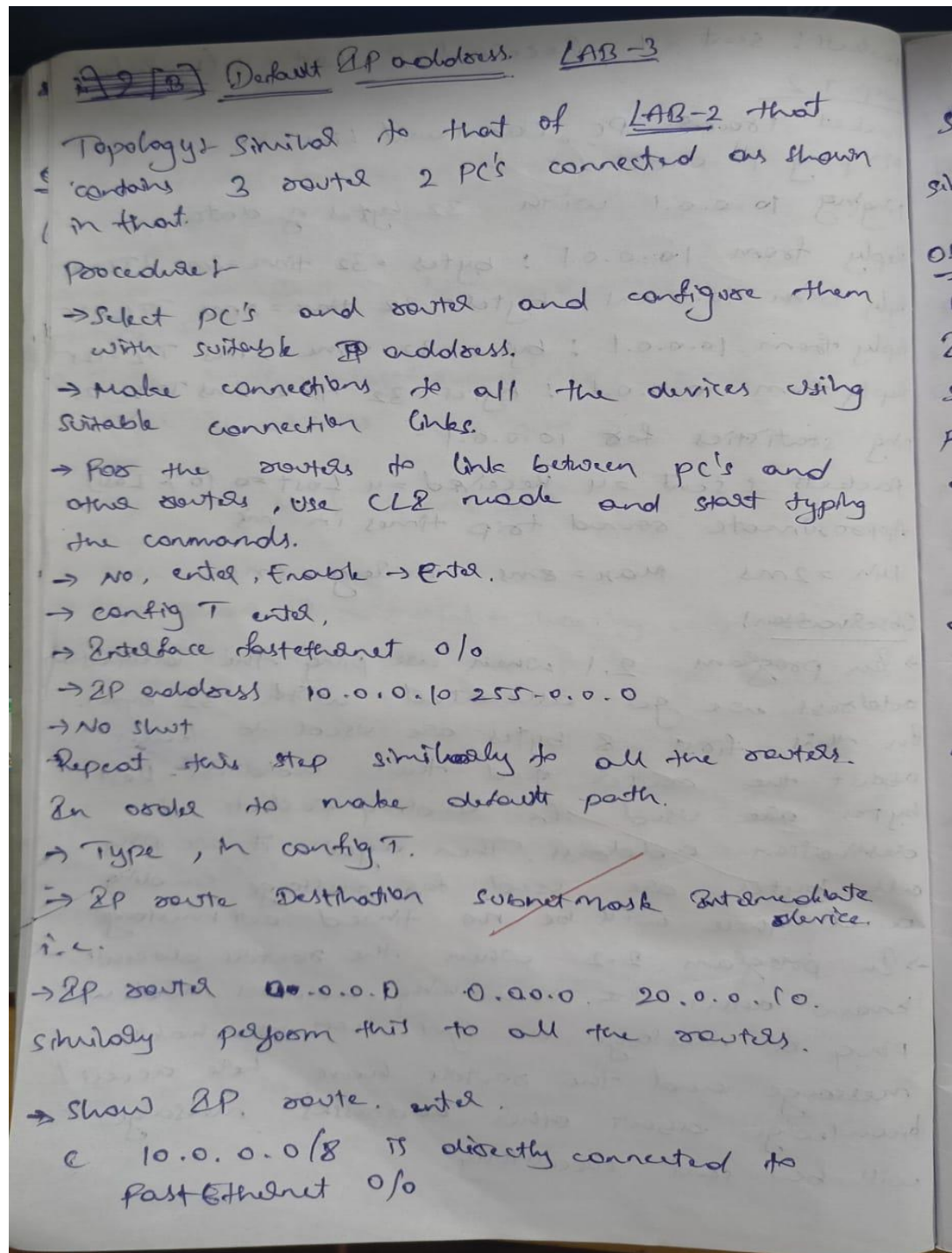


## LAB 3

Configure default route to the Router.

### OBSERVATION:



C 20.0.0.0/8 is directly connected, serial 2/0  
5\* 0.0.0.0/0 [1/0] via 20.0.0.10

Initially all the routers are connected.

