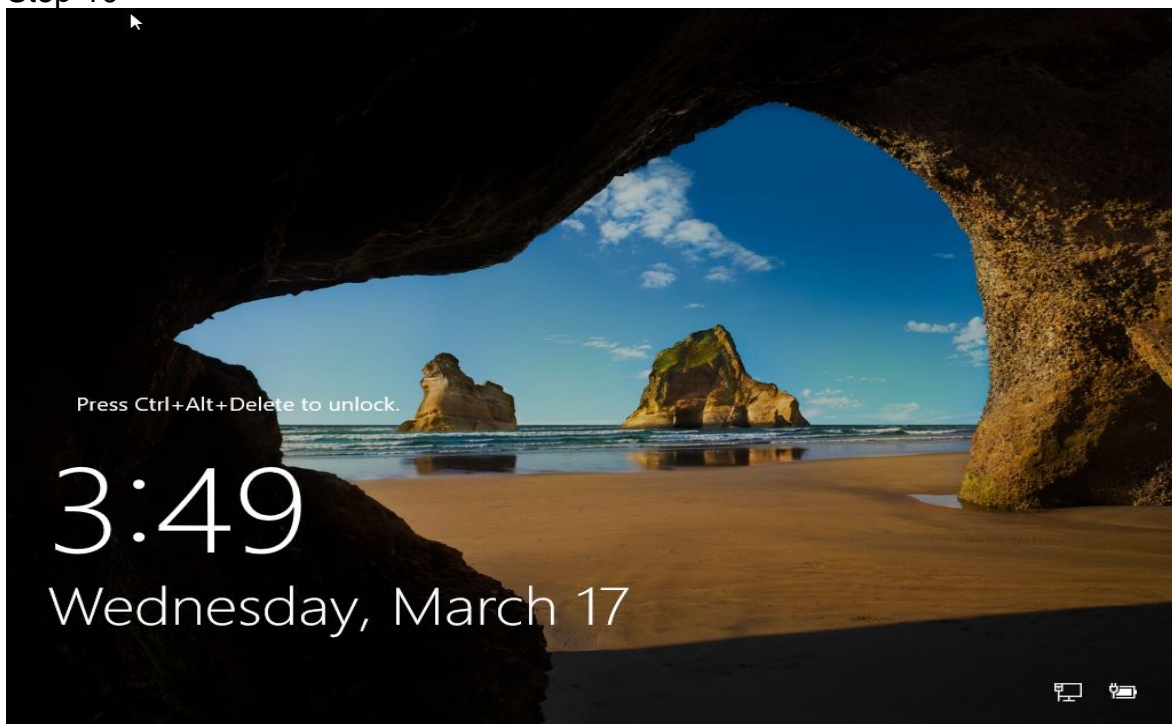
Step-8



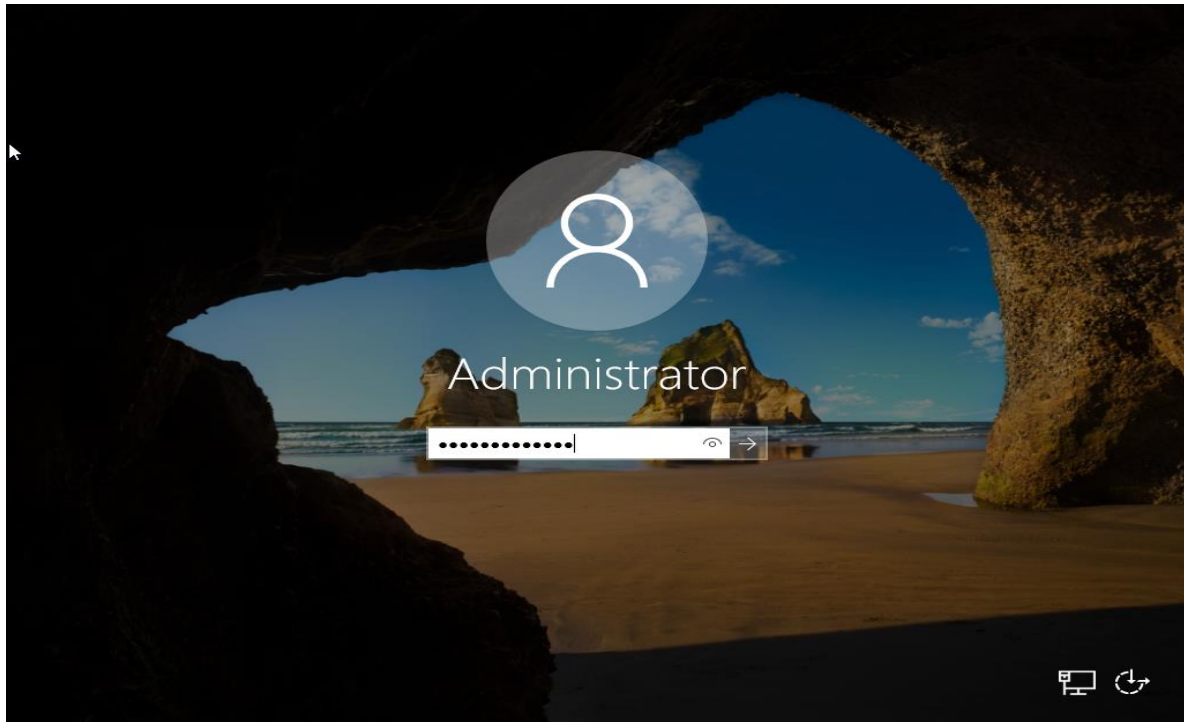
Step-9



Step-10



Step-11



Step-12

Lab - 5

Deploying and administering AD DS

Aim:

Deploying AD DS

Deploying domain controllers by performing domain controller cloning

Administering AD DS

Step-1

Add Roles and Features Wizard

DESTINATION SERVER
WIN-V8UL49GT5SH.cgkrockz.server

Select installation type

Before You Begin

Installation Type

Server Selection

Server Roles

Features

Confirmation

Results

Select the installation type. You can install roles and features on a running physical computer or virtual machine, or on an offline virtual hard disk (VHD).

☒ **Role-based or feature-based installation**
Configure a single server by adding roles, role services, and features.

☐ **Remote Desktop Services installation**
Install required role services for Virtual Desktop Infrastructure (VDI) to create a virtual machine-based or session-based desktop deployment.

< Previous

Next >

Install

Cancel

Step-2

Add Roles and Features Wizard

DESTINATION SERVER
WIN-V8UL49GT5SH.cgkrockz.server

Select destination server

Before You Begin

Installation Type

Server Selection

Server Roles

Features

Confirmation

Results

Select a server or a virtual hard disk on which to install roles and features.

☒ Select a server from the server pool

☐ Select a virtual hard disk

Server Pool

Filter:

Name	IP Address	Operating System
WIN-V8UL49GT5SH.cgkr...	192.168.10.1	Microsoft Windows Server 2016 Standard Evaluation

1 Computer(s) found

This page shows servers that are running Windows Server 2012 or a newer release of Windows Server, and that have been added by using the Add Servers command in Server Manager. Offline servers and newly-added servers from which data collection is still incomplete are not shown.

< Previous

Next >

Install

Cancel

Step-3

Lab – 8

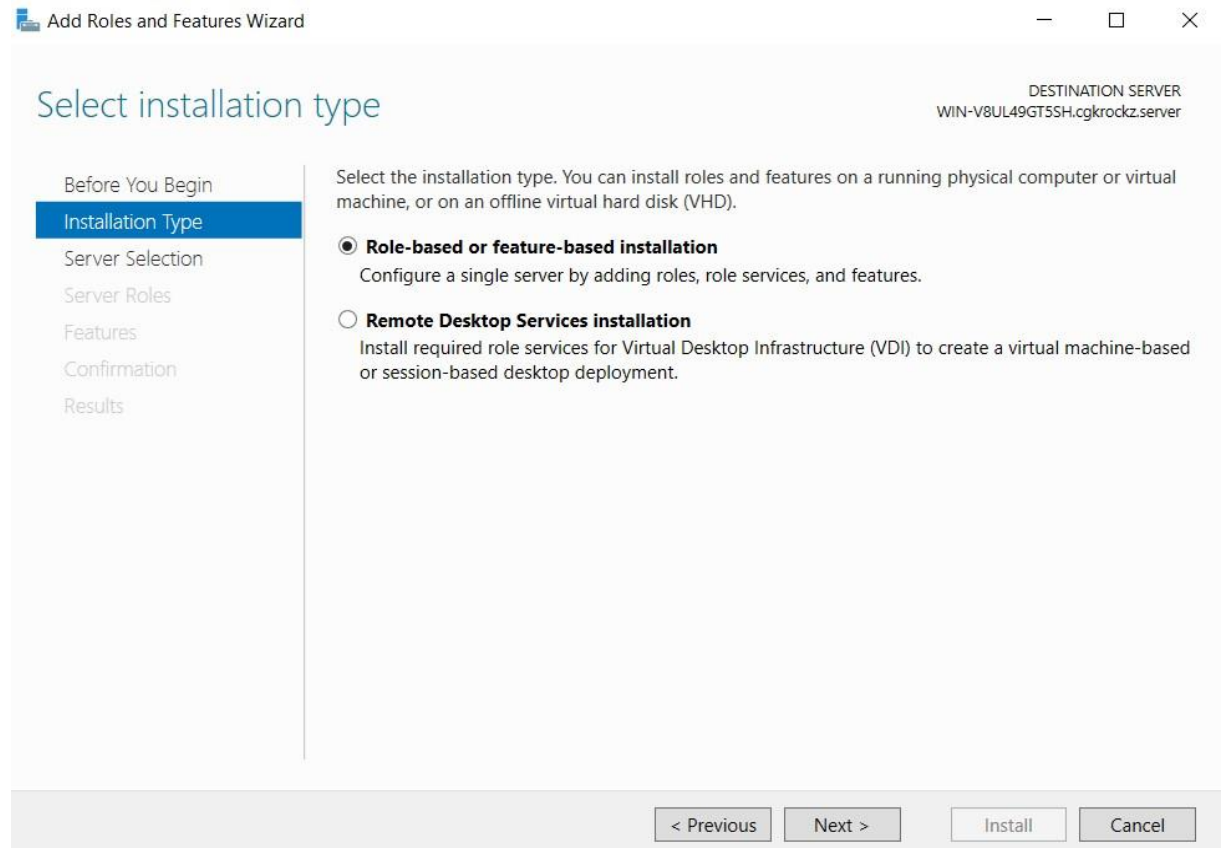
Domain and trust management in AD DS

Aim:

Implementing forest trusts

- Implementing child domains in AD DS

Step-1



The screenshot shows the 'Add Roles and Features Wizard' window. The title bar reads 'Add Roles and Features Wizard'. The main heading is 'Select installation type'. In the top right corner, it says 'DESTINATION SERVER WIN-V8UL49GT5SH.cgkrockz.server'. On the left, a navigation pane lists the steps: 'Before You Begin', 'Installation Type' (which is highlighted in blue), 'Server Selection', 'Server Roles', 'Features', 'Confirmation', and 'Results'. The main area contains the text: 'Select the installation type. You can install roles and features on a running physical computer or virtual machine, or on an offline virtual hard disk (VHD)'. There are two radio button options: 'Role-based or feature-based installation' (which is selected) and 'Remote Desktop Services installation'. Below the first option is the description: 'Configure a single server by adding roles, role services, and features.' Below the second option is the description: 'Install required role services for Virtual Desktop Infrastructure (VDI) to create a virtual machine-based or session-based desktop deployment.' At the bottom of the window, there are four buttons: '< Previous', 'Next >', 'Install', and 'Cancel'.

Step-2

Select destination server

DESTINATION SERVER
WIN-V8UL49GT5SH.cgkrockz.server

Before You Begin

Installation Type

Server Selection

Server Roles

Features

Confirmation

Results

Select a server or a virtual hard disk on which to install roles and features.

☒ Select a server from the server pool☐ Select a virtual hard disk

Server Pool

Filter:

Name	IP Address	Operating System
WIN-V8UL49GT5SH.cgkr...	192.168.10.1	Microsoft Windows Server 2016 Standard Evaluation

1 Computer(s) found

This page shows servers that are running Windows Server 2012 or a newer release of Windows Server, and that have been added by using the Add Servers command in Server Manager. Offline servers and newly-added servers from which data collection is still incomplete are not shown.

< Previous

Next >

Install

Cancel

Step-3

Select server roles

DESTINATION SERVER
WIN-V8UL49GT5SH.cgkrockz.server

Before You Begin

Installation Type

Server Selection

Server Roles

Features

AD DS

Confirmation

Results

Select one or more roles to install on the selected server.

Roles

- ☐ Active Directory Certificate Services
- ☒ Active Directory Domain Services
- ☐ Active Directory Federation Services
- ☐ Active Directory Lightweight Directory Services
- ☐ Active Directory Rights Management Services
- ☐ Device Health Attestation
- ☐ DHCP Server
- ☒ DNS Server (Installed)
- ☐ Fax Server
- ☒ File and Storage Services (2 of 12 installed)
- ☐ Host Guardian Service
- ☐ Hyper-V
- ☐ MultiPoint Services
- ☐ Network Policy and Access Services
- ☐ Print and Document Services
- ☐ Remote Access
- ☐ Remote Desktop Services
- ☐ Volume Activation Services
- ☐ Web Server (IIS)
- ☐ Windows Deployment Services

Description

Active Directory Domain Services (AD DS) stores information about objects on the network and makes this information available to users and network administrators. AD DS uses domain controllers to give network users access to permitted resources anywhere on the network through a single logon process.

< Previous

Next >

Install

Cancel

Step-4

Installation progress

DESTINATION SERVER
WIN-V8UL49GT5SH.cgkrockz.server[Before You Begin](#)[Installation Type](#)[Server Selection](#)[Server Roles](#)[Features](#)[AD DS](#)[Confirmation](#)**Results**

View installation progress



Feature installation

Configuration required. Installation succeeded on WIN-V8UL49GT5SH.cgkrockz.server.

Active Directory Domain Services

Additional steps are required to make this machine a domain controller.

[Promote this server to a domain controller](#)**Group Policy Management****Remote Server Administration Tools****Role Administration Tools****AD DS and AD LDS Tools****AD DS Tools****Active Directory Administrative Center****AD DS Snap-Ins and Command-Line Tools**

You can close this wizard without interrupting running tasks. View task progress or open this page again by clicking Notifications in the command bar, and then Task Details.

