EX NO :1B DATE:27.7.24

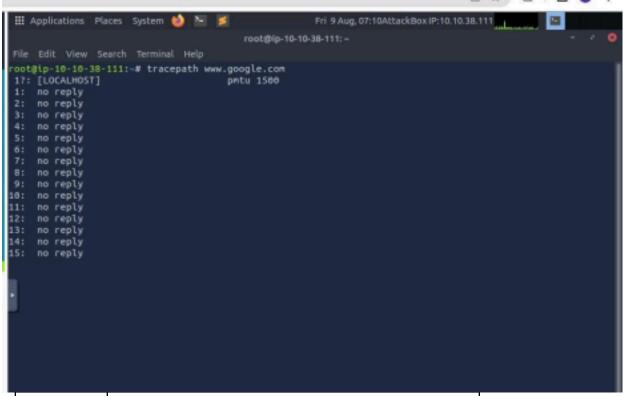
Linux Networking Commands

Every computer is connected to some other computer through a network whether internally or externally to exchange some information. This network can be small as some computers connected in your home or office, or can be large or complicated as in large University or the entire Internet.

Maintaining a system's network is a task of System/Network administrator. Their task includes network configuration and troubleshooting.

Here is a list of Networking and Troubleshooting commands:

ifconfig	Display and manipulate route and network interfaces.
ip	It is a replacement of ifconfig command.
traceroute	Network troubleshooting utility.
tracepath	Similar to traceroute but doesn't require root privileges.
ping	To check connectivity between two nodes.
netstat	Display connection information.
SS	It is a replacement of netstat.



dig	Query DNS related information.
nslookup	Find DNS related query.
route	Shows and manipulate IP routing table.
host	Performs DNS lookups.
arp	View or add contents of the kernel's ARP table.
iwconfig	Used to configure wireless network interface.

hostname	To identify a network name.
curl or wget	To download a file from internet.
mtr	Combines ping and tracepath into a single command.
whois	Will tell you about the website's whois.
ifplugstatus	Tells whether a cable is plugged in or not.

Explanation of the above commands:

1.ifconfig: ifconfig is short for interface configurator. This command is utilized in network inspection, initializing the interface, enabling or disabling an IP address, and configuring an interface with an IP address. Also, it is used to show the network and route interface.

The basic details shown with ifconfig are:

- MTU
- · MAC address
- IP address

Syntax:

Ifconfig

```
Fri 9 Aug, 07:10AttackBox IP:10.10.38.111
 III Applications Places System 🍪 🔚 📁
                                           root@ip-10-10-38-111: ~
 oot@ip-10-10-38-111:-# tracepath www.google.com
 17: [LOCALHOST]
                                       pntu 1586
 1: no reply
    no reply
 3: no reply
    no reply
    no reply
    no reply
    no reply
    no reply
    no reply
10:
    no reply
11:
    no reply
12:
    no reply
    no reply
14: no reply
15: no reply
```

```
oot@ip-10-10-38-111:-# ifconfig
docker0: flags=4163<UP,BROADCAST,RUNNING,MULTICAST> mtu 1580
       inet 172.17.0.1 netmask 255.255.0.0 broadcast 172.17.255.255
        inet6 fe80::42:16ff:fec8:24d5 prefixlen 64 scopeid 0x20<link>
       ether 02:42:16:c8:24:d5 txqueuelen 0 (Ethernet)
       RX packets 0 bytes 0 (0.0 B)
RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0
        TX packets 35 bytes 4761 (4.7 KB)
        TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
ens5: flags=4163<UP,BROADCAST,RUNNING,MULTICAST> mtu 9001
        inet 10.10.38.111 netmask 255.255.0.0 broadcast 10.10.255.255
        inet6 fe80::4a:89ff:fe31:79dd prefixlen 64 scopeid 0x20<link>
        ether 02:4a:89:31:79:dd txqueuelen 1000 (Ethernet)
        RX packets 8987 bytes 715564 (715.5 KB)
        RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
        TX packets 6758 bytes 4150018 (4.1 MB)
        TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
 : flags=73<UP,L00PBACK,RUNNING> ntu 65536
inet 127.0.0.1 netmask 255.0.0.0
        inet6 :: 1 prefixlen 128 scopeid 0x10<host>
       loop txqueuelen 1000 (Local Loopback)
RX packets 15766 bytes 4686708 (4.6 MB)
       RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
TX packets 15766 bytes 4686788 (4.6 MB)
        TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
inet6 fe80::540c:a4ff:fe12:a53b prefixlen 64 scopeid 0x20<link>
       RX packets 0 bytes 0 (0.0 B)
        RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
        TX packets 57 bytes 7476 (7.4 KB)
        TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
vethf098cf2: flags=4163<UP,BROADCAST,RUNNING,MULTICAST> #htu 1500
       inet6 fe80::18a6:daff:fe84:d9f2 prefixlen 64 scopeid 0x20<link>
ether 12:a6:da:84:d9:f2 txqueuelen 0 (Ethernet)
       RX packets 0 bytes 0 (0.0 B)
RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
        TX packets 58 bytes 7566 (7.5 KB)
        TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
```