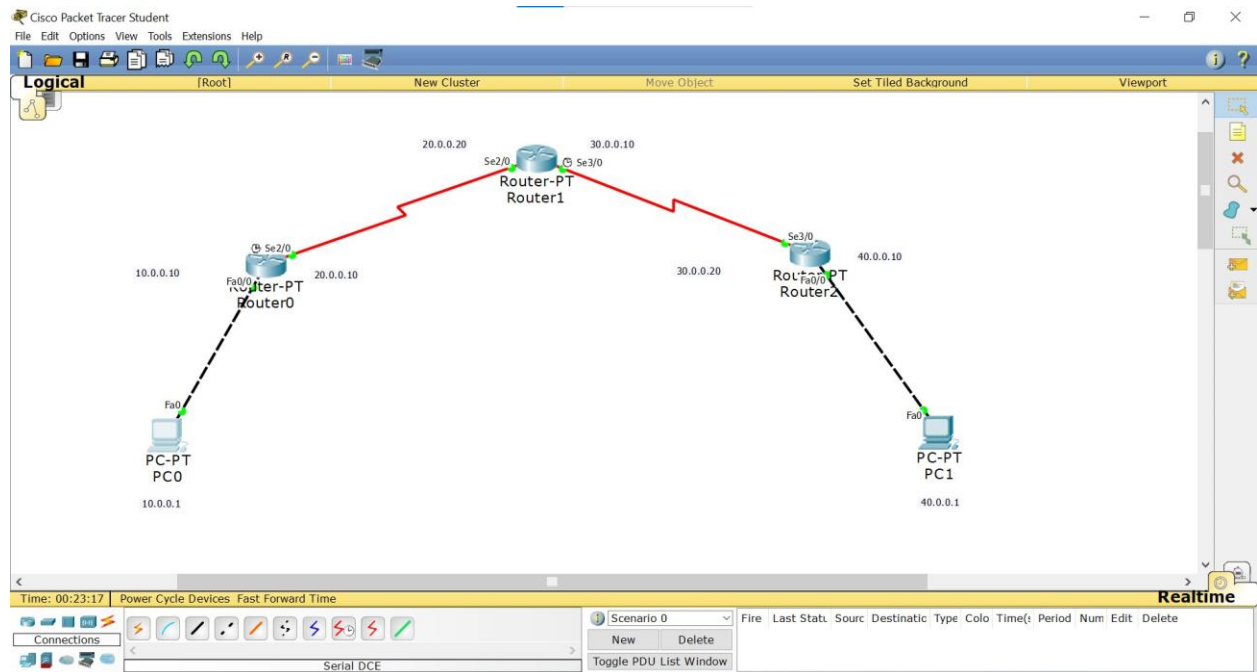
### Observation:-

In the previous one, we have given the IP address to all the routers with destination subnet, and intermediate IP address of those particular devices, but here in this experiment we use a default IP address i.e.

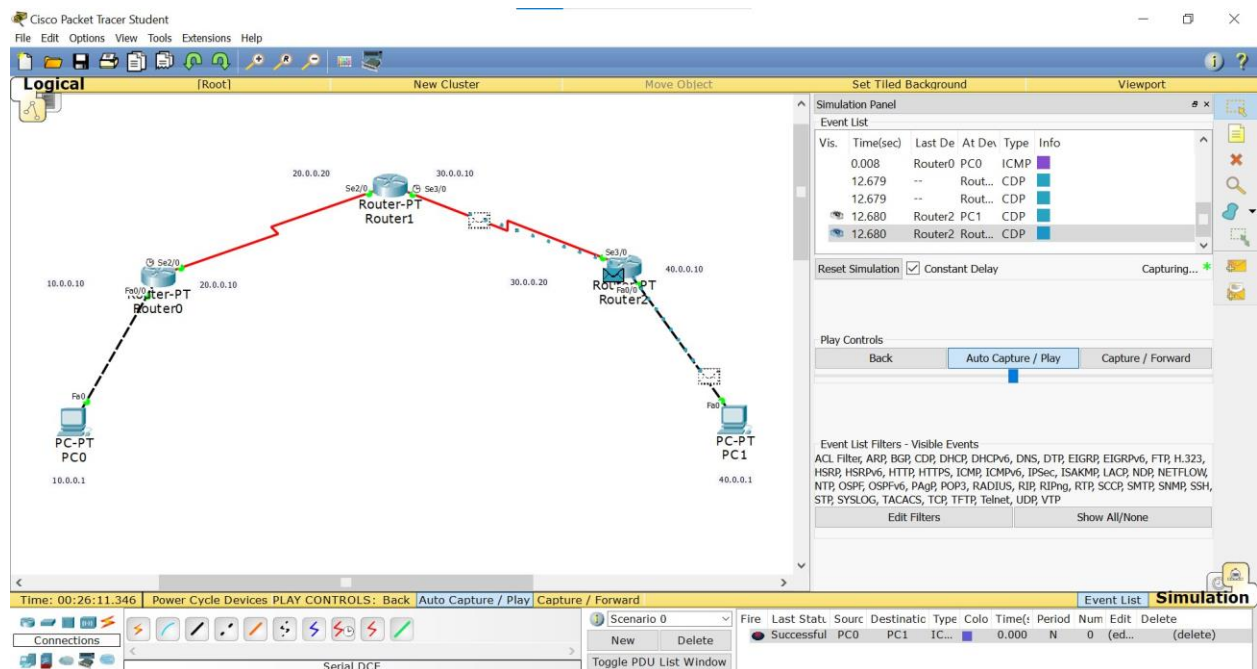
0.0.0.0 and subnet mask 0.0.0.0 so that it can create a pass through channel to all the ~~devices~~ packets that are sent will be transferred by the intermediate device. This is generally used in large no. device connections.

See

## TOPOLOGY:



## OUTPUT:



**Command Prompt**

Packet Tracer PC Command Line 1.0

PC>ping 40.0.0.1

Pinging 40.0.0.1 with 32 bytes of data:

Request timed out.

Reply from 40.0.0.1: bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=125

Reply from 40.0.0.1: bytes=32 time=16ms TTL=125

Reply from 40.0.0.1: bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=125

Ping statistics for 40.0.0.1:

Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 3, Lost = 1 (25% loss),

Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:

Minimum = 2ms, Maximum = 16ms, Average = 6ms

PC>ping 40.0.0.1

Pinging 40.0.0.1 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 40.0.0.1: bytes=32 time=21ms TTL=125

Reply from 40.0.0.1: bytes=32 time=9ms TTL=125

Reply from 40.0.0.1: bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=125

Reply from 40.0.0.1: bytes=32 time=4ms TTL=125

Ping statistics for 40.0.0.1:

Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),

Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:

Minimum = 2ms, Maximum = 21ms, Average = 9ms

PC>|