[Export configuration settings](#)

< Previous

Next >

Close

Cancel

Step-5

Deployment Configuration

TARGET SERVER
WIN-V8UL49GT5SH.cgkrockz.server

Deployment Configuration

Domain Controller Options

DNS Options

Additional Options

Paths

Review Options

Prerequisites Check

Installation

Results

Select the deployment operation

- ☐ Add a domain controller to an existing domain
- ☐ Add a new domain to an existing forest
- ☒ Add a new forest

Specify the domain information for this operation

Root domain name:

gkrockzcdc.server

[More about deployment configurations](#)

< Previous

Next >

Install

Cancel

Step-6

Domain Controller Options

TARGET SERVER
WIN-V8UL49GT5SH.cgkrockz.server

Deployment Configuration

Domain Controller Options

DNS Options

Additional Options

Paths

Review Options

Prerequisites Check

Installation

Results

Select functional level of the new forest and root domain

Forest functional level: Windows Server 2016 ▼

Domain functional level: Windows Server 2016 ▼

Specify domain controller capabilities

☒ Domain Name System (DNS) server☒ Global Catalog (GC)☐ Read only domain controller (RODC)

Type the Directory Services Restore Mode (DSRM) password

Password:

Confirm password:

[More about domain controller options](#)

< Previous

Next >

Install

Cancel

Step-7

Additional Options

TARGET SERVER
WIN-V8UL49GT5SH.cgkrockz.server

Deployment Configuration
Domain Controller Options
DNS Options
Additional Options
Paths
Review Options
Prerequisites Check
Installation
Results

Verify the NetBIOS name assigned to the domain and change it if necessary

The NetBIOS domain name:

[More about additional options](#)

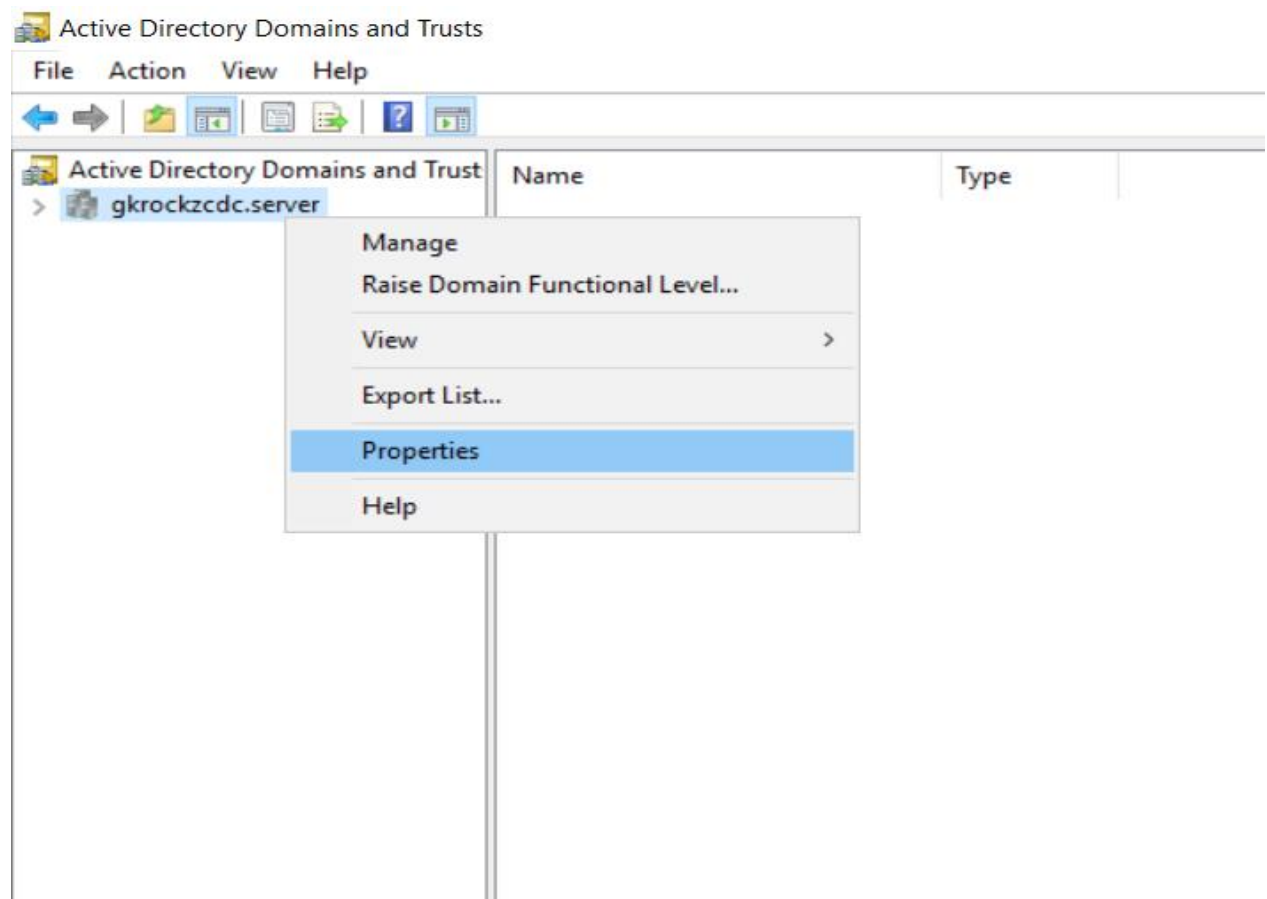
< Previous

Next >

Install

Cancel

Step-8



Step-9



Welcome to the New Trust Wizard

This wizard helps you create a trust between this domain and any of the following:

- A Windows domain in this forest or in another forest.
- A Windows NT 4.0 domain.
- A Kerberos V5 realm trust.
- Another forest.

A trust is a relationship that enables users in one domain, forest, or realm to be authenticated in a specified domain, forest, or realm.

To continue, click Next.

[< Back](#)[Next >](#)[Cancel](#)

Step-10



Welcome to the New Trust Wizard

This wizard helps you create a trust between this domain and any of the following:

- A Windows domain in this forest or in another forest.
- A Windows NT 4.0 domain.
- A Kerberos V5 realm trust.
- Another forest.

A trust is a relationship that enables users in one domain, forest, or realm to be authenticated in a specified domain, forest, or realm.


To continue, click Next.

[< Back](#)[Next >](#)[Cancel](#)

Step-11

New Trust Wizard ✕

Trust Name
You can create a trust by using a NetBIOS or DNS name.



Type the name of the domain, forest, or realm for this trust. If you type the name of a forest, you must type a DNS name.

Example NetBIOS name: supplier01-int
Example DNS name: supplier01-internal.microsoft.com

Name:

< Back Next > Cancel

Step-12

Trust Type

The name you specified is not a valid Windows domain name. Is the specified name a Kerberos V5 realm?



Select the appropriate trust type:

- ☒ **Realm trust**
If the server is not a Windows Active Directory Domain Controller, you can create a trust to an interoperable Kerberos V5 realm.
- ☐ **Trust with a Windows domain**
Specified domain: gkrockz

Retype the name of the domain.

Domain name:

gkrockz

< Back

Next >

Cancel

Step-13

Transitivity of Trust

Transitivity determines whether the trust is bounded by the domain and the realm in the trust relationship.



Trust transitivity:

☐ Nontransitive

The trust is bounded by the domain and the realm in the relationship.

☒ Transitive

If client computers are configured to take advantage of transitive trusts, the trust is bounded by the domain and the realm in the relationship and the children of the domain and the realm in the relationship.

< Back

Next >

Cancel

Step-14

Direction of Trust

You can create one-way or two-way trusts.



Select the direction for this trust.

- ☒ Two-way
Users in this domain can be authenticated in the specified domain, realm, or forest, and users in the specified domain, realm, or forest can be authenticated in this domain.
- ☐ One-way: incoming
Users in this domain can be authenticated in the specified domain, realm, or forest.
- ☐ One-way: outgoing
Users in the specified domain, realm, or forest can be authenticated in this domain.

< Back

Next >

Cancel

Step-15

Trust Password

Passwords are used by Active Directory Domain Controllers to confirm trust relationships.



Type a password for this trust. The same password must be used when creating this trust relationship in the specified domain. After the trust is created, the trust password is periodically updated for security purposes.

Trust password:

••••••••

Confirm trust password:

••••••••

< Back

Next >

Cancel

Step-16

Trust Selections Complete

The New Trust Wizard is ready to create the trust.



You have selected the following trust settings:

[This domain: gkrockzcdc.server
Specified domain: gkrockz

Direction:

Two-way: Users in the local domain can authenticate in the specified domain and users in the specified domain can authenticate in the local domain.

Trust type: realm

To make changes to this trust, click Back. To create the trust, click Next.

< Back

Next >

Cancel

Step-17



Completing the New Trust Wizard

You have successfully completed the New Trust Wizard.

Status of changes:

Trust relationship created successfully.

Specified domain: gkrockz

Direction:



Before this trust can function, it must also be created in the other domain. Ensure that the same trust password is used in both domains.

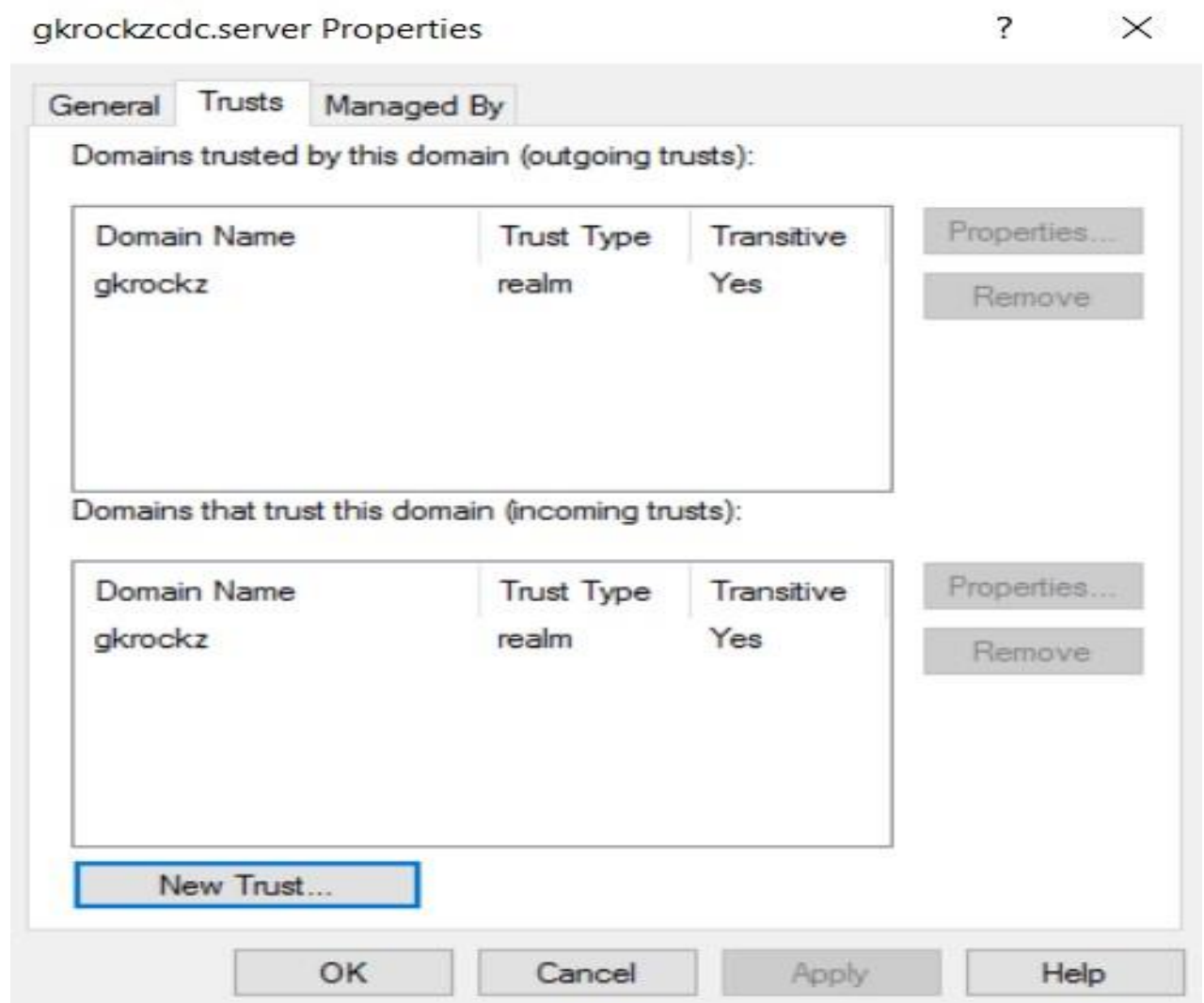
To close this wizard, click Finish.

< Back

Finish

Cancel

Step-18



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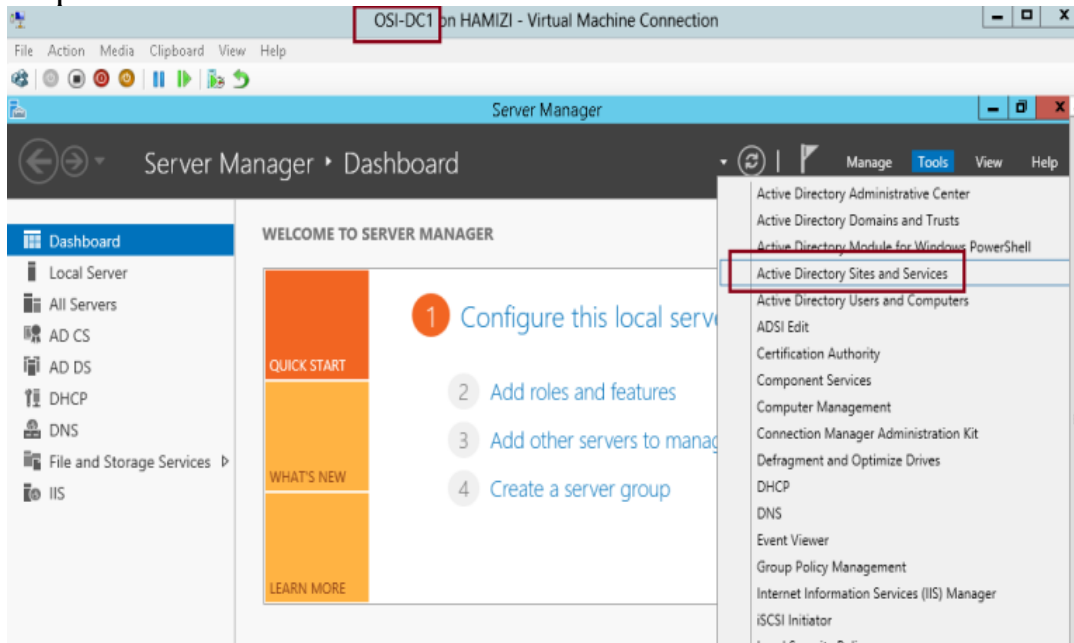
Implementing AD DS sites and replicatio

