

# **DATA MIGRATION**

Incremental data Load from on-Prem DB to Azure SQL DB Using SCD Type0, Type1, Type2 Approach



MARCH 11, 2025 BY HARJINDER SINGH

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## 1. Table Creation on on-prem SQL DB

I have taken the same five source tables: **Books, Members, BorrowRecords, Inventory, and Librarians**.

I used this set of tables to demonstrate **Incremental Data Load** from **On-prem SQL DB** to **ADLS Gen2**. Then, further the data is moved to **Azure SQL DB** using **the Same Azure Synapse Workspace Pipeline** with three different Method:

- Normal Datal load (Used for three tables named BorrowRecords, Inventory, and Librarians).
- SCD Type1 (Used for only a table named Books).
- SCD Type2 (Used for only a table named Members).
  - > The tables schema definitions are as follows:

Here, the **mylocaldb** DB is created to store all the tables data.

#### **Create Database mylocaldb**

#### **Books Table -**

```
Create Table Books (
book_id Int,
book_title Varchar(255),
book_author Varchar(255),
book_genre Varchar(100),
published_year Int,
last_updated Datetime --- this column will be used as Delta Column
)
```

#### **Members Tables -**

```
Create Table Members (
member_id Int,
member_name Varchar(100),
member_email Varchar(255),
member_phone BigInt,
last_updated Datetime --- this column will be used as Delta Column
)
```

#### **BorrowRecords Table -**

```
Create Table BorrowRecords (
borrow_date Datetime, --- this column will be used as Delta Column
```

```
book_id Int,
  member id Int,
  return_days Int
)
Inventory Table -
Create Table Inventory (
  last_updated Datetime, --- this column will be used as Delta Column
  book id Int,
  quantity Int
)
Librarians Table
Create Table Librarians (
  lib id Int, --- this column will be used as Delta Column
   lb_name Varchar(100),
  lb_email Varchar(255),
   hired at Datetime
)
```

Here, **one table** contain a column with an *INT* data type that serves as a **unique identifier**:

• **Librarians**: The column *lib\_id* uniquely identifies each librarian.

**Four tables** contain a column with a **DATETIME** data type that serves as a **unique identifie**r:

- BorrowRecords: The column borrow\_date records the date and time when a book was borrowed.
- **Inventory**: The column *last\_updated* tracks the most recent update to the inventory.
- Books: The column last\_updated tracks the most recent update to the Books records.
- Members: The column last\_updated tracks the most recent update to the Members records.
- ➤ Here's a well-structured SQL insertion script for the mentioned tables, ensuring proper data entry while maintaining relationships:

```
---Books Table
```

Insert Into Books (book\_id, book\_title, book\_author, book\_genre, published\_year, last\_updated)

#### Values

(101, 'The White Tiger', 'Aravind Adiga', 'Fiction', 2008, '2025-03-07 00:00:00'),

(102, 'The Guide', 'R.K. Narayan', 'Fiction', 1958, '2025-03-07 00:00:00'),

(103, 'Chetan Bhagat - One Indian Girl', 'Chetan Bhagat', 'Romance', 2016, '2025-03-07 00:00:00'),

(104, 'The God of Small Things', 'Arundhati Roy', 'Fiction', 1997, '2025-03-07 00:00:00')

#### ---Members Table

Insert Into Members (member\_id, member\_name, member\_email, member\_phone, last\_updated)

#### Values

(1,'Rahul Sharma', 'rahul.sharma@gmail.com', 9876543210, '2025-03-07 00:00:00'),

(2, Priya Patel, 'priya.patel@yahoo.com', 9988776655, '2025-03-07 00:00:00'),

(3,'Vikram Kumar', 'vikram.kumar@outlook.com', 9871234567, '2025-03-07 00:00:00'),

(4,'Ananya Gupta', 'ananya.gupta@rediffmail.com', 9998887770, '2025-03-07 00:00:00')

#### ---BorrowRecords Table

Insert Into BorrowRecords (borrow\_date, book\_id, member\_id, return\_days)

#### Values

('2025-01-01 10:00:00', 101, 1, 20),

('2025-01-05 14:00:00', 102, 2, 15),

(2025-01-1016:00:00', 103, 3, 7),

('2025-01-12 09:30:00', 101, 4, 10)

#### ---Inventory Table

Insert Into Inventory (last\_updated, book\_id, quantity)

#### Values

('2025-01-01 10:00:00', 1, 15),

('2025-01-05 14:00:00', 2, 20),

('2025-01-10 16:00:00', 3, 25),

('2025-01-12 09:30:00', 4, 30)

#### ---Librarians Table

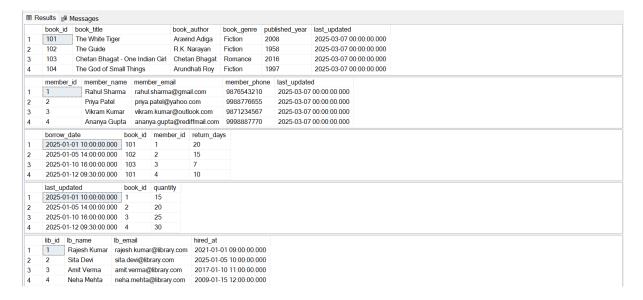
Insert Into Librarians (lib\_id, hired\_at, lb\_name, lb\_email)

#### Values

(1, '2021-01-01 09:00:00', 'Rajesh Kumar', 'rajesh.kumar@library.com'),

- (2, '2025-01-05 10:00:00', 'Sita Devi', 'sita.devi@library.com'),
- (3, '2017-01-10 11:00:00', 'Amit Verma', 'amit.verma@library.com'),
- (4, '2009-01-15 12:00:00', 'Neha Mehta', 'neha.mehta@library.com')

#### > Table Results:



### 2. Watermark Table

A **Watermark table** is used in **Incremental Data Load** in Azure Data Factory (ADF) and Azure Synapse Analytics to track the last loaded record using a **timestamp or an ID column.** 

It helps in loading only new or updated records instead of reprocessing all data, making the process efficient and faster.

Next, Watermark Table is created with some metadata records of source tables such as table name, schema name, destination folder, Last Processed Value, and Delta Column.

- \*\* LPV (Last Processed Value): This column contains the last processed value of the Delta Column from the source table in the pipeline.
- \*\* **Delta Column**: This column contains the column name which is used to identify the new records/data from the source tables.
  - > The Watermark tables schema definition is as follows:

```
Create Table WATERMARK
(
      Id Int Identity(1,1),
      TableName varchar(100),
      SchemaName varchar(100),
      FolderName varchar(100),
      LPV varchar(100),
      DeltaColumn varchar(100)
)
        Create Table WATERMARK
             Id Int Identity(1,1),
             TableName varchar(100),
             SchemaName varchar(100),
             FolderName varchar(100),
             LPV varchar(100),
             DeltaColumn varchar(100)
```

➤ Here's a well-structured SQL insertion script for the Watermark tables, inserting Metadata Records for the source tables:

```
Insert Into WATERMARK
```

#### Values

```
('Books','DBO','onPrem_LibraryDB/Books','1900-01-01 00:00:00','last_updated'),
('Members','DBO','onPrem_LibraryDB/Members','1900-01-01
00:00:00','last_updated'),
('BorrowRecords','DBO','onPrem_LibraryDB/BorrowRecords','1900-01-01
00:00:00','borrow_date'),
('Inventory','DBO','onPrem_LibraryDB/Inventory','1900-01-01
00:00:00','last_updated'),
('Librarians','DBO','onPrem_LibraryDB/Librarians','0','lib id')
```

```
Insert Into WATERMARK
Values
('Books','DBO','onPrem_LibraryDB/Books','1900-01-01 00:00:00','last_updated'),
('Members','DBO','onPrem_LibraryDB/Members','1900-01-01 00:00:00','last_updated'),
('BorrowRecords','DBO','onPrem_LibraryDB/BorrowRecords','1900-01-01 00:00:00','borrow_date'),
('Inventory','DBO','onPrem_LibraryDB/Inventory','1900-01-01 00:00:00','last_updated'),
('Librarians','DBO','onPrem_LibraryDB/Librarians','0','lib_id')
```

#### Output

	ld	TableName	SchemaName	FolderName	LPV	DeltaColumn
1	1	Books	DBO	onPrem_LibraryDB/Books	2025-03-08T00:00:00	last_updated
2	2	Members	DBO	onPrem_LibraryDB/Members	2025-03-09T00:00:00	last_updated
3	3	BorrowRecords	DBO	onPrem_LibraryDB/BorrowRecords	2025-01-12T09:30:00	borrow_date
4	4	Inventory	DBO	onPrem_LibraryDB/Inventory	2025-01-12T09:30:00	last_updated
5	5	Librarians	DBO	onPrem_LibraryDB/Librarians	5	lib id

#### **Point to Note:**

The LPV (Last Processed Value) for all records is initially set to basic values -

- For INT type Delta Column such as *lib\_id* is set '0' initially.
- For DATETIME type Delta Clumn such as borrow\_date, last\_updated, and hired\_at are set to '1900-01-01 00:00:00' initially.

### 3. Stored Procedure for Incremental Data Load

A Stored Procedure in Incremental Data Load in ADF and Synapse is used to update the last processed values (watermark) to track new records.

It ensures that only the latest data is loaded in the next cycle, improving efficiency and preventing duplicate processing.

In this, the **Stored Procedure** is created to update the **Last Processed Value (LPV)** in the **Watermark table**, allowing the system to identify new records by comparing the **delta column values** of incoming data with the updated LPV.

> The **Stored Procedure** definition is as follows:

```
CREATE PROC USP_WATERMARK_VALUE_UPDATE
@TABLE_NAME VARCHAR(100),
@LPV VARCHAR(50)
AS
UPDATE WATERMARK
SET LPV =@LPV
WHERE TABLENAME=@TABLE_NAME
```

```
CREATE PROC USP WATERMARK VALUE UPDATE

@TABLE_NAME VARCHAR(100),

@LPV VARCHAR(50)

AS

BUPDATE WATERMARK

SET LPV =@LPV

WHERE TABLENAME=@TABLE_NAME
```

**Point to Note:** The two Parameters is created in Stored Procedure to **update** the **LPV** value **based on Table Name**.

## 4. Dynamic Pipeline Design

Now, the pipeline is created to load the data from source to destination incrementally.

The Following Activities will be used in pipeline creation:

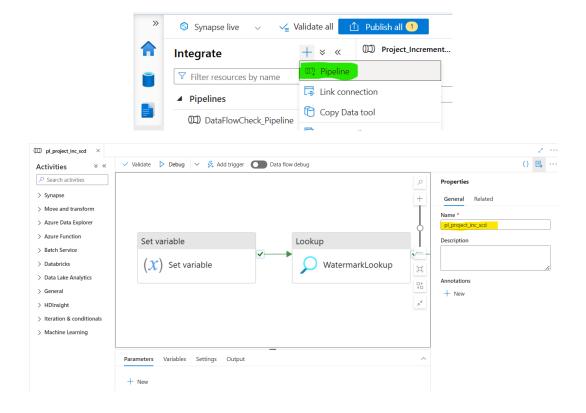
- Set Variable Activity,
- 2 Lookup Activities,
- · Foreach Activity,
- 2 Copy Activities,
- IF Condition Activity,
- Store Procedure Activity

Here, the Source is on-prem SQL Database and Sink is ADLS Gen2 Storage.

#### > Steps To Create the Dynamic Pipeline are as follows.

STEP 1: New Pipeline Creation and Set up Lookup Activity.