2. ip: It is the updated and latest edition of ifconfig command. The command provides the information of every network, such as ifconfig. Also, it can be used to get informationabout a particular interface.

NAME: VENSELVAM. V

```
## Applications Places System  Fri 9 Aug, 07:10AttackBox IP:10.10.38.111  Froot@ip-10-10-38-111:-

File Edit View Search Terminal Help Froot@ip-10-10-38-111:-# tracepath www.google.com
17: [LOCALHOST]  Fri 10-10-38-111:-# phtu 1500
11: no reply
12: no reply
13: no reply
14: no reply
10: no reply
11: no reply
12: no reply
13: no reply
13: no reply
14: no reply
15: no reply
15: no reply
15: no reply
16: no reply
17: no reply
18: no reply
19: no reply
19: no reply
19: no reply
10: no reply
11: no reply
12: no reply
13: no reply
14: no reply
15: no reply
```

Syntax:

- 1. ip a
- 2. ip addr

```
Fri 9 Aug, 07:10AttackBox IP:10.10.38.111
 🔛 Applications Places System ы 🔀 🎏
                                          root@ip-10-10-38-111: ~
 File Edit View Search Terminal Help
 oot@ip-10-10-38-111:~# tracepath www.google.com
 17: [LOCALHOST]
                                       pmtu 1580
 1: no reply
    no reply
 3: no reply
 4: no reply
    no reply
    no reply
    no reply
    no reply
    no reply
10:
    no reply
    no reply
11:
12:
    no reply
13:
    no reply
14: no reply
15: no reply
```

```
veth9ddb7c8: flags=4163<UP,BROADCAST,RUNNING,MULTICAST> mtu 1500
        inet6 fe80::540c:a4ff:fe12:a53b prefixlen 64 scopeid 0x20<link>
        ether 56:0c:a4:12:a5:3b txqueuelen 0 (Ethernet)
       RX packets 0 bytes 0 (0.0 B)
       RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
        TX packets 57 bytes 7476 (7.4 KB)
        TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
vethf898cf2: flags=4163<UP,BROADCAST,RUNNING,MULTICAST> rtu 1580
       inet6 fe88::18a6:daff:fe84:d9f2 prefixlen 64 scopeid 8x20<link>
       ether 12:a6:da:84:d9:f2 txqueuelen 0 (Ethernet)
        RX packets 0 bytes 0 (0.0 B)
       RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
       TX packets 58 bytes 7566 (7.5 KB)
        TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
oot@ip-10-10-38-111:-₩ ip a
i: lo: <LOOPBACK,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 65536 qdisc noqueue state UNKNOWN group default qlen 1808
    link/loopback 88:88:88:88:88:88 brd 88:88:88:88:88
   inet 127.0.0.1/8 scope host lo
       valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
    inet6 ::1/128 scope host
      valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
2: ens5: «BROADCAST,MULTICAST,UP,LOWER_UP» ntu 9001 qdisc nq state UP group default qlen 1000
    link/ether 02:4a:89:31:79:dd brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:f
    inet 10.10.38.111/16 brd 10.10.255.255 scope global dynamic ens5
       valid_lft 2768sec preferred_lft 2768sec
    inet6 fe80::4a:89ff:fe31:79dd/64 scope link
      valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever

    docker0: <BROADCAST_MULTICAST_UP_LOWER_UP> ntu 1500 qdisc noqueue state UP group default

    link/ether 02:42:16:c8:24:d5 brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff
    inet 172.17.0.1/16 brd 172.17.255.255 scope global docker0
      valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
    inet6 fe80::42:16ff:fec8:24d5/64 scope link
      valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
5: vethf098cf2gif4: <BROADCAST,MULTICAST,UP,LOMER_UP> ntu 1500 qdisc noqueue master docker0 state UP grou
p default
    link/ether 12:a6:da:84:d9:f2 brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff link-netnsid 0
    inet6 fe80::10a6:daff:fe84:d9f2/64 scope link
      valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
7: veth9ddb7c8g1f6: <BROADCAST,MULTICAST,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 1500 qdlsc noqueue master docker0 state UP grou
p default
    link/ether 56:0c:a4:12:a5:3b brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff link-netnsid 1
    inet6 fe80::540c:a4ff:fe12:a53b/64 scope link
       valid_lft forever_preferred_lft forever
oot@ip-10-10-38-111:-#
    + (b) - (i) THM AttackBox
                                                                                                 44min 56s
```

```
III Applications Places System (b) E
                                                         Fri 9 Aug, 07:10AttackBox IP:10.10.38.111
                                            root@ip-10-10-38-111: ~
 oot@ip-10-10-38-111:-# tracepath www.google.com
                                        pritu 1588
 1: no reply
    no reply
    no reply
    no reply
     no reply
     no reply
     no reply
     no reply
     no reply
     no reply
     no reply
     no reply
    no reply
    no reply
15: no reply
```