Aim:

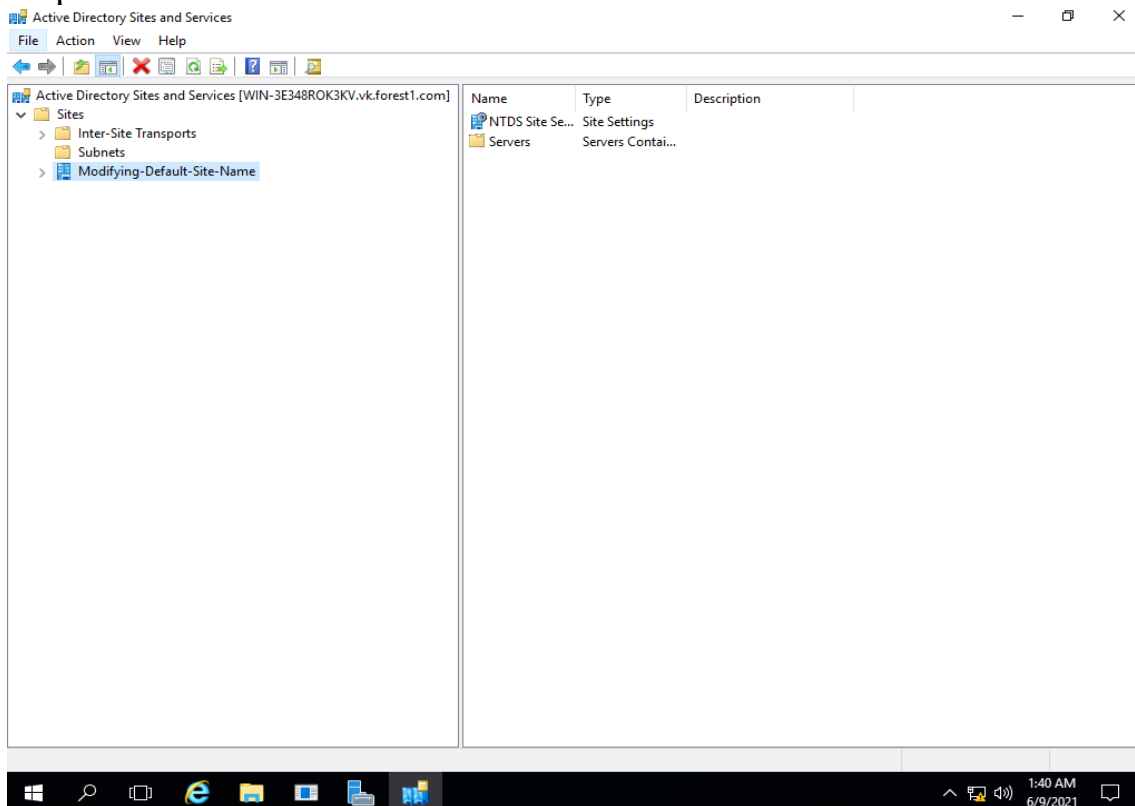
- Modifying the default site

- Creating additional sites and subnets
- Configuring AD DS replication
- Monitoring and troubleshooting AD DS replication

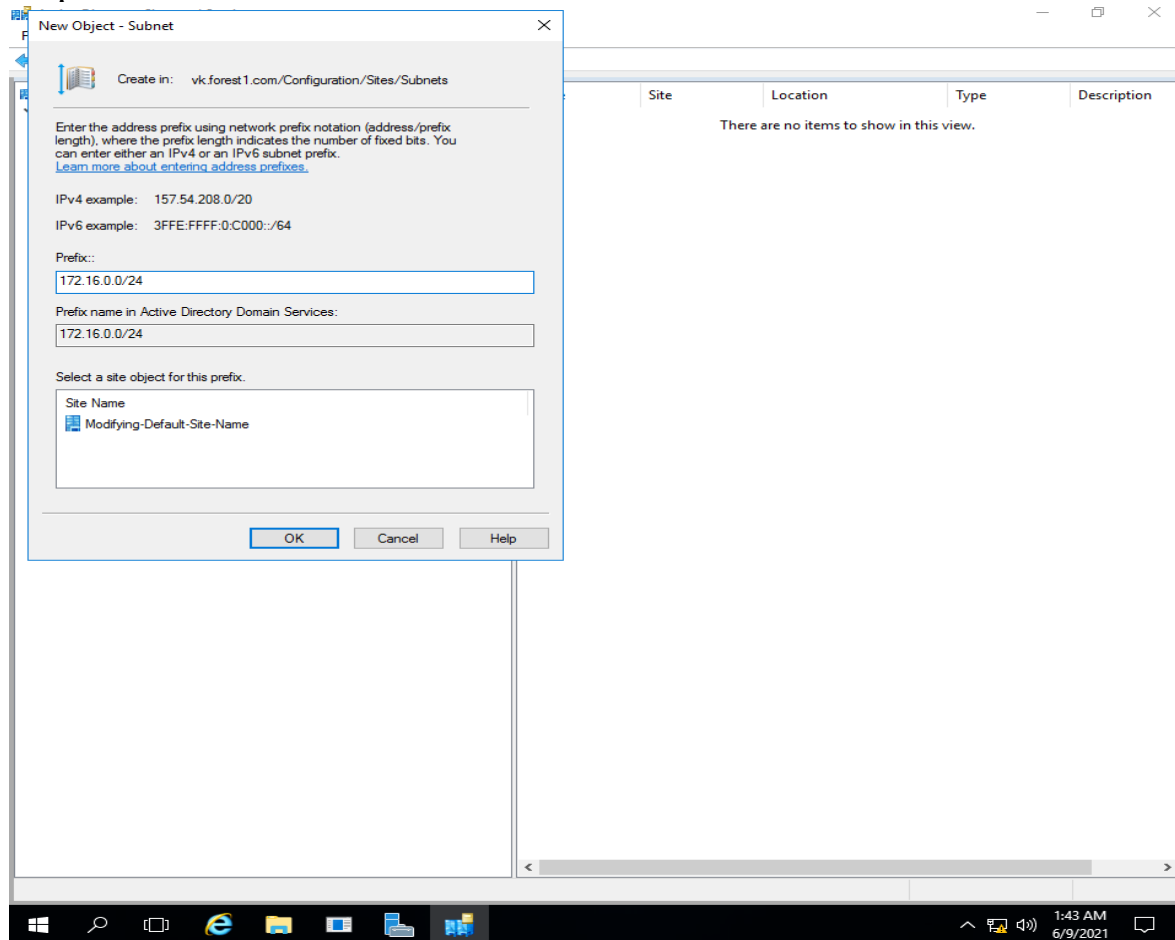
Step-1:



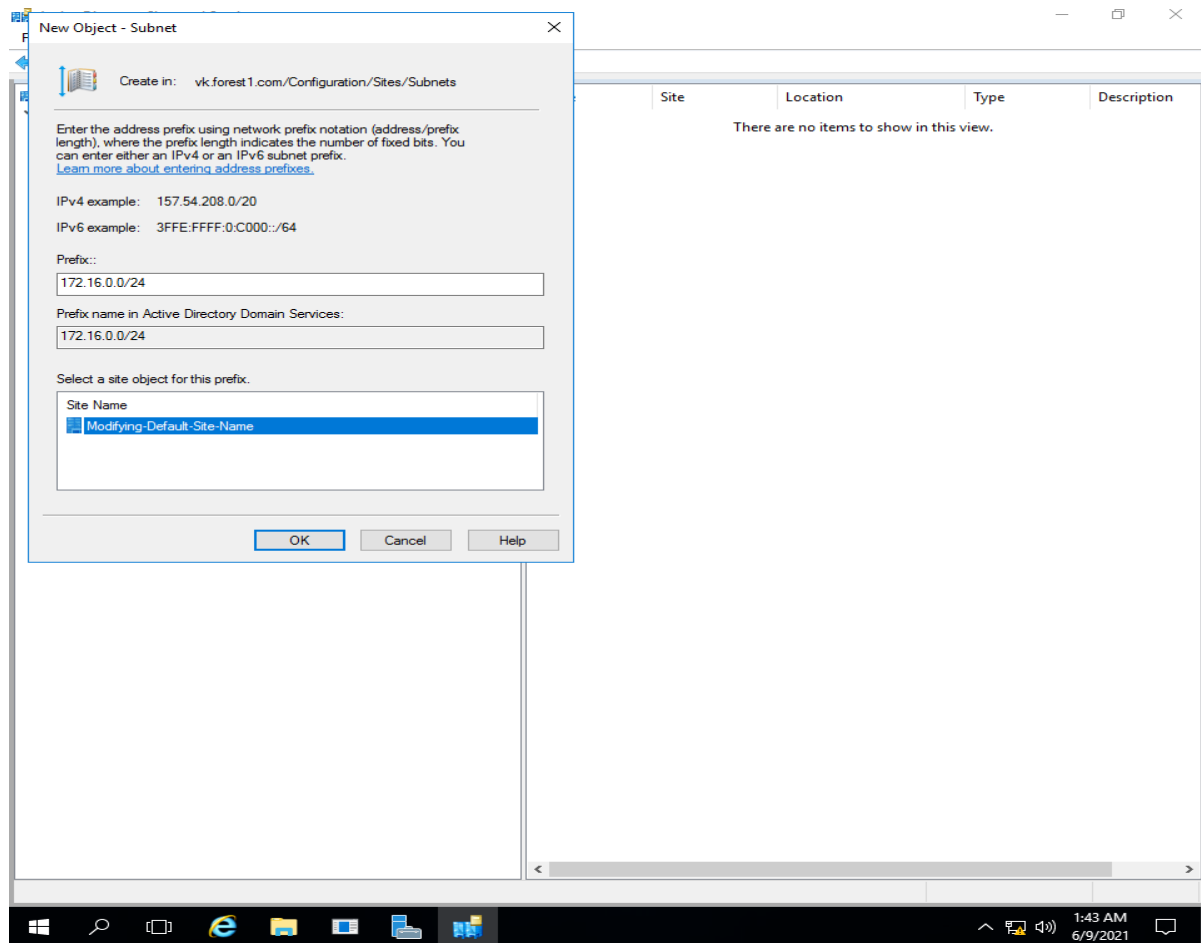
Step-2:



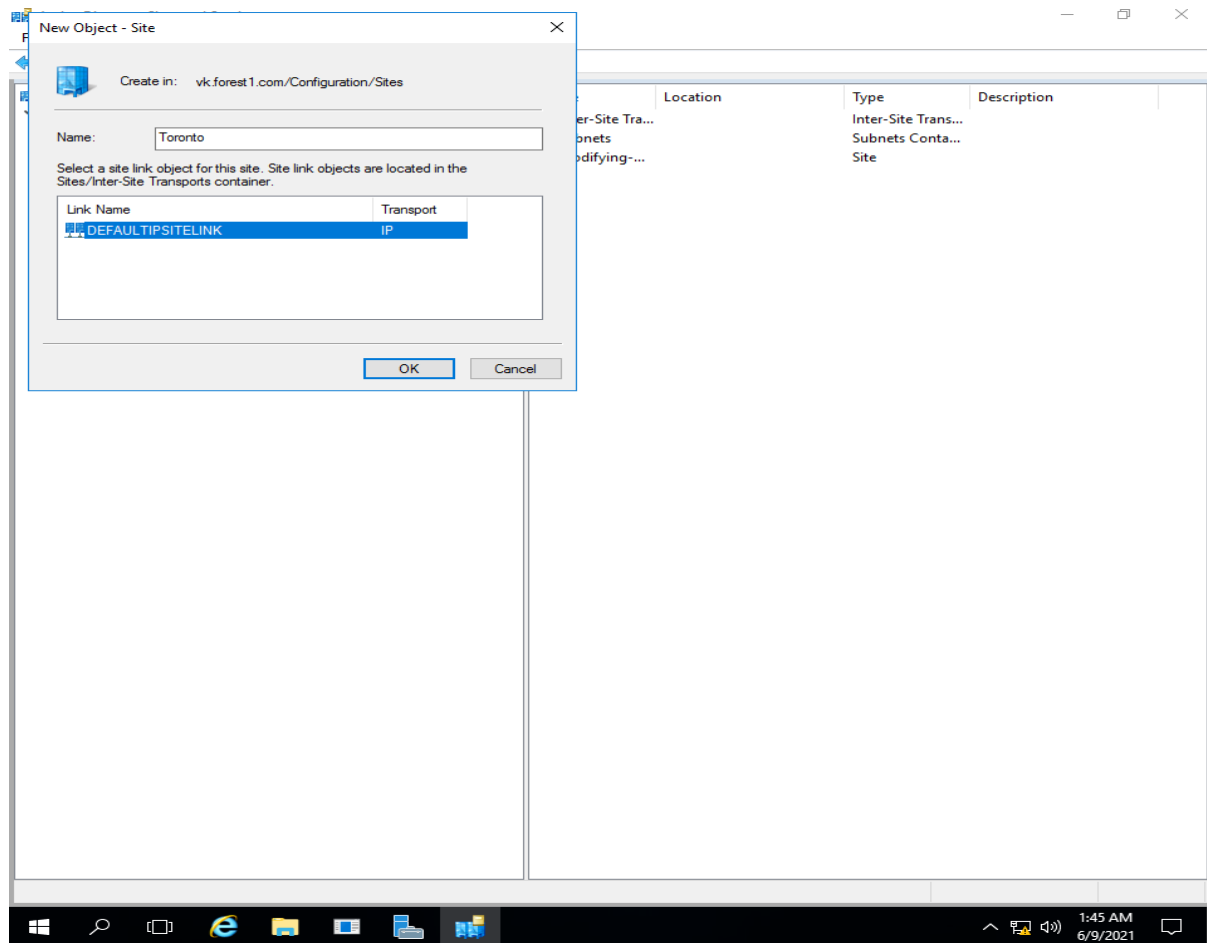
Step-3



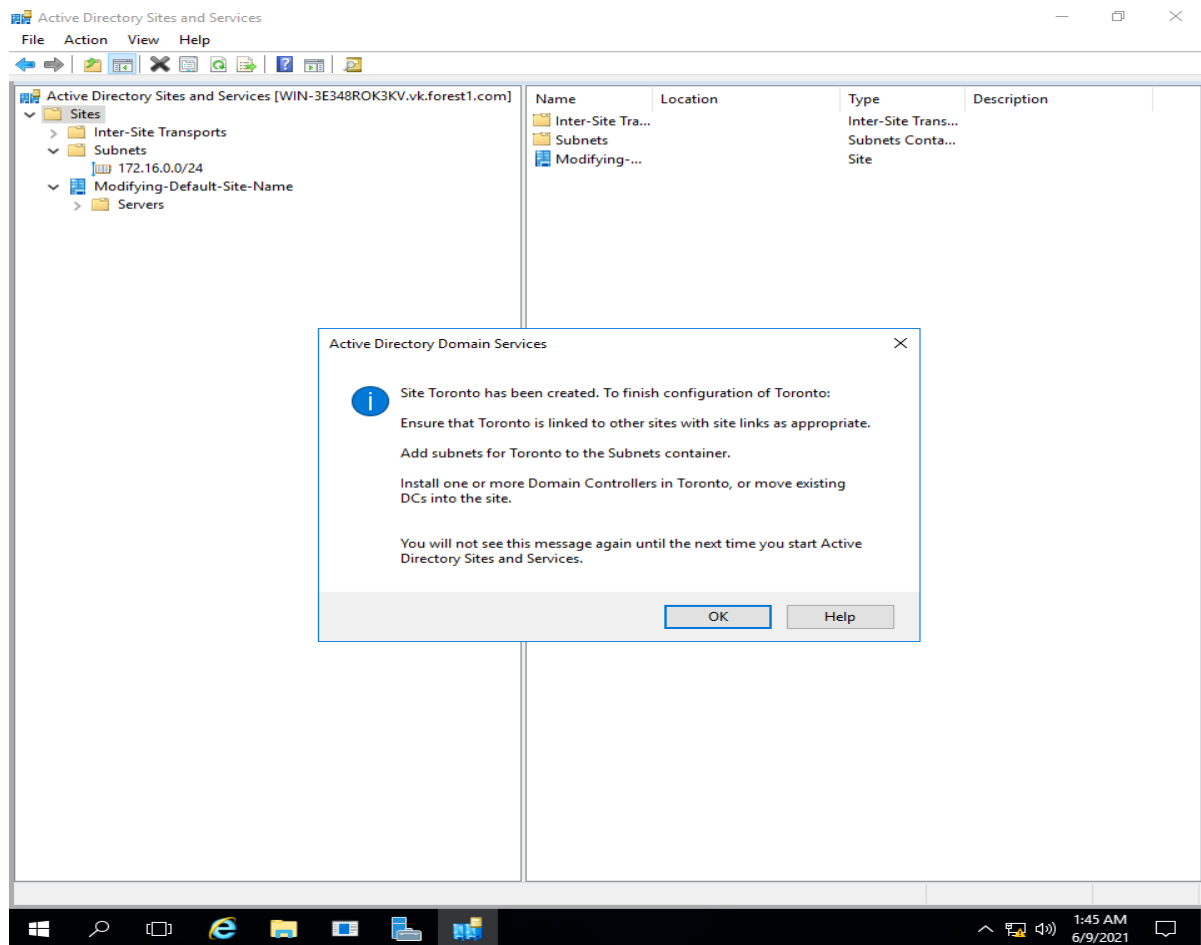
Step-4



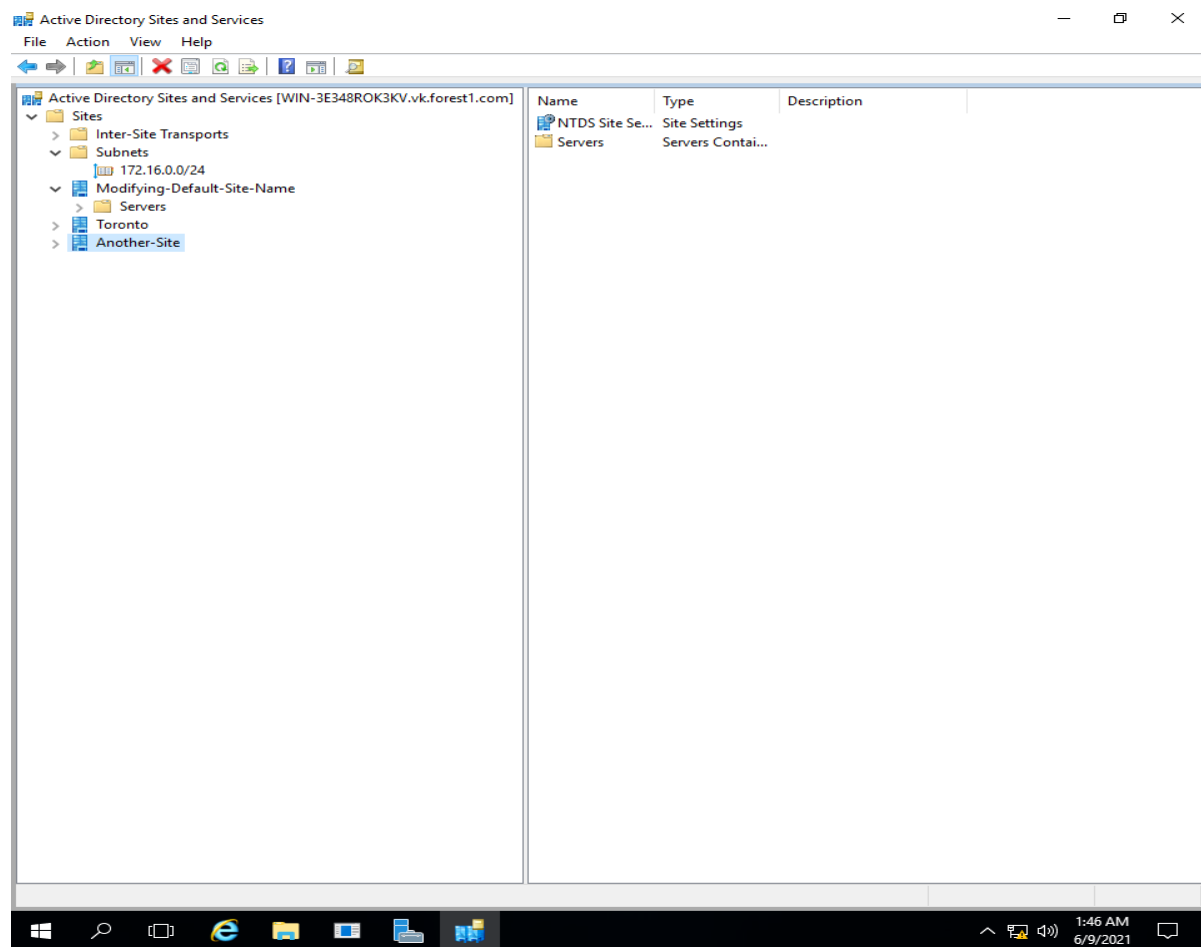
Step-5



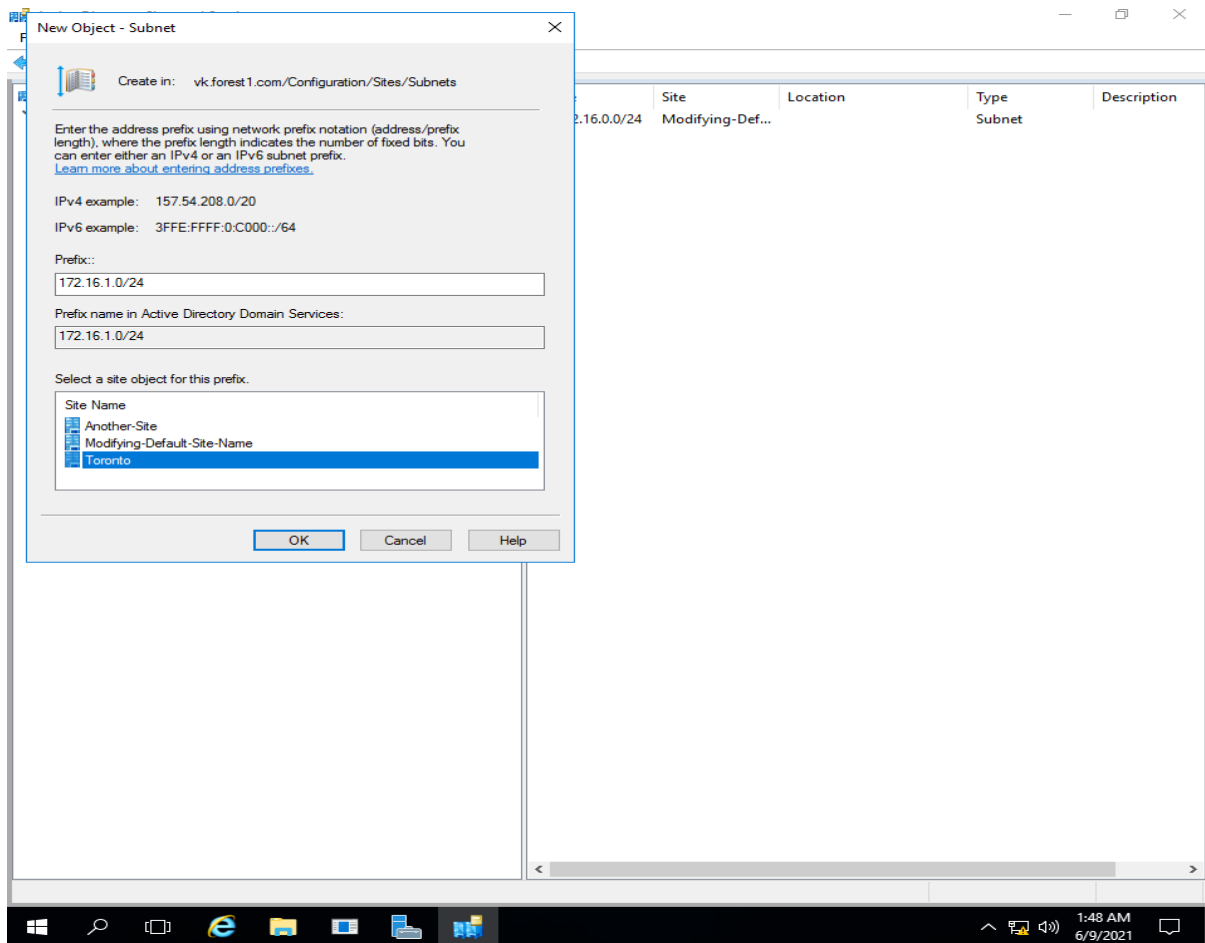
Step-6



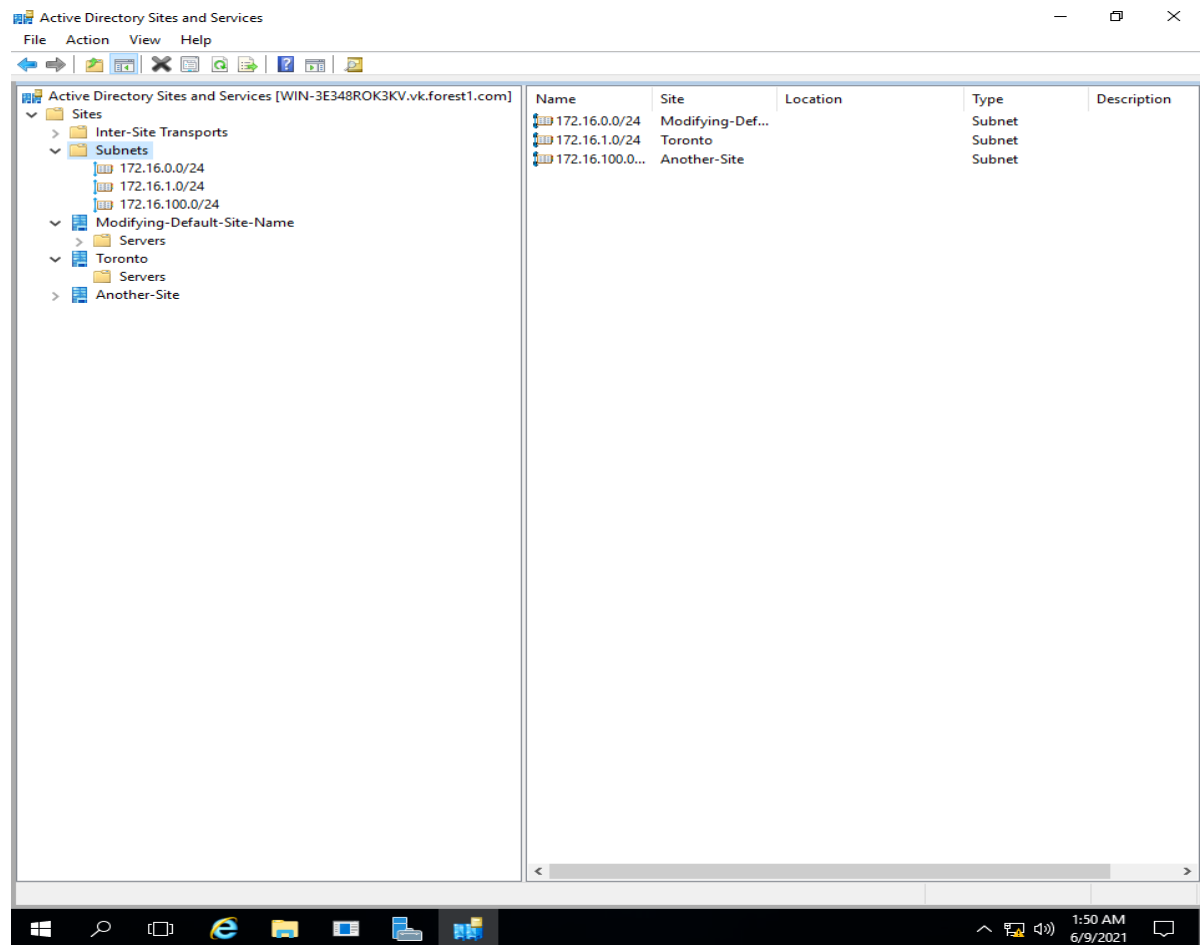
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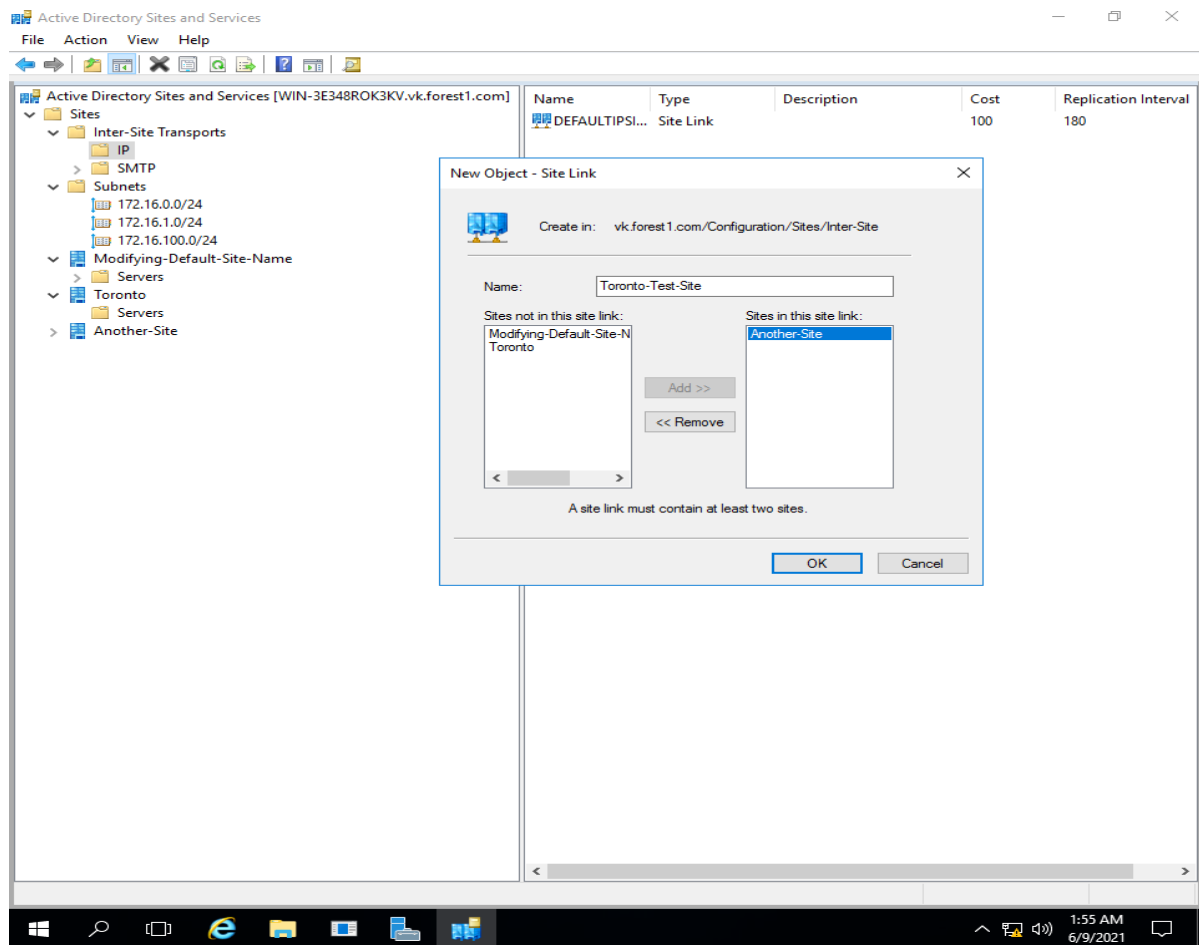
Step-8