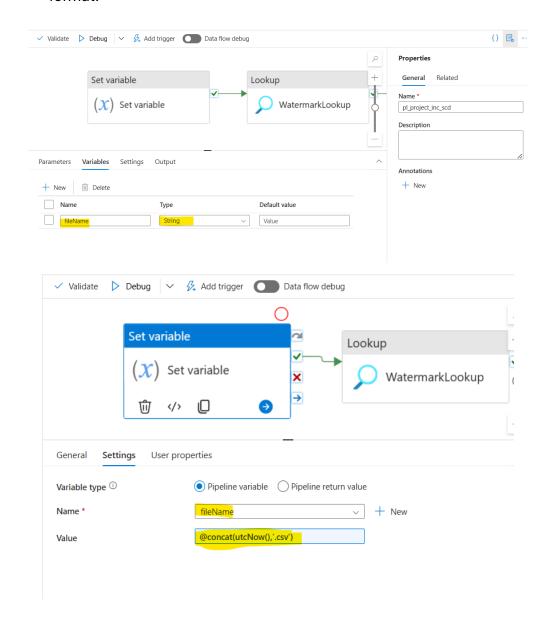
- Create a new Pipeline and Drag a Set Variable Activity and a Lookup Activity.
   And Connect Set Variable Activity with on success connection of Lookup
   Activity.
- Set up the names for both as per the project.
- Here I have named the pipeline as pl\_project\_inc\_scd and Lookup activity as WatermarkLookup.



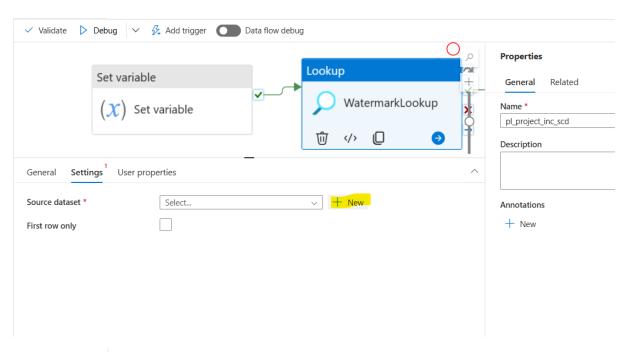
- Create a Variable named filename at pipeline level and set the same variable with current time stamp value using Set Variable Activity.
  - Expression Used to set the variable name:

#### @concat(utcNow(),'.csv')

• Using the **concat function** to set the file name in **currentDateTime.csv** format.



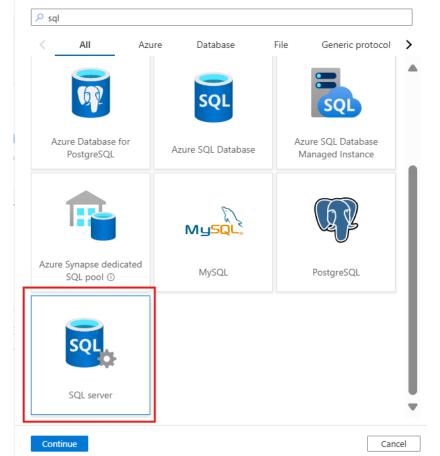
- Set the Source data set in the WatermarkLookup Activity by creating a new dataset or selecting the existing data set. Here, I have created a new data set i.e., SQL Server for on-prem SQL DB as the Source Dataset.
  - Click on new -> create new dataset by selecting SQL server -> create new linked services.





In pipeline activities and data flows, reference a dataset to specify the location and structure of your data within a data store. Learn more  $\square$ 

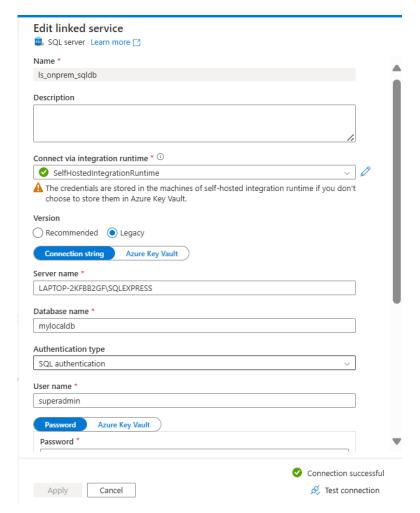
Select a data store



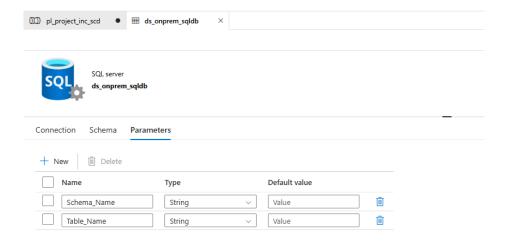
 I have connected my on-prem SQL DB and connected it using Self Hosted Integration Runtime.

#### **Points to Notes:**

- Here, I have already created the Self Hosted Integration Runtime in the Azure Synapse Workspace.
- Also, Setup the SQL server in my local machine to make it act like as on prem SQL Server DB. The SQL Server DB Authentication is already created (Login userename as superadmin).
- To create new linked service for on-prem SQL Server DB, follow below configurations as shown:

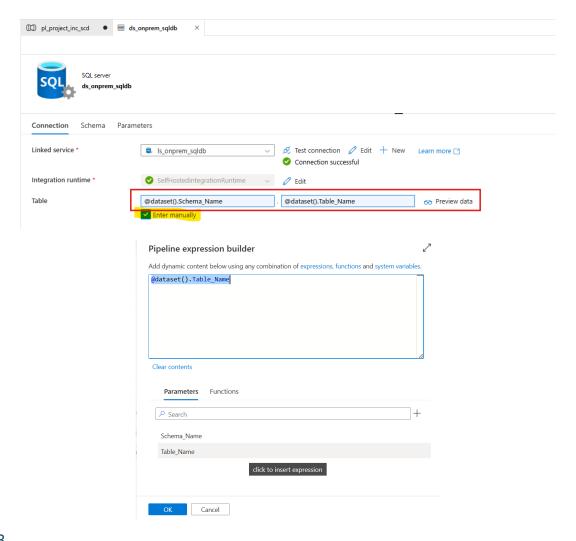


 Open the source dataset and create parameters for the schema name and table name under the parameter tab.



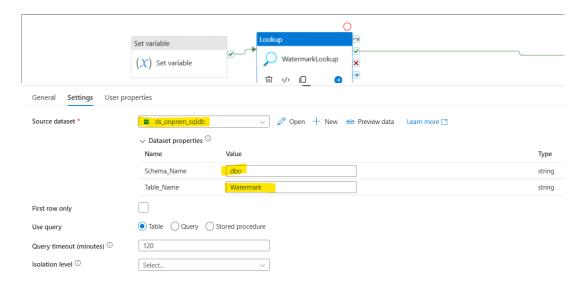
 In the Connection tab, select the Manual Option for Table and enter the mentioned Schema name and Table Name Dynamically as shown below.

Schema\_Name expression: @dataset().Schema\_Name Table\_Name expression: @dataset().Table\_Name



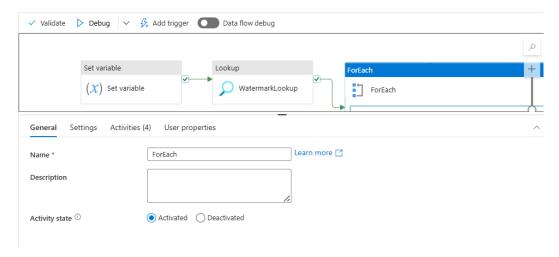
Next, move to Setting Tab of WatermarkLookup Activity, enter the mentioned
 Schema name and Table Name for the appeared parameters as shown below.

Schema\_Name: *dbo*Table\_Name: *Watermark* 



#### STEP 2: Setup For Each Activity

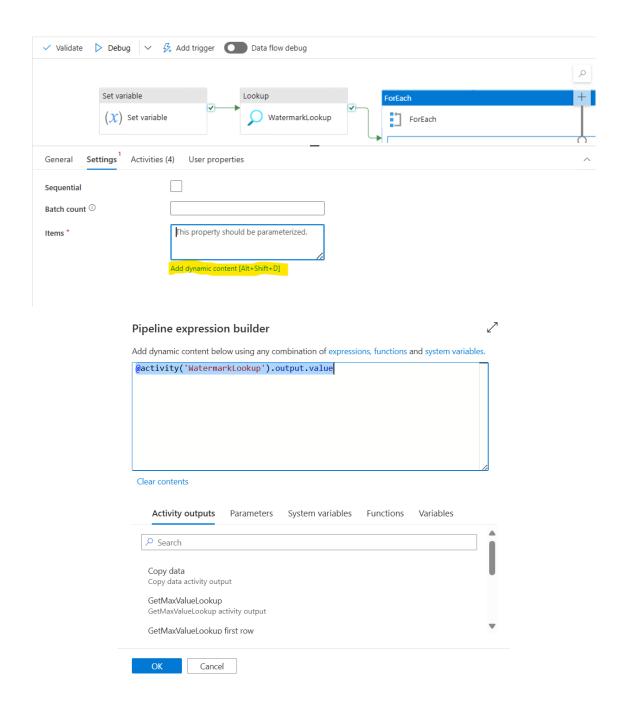
 After creating the Lookup, add the Foreach Activity and connect the Lookup with it using the on-success connection.



 Set the Items option dynamically as a lookup activity output value by clicking on Add Dynamic content.

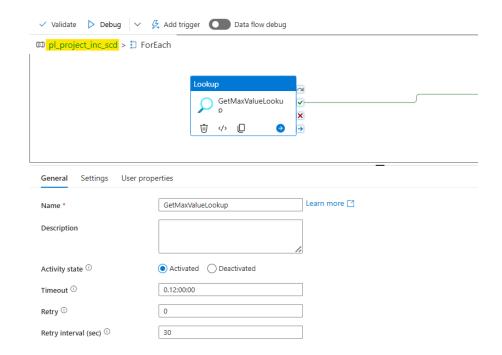
lookup activity output value expression:

@activity('WatermarkLookup').output.value

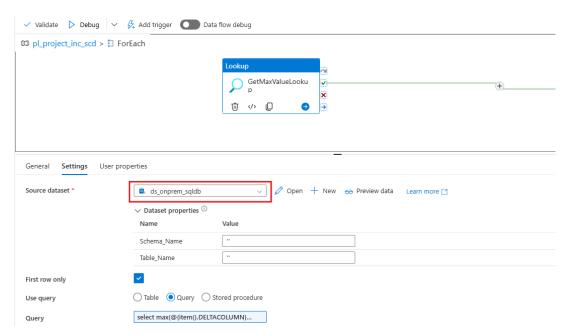


STEP 3: Set Lookup Activity in ForEach

 Move into the Foreach activity using pencil Icon, and add one more Lookup activity inside the Foreach to fetch the max value from the source tables.



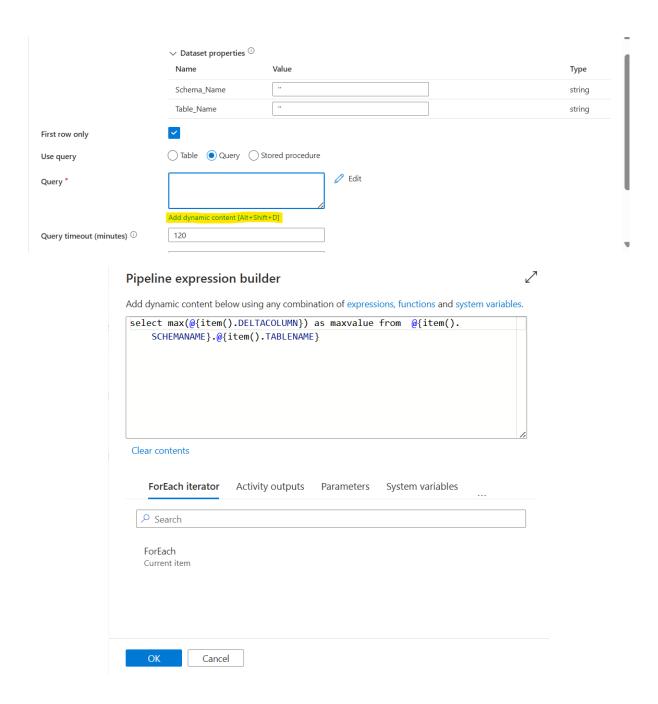
 Set the same SQL DB dataset again as the source dataset and give quotes as input for schema and table name parameters as we use the dynamic query method to fetch the max value from source tables.



