AIM :

To write a C program to find ε-closure of a Non-Deterministic Finite Automata with ε-moves

ALGORTIHM :

1. Get the following as input from the user. i. Number of states in the NFA ii. Number of symbols in the input alphabet including ε iii. Input symbols iv. Number of final states and their names

2. Declare a 3-dimensional matrix to store the transitions and initialize all the entries with -1

3. Get the transitions from every state for every input symbol from the user and store it in the matrix. For example, consider the NFA shown below. There are 3 states 0, 1, and 2 There are three input symbols ε, 0 and 1. As the array index always starts with 0, we assume 0th symbol is ε, 1st symbol is 0 and 2nd symbol is 1. The transitions will be stored in the matrix as follows: From state 0, for input ε, there is one transition to state 1, which can be stored in the matrix as m[0][0][0]=1 From state 0, for input 0, there is no transition. From state 0, for input 1, there is one transition to state 1, whichcan be stored in the matrix as m[0][2][0]=1 Similarly, the other transitions can be stored as follows: m[1][0][0]=2 (From state 1, for input ε, the transition is to state 2) m[1][1][0]=1 (From state 1, for input 0, the transition is to state 1) All the other entries in the matrix will be -1 indicating no moves

4. Initialize a two-dimensional matrix e\_closure with -1 in all the entries.

5. ε-closure of a state q is defined as the set of all states that can be reached from state q using only ε-transitions.

6. For every state i, find ε-closure as follows: If there is an ε-transition from state i to state j, add j to the matrix e\_closure[i]. Call the recursive function find\_e\_closure(j) and add the other states that are reachable from i using ε 7. For every state, print the ε-closure values

PROGRAM:

#include<stdio.h>

#include<string.h>

int trans\_table[10][5][3];

char symbol[5],a;

int e\_closure[10][10],ptr,state;

void find\_e\_closure(int x);

int main()

{

int i,j,k,n,num\_states,num\_symbols;

for(i=0;i<10;i++)

{

for(j=0;j<5;j++){

for(k=0;k<3;k++){

trans\_table[i][j][k]=-1;}}

printf("How may states in the NFA with e-moves:");

scanf("%d",&num\_states);

printf("How many symbols in the input alphabet including e :");

scanf("%d",&num\_symbols);

printf("Enter the symbols without space. Give 'e' first:");

scanf("%s",symbol);

for(i=0;i<num\_states;i++)

{

for(j=0;j<num\_symbols;j++)

{

printf("How many transitions from state %d for the input%c:",i,symbol[j]);

scanf("%d",&n);

for(k=0;k<n;k++)

{

printf("Enter the transitions %d from state %d for the input%c :", k+1,i,symbol[j]);

scanf("%d",&trans\_table[i][j][k]);

}}}

for(i=0;i<10;i++)

{

for(j=0;j<10;j++)

{

e\_closure[i][j]=-1;}}

for(i=0;i<num\_states;i++)

e\_closure[i][0]=i;

for(i=0;i<num\_states;i++){

if(trans\_table[i][0][0]==-1)

continue;

else

{

state=i;

ptr=1;

find\_e\_closure(i);

}

}

for(i=0;i<num\_states;i++)

{

printf("e-closure(%d)= {",i);

for(j=0;j<num\_states;j++)

{

if(e\_closure[i][j]!=-1)

{

printf("%d, ",e\_closure[i][j]);

}}

printf("}\n");}

}

void find\_e\_closure(int x)

{

int i,j,y[10],num\_trans;

i=0;

while(trans\_table[x][0][i]!=-1)

{

y[i]=trans\_table[x][0][i];

i=i+1;}

num\_trans=i;

for(j=0;j<num\_trans;j++)

