

Analyzing Text Data

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Text Preprocessing

Agenda

Text Vectorization

Sentiment Analysis



Let's begin the discussion by answering a few questions on Text Preprocessing



Which of the following tasks are performed during text cleaning?

- **A** Stemming
- **B** Lowercasing
- C Removal of Special Characters
- Adding extra white spaces

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Text Preprocessing



Process of preparing and refining raw text data by removing noise, such as special characters, punctuation, stop words, and irrelevant symbols, to standardize text data

Improves the suitability of the data for analysis and modeling

Stopword Removal

Stemming

Lowercasing

Remove special characters

Strip extra white spaces

Removes common words like "and", "the", "is", etc which often appears frequently and generally do not add 'contextual value' to the text

Converts the word into its root form, reducing it to its base or stem, to capture the core meaning

Converts all the words into lower case letters

Removes special characters like ", "", !, @, etc

Removes extra spaces between the words

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Text Preprocessing - Example



Text Preprocessing is key in natural language processing (NLP). It involves refining raw text for machine understanding and analysis. This process includes eliminating redundant words, reducing words to their root form, standardizing text to lowercase, excluding symbols (!@#\$), ensuring clean spaces, and filtering out numerical characters 1234.

Text Cleaning text preprocess key natur languag process nlp involv refin raw text machin understand analysi process includ elimin redund word reduc word root form standard text lowercas exclud symbol ensur clean space filter numer charact 1234



Consider the following three sentences:

"The cat jumped"
"The dog barked"
"The cat chased the dog"

What is the number of dimensions in the vector representation after applying the bag-of-words (BoW) model to all these sentences?

NOTE: Stopwords are not to be removed from the sentences.

 A
 6
 B
 9
 C
 12
 D
 15

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Bag of Words (BoW) model



Represents text by **counting the frequency of unique words** in a document **without considering the order or structure** of the words

Creates a "bag" (or set) of words in a text corpus, ignoring grammar and word order

Example:

the	cat	jumped	dog	barked	chased
1	1	1	0	0	0
1	0	0	1	1	0
1	1	0	1	0	1
	1 1	1 1 0 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 0 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 1	1 1 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 1

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Words with high frequency are always considered to be stop words.

A True



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A True

Stopwords



Words in any language which do not add much meaning to a sentence.

Can safely be ignored without sacrificing the meaning of the sentence.

Example:

Consider you are analyzing a collection of documents related to cooking recipes.

The word "salt" might appear very frequently across these documents due to its significance in cooking.

However, "salt" will not be considered a stop word in this context because it carries essential meaning within the domain.

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A True



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A True

Sentiment Analysis



The process of analyzing a piece of text and categorizing it based on the context and emotions expressed within the text

In general, categorization is done as positive, negative, or neutral

Used extensively to analyze end-user feedback, gain insights on the sentiment of the user towards a product/service, and identify areas of improvement

Example:

"The movie was fun, brisk, and imaginative"

=>

Positive



Sentiment Analysis - Lexicon-based Approach

Uses predefined dictionaries (or lexicons) containing words and their associated sentiment labels

Each word in new, unseen text is compared against the lexicons to determine its sentiment label, and then the values are combined to get the prediction



Happy Learning!