- 3.traceroute: The traceroute command is one of the most helpful commands in the networking field. It's used to balance the network. It identifies the delay and decides the pathway to our target. Basically, it aids in the below ways:
 - It determines the location of the network latency and informs it.
 - It follows the path to the destination.
 - It gives the names and recognizes all devices on the path.

Syntax:

traceroute <destination>

```
root@ip-10-13-33-111:=# traceroute www.google.com
traceroute to www.google.com (209.85.202.104), 30 hops max, 60 byte packets

1 * * *

2 * * *

3 * * *

4 * * *

5 * * *

9 * * *

10 * * *

11 * * *

12 * *

13 * * *

14 * *

15 * * *

16 * * *

17 * * *

18 * * *

19 * * *

20 * *

21 * *

22 * *

23 * *

24 * *

25 * *

26 * * *

27 * *

28 * *

29 * *

30 * *
```

4. **tracepath:** The tracepath command is the same as the traceroute command, and it is used to find network delays. Besides, it does not need root privileges. By default, it comes pre-installed in Ubuntu. It traces the path to the destination and recognizes all hops in it. It identifies the point at which the network is weak if our network is not strong enough.

Syntax:

tracepath <destination>

5. **ping:** It is short for Packet Internet Groper. The ping command is one of the widely used commands for network troubleshooting. Basically, it inspects the network connectivity between two different nodes.

Syntax:

ping <destination>

```
III Applications Places System 🐸 🔚 🌠
                                                      Fri 9 Aug, 07:10AttackBox IP:10.10.38.111
                                         root@ip-10-10-38-111: ~
 oot@ip-10-10-38-111:~# tracepath www.google.com
                                      pntu 1588
 1: no reply
    no reply
 3: no reply
    no reply
    no reply
    no reply
    no reply
    no reply
    no reply
10:
    no reply
    no reply
11:
12:
    no reply
13:
    no reply
14: no reply
15: no reply
```

```
D & D & 3 1
                     III Applications Places System 的 🔚 🗾
                                                                                                     Fri 9 Aug. 07:12AttackBox IP:10.10.38.111
                                                                                  root@ip-10-10-38-111: ~
                    [-w deadline] [-W timeout] [hop1 ...] destination
Usage: ping -6 [-aAbBdDfhLnOqrRUvV] [-c count] [-i interval] [-I interface]
[-l preload] [-m mark] [-M pmtudisc_option]
                                       [-N nodeinfo_option] [-p pattern] [-Q tclass] [-s packetsize]
[-S sndbuf] [-t ttl] [-T timestamp_option] [-w deadline]
[-W timeout] destination
                     root@ip-10-10-38-111:-# ping 10.10.38.
                    ping: 10.10.38.: Name or service not known
                     root@ip-10-10-38-111: # ping 10.10.38.111
                    PING 10.10.38.111 (10.10.38.111) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 10.10.38.111: icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.842 ms
                    64 bytes from 10.10.38.111: icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=0.037 ms
                    64 bytes from 10.10.38.111; icmp_seq=3 ttl=64 time=0.027 ms
64 bytes from 10.10.38.111; icmp_seq=4 ttl=64 time=0.029 ms
                    64 bytes from 10.10.38.111: icmp_seq=5 ttl=64 time=0.023 ms
64 bytes from 10.10.38.111: icmp_seq=6 ttl=64 time=0.044 ms
64 bytes from 10.10.38.111: icmp_seq=7 ttl=64 time=0.025 ms
                    64 bytes from 10.10.38.111: icmp_seq=8 ttl=64 time=0.027 ms
                     4 bytes from 10.10.38.111: icmp_seq=9 ttl=64 time=0.032 ms
                        bytes from 10.10.38.111: icmp_seq=10 ttl=64 time=0.025 ms
                        bytes from 10.10.38.111: icmp_seq=11 ttl=64 time=0.035 ms
bytes from 10.10.38.111: icmp_seq=12 ttl=64 time=0.029 ms
                     4 bytes from 10.10.38.111: lcmp_seq=13 ttl=64 time=0.041 ms
                    64 bytes from 10.10.38.111: icmp_seq=14 ttl=64 time=8.044 ms
64 bytes from 10.10.38.111: icmp_seq=15 ttl=64 time=0.039 ms
                     64 bytes from 10.10.38.111: \cmp_seq=16 ttl=64 time=0.030 ms
                    64 bytes from 10.10.38.111: icmp_seq=17 ttl=64 time=0.040 ms
64 bytes from 10.10.38.111: icmp_seq=18 ttl=64 time=0.027 ms
                     64 bytes from 10.10.38.111: icmp_seq=19 ttl=64 time=0.042 ms
                    64 bytes from 10.10.38.111: icmp_seq=20 ttl=64 time=0.042 ms
64 bytes from 10.10.38.111: icmp_seq=21 ttl=64 time=0.027 ms
                    64 bytes from 10.10.38.111: lcmp_seq=22 ttl=64 tlme=8.025 ms
64 bytes from 10.10.38.111: lcmp_seq=23 ttl=64 tlme=8.037 ms
                    64 bytes from 10.10.38.111: icmp_seq=24 ttl=64 time=0.042 ms
                    64 bytes from 10.10.38.111: icmp_seq=25 ttl=64 time=0.181 ms
64 bytes from 10.10.38.111: icmp_seq=26 ttl=64 time=0.028 ms
                    64 bytes from 10.10.38.111: icmp_seq=27 ttl=64 time=0.043 ms
                    64 bytes from 10.10.38.111: icmp_seq=28 ttl=64 time=0.025 ms
64 bytes from 10.10.38.111: icmp_seq=29 ttl=64 time=0.032 ms
                     64 bytes from 10.10.38.111: icmp_seq=30 ttl=64 time=0.031 ms
                     54 bytes from 10.10.38.111: icmp_seq=31 ttl=64 time=0.047 ms
                     ·-- 10.10.38.111 ping statistics ···
CSE(CYBE 31 packets transmitted, 31 received, 0% packet loss, time 30723ms rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.023/0.038/0.181/0.027 ms
```

netstat: It is short for network statistics. It gives statistical figures of many interfaces, which contain open sockets, connection information, and routing tables.

Syntax:

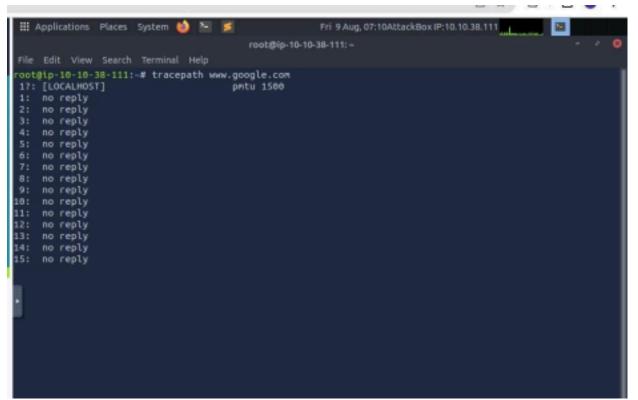
Netstat

```
🔡 Applications Places System 🐞 🔄 🇾
                                                          Fri 9 Aug, 07:10AttackBox IP:10.10.38.111
                                             root@ip-10-10-38-111: ~
  oot@ip-10-10-38-111:~# tracepath www.google.com
  17: [LOCALHOST]
                                          pritu 1500
     no reply
      no reply
 10:
      no reply
 11:
      no reply
 12:
      no reply
 13:
      no reply
 14:
      no reply
 15:
      no reply
     x +
                                                                                            Fri 9 Aug, 07:14AttackBox IP:10.10.38.111
     III Applications Places System 🝪 🔚 🗾
                                                 root@ip-10-10-38-111: ~
     File Edit View Search Terminal Help
                                STREAM
                                            CONNECTED
                                                           30757
                                                                     @/tmp/dbus-syGt6LJFW9
                                                                     /run/systemd/journal/stdout
/run/systemd/journal/stdout
     untx
                                STREAM
                                                           29383
                                            CONNECTED
                                STREAM
                                            CONNECTED
                                                           28959
                                STREAM
                                            CONNECTED
                                STREAM
                                                           38129
     untx
                                            CONNECTED
                                STREAM
                                            CONNECTED
                                                           25464
                                                                     /var/run/dbus/system_bus_socket
     un Lx
                                            CONNECTED
                                                           27535
                                                           29397
                                                                     /run/systemd/journal/stdout
     untx
                                STREAM
                                            CONNECTED
                                                           32416
                                DGRAM
                                STREAM
                                            CONNECTED
                                                           29811
                                            CONNECTED
                                                           29148
     untx
                                STREAM
                                            CONNECTED
                                STREAM
     untx
                                STREAM
                                            CONNECTED
     untx
                                STREAM
                                            CONNECTED
                                                           27880
                                            CONNECTED
                                STREAM
     ıntx
                                DGRAM
                                                           22033
                                STREAM
                                                                     @/tmp/dbus-syGt6LJFW9
     untx
                                            CONNECTED
                                STREAM
     untx
                                            CONNECTED
                                                           29685
     ıntx
                                STREAM
                                            CONNECTED
                                                           27130
     tx
tx
                                DGRAM
                                STREAM
                                            CONNECTED
                                                           19423
                                                                     /var/run/dbus/system_bus_socket
      htx
                                STREAM
                                            CONNECTED
                                                           32978
                                            CONNECTED
     ıntx
                                STREAM
                                                           29381
                                STREAM
                                                           34353
     un1x
                                STREAM
                                            CONNECTED
                                                                     /run/systemd/journal/stdout
                                                                     /run/systemd/journal/stdout
/run/systemd/journal/stdout
                                STREAM
                                                           29382
                                            CONNECTED
                                            CONNECTED
     untx
                                STREAM
     ın Lx
                                STREAM
                                            CONNECTED
                                                           18837
                                                                     /var/run/dbus/system_bus_socket
                                                                     @/tmp/dbus-syGt6LJFW9
                                STREAM
                                            CONNECTED
                                                           29776
                                                                     @/tmp/dbus-syGt6LJFW9
                                STREAM
                                            CONNECTED
                                                           27866
     untx
     ıntx
                                DGRAM
                                                           17056
                                SEQPACKET
                                            CONNECTED
                                STREAM
                                            CONNECTED
     untx
                                                           38734
                                STREAM
                                            CONNECTED
                                                           29785
     untx
                                STREAM
                                            CONNECTED
                                                           29150
                                                                     @/tmp/dbus-syGt6LJFW9
                                            CONNECTED
     untx
                                STREAM
                                                           27805
                                STREAM
                                            CONNECTED
                                                           17677
     in1x
                                STREAM
                                            CONNECTED
                                                                     @/tmp/dbus-SetFr4GY3I
                                            CONNECTED
     untx
                                STREAM
                                STREAM
                                            CONNECTED
                                                           30012
                                                                     @/tmp/.X11-unix/X1
                                                                     @/tmp/.X11-unix/X1
                                STREAM
                                            CONNECTED
                                                           26693
                                DGRAM
     un1x
                                                           881
CSEuntx
                                STREAM
                                            CONNECTED
                                                           45152
```