 Use the delta column and max function in the query to fetch the max value from the source DB.

**Dynamic Query Expression:** 

select max(@{item().DELTACOLUMN}) as maxvalue from @{item().SCHEMANAME}.@{item().TABLENAME}

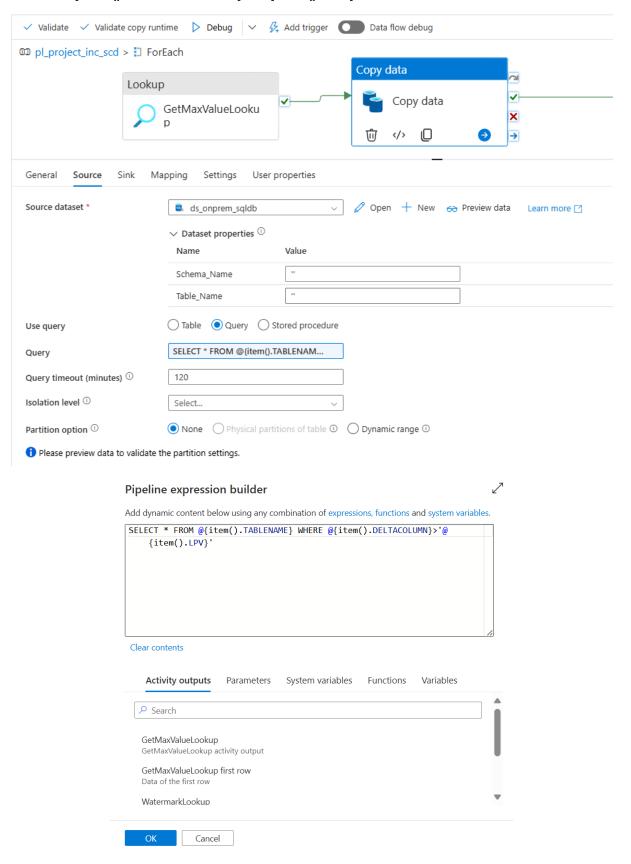


#### STEP 4: Set Copy Activity

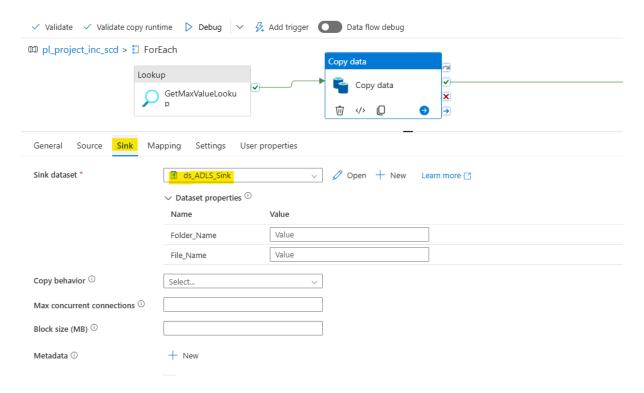
- Add Copy Activity and connect it with on success node of Get max Lookup Activity.
- Move to source tab in copy activity, set source dataset for copy activity by selecting same previously created SQL Server DB dataset. Give quotes as input for schema and table name parameters as we use the dynamic query method to fetch table names whose delta column has a greater value stored in the last processed value.

Query Expression:

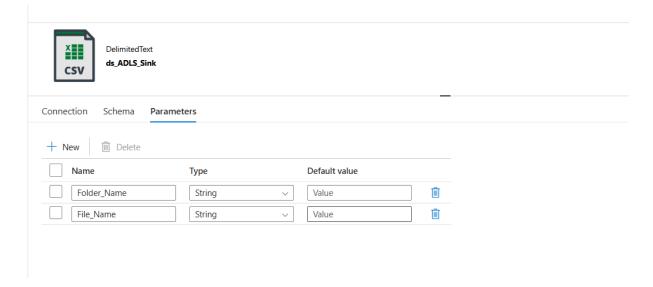
# SELECT \* FROM @{item().TABLENAME} WHERE @{item().DELTACOLUMN}>'@{item().LPV}'

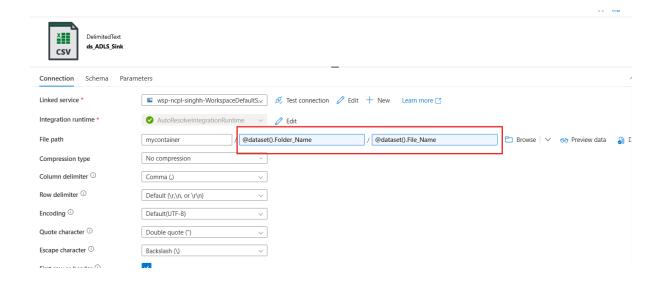


 Move to Sink tab in Copy Activity, and set the Sink dataset by creating new Data set or selecting the existing one. Here, I have selected previously created Sink Data set ADLS gen2 storage and file type as CSV.



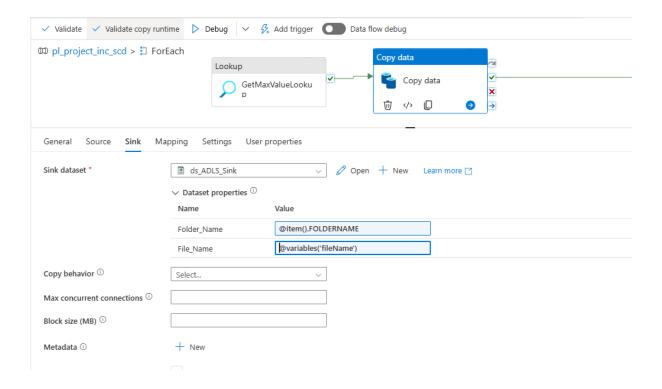
 Create the parameters by opening the dataset Activity under the Parameters tab and setting the folder name and file name parameters dynamically for the file path under the sink dataset's connection type.





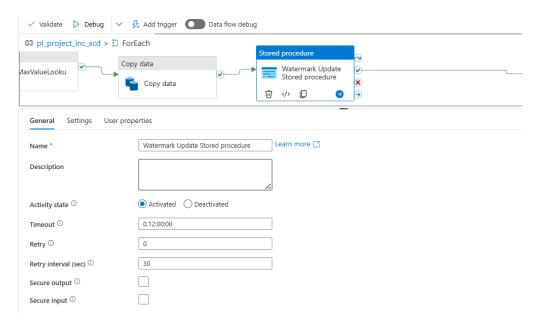
- Then, move to the sink tab of copy data activity and set the Folder Name and File Name Dynamically using foreach activity Items.
- Using already created pipeline variable value for filename.
  - \*\*For Folder Name simply by: @item().FOLDERNAME
  - \*\*For File Name use: @variables('fileName')

Here, *utcNow()* function is used to get current date time from the system.

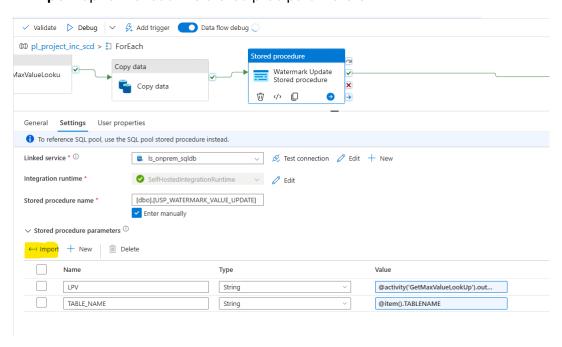


#### STEP 5: Set Stored Procedure Activity

 After the above step, Add the Stored Procedure Activity to use the store procedure created in DB to update the LPV column of the watermark table with the latest max value.



 Move to the Settings tab and set Linked Service by selecting previously created linked service and select the created stored procedure name. Then, click on the Import option to load the stored proc parameters.



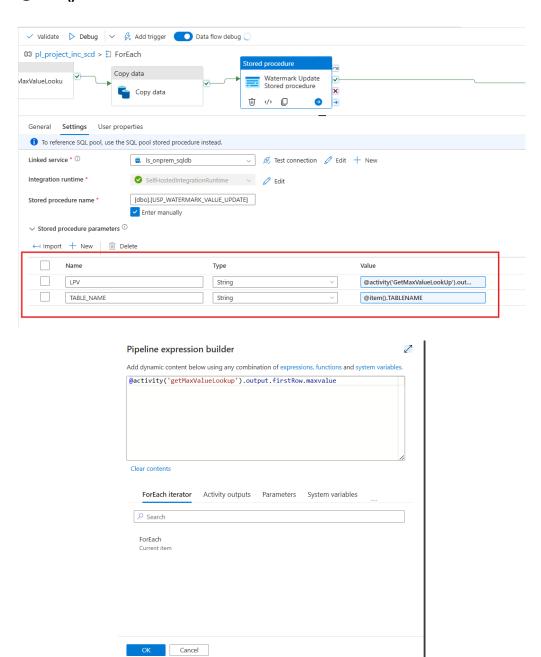
Pass the max value from the getmaxvaluelookup activity to set the LPV
parameter value in order to update it in the watermark table. Similarly, pass the
table name value using the item table name from foreach activity.

LPV Expression Values:

#### @activity('GetMaxValueLookUp').output.firstRow.maxvalue

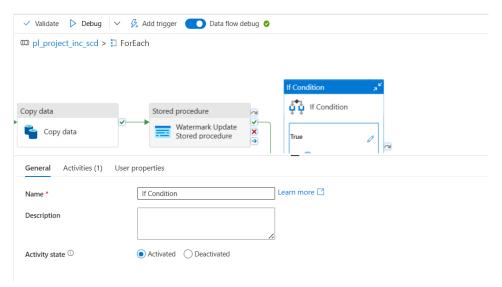
TABLE\_NAME Expression Values:

#### @item().TABLENAME



#### STEP 6: Set IF Condition Activity

 Next, Add the IF Condition activity and connect it with the store procedure activity using the on-success connection.

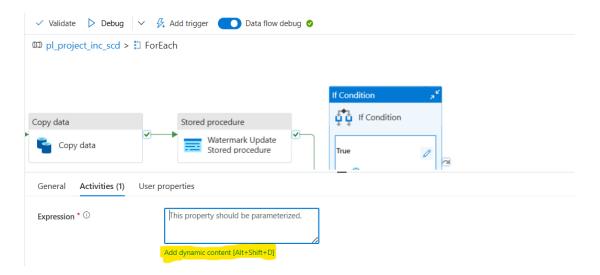


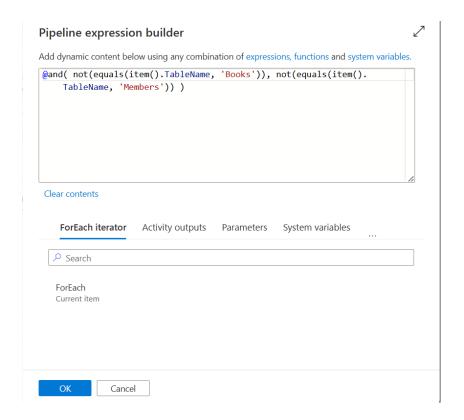
- Then, Go to Activities tab of IF Condition, set the Expression by adding it using Add dynamic content option as highlighted below.
- This IF Condition only allows the non-SCD Type tables to normally load generated csv Files data to Azure SQL Database from ADLS Gen2.

If Condition Expression for True case:

@and( not(equals(item().TableName, 'Books')), not(equals(item().TableName, 'Members')))

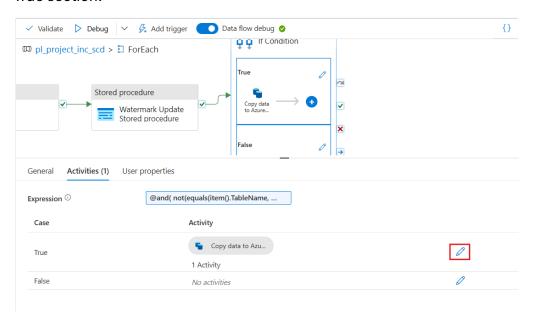
The above condition checks if the table name is **not Books and Members** then only pass the condition and go for copy activity to copy other tables data (BorrowRecords, Inventory, and Librarians).