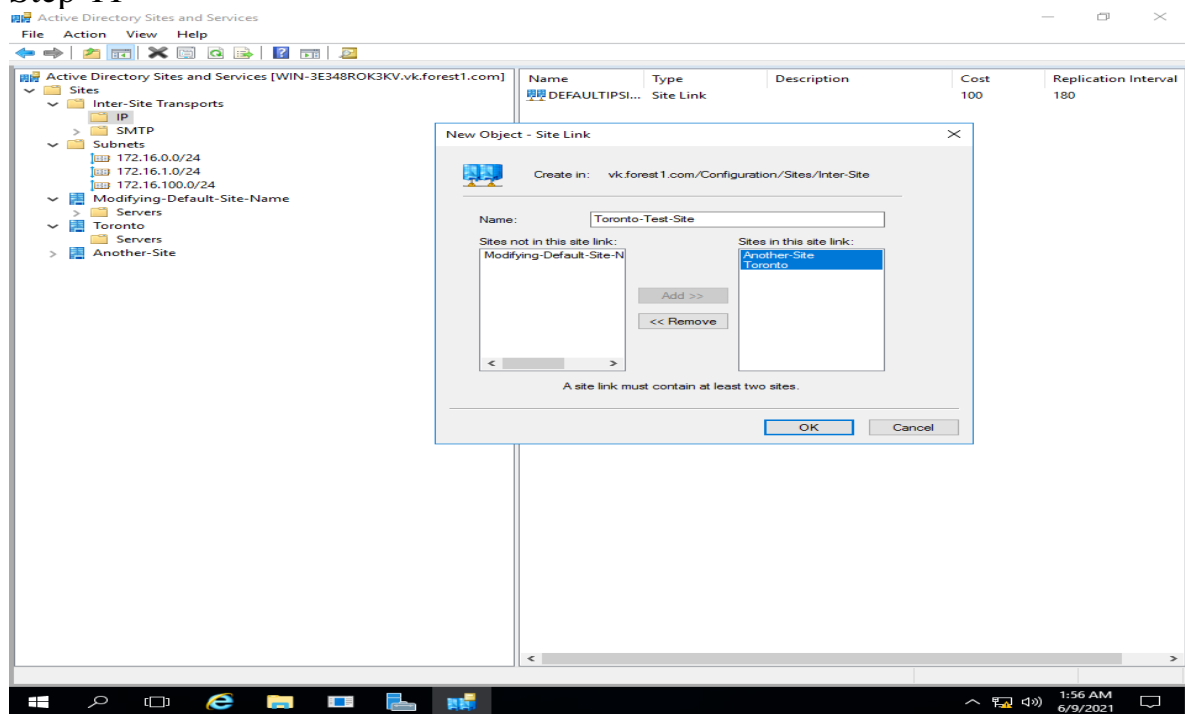
Step-9



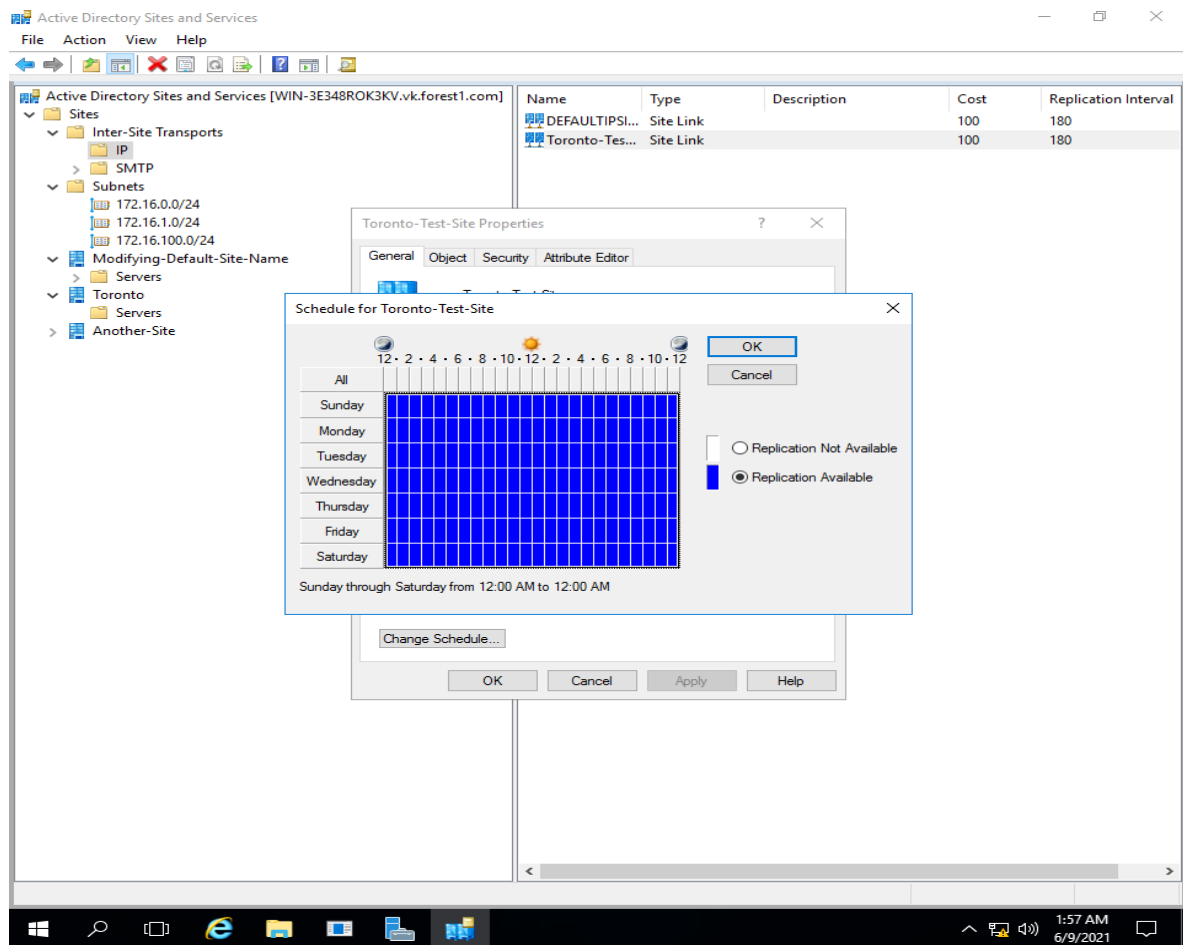
Step-10



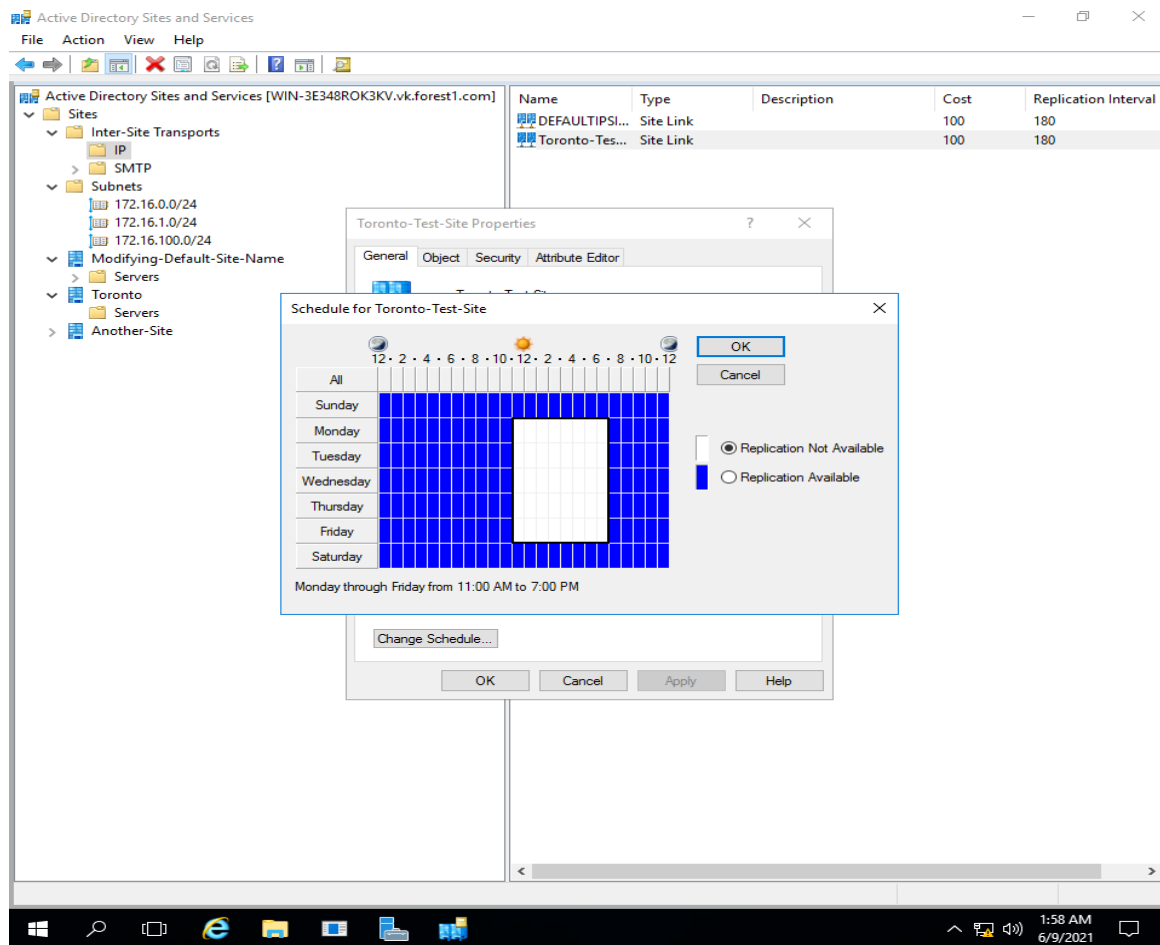
Step-11



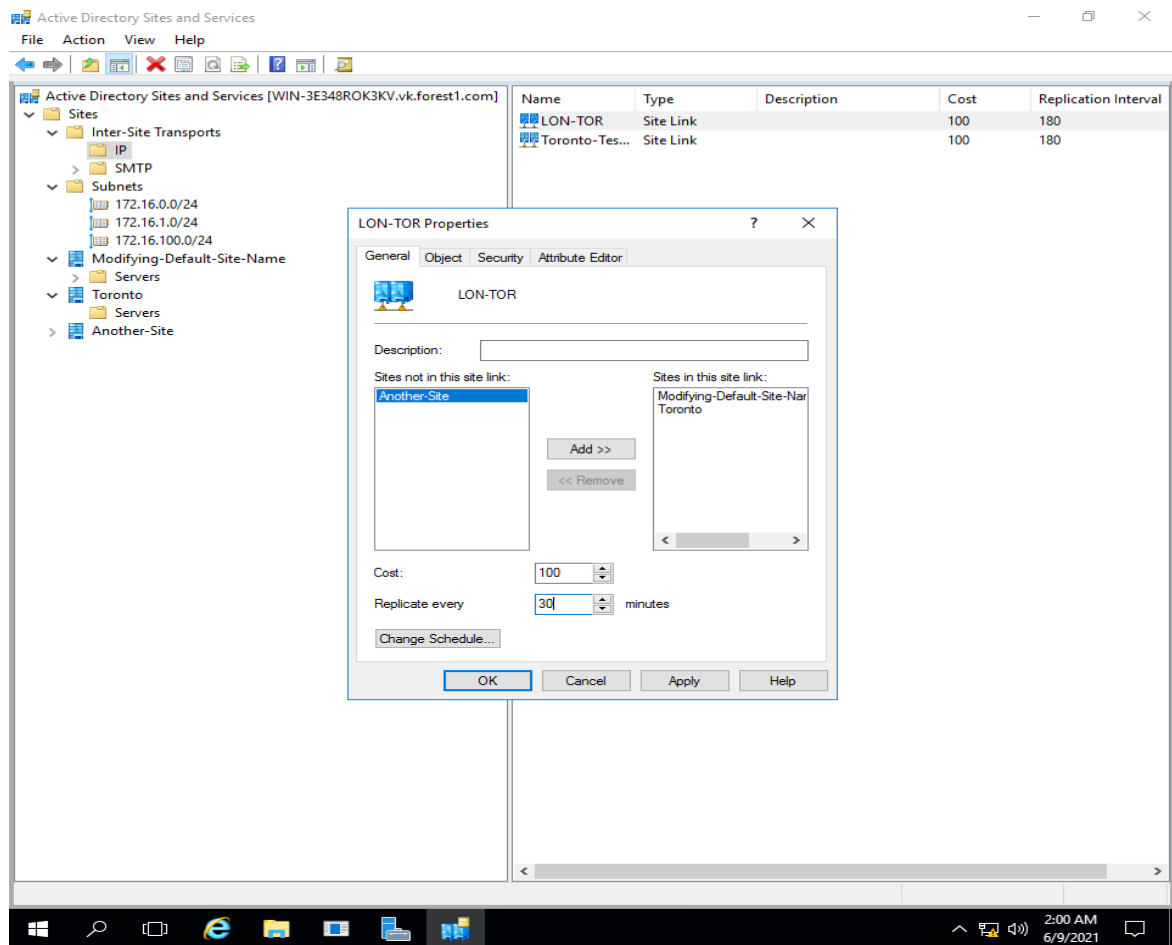
Step-12