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a/ten/dbus-SetEr4GV31

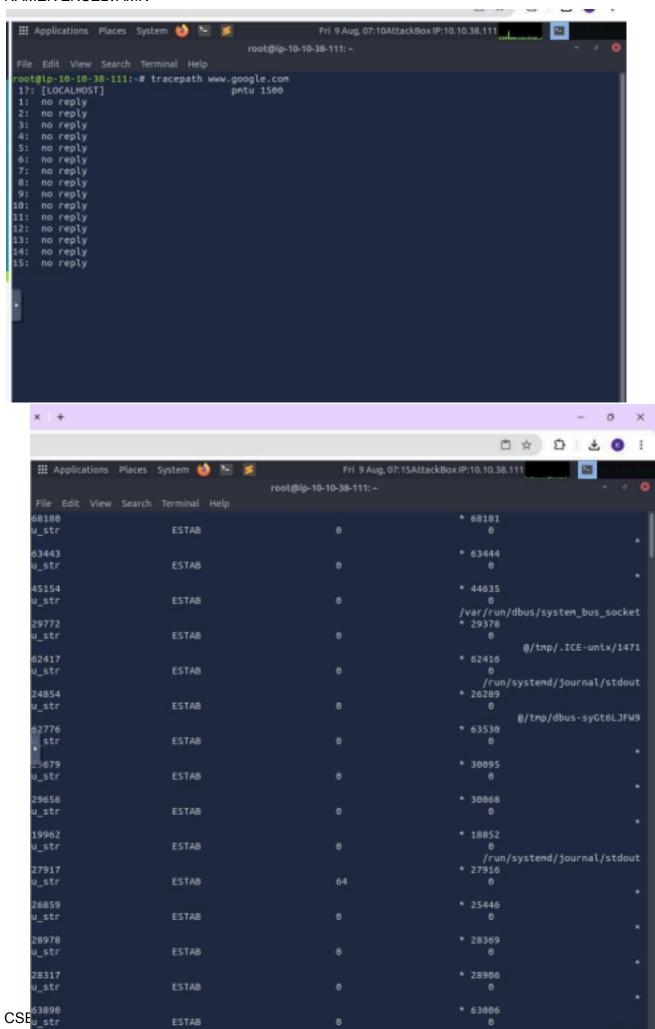
STREAM

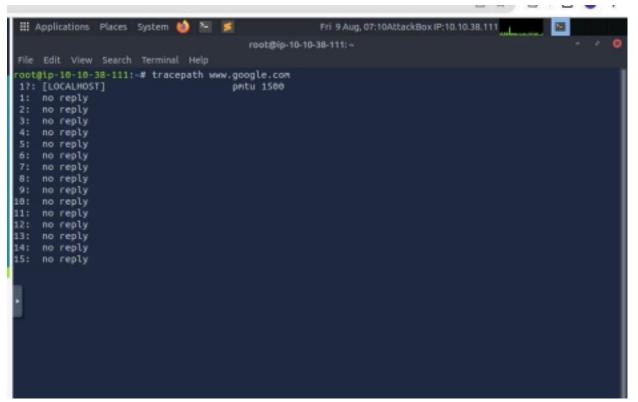


7. **ss:** This command is the substitution for the netstat command. The ss command is more informative and much faster than netstat. The ss command's faster response is possible because it fetches every information from inside the kernel userspace.

Syntax:

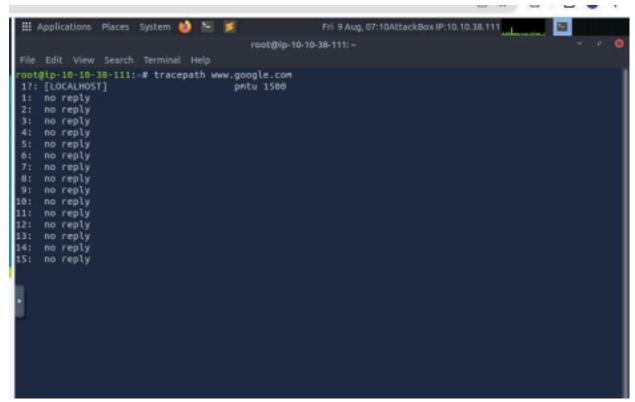
Ss





8. **nsloopup:** The nslookup command is an older edition of the dig command. Also, it is utilized for DNS related problems.

```
III Applications Places System 🐸 🔚 🌠
                                                          Fri 9 Aug, 07:10AttackBox IP:10.10.38.111
                                            root@ip-10-10-38-111: ~
  oot@ip-10-10-38-111:-# tracepath www.google.com
                                         pmtu 1580
  1: no reply
2: no reply
  3: no reply
  4: no reply
      no reply
      no reply
      no reply
      no reply
      no reply
 10:
      no reply
     no reply
 11:
 12:
      no reply
 13:
      no reply
 14: no reply
 15: no reply
                                                                                           自 章 章 主 图 :
       III Applications Places System 🐸 🔚 🌠
                                                              Fri 9 Aug, 07:16AttackBox IP:10.10.38.111
                                                 root@ip-10-10-38-111: ~
                               SYN-SENT
      tcp
                                                                                                        10.10.38.111:
      44124
                                                                      34.117.188.166:https
                               SYN-SENT
      tcp
                                                                                                        10.10.38.111:
      59546
                                                                      34.120.208.123:https
      tcp
                                                                                                           127.0.0.1:
      5981
                                                                           127.0.0.1:54532
                               SYN-SENT
      tcp
                                                                                                        10.10.38.111:
      56484
                                                                       34.107.221.82:http
      tcp
                               ESTAB
                                                                                                        10.10.38.111:
      http
                                                                         10.100.2.28:52654
      tcp
                               ESTAB
                                                                                                           127.0.0.1:
                                                                           127.0.0.1:5901
      oot@ip-10-10-38-111:-# nslookup
       www.google.com
                      127.0.0.53
       brver:
                     127.0.0.53#53
      Address:
      Non-authoritative answer:
      Name: www.google.com
Address: 209.85.202.104
      Name: www.google.com
      Address: 209.85.202.103
      Name: www.google.com
      Address: 209.85.202.106
      Name: www.google.com
Address: 209.85.202.99
      Name: www.google.com
      Address: 209.85.202.147
      Name: www.google.com
      Address: 209.85.202.105
      Name: www.google.com
      Address: 2a80:1450:480b:c00::68
      Name: www.google.com
      Address: 2a00:1450:400b:c00::6a
      Name: www.google.com
      Address: 2a00:1450:400b:c00::63
CSE Name: www.google.com
Address: 2a00:1450:400b:c00::67
```



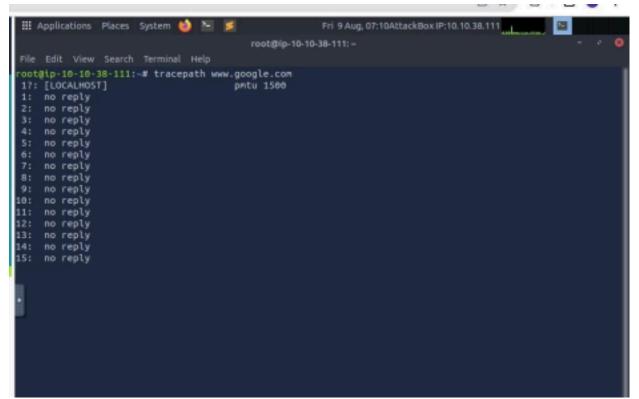
Syntax: nslookup **<domainname>**

9. **dig:** dig is short for Domain Information Groper. The dig command is an improvised edition of the nslookup command. It is utilized in DNS lookup to reserve the DNS name server. Also, it is used to balance DNS related problems. Mainly, it is used to authorize DNS mappings, host addresses, MX records, and every other DNS record for the best DNS topography understanding.

Syntax:

dig <domainname>

```
III Applications Places System 🐞 🔚 🌠
                                                        Fri 9 Aug, 07:10AttackBox IP:10.10.38.111
                                           root@ip-10-10-38-111: ~
  oot@ip-10-10-38-111:-# tracepath www.google.com
                                        pritu 1588
  1: no reply
2: no reply
  3: no reply
  4: no reply
      no reply
      no reply
      no reply
      no reply
      no reply
 10:
      no reply
      no reply
 11:
 12:
      no reply
 13:
      no reply
 14: no reply
 15: no reply
                                                                                                     - 0 X
     × +
                                                                                        D x D & 0 :
      III Applications Places System 🐞 🔚 🌠
                                                            Fri 9 Aug, 07:17AttackBox IP:10.10.38.111
                                               root@ip-10-10-38-111:~
      File Edit View Search Terminal Help
     Address: 289.85.202.104
     Name: www.google.com
Address: 209.85.202.103
     Name: www.google.com
     Address: 209.85.202.106
     Name: www.google.com
     Address: 209.85.202.99
      Name: www.google.com
     Address: 289.85.282.147
     Name: www.google.com
     Address: 209.85.202.105
     Name: www.google.com
     Address: 2a00:1450:400b:c00::68
     Name: www.google.com
     Address: 2a00:1450:400b:c00::6a
      Name: www.google.com
     Address: 2a00:1450:400b:c00::63
     Name: www.google.com
      ddress: 2a00:1450:400b:c00::67
      ^Croot@ip-10-10-38-111:-# dig www.google.com
      <>>> DiG 9.11.3-1ubuntu1.18-Ubuntu <<>> www.google.com
      ; global options: +cmd
      :: Got answer:
        ->>HEADER<<- opcode: QUERY, status: NOERROR, id: 41715
      ;; flags: qr rd ra; QUERY: 1, ANSMER: 6, AUTHORITY: 8, ADDITIONAL: 1
      ;; OPT PSEUDOSECTION:
      EDNS: version: 0, flags:; udp: 65494
      ; QUESTION SECTION:
      www.google.com.
     ;; ANSWER SECTION:
      www.google.com.
                                                     209.85.202.105
      www.google.com.
                                                      209.85.202.147
      www.google.com.
                             180
                                                      209.85.202.99
                                     IN
      www.google.com.
                                                      209.85.202.106
      www.google.com.
                                                      209.85.202.103
     www.google.com.
                                                      209.85.202.104
      ; Query time: 0 msec
      ; SERVER: 127.0.0.53W53(127.0.0.53)
;; WHEN: Frt Aug 69 67:17:37 BST 2624
CSE ;; MSG SIZE rcvd: 139
```



10. **route:** The route command shows and employs the routing table available for our system. Basically, a router is used to detect a better way to transfer the packets around a destination.

Syntax:

Route

11. **host:** The host command shows the IP address for a hostname and the domain name for an IP address. Also, it is used to get DNS lookup for DNS related issues.

Syntax:

host -t <resourceName>

12. **arp:** The arp command is short for Address Resolution Protocol. This commandis used to see and include content in the ARP table of the kernel.

Syntax:

1. Arp

13. **iwconfig:** It is a simple command which is used to see and set the system's hostname.

Syntax:

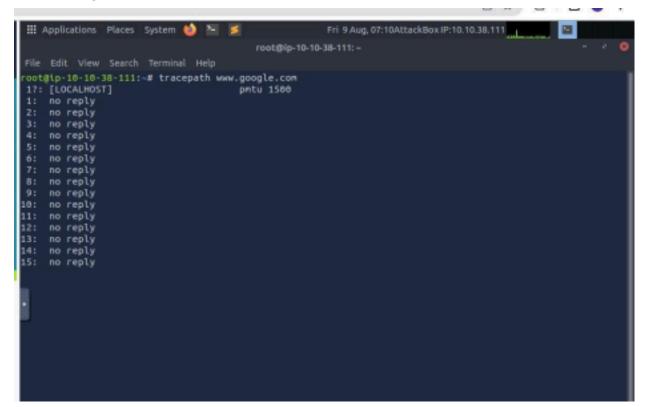
Hostname

14. **curl and wget:** These commands are used to download files from CLI from the internet. curl must be specified with the "O" option to get the file, while wget is directly used.

curl Syntax:

1. curl -O <fileLink>

15. **wget**



Syntax

•

1. wget <fileLink>

16. **mtr:** The mtr command is a mix of the traceroute and ping commands. It regularly shows information related to the packets transferred using the ping time of all hops. Also, it is used to see network problems.

Syntax:

1. mtr **<path>**

17. **whois:** The whois command fetches every website related information. We can get every information of a website, such as an owner and the registration information.

Syntax:

1. mtr <websiteName>

18. **ifplugstatus:** The ifplugstatus command checks whether a cable is currently plugged into a network interface. It is not available in Ubuntu directly. We can install it with the help of the below command:

1. sudo apt-get install ifplugd

Syntax:

1. Ifplugstatus

iftop: The iftop command is utilized in traffic monitoring.

tcpdump: The tcpdump command is widely used in network analysis with other commands of the Linux network. It analyses the traffic passing from the network

NAME: VENSELVAM. V

interface and shows it. When balancing the network, this type of packet access will be crucial.

Syntax:

1. \$ tcpdump -i < network device>