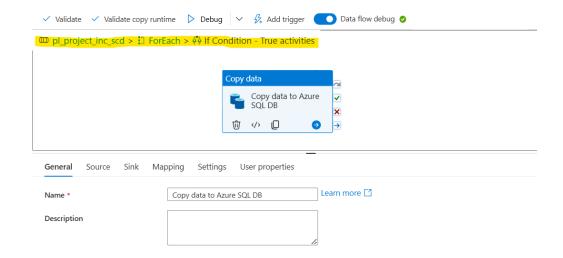


STEP 7: Set Copy Activity in IF Condition True Section

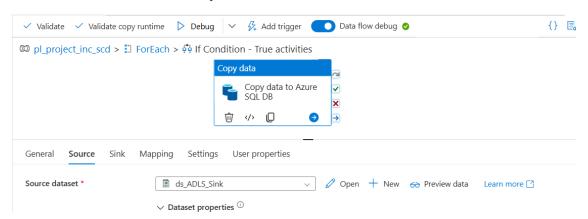
Next, Add the Copy Data activity in IF Condition's true section. Go to Activities
tab of IF Condition activity and click on pencil icon to add more activities in
True section.



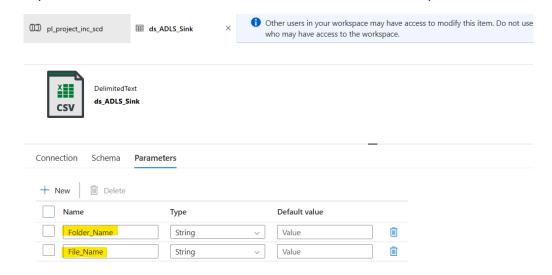
After Going to true section, Add Copy Activity in it.



 Move to source tab in copy activity, set source dataset for copy activity by selecting or creating new dataset for ADLS gen2 storage as CSV files. Here. I have selected the already created dataset for ADLS Gen2.



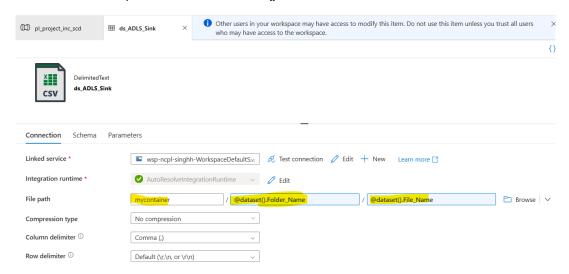
Open the Data set, Go to Parameters tab and create 2 new parameters.



 Go to the connection tab of source data set, and select the container from file selection and give the Dynamic Expression for Folder and File Name Dynamically as shown below.

Folder\_name expression: @dataset().Folder\_Name

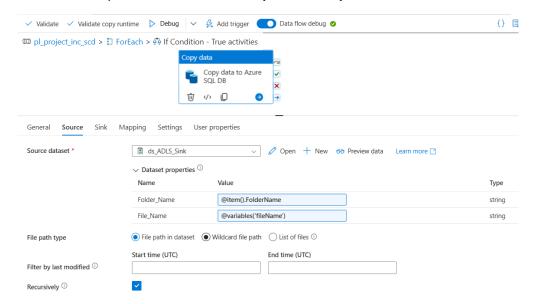
File\_Name expression: @dataset().File\_Name



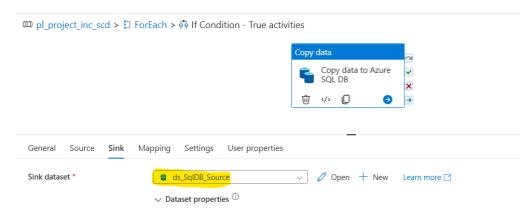
- Next, move to the **Source** tab of copy data activity, and select the container from file selection and give the Dynamic Expression for Folder and File Name Dynamically as shown below.
- Using already created pipeline variable value for filename.

Folder\_name expression: @dataset().Folder\_Name

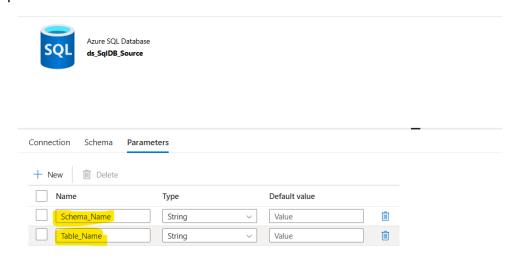
File\_Name expression: @variables('fileName')



 Next, Go to Sink Tab -> set sink dataset for copy activity by selecting or creating new dataset for Azure SQL Database. Here, I have selected the already created dataset for Azure SQL database.

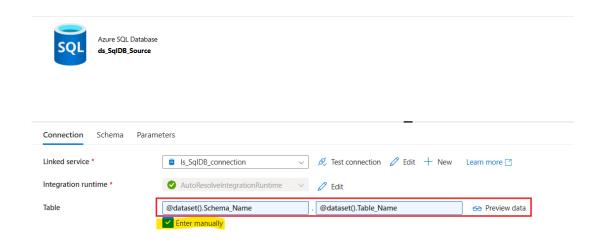


 Then, Open the sink Data set, Go to Parameters tab and create 2 new parameters.



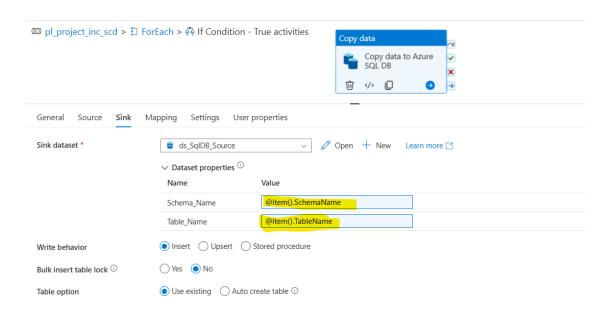
 Go to the connection tab of sink data set, and select the Enter Manual Option for Table and enter the mentioned Schema name and Table Name Dynamically as shown below.

Schema\_Name expression: @dataset().Schema\_Name Table\_Name expression: @dataset().Table\_Name



 Next, move to Setting Tab of copy Activity, enter the mentioned Schema name and Table Name for the appeared parameters as shown below.

Schema\_Name Expression: @item().SchemaName Table\_Name Expression: @item().TableName



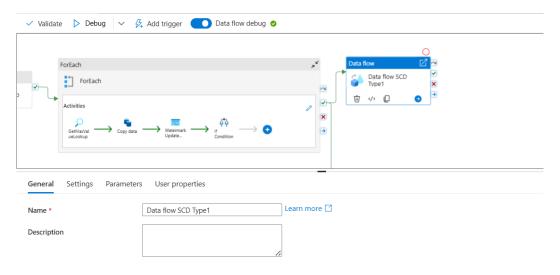
 Finally, the Copy Activity part is done, and move out to the if condition and for each activity.

#### STEP 8: Set Data flow Activity for SCD Type 1

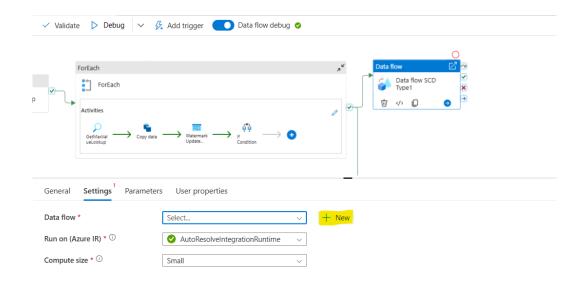
- Here, I implemented SCD Type 1 data load for table Books to load the data in Azure SQL DB from ADLS Gen2.
- To load the **Books** Data in Azure SQL DB, we need to create table definition in Azure SQL DB database as shown below:

```
Create Table Books SCDTYPE1
       bookld Int,
       bookTitle Varchar(255),
       bookAuthor Varchar(255),
       bookGenre Varchar(100),
       publishedYear Int,
       createdBy varchar(100), createdDate datetime,
       updatedBy varchar(100), updatedDate datetime,
       hashkey Bigint,
)
select * from Books SCDTYPE1
      Create Table Books_SCDTYPE1
          bookId Int,
          bookTitle Varchar(255),
          bookAuthor Varchar(255),
          bookGenre Varchar(100),
          publishedYear Int,
          createdBy varchar(100),createdDate datetime,
          updatedBy varchar(100), updatedDate datetime, hashkey Bigint,
      select * from Books_SCDTYPE1
```

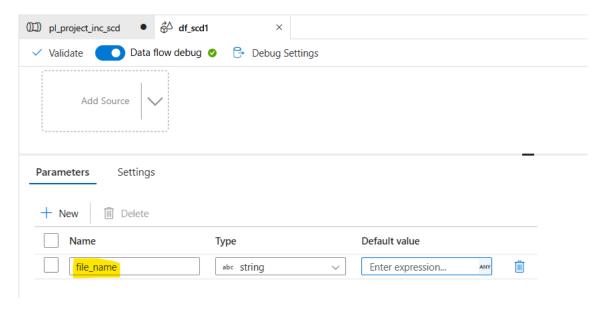
Drag drag Data Flow Activity and turn on Data flow debug.
 Connect it to for each activity with success point.



Go to Settings Tab of Data flow activity, and create new data flow.



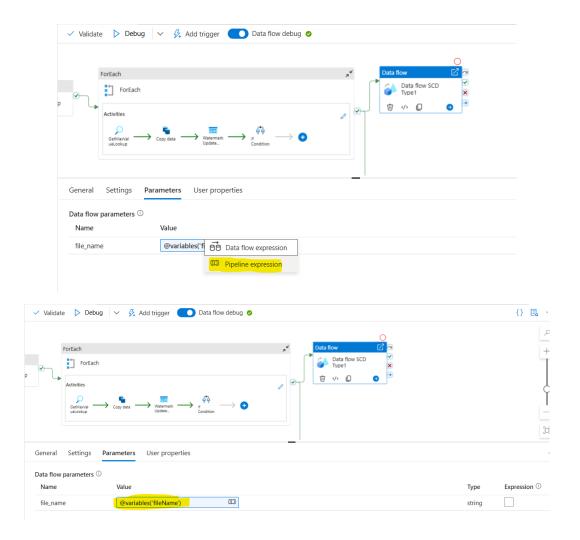
Open the Created Data flow and create a new parameter named *file\_name* inside data flow activity.



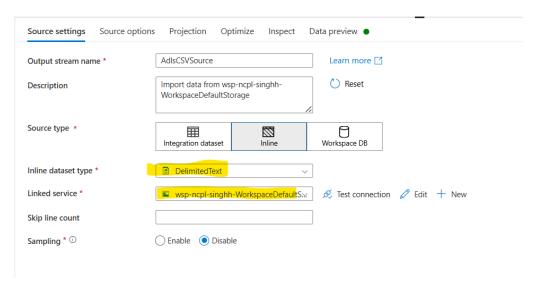
Then, move to Parameters Tab of Data flow activity in the pipeline, and create a
new Parameter name file\_name. Use the Dynamic Expression to set the
parameter's value with previously created pipeline variable named filename.

Expression Used:

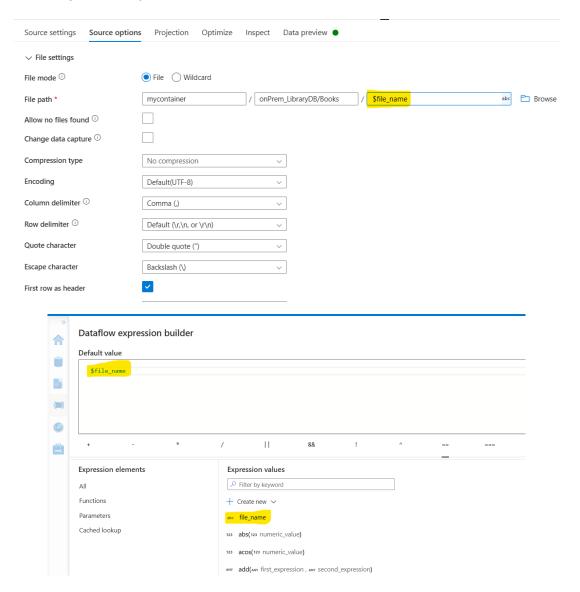
file\_name: @variables('fileName')



- Next Open the Data flow activity again, and click on Add source.
  - Then, Goto Source Settings -> Click on Source Type -> Inline and select the source.