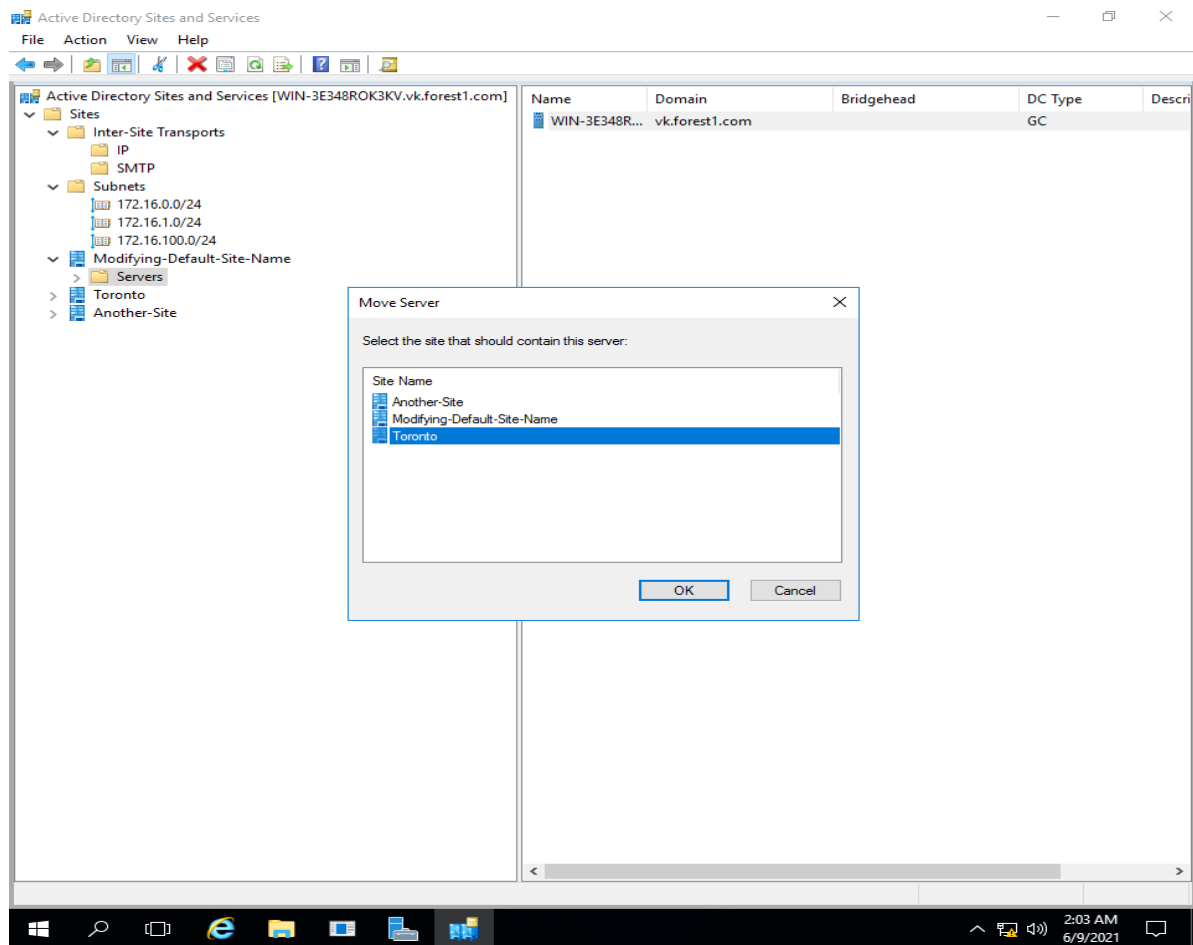
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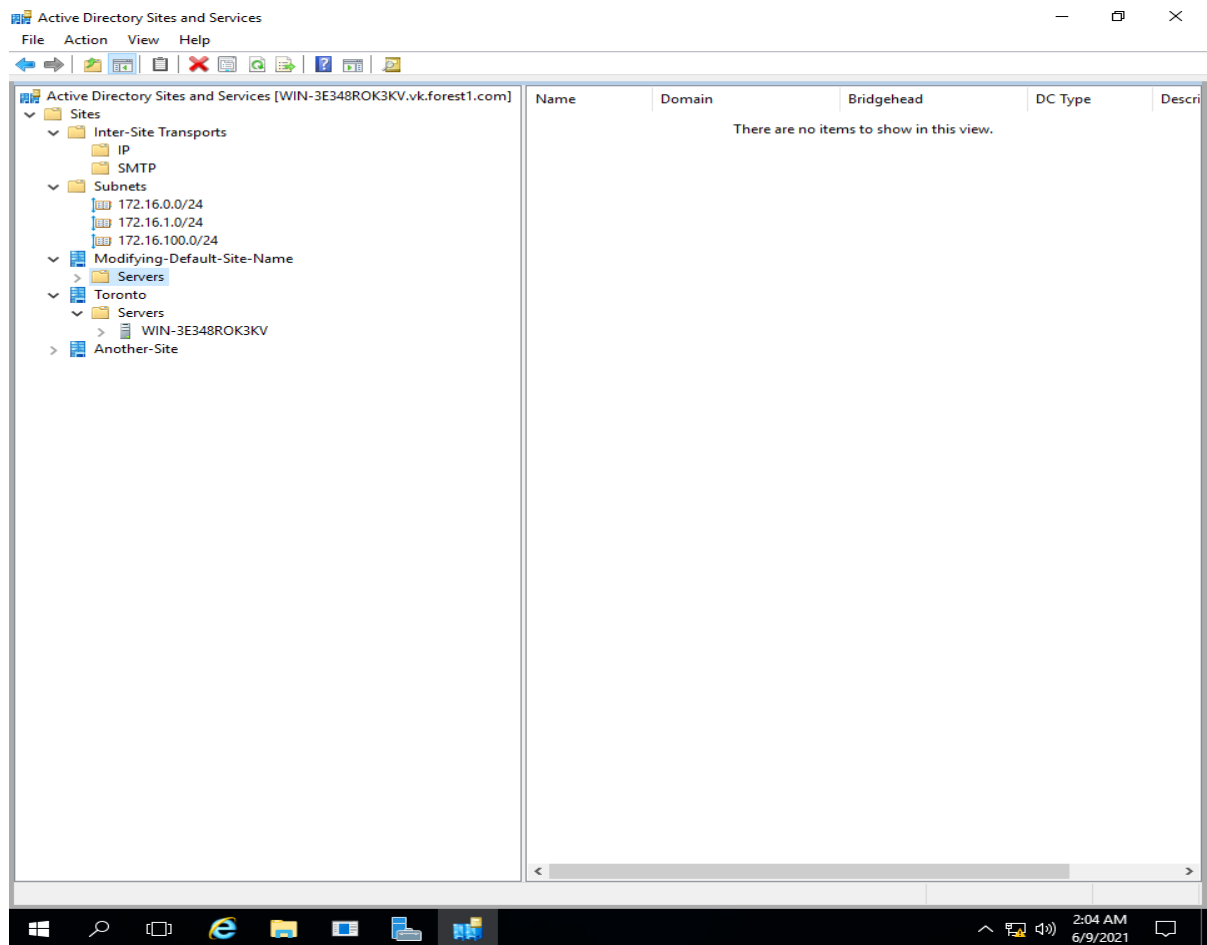
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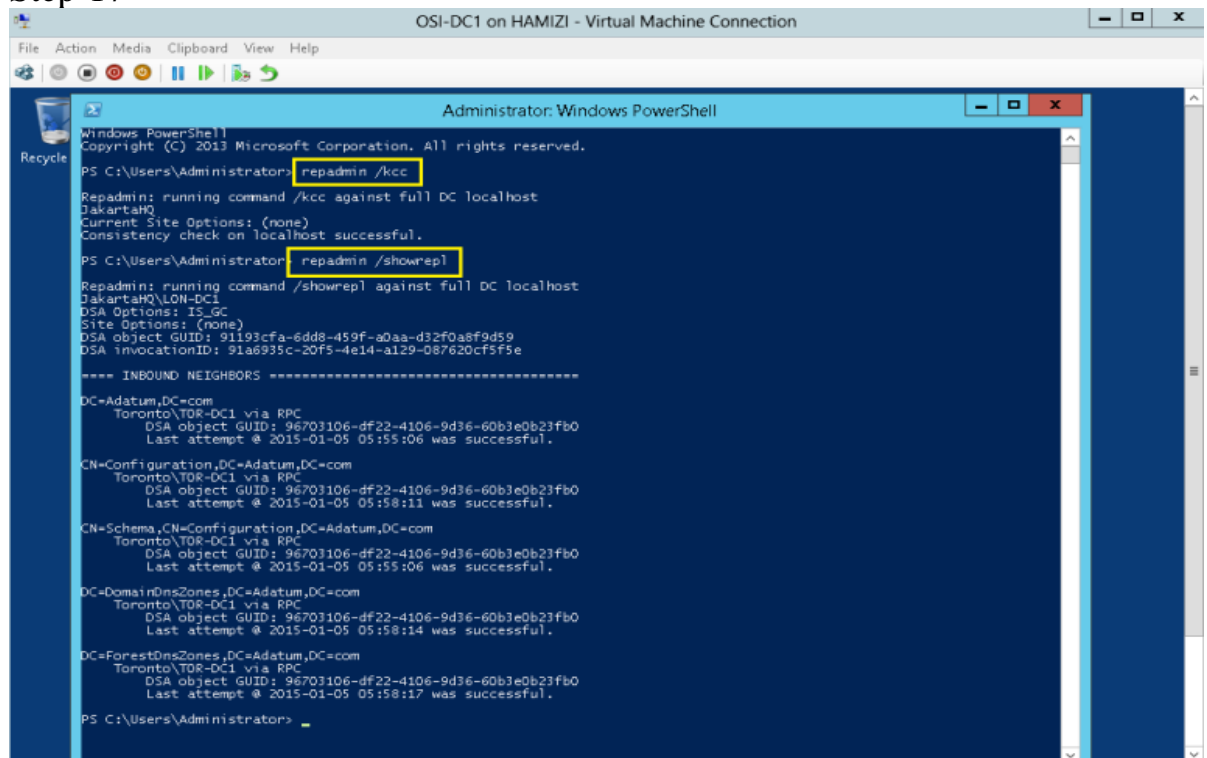
Step-15