{

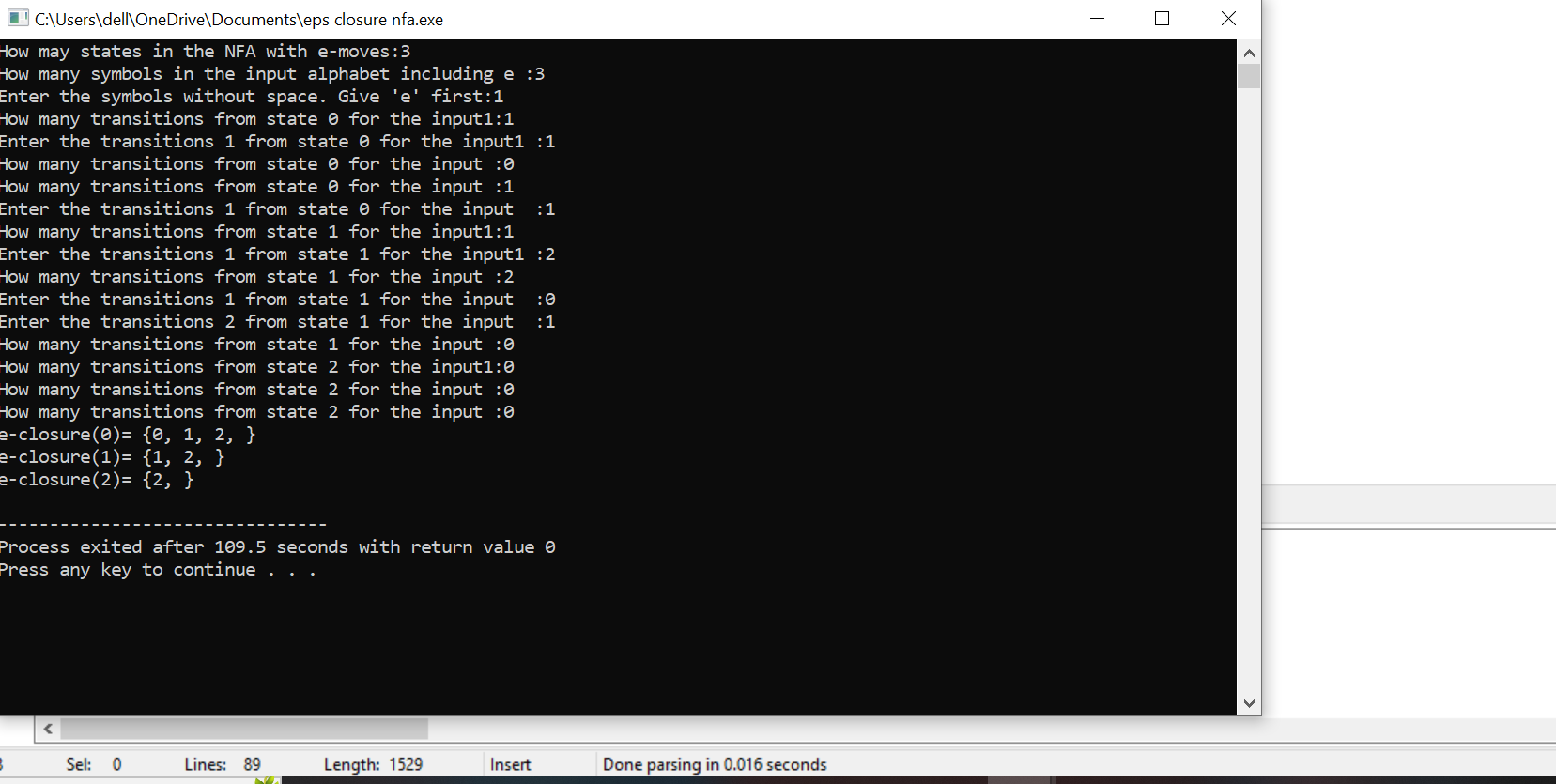
e\_closure[state][ptr]=y[j];

ptr++;

find\_e\_closure(y[j]);}

}

OUTPUT:



RESULT:

Thus ,executed successfully.