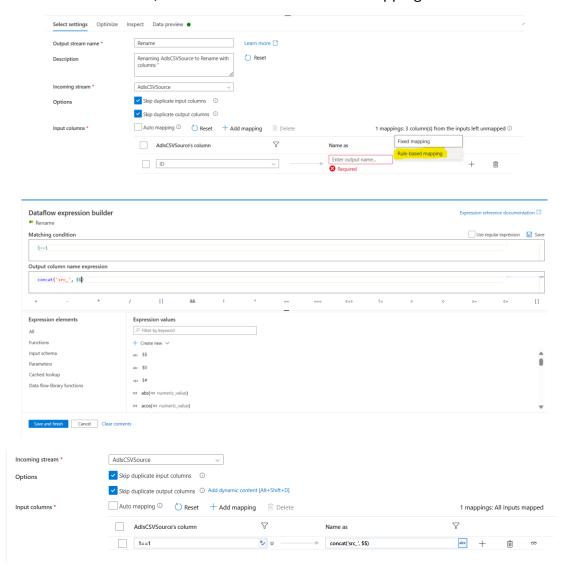
- Next, Go to Source Options -> Select the File from container.
- Here, for the file name we used the parameter value created in data flow.
   Dynamic Expression Used: \$file\_name



 Click on Projection tab of Source -> click on import schema -> select and review the correct type for columns.

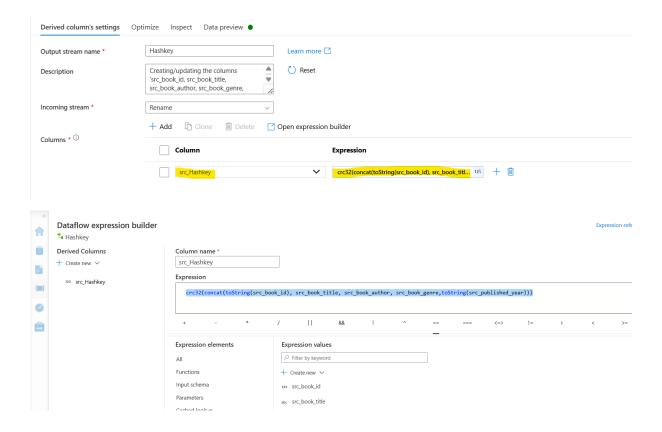


- Add Select column as its needed to rename columns with src\_columnnames
  - Then, under settings select all the columns and delete the mapping.
  - Next, Click on Add mapping and select rule-based mapping.
  - In the new column, give condition 1==1 to make it true, and give name as concat('src\_',\$\$). This will make dynamic and add src in front of all the columns. Also, remove the above id one row mapping as we don't need it.



- Add **Derived column**, activity.
  - Under derived column settings, add column src\_HashKey and enter this expression.
    - crc32(concat(toString(src\_book\_id), src\_book\_title, src\_book\_author, src\_book\_genre,toString(src\_published\_year)))

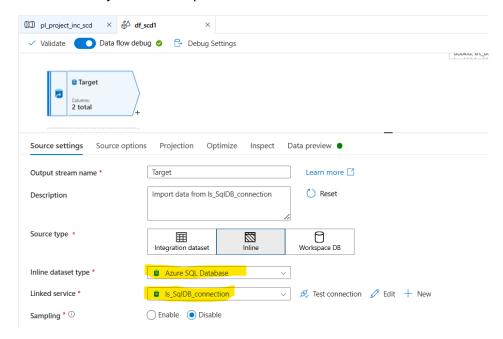
**Note:** Crc32 generates hashkey using the mentioned combination.

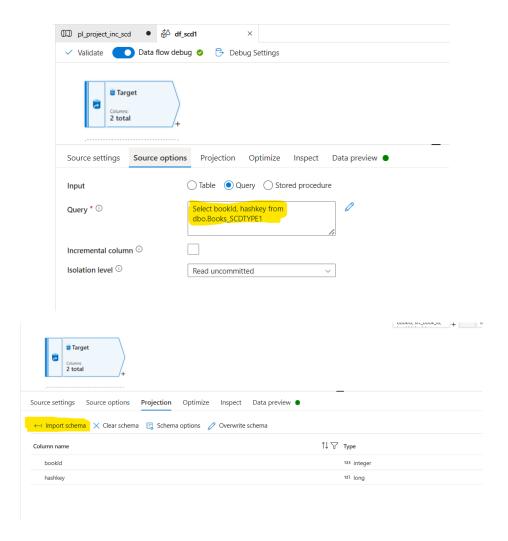


- Add target that is Azure SQL DB as another source.
  - Select two column bookid and hashkey from target table which we will use to check for new records or existing records.

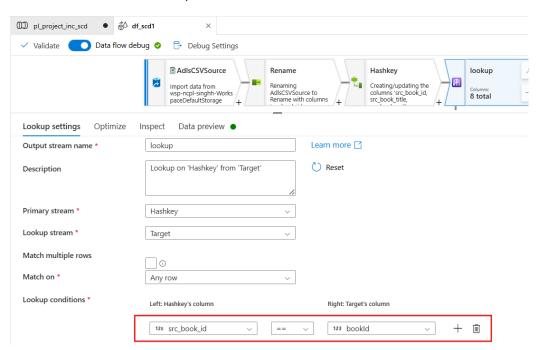
#### Query Used: Select bookid, hashkey from dbo.Books\_SCDTYPE1

• Click on Projection -> import schema.





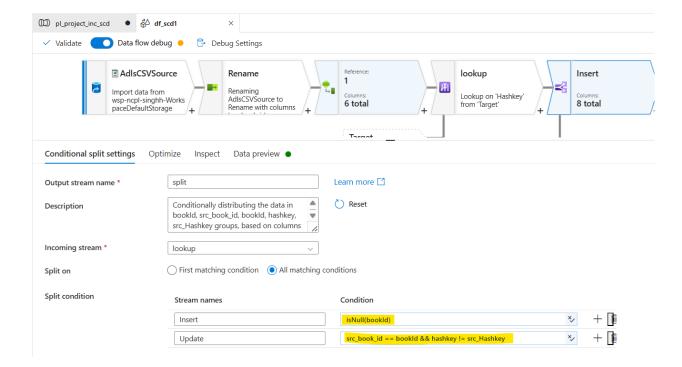
Add lookup activity that will perform a left join with target as we will be checking
if the record exists or not, and match on IDs.



- Add Conditional split and add two conditions name Insert and Update.
  - Input check if Book ID is null, then it's a new record will directly insert it.
  - Update checks if our source Book ID and target Book ID matches but also hashkey shouldn't match because if there is let's say change in with ID=1, and unique Hashkey will be generated which cannot match with the already exisiting hashkey. So, means need to update record.
  - Expression used:

Insert: isNull(bookId)

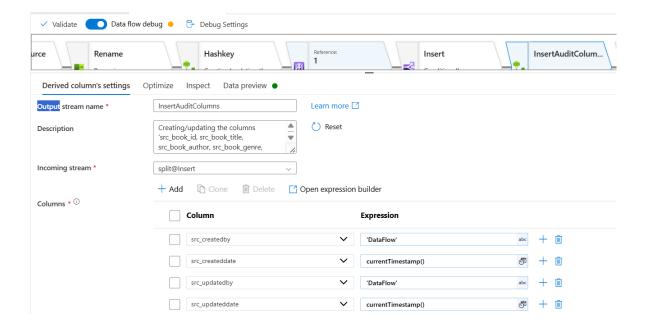
Update: src\_book\_id == bookId && hashkey != src\_Hashkey



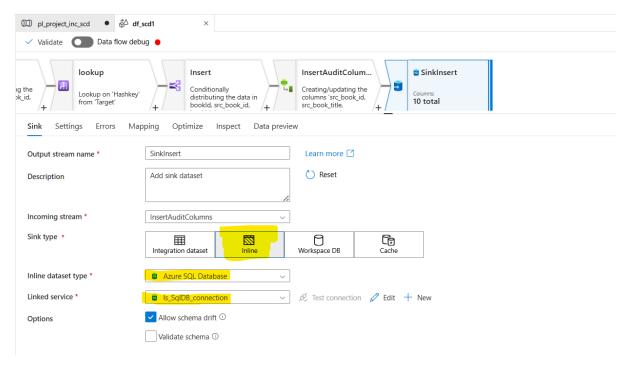
- In the Insert Flow, create a **derived column** to create the following columns,
  - src\_createdby with value as 'DataFlow'.
  - src\_createddate with value as current time stamp.
  - src\_updatedby with value as 'DataFlow'.
  - src\_updateddate with values as current time stamp.

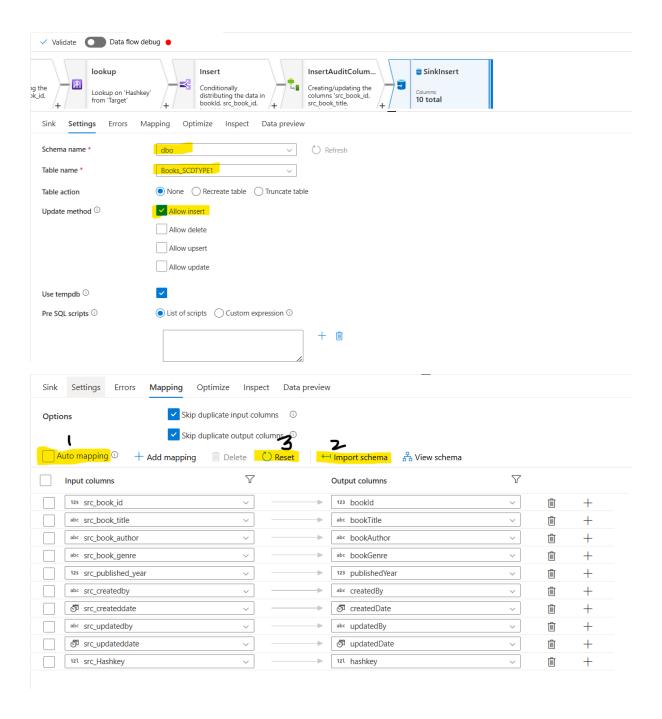
**Expression Used:** 

Current timestamp: currentTimestamp()



- Add sink and select Azure SQL DB with the shown configuration.
  - Select only Allow Insert checkmark.
  - Go to mapping->Import Schema->Reset->Match input columns.



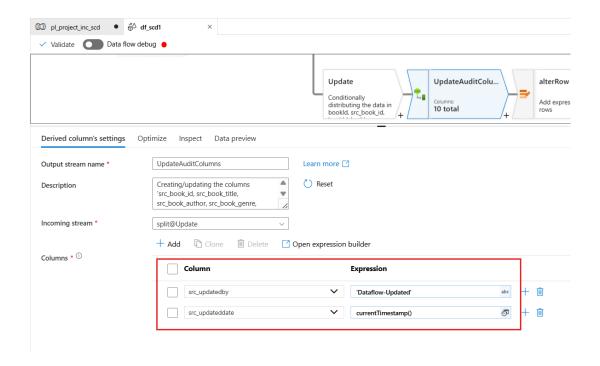


#### In update flow, add derived column

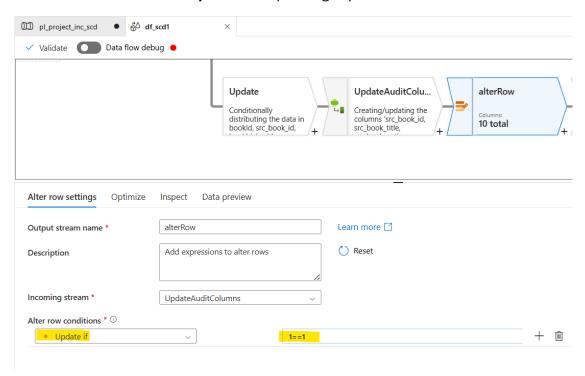
- Here, we will create src\_pdatedby and src\_updateddate columns as this
  update action will happen when there is any change in the existing records.
- We have to keep createddate and createdby same, only Updatedby and updateddate will update as dataflow-Updated and current timestamp.

#### **Expression Used:**

Current timestamp: currentTimestamp()

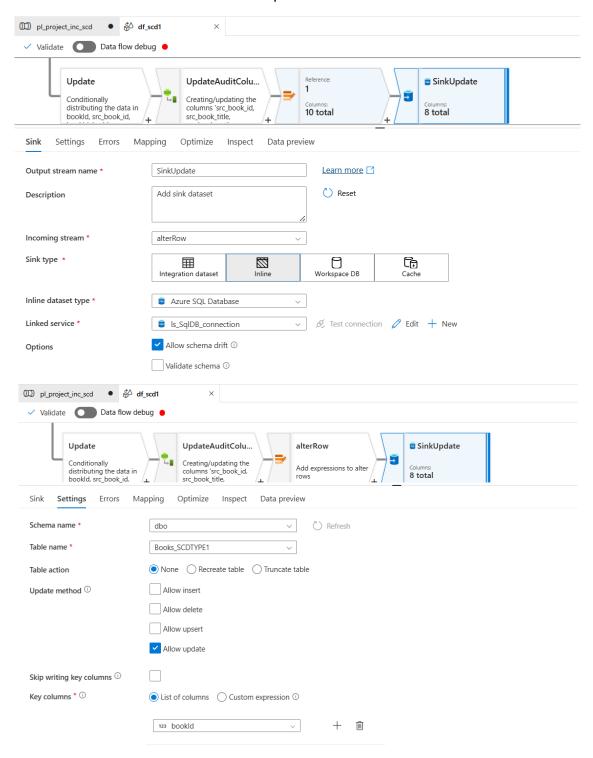


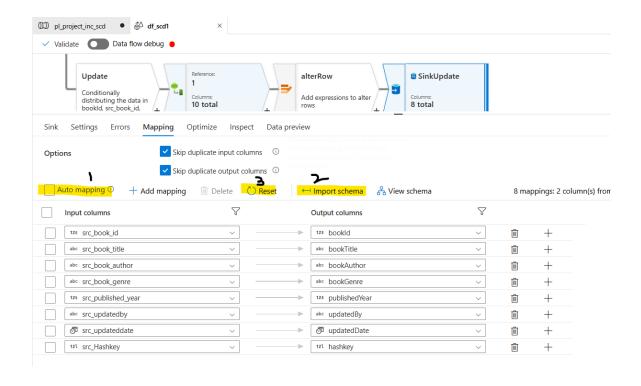
- Add Alter row transformation which gives permission to alter the data.
  - Give condition as **Update If** as passing expression as **1==1**



- Add sink and select Azure SQL DB with the shown configuration.
  - Select only Allow Update checkmark and give bookld in key column as this will help to identify changes.
  - Go to mapping->Import Schema->Reset->Match input columns.

• Delete createdby and createddate column as we want to keep it same with the actual and don't want to update.



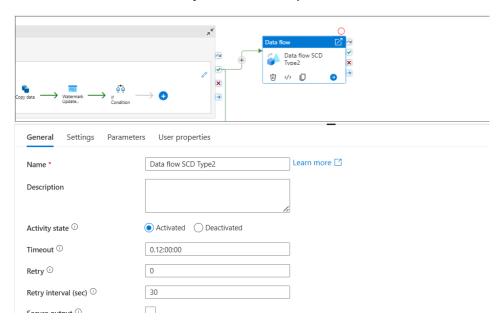


STEP 9: Set Data flow Activity for SCD Type 2

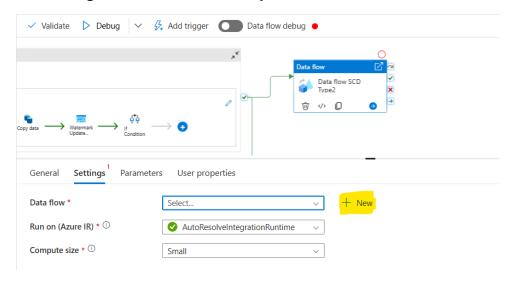
- Here, I implemented SCD Type 2 data load for table Members to load the data in Azure SQL DB from ADLS Gen2.
- To load the Members Data in Azure SQL DB, we need to create table definition in
   Azure SQL DB database as shown below:

```
Create Table Members_SCDTYPE2
(
    memberId Int,
    memberName Varchar(100),
    memberEmail Varchar(255),
    memberPhone Varchar(20) ,
    createdBy varchar(100),createdDate datetime,
    updatedBy varchar(100),updatedDate datetime,hashkey Bigint,
    isActive Int
)
select * from Members_SCDTYPE2
```

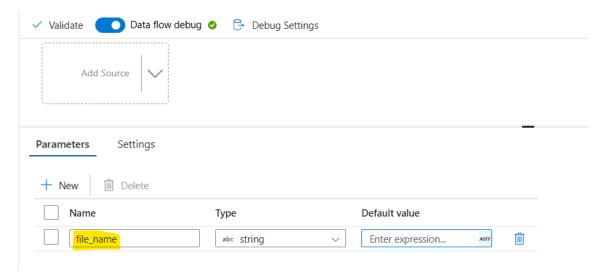
Drag drag Data Flow Activity and turn on Data flow debug.
 Connect it to for each activity with success point.



Go to Settings Tab of Data flow activity, and create new data flow.



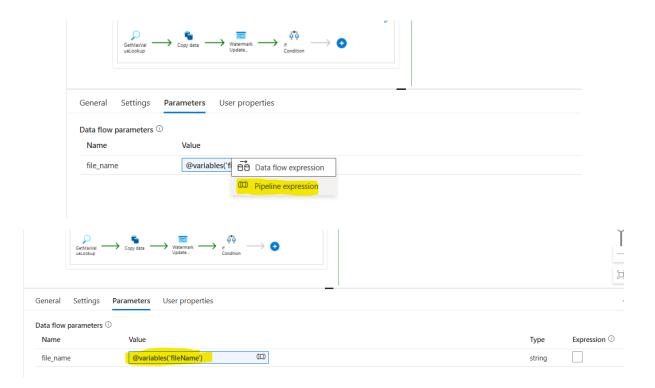
Open the Created Data flow and create a new parameter named *file\_name* inside data flow activity.



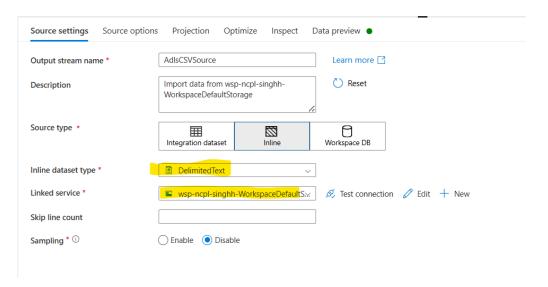
Then, move to Parameters Tab of Data flow activity in the pipeline, and create a
new Parameter name file\_name. Use the Dynamic Expression to set the
parameter's value with previously created pipeline variable named filename.

#### **Expression Used:**

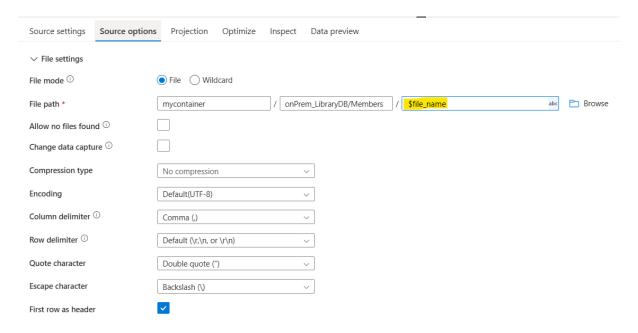
file\_name: @variables('fileName')

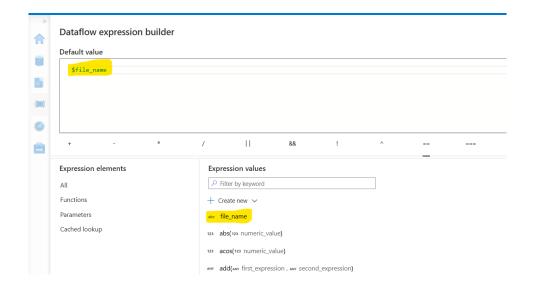


- Next Open the Data flow activity again, and click on Add source.
  - Then, Goto Source Settings -> Click on Source Type -> Inline and select the source.

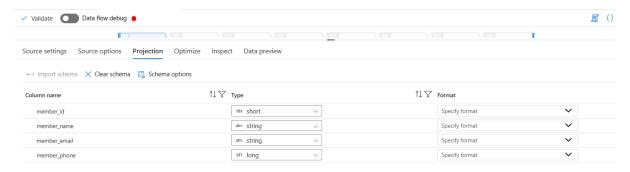


- Next, Go to Source Options -> Select the File from container.
- Here, for the file name we used the parameter value created in data flow.
   Dynamic Expression Used: \$file\_name

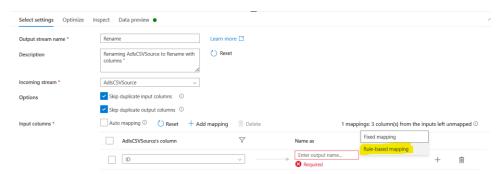


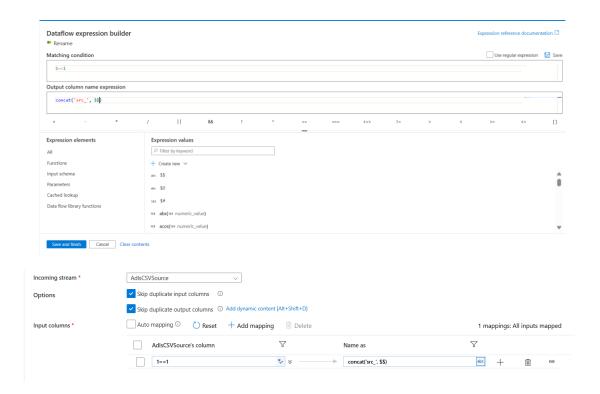


 Click on Projection tab of Source -> click on import schema -> select and review the correct type for columns.



- Add Select column as its needed to rename columns with src\_columnnames
  - Then, under settings select all the columns and delete the mapping.
  - Next, Click on Add mapping and select rule-based mapping.
  - In the new column, give condition 1==1 to make it true, and give name as concat('src\_',\$\$). This will make dynamic and add src in front of all the columns. Also, remove the above id one row mapping as we don't need it.

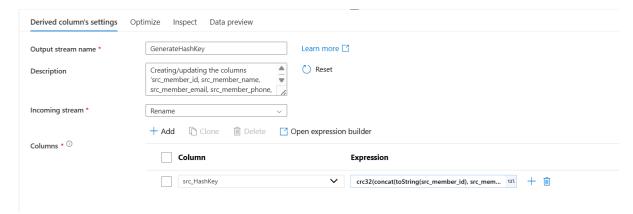




- Add **Derived column**, activity.
  - Under derived column settings, add column src\_HashKey and enter this expression.

crc32(concat(toString(src\_member\_id), src\_member\_name, src\_member\_email, toString(src\_member\_phone)))

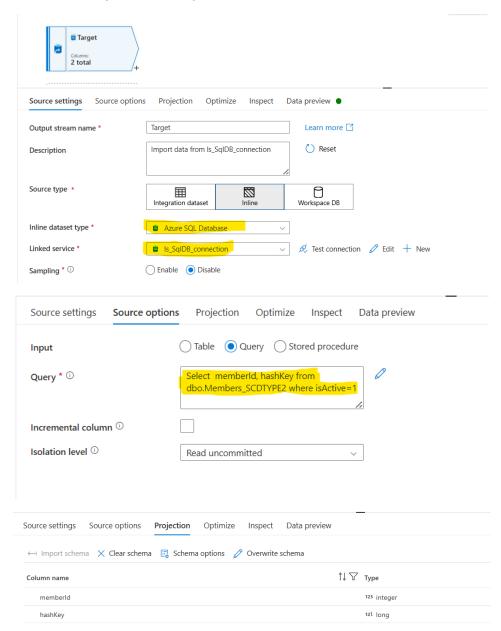
Note: Crc32 generates hashkey using the mentioned combination.



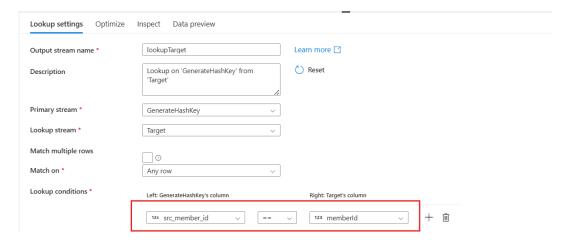
- Add target that is Azure SQL DB as another source.
  - Select two column **memberId and hashkey** from target table which we will use to check for new records or existing records. We need rows where isActive is 1 which means the most updatedrecords.

# Query Used: Select memberId, hashKey from dbo.Members\_SCDTYPE2 where isActive=1

• Click on Projection -> import schema.



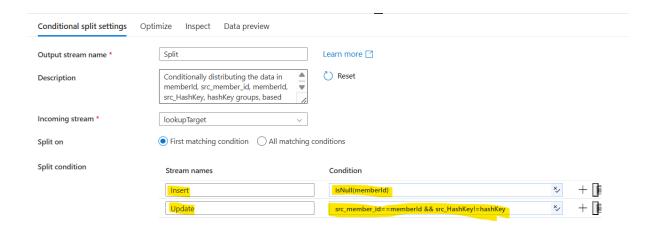
Add lookup activity that will perform a left join with target as we will be checking
if the record exists or not, and match on IDs.



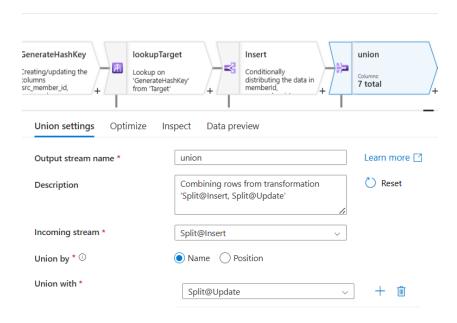
- Add Conditional split and add two conditions name Insert and Update.
  - Input check if Member ID is null, then it's a new record will directly insert it.
  - Update checks if our source Member ID and target Member ID matches but also hashkey shouldn't match because if there is let's say change in with ID=1, and unique Hashkey will be generated which cannot match with the already exisiting hashkey. So, means need to update record.
  - Expression used:

Insert: isNull(memberId)

Update: src\_member\_id==memberId && src\_HashKey!=hashKey



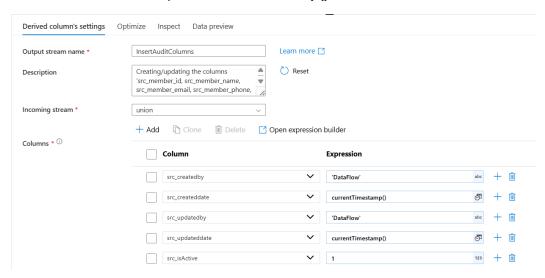
- In the Insert Flow, add union because we want to keep new and previous records.
  - In union with, select update branch



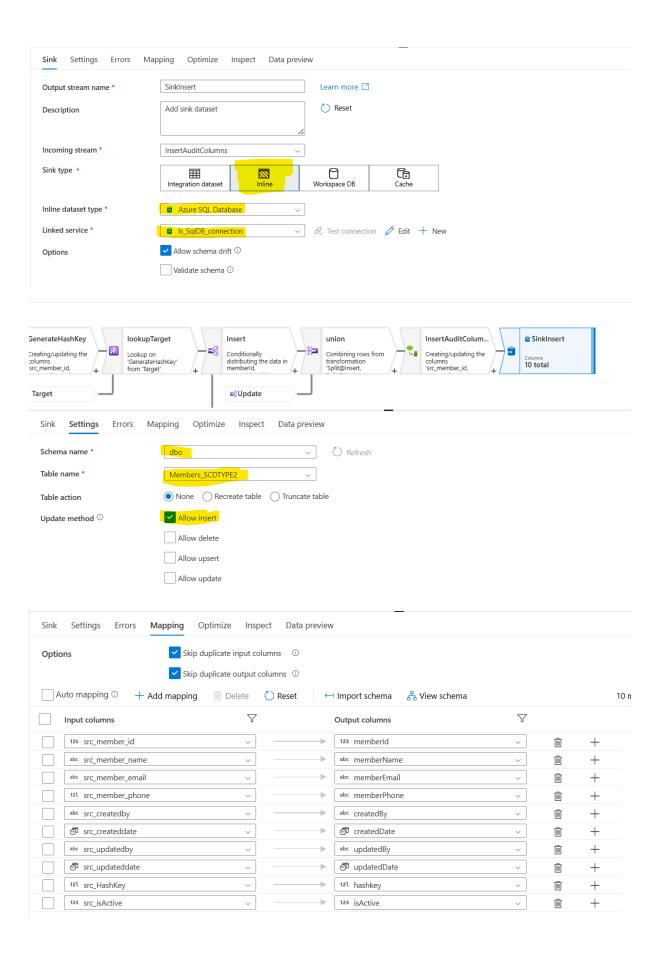
- Create a derived column to create the following columns,
  - src\_createdby with value as 'DataFlow'.
  - src\_createddate with value as current time stamp.
  - src\_updatedby with value as 'DataFlow'.
  - src\_updateddate with values as current time stamp.
  - src\_isActive with values as 1.

#### **Expression Used:**

#### Current timestamp: currentTimestamp()



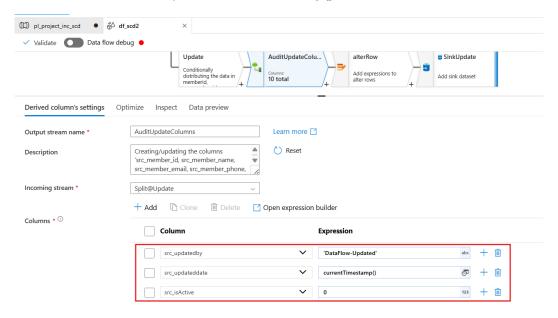
- Add sink and select Azure SQL DB with the shown configuration.
  - Select only Allow Insert checkmark.
  - Go to mapping->Import Schema->Reset->Match input columns.



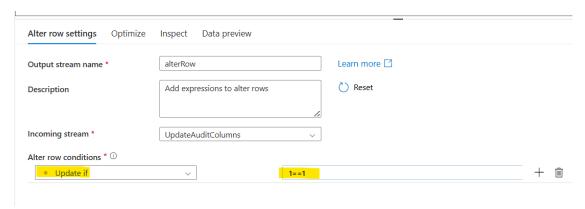
- In update flow, add derived column
  - Here, we will create src\_pdatedby, src\_updateddate and src\_isActive columns as this update action will happen when there is any change in the existing records.
  - We have to keep createddate and createdby same, only Updatedby and updateddate will update as dataflow-Updated and current timestamp.
  - Update the isActive value as 0.

#### Expression Used:

#### Current timestamp: currentTimestamp()

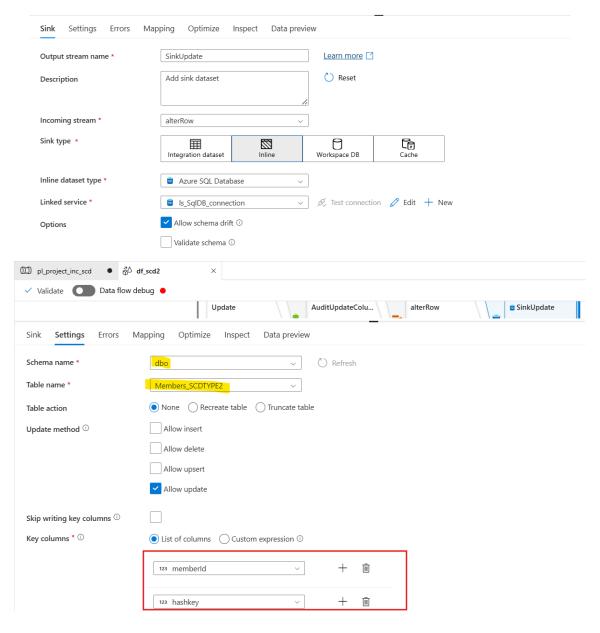


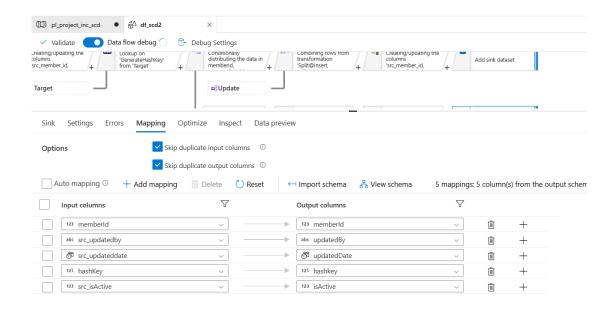
- Add **Alter row** transformation which gives permission to alter the data.
  - Give condition as Update If as passing expression as 1==1



Add sink and select Azure SQL DB with the shown configuration.

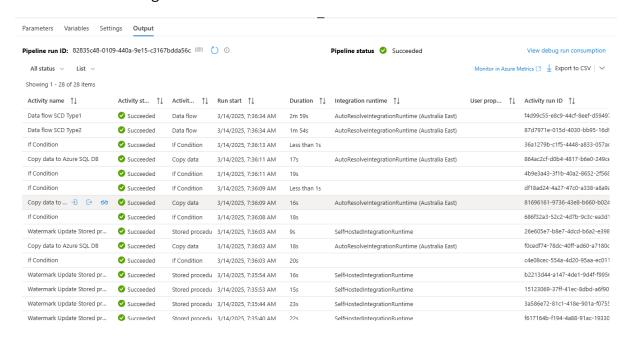
- Select only Allow Update checkmark and give memberId and hashkey in key columns, because we will have multiple ID as we are keeping previous record as well, so this combination will help to identify changes.
- Go to mapping->Import Schema->Reset->Match input columns.
- Delete createdby and createddate column as we want to keep it same with the actual and don't want to update.
- HashKey will also be kept the same by mapping it with the old one.



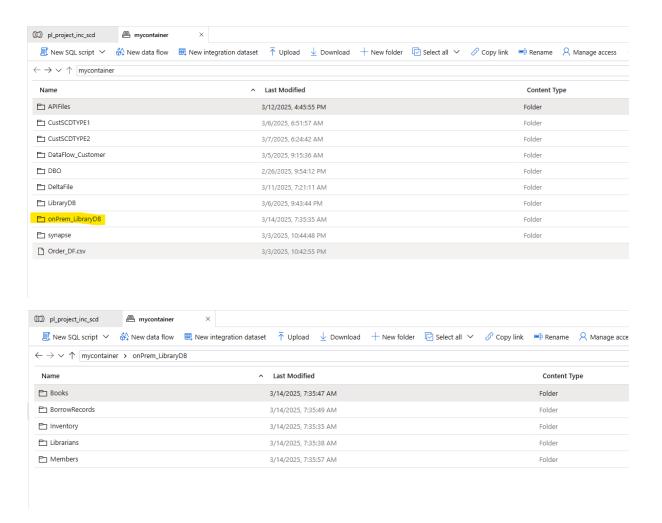


#### STEP 10: Debug & Publish the Activity

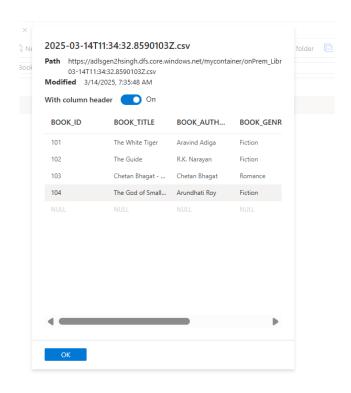
- Finally, Debug the Activity to execute it and publish it to save it and review the output.
- Execution Logs:



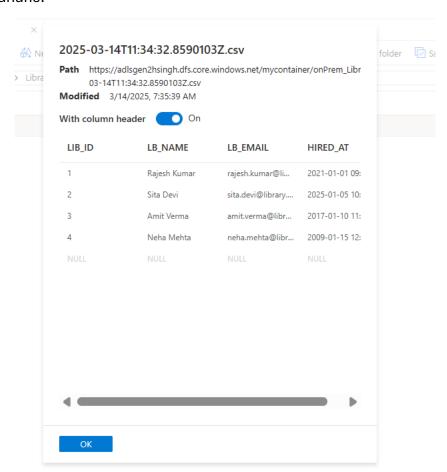
Created File Review in ADLS Gen2:



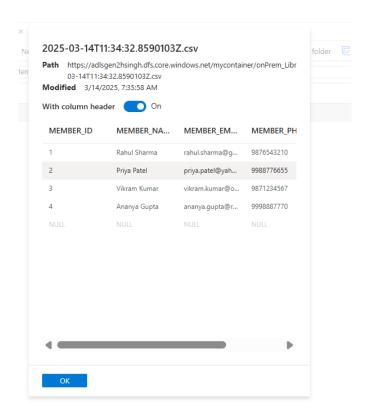
#### Books:



#### Librarians:

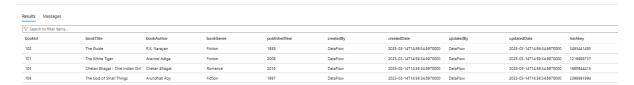


#### Members (Same for all other tables):

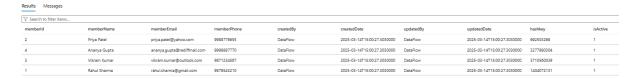


#### Loaded Data in the Azure SQL DB:

#### Books:



#### Members:



#### Library:

Results Messages			
Search to filter items			
lib_id	lb_name	lb_email	hired_at
1	Rajesh Kumar	rajesh.kumar@library.com	2021-01-01T09:00:00.0000000
2	Sita Devi	sita.devi@library.com	2025-01-05T10:00:00.0000000
3	Amit Verma	amit.verma@library.com	2017-01-10T11:00:00.0000000
4	Neha Mehta	neha.mehta@library.com	2009-01-15T12:00:00.0000000

## 5. After Second Run Review the Output.

Insert queries used to update/Insert in every type of tables:

---Insert/Update in Members table

Insert Into Members (member\_id, member\_name, member\_email, member\_phone, last\_updated)

Values

(5,'Virat Kohli', 'virat.kohli@gmail.com', 9876543210, '2025-03-08 00:00:00'), (6,'MS Dhoni', 'ms.dhoni@gmail.com', 9876501234, '2025-03-08 00:00:00')

Update Members Set member\_phone=9999543210,

member\_email='rahul.44sharma@gmail.com', last\_updated='2025-03-08 00:00:00' where member\_id=1

Update Members Set member\_email='ananya.gupta0555@rediffmail.com', last\_updated='2025-03-09 00:00:00'

where member\_id=4

#### ---Insert/Update in Books table

INSERT INTO Books (book\_id, book\_title, book\_author, book\_genre, published\_year, last\_updated)

**VALUES** 

(105,'The Alchemist', 'Paulo Coelho', 'Philosophical Fiction', 1988, '2025-03-08 00:00:00'),

(106, 'Life of Pi', 'Yann Martel', 'Adventure', 2001, '2025-03-08 00:00:00');

Update Books Set book\_genre='Fiction2', published\_year=2000, last\_updated='2025-03-08 00:00:00'

where book\_id=101

Update Books Set book\_genre='Fiction2', published\_year=1950, last\_updated='2025-03-08 00:00:00'

where book\_id=102

#### ---Insert in Librarians table

Insert Into Librarians (lib\_id, hired\_at, lb\_name, lb\_email)

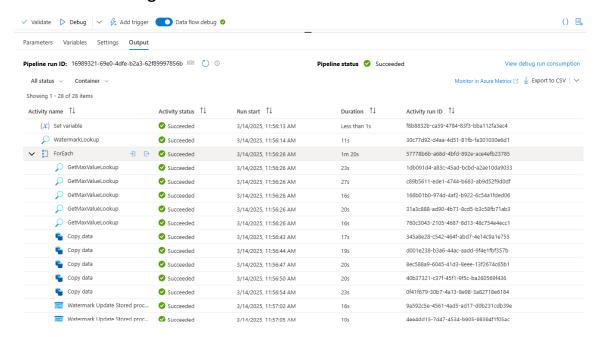
Values

(5, '2021-01-01 09:00:00', 'Ravish Singh Kumar', 'r.kumar@library.com')

#### **Query Output:**

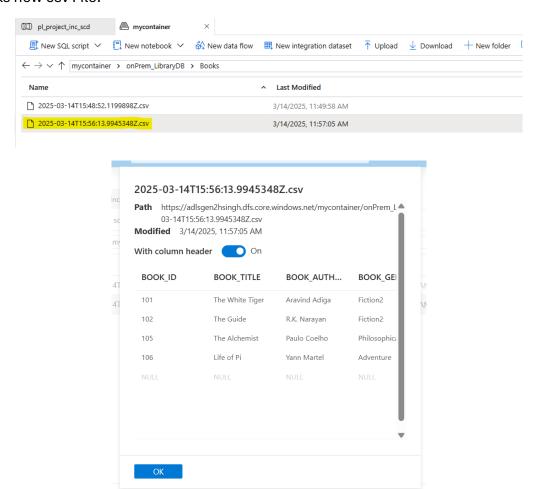
	book_id	bo	ook_title	b	ook_author	book_	genre	published_year	last_updated
1	101	TI	he White Ti	ger A	ravind Adiga	Fiction	12	2000	2025-03-08 00:00:00.000
2	102	TI	he Guide	F	R.K. Narayan	Fiction	12	1950	2025-03-08 00:00:00.000
3	103 Chetan Bhag		g C	hetan Bha	Romance	2016	2025-03-07 00:00:00.000		
4	104	TI	he God of S	S A	rundhati R	Fiction	1	1997	2025-03-07 00:00:00.000
5	105	TI	he Alchemi	st F	aulo Coelho	Philos	ophi	1988	2025-03-08 00:00:00.000
6	106	Life of Pi		Y	Yann Martel Adve		nture	2001	2025-03-08 00:00:00.000
	member id member nam			name	member_em	ail		member_phor	e last_updated
1	1		Rahul Sh	arma	rahul.44shar	ma@gr	mail.com	9999543210	2025-03-08 00:00:00.000
2	2		Priya Patel priya.patel@		priya.patel@	yahoo.d	com	9988776655	2025-03-07 00:00:00.000
3	3	3 Vikram Kuma		umar	vikram.kumar@outlook.com		9871234567	2025-03-07 00:00:00.000	
4	4 Ananya Gup		aupta	ananya.gupta0555@rediff		9998887770	2025-03-09 00:00:00.000		
5	5	5 Virat Kohli		li	virat.kohli@gmail.com		9876543210	2025-03-08 00:00:00.000	
6	6 MS Dhoni		İ	ms.dhoni@g	mail.co	m	9876501234	2025-03-08 00:00:00.000	
	lib_id	lb_name lb_e			nail		hired_a	at	
1	1	Raje	sh Kumar	rajest	sh.kumar@library.com		2021-0	1-01 09:00:00.0	00
2	2	Sita	Devi	sita.devi@library.com		m	2025-0	1-05 10:00:00.0	00
3	3	Amit	mit Verma amit.verma@library.		com	2017-0	1-10 11:00:00.0	00	
4	4	Neh	Neha Mehta neha.		mehta@librar	@library.com 2009-0		1-15 12:00:00.0	00
5	5	5 Ravish Sing r.ku		r.kum	ar@library.cor	n	2021-0	01-01 09:00:00.0	00

#### 2<sup>nd</sup> Run Execution Logs:

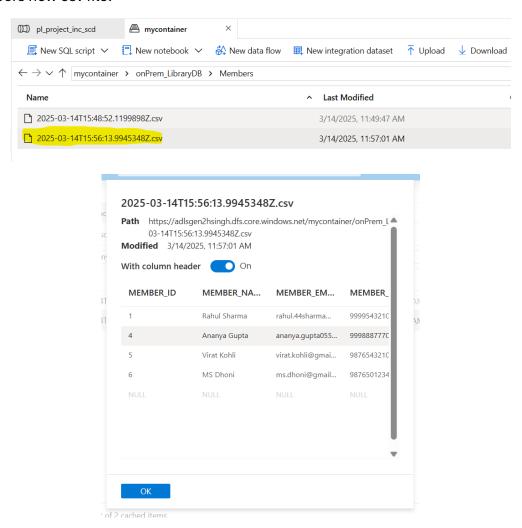


#### Review the new CSV Output Files in ADLS Gen2.

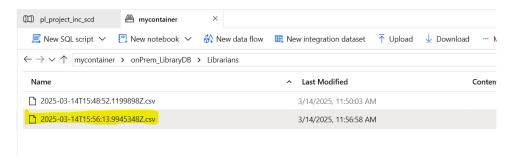
#### Books new csv File:

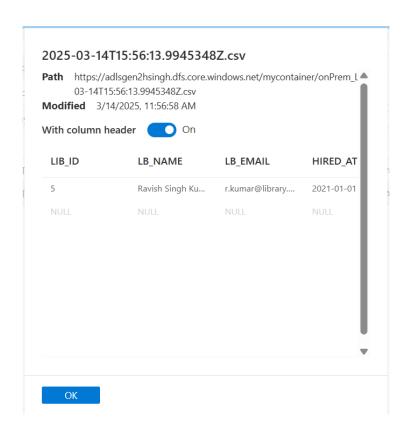


#### Members new csv file:



Librarians new csv file (**Note**: the empty files were generated as named as Current timestamp since there are no updates for other two table):



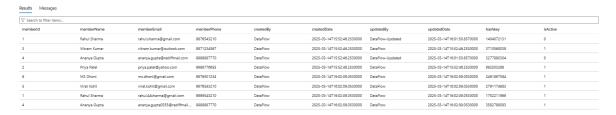


#### Review the tables in Azure SQL DB.

## For Books (Books\_SCDTYPE1):



### For Members (Members\_SCDTYPE2):



#### For Librarians:

#### Results Messages abla Search to filter items.. lib\_id lb\_name lb\_email hired\_at rajesh.kumar@library.com 2021-01-01T09:00:00.0000000 Sita Devi 2025-01-05T10:00:00.0000000 Amit Verma amit.verma@library.com Neha Mehta neha.mehta@library.com 2009-01-15T12:00:00.0000000 Ravish Singh Kumar

## For BorrowRecords:

Results Messages  Y Search to filter items						
borrow_date	book_id	member_id	return_days			
2025-01-01T10:00:00.0000000	101	1	20			
2025-01-05T14:00:00.0000000	102	2	15			
2025-01-10T16:00:00.0000000	103	3	7			
2025-01-12T09:30:00.0000000	101	4	10			

## For Inventory:

Results Messages					
Search to filter items					
last_updated	book_id	quantity			
2025-01-01T10:00:00.0000000	1	15			
2025-01-05T14:00:00.000000	2	20			
2025-01-10T16:00:00.0000000	3	25			
2025-01-12T09:30:00.000000	4	30			