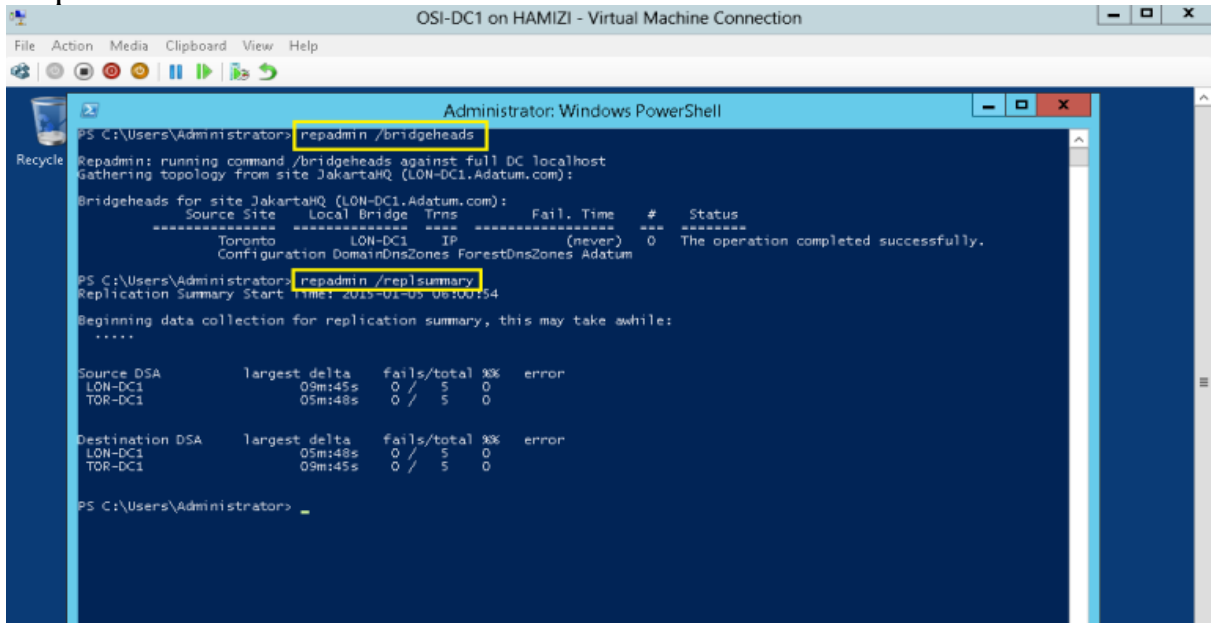
Step-16



Step-17



Step-18



```
PS C:\Users\Administrator> repadmin /bridgeheads
Repadmin: running command /bridgeheads against full DC localhost
gathering topology from site JakartaHQ (LON-DC1.Adatum.com):
Bridgeheads for site JakartaHQ (LON-DC1.Adatum.com):
-----
Source Site      Local Bridge  Trns  Fail. Time  #  Status
-----
Toronto         LON-DC1      IP    (never)    0  The operation completed successfully.
Configuration DomainDnsZones ForestDnsZones Adatum

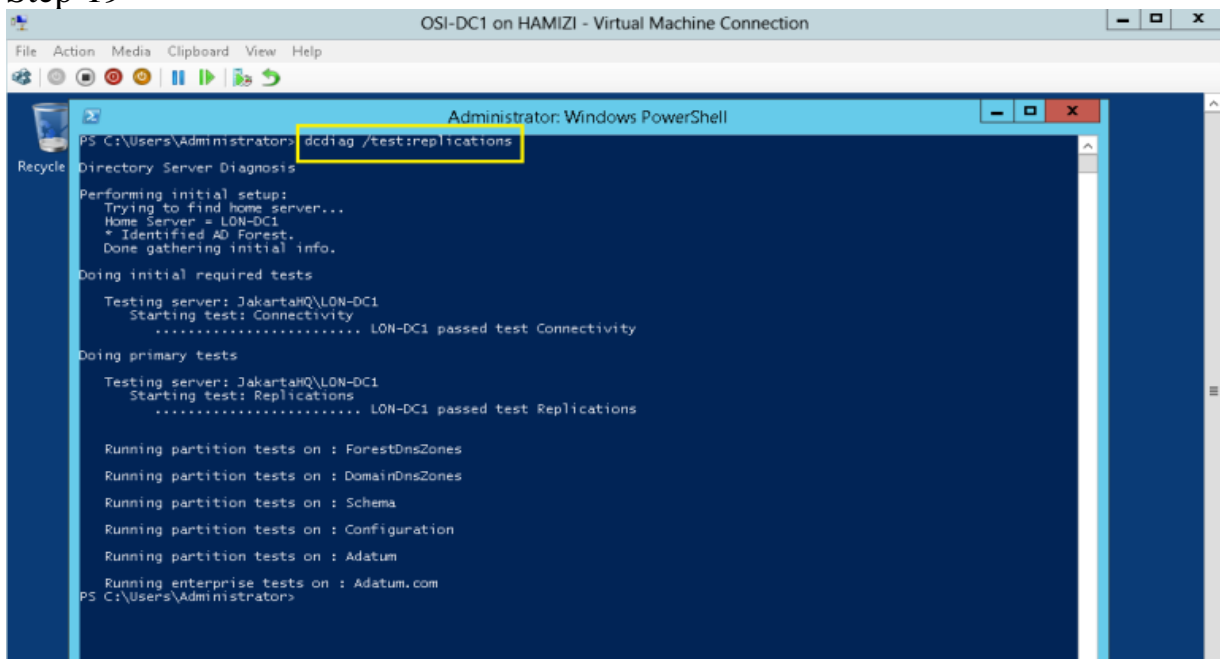
PS C:\Users\Administrator> repadmin /replsummary
Replication Summary Start Time: 2015-01-05 06:00:54
Beginning data collection for replication summary, this may take awhile:
.....

Source DSA      Largest delta  fails/total  % error
LON-DC1         09m:45s      0 / 5       0
TOR-DC1         05m:48s      0 / 5       0

Destination DSA Largest delta  fails/total  % error
LON-DC1         05m:48s      0 / 5       0
TOR-DC1         09m:45s      0 / 5       0

PS C:\Users\Administrator>
```

Step-19



```
PS C:\Users\Administrator> dcdiag /test:replications
Directory Server Diagnosis

Performing initial setup:
  Trying to find home server...
  Home Server = LON-DC1
  * Identified AD Forest.
  Done gathering initial info.

Doing initial required tests
  Testing server: JakartaHQ\LON-DC1
  Starting test: Connectivity
  ..... LON-DC1 passed test Connectivity

Doing primary tests
  Testing server: JakartaHQ\LON-DC1
  Starting test: Replications
  ..... LON-DC1 passed test Replications

Running partition tests on : ForestDnsZones
Running partition tests on : DomainDnsZones
Running partition tests on : Schema
Running partition tests on : Configuration
Running partition tests on : Adatum
Running enterprise tests on : Adatum.com
PS C:\Users\Administrator>
```

Lab – 10

Implementing a Group Policy infrastructure

Aim:

- Creating and configuring GPOs
- Managing GPO sc

Lab – 11

Troubleshooting Group Policy infrastructure

Aim:

- Verify GPO application
- Troubleshooting GPOs

Lab-12

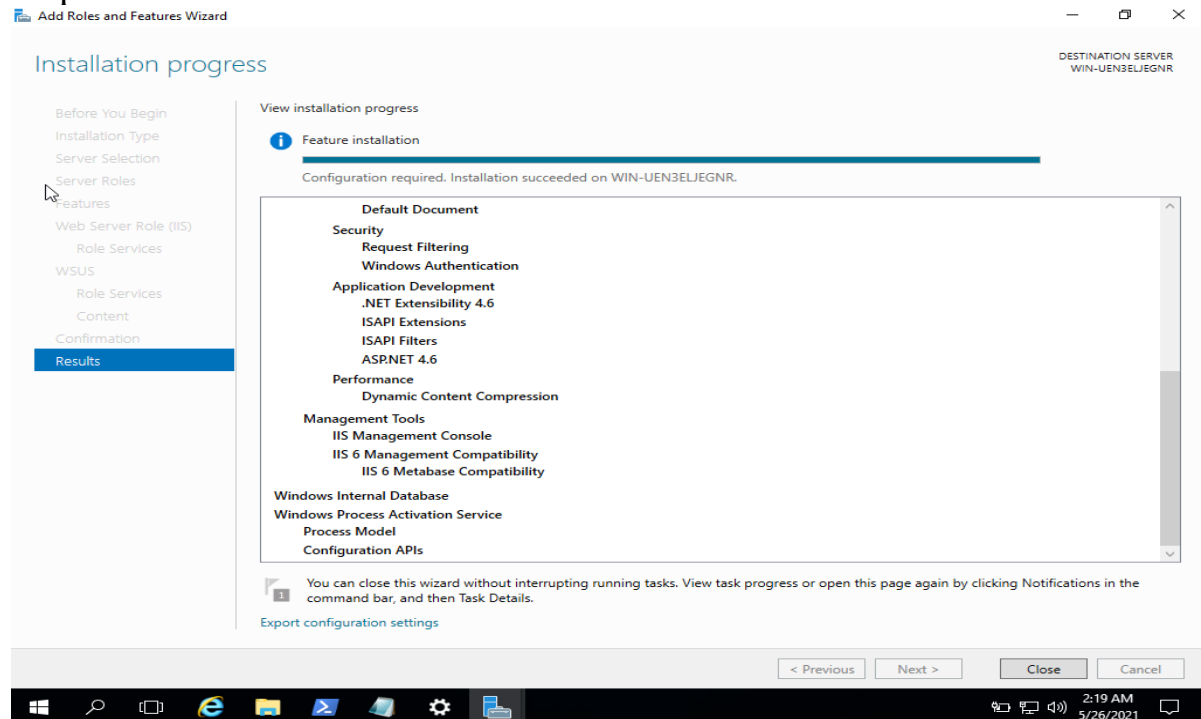
Implementing WSUS and deploying updates

Aim:

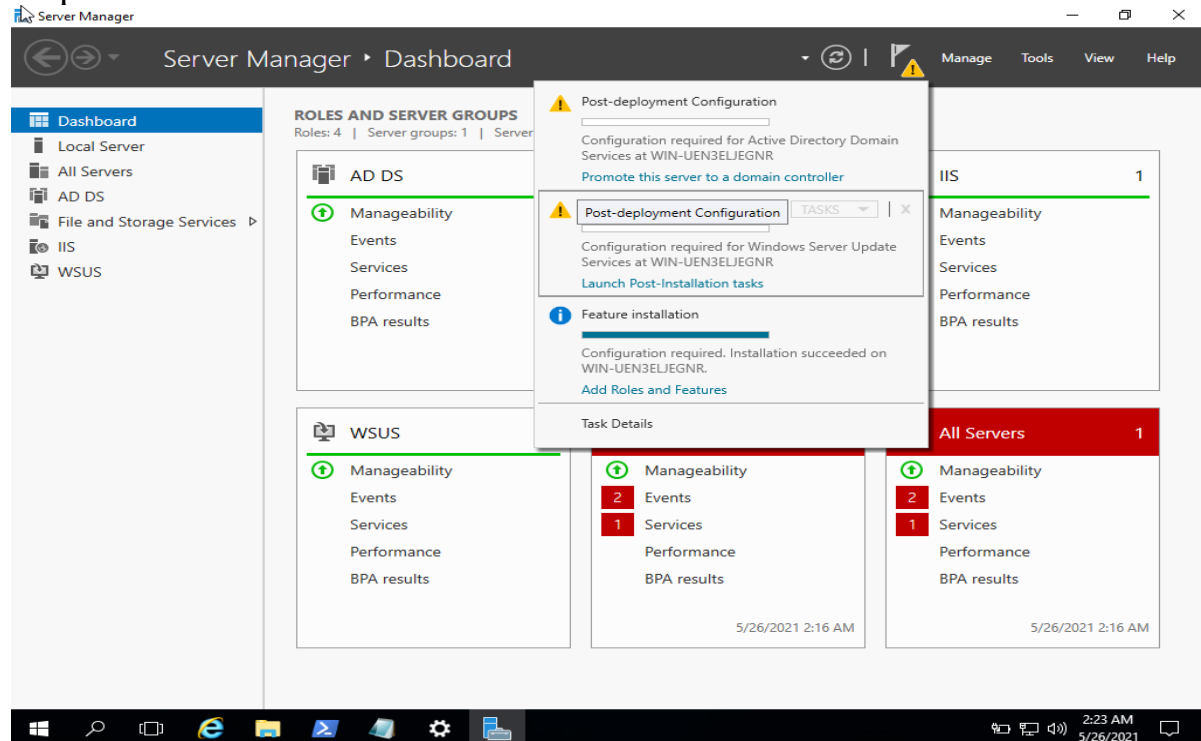
- °Implementing WSUS
- °Configuring update settings

- Approving and deploying an update by using WSUS

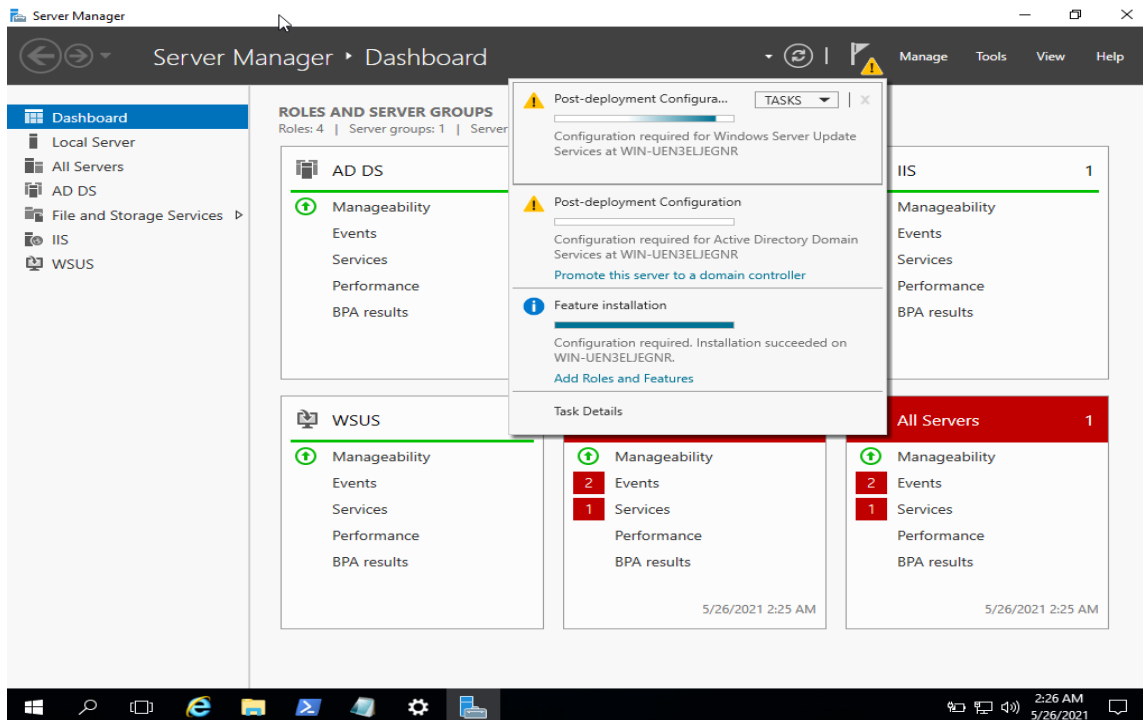
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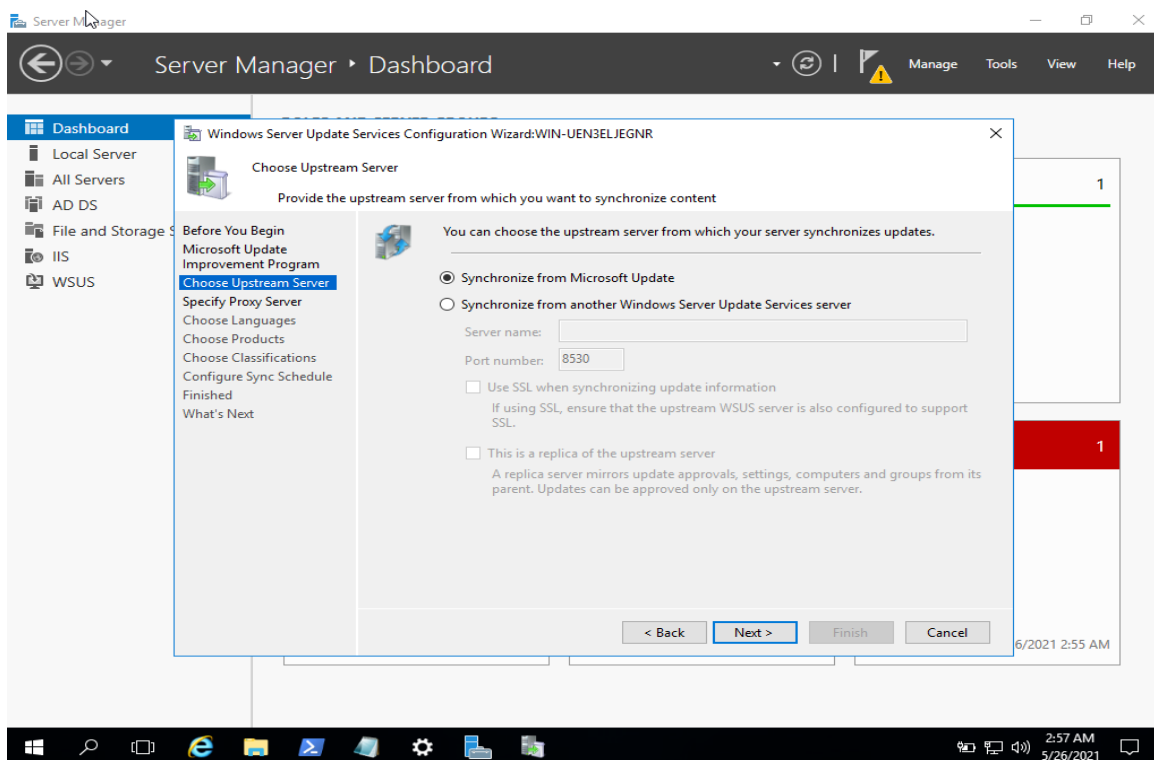
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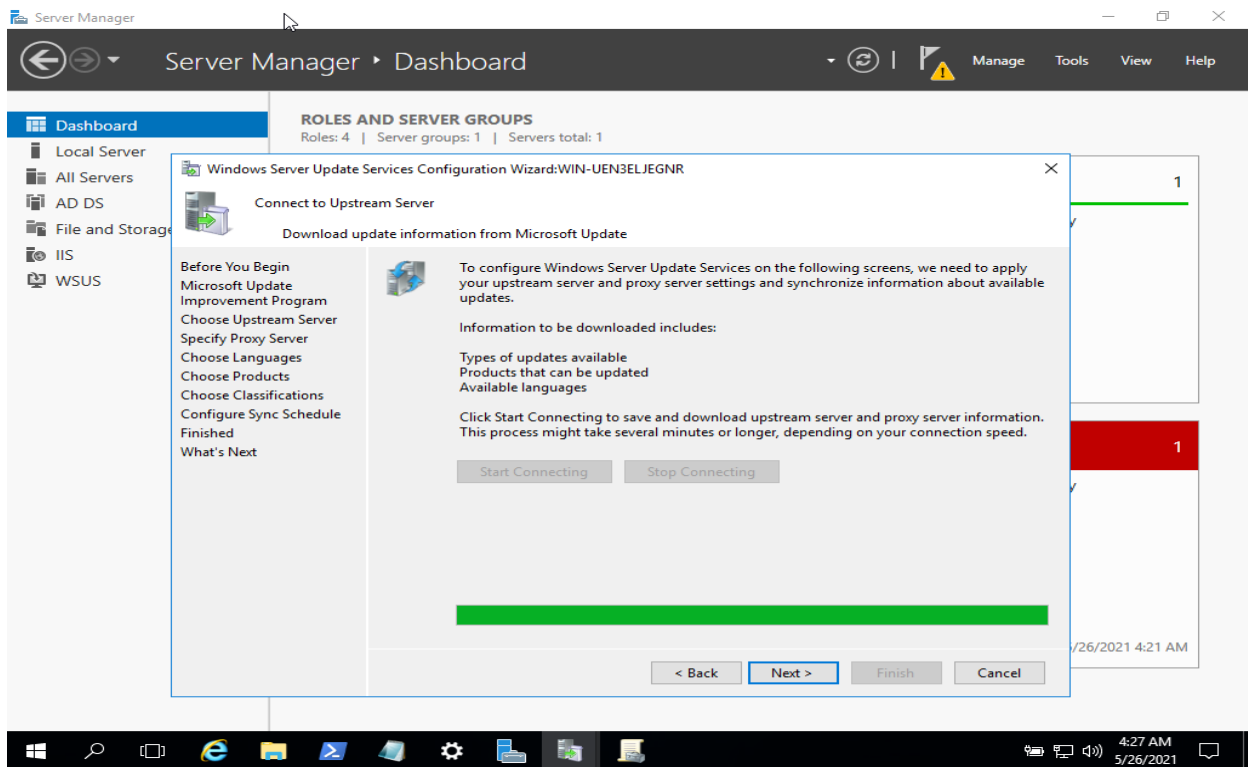
Step-3



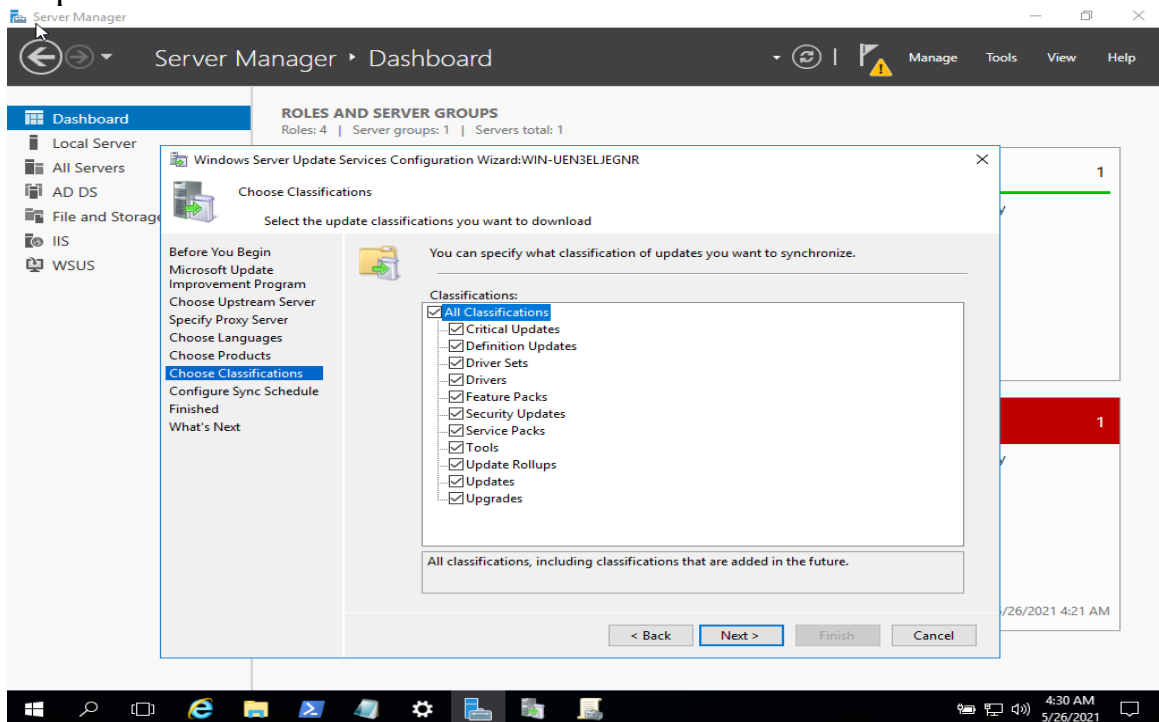
Step-4



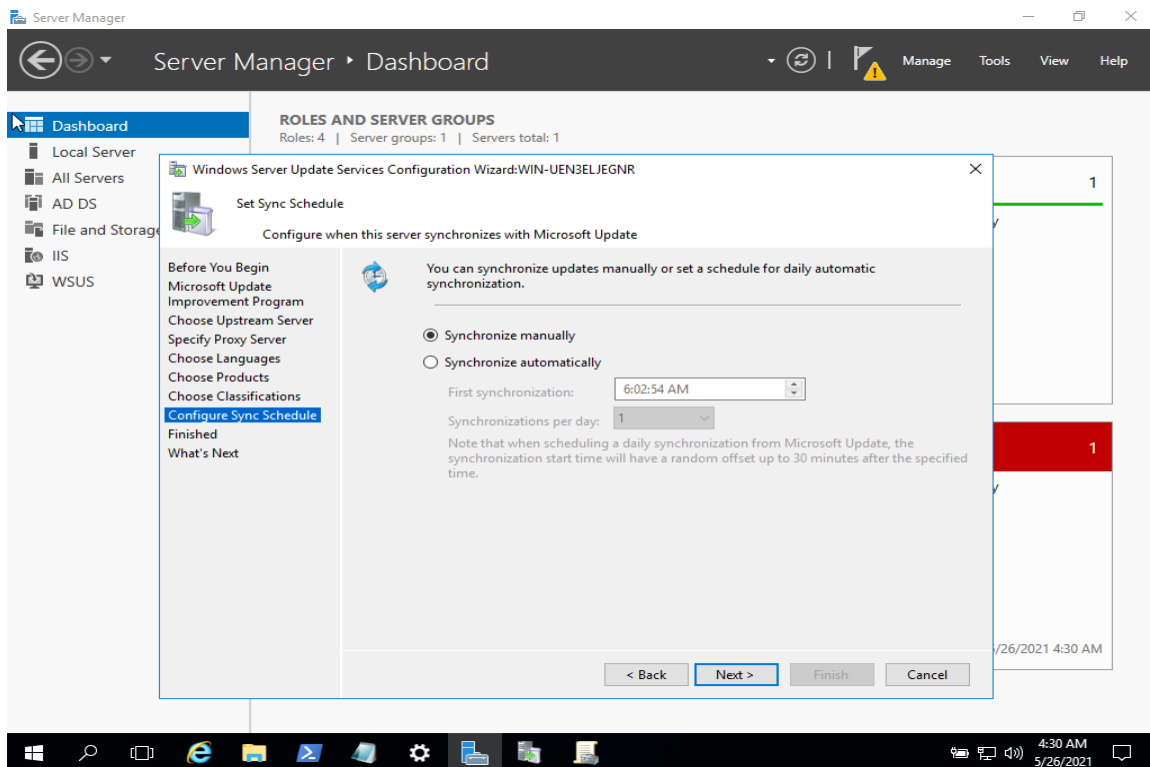
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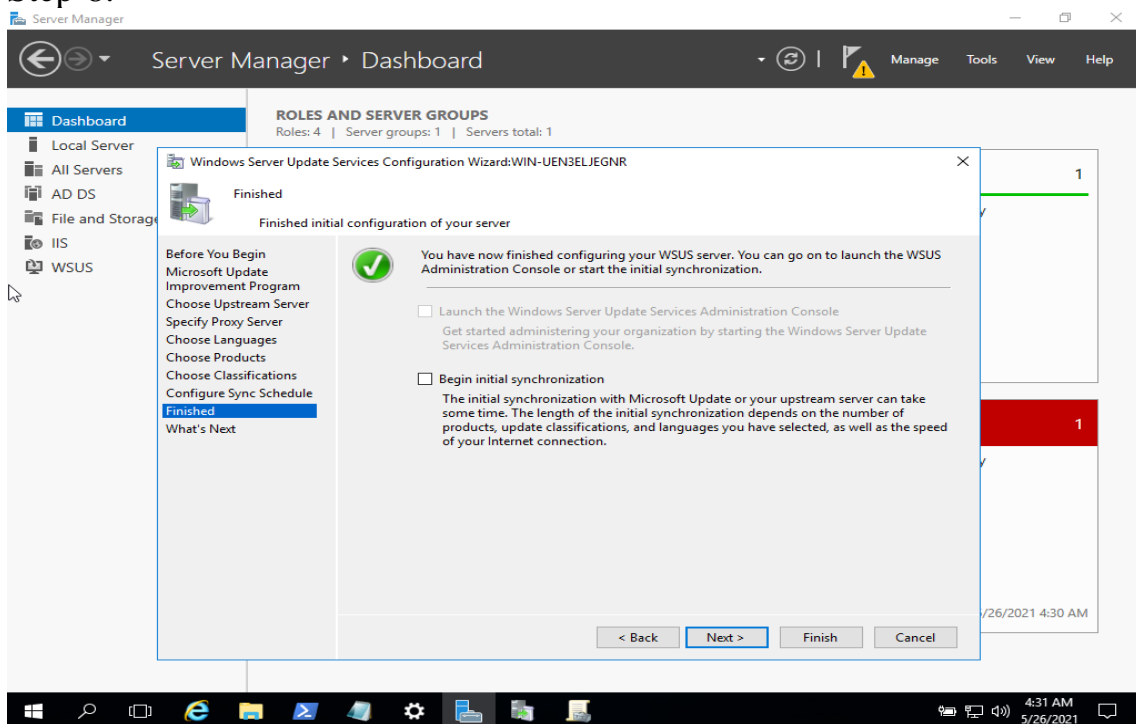
Step-6:



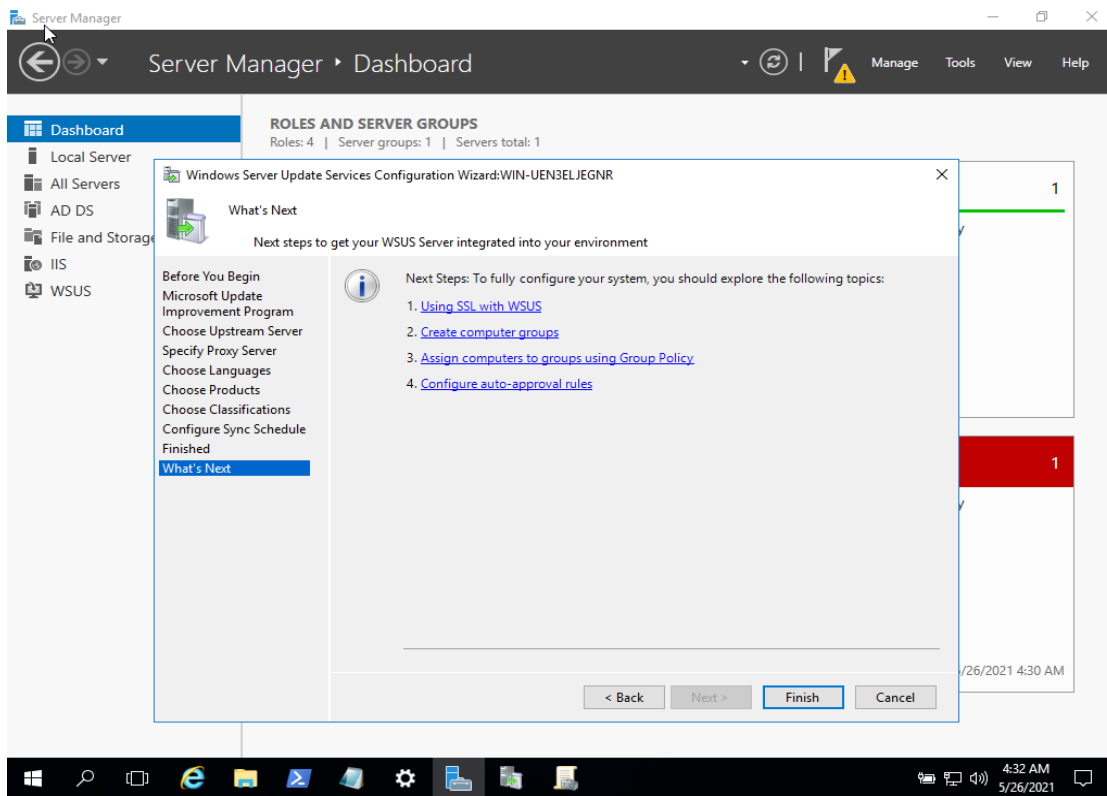
Step-7:



Step-8:



Step-9:



Step-10:

