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Title

TESI DI LAUREA MAGISTRALE IN
ENGINEERING PHYSICS - INGEGNERIA FISICA

Author: **Matteo Venturelli**

Student ID: 995709

Advisor: Prof. Giacomo Claudio Ghiringhelli

Co-advisors: Matilda Fransson, Ludovic Broche

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Abstract

Here goes the Abstract in English of your thesis followed by a list of keywords. The Abstract is a concise summary of the content of the thesis (single page of text) and a guide to the most important contributions included in your thesis. The Abstract is the very last thing you write. It should be a self-contained text and should be clear to someone who hasn't (yet) read the whole manuscript. The Abstract should contain the answers to the main scientific questions that have been addressed in your thesis. It needs to summarize the adopted motivations and the adopted methodological approach as well as the findings of your work and their relevance and impact. The Abstract is the part appearing in the record of your thesis inside POLITesi, the Digital Archive of PhD and Master Theses (Laurea Magistrale) of Politecnico di Milano. The Abstract will be followed by a list of four to six keywords. Keywords are a tool to help indexers and search engines to find relevant documents. To be relevant and effective, keywords must be chosen carefully. They should represent the content of your work and be specific to your field or sub-field. Keywords may be a single word or two to four words.

Keywords: here, the keywords, of your thesis

Abstract in lingua italiana

Qui va l'Abstract in lingua italiana della tesi seguito dalla lista di parole chiave.

Parole chiave: qui, vanno, le parole chiave, della tesi

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Introduction

Writing the introduction to your physics master's thesis on lithium-ion batteries is an important step, and you've made a good start by highlighting the connection between lithium-ion batteries and addressing climate change and CO₂ emissions. Here's a more detailed outline of what you might include in your introduction:

1. **Introduction to the Climate Change Problem:** - Begin by providing an overview of the global climate change issue and the environmental consequences of increased carbon dioxide (CO₂) emissions. - Mention the growing urgency to reduce greenhouse gas emissions to mitigate the effects of climate change, including extreme weather events, rising sea levels, and other ecological disruptions.
2. **Transportation Sector's Role in Emissions:** - Discuss the role of the transportation sector in contributing to CO₂ emissions. Emphasize the significance of this sector in the context of the climate change problem.
3. **Need for Sustainable Solutions:** - Highlight the need for sustainable energy solutions to address the environmental challenges posed by the transportation sector. Mention the increasing demand for electric vehicles (EVs) as an alternative to internal combustion engine vehicles.
4. **Role of Lithium-Ion Batteries:** - Introduce the importance of lithium-ion batteries in the context of the EV industry. Explain their significance as the primary energy storage technology for electric vehicles.
5. **Key Advantages of Lithium-Ion Batteries*:** - Enumerate the key advantages of lithium-ion batteries, such as high energy density, rechargeability, and relatively low environmental impact compared to traditional fossil fuels.
6. **Thesis Statement and Objectives:** - Present your thesis statement, which could be something like, "This master's thesis aims to explore the role of lithium-ion batteries in mitigating CO₂ emissions from the transportation sector, focusing on their technological aspects, environmental impact, and potential for widespread adoption."
7. **Outline of the Thesis:** - Provide a brief overview of how your thesis is structured,

including the main sections and the order in which you'll address various aspects of lithium-ion batteries, their applications, and their environmental impact.

8. **Significance of the Research:** - Conclude the introduction by emphasizing the importance of your research in contributing to the understanding of lithium-ion batteries' role in addressing climate change and CO2 emissions in the transportation sector.

Remember to make your introduction engaging and clear, setting the stage for the rest of your thesis. It should give the reader a sense of the significance of the topic and motivate them to continue reading to learn more about your research and its implications.

Certainly, in addition to climate change, there are several related and important topics that you might mention in your introduction to provide a more comprehensive context for your thesis. Here are a few additional topics you can consider including:

1. **Energy Transition and Decarbonization:** - Discuss the broader context of the global energy transition and the decarbonization of various sectors, including transportation. - Highlight the goals of reducing greenhouse gas emissions and transitioning to cleaner and more sustainable energy sources.

2. **Challenges in Electrification:** - Address the challenges and barriers associated with the electrification of transportation, such as infrastructure development, range anxiety, and cost considerations. - Discuss how lithium-ion batteries play a role in addressing these challenges.

3. **Global Adoption of Electric Vehicles:** - Highlight the adoption of electric vehicles in different regions of the world and their contribution to reducing CO2 emissions in the transportation sector.

These additional topics can help provide a more comprehensive and holistic context for your thesis. You can choose to incorporate them into your introduction as needed to make the narrative more complete and engaging.

1 | Lithium-ion batteries

The Earth stands at a critical juncture in its history, where the consequences of human activity on the environment have reached a crossroads of global significance. Climate change, driven primarily by the relentless emission of greenhouse gases, has manifested itself in increasingly severe weather patterns, rising sea levels, and ecological disruptions. The urgency of the situation cannot be overstated, as nations grapple with the complex challenge of reducing carbon dioxide (CO₂) emissions to mitigate the impending climate crisis [2].

The transportation sector emerges as a critical contributor to the climate change predicament [1]. As societies evolve and the global population continues to grow, the demand for transportation, particularly in the form of automobiles and other fossil-fuel-reliant means, has risen dramatically.

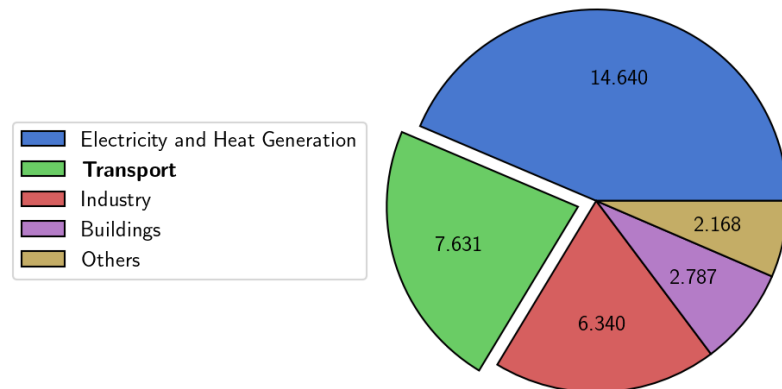


Figure 1.1: Global CO₂ emissions by sector. Source: IEA (2023) [1].

1.1. Overview

1.1.1. Anode

1.1.2. Cathode

1.1.3. Electrolyte

1.1.4. Separator

1.1.5. Current Collectors

1.1.6. Cell Geometries and Designs

1.2. Safety and Degradation

2 | Synchrotron X-Ray Imaging

3 | Useful Things

This document is intended to be both an example of the Polimi L^AT_EX template for Master Theses, as well as a short introduction to its use. It is not intended to be a general introduction to L^AT_EX itself, and the reader is assumed to be familiar with the basics of creating and compiling L^AT_EX documents.

The cover page of the thesis must contain all the relevant information: title of the thesis, name of the Study Programme and School, name of the author, student ID number, name of the supervisor, name(s) of the co-supervisor(s) (if any), academic year. The above information are provided by filling all the entries in the command `\puttitle{}` in the title page section of this template.

Be sure to select a title that is meaningful. It should contain important keywords to be identified by indexer. Keep the title as concise as possible and comprehensible even to people who are not experts in your field. The title has to be chosen at the end of your work so that it accurately captures the main subject of the manuscript.

Since a thesis might be a substantial document, it is convenient to break it into chapters. You can create a new chapter as done in this template by simply using the following command

```
\chapter{Title of the chapter}
```

followed by the body text.

Especially for long manuscripts, it is recommended to give each chapter its own file. In this case, you write your chapter in a separated `chapter_n.tex` file and then include it in the main file with the following command

```
\input{chapter_n.tex}
```

It is recommended to give a label to each chapter by using the command

```
\label{ch:chapter_name}%
```

where the argument is just a text string that you'll use to reference that part as follows:

Chapter 3 contains AN INTRODUCTION TO

If necessary, an unnumbered chapter can be created by

`\chapter*{Title of the unnumbered chapter}`

In this chapter additional useful information is reported.

3.1. Sections and subsections

Chapters are typically subdivided into sections and subsections, and, optionally, sub-subsections, paragraphs and subparagraphs. All can have a title, but only sections and subsections are numbered. A new section is created by the command

`\section{Title of the section}`

The numbering can be turned off by using `\section*{}`.

A new subsection is created by the command

`\subsection{Title of the subsection}`

and, similarly, the numbering can be turned off by adding an asterisk as follows

`\subsection*{}`

3.2. Equations

This section gives some examples of writing mathematical equations in your thesis.

Maxwell's equations read:

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \nabla \cdot \mathbf{D} = \rho, \\ \nabla \times \mathbf{E} + \frac{\partial \mathbf{B}}{\partial t} = \mathbf{0}, \\ \nabla \cdot \mathbf{B} = 0, \\ \nabla \times \mathbf{H} - \frac{\partial \mathbf{D}}{\partial t} = \mathbf{J}. \end{array} \right. \quad \begin{array}{l} (3.1a) \\ (3.1b) \\ (3.1c) \\ (3.1d) \end{array}$$

Equation (3.1) is automatically labeled by `cleveref`, as well as Equation (3.1a) and Equation (3.1c). Thanks to the `cleveref` package, there is no need to use `\eqref`. Remember that Equations have to be numbered only if they are referenced in the text.

Equations (3.2), (3.3), (3.4), and (3.5) show again Maxwell's equations without brace:

$$\nabla \cdot \mathbf{D} = \rho, \quad (3.2)$$

$$\nabla \times \mathbf{E} + \frac{\partial \mathbf{B}}{\partial t} = \mathbf{0}, \quad (3.3)$$

$$\nabla \cdot \mathbf{B} = 0, \quad (3.4)$$

$$\nabla \times \mathbf{H} - \frac{\partial \mathbf{D}}{\partial t} = \mathbf{J}. \quad (3.5)$$

Equation (3.6) is the same as before, but with just one label:

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \nabla \cdot \mathbf{D} = \rho, \\ \nabla \times \mathbf{E} + \frac{\partial \mathbf{B}}{\partial t} = \mathbf{0}, \\ \nabla \cdot \mathbf{B} = 0, \\ \nabla \times \mathbf{H} - \frac{\partial \mathbf{D}}{\partial t} = \mathbf{J}. \end{array} \right. \quad (3.6)$$

3.3. Figures, Tables and Algorithms

Figures, Tables and Algorithms have to contain a Caption that describe their content, and have to be properly referred in the text.

3.3.1. Figures

For including pictures in your text you can use `TikZ` for high-quality hand-made figures, or just include them as usual with the command

```
\includegraphics[options]{filename.xxx}
```

Here xxx is the correct format, e.g. `.png`, `.jpg`, `.eps`,



Figure 3.1: Caption of the Figure to appear in the List of Figures.

Thanks to the `\subfloat` command, a single figure, such as Figure 3.1, can contain multiple sub-figures with their own caption and label, e.g. Figure 3.2a and Figure 3.2b.



Figure 3.2: This is a very long caption you don't want to appear in the List of Figures.

3.3.2. Tables

Within the environments `table` and `tabular` you can create very fancy tables as the one shown in Table 3.1.

Title of Table (optional)			
	column 1	column 2	column 3
row 1	1	2	3
row 2	α	β	γ
row 3	alpha	beta	gamma

Table 3.1: Caption of the Table to appear in the List of Tables.

You can also consider to highlight selected columns or rows in order to make tables more readable. Moreover, with the use of `table*` and the option `bp` it is possible to align them at the bottom of the page. One example is presented in Table 3.2.

	column1	column2	column3	column4	column5	column6
row1	1	2	3	4	5	6
row2	a	b	c	d	e	f
row3	α	β	γ	δ	ϕ	ω
row4	alpha	beta	gamma	delta	phi	omega

Table 3.2: Highlighting the columns

	column1	column2	column3	column4	column5	column6
row1	1	2	3	4	5	6
row2	a	b	c	d	e	f
row3	α	β	γ	δ	ϕ	ω
row4	alpha	beta	gamma	delta	phi	omega

Table 3.3: Highlighting the rows

3.3.3. Algorithms

Pseudo-algorithms can be written in L^AT_EX with the `algorithm` and `algorithmic` packages. An example is shown in Algorithm 3.1.

Algorithm 3.1	Name of the Algorithm
1:	Initial instructions
2:	for <i>for – condition</i> do
3:	Some instructions
4:	if <i>if – condition</i> then
5:	Some other instructions
6:	end if
7:	end for
8:	while <i>while – condition</i> do
9:	Some further instructions
10:	end while
11:	Final instructions

3.4. Theorems, propositions and lists

3.4.1. Theorems

Theorems have to be formatted as:

Theorem 3.1. *Write here your theorem.*

Proof. If useful you can report here the proof.

3.4.2. Propositions

Propositions have to be formatted as:

Proposition 3.1. *Write here your proposition.*

3.4.3. Lists

How to insert itemized lists:

- first item;
- second item.

How to insert numbered lists:

1. first item;
2. second item.

3.5. Use of copyrighted material

Each student is responsible for obtaining copyright permissions, if necessary, to include published material in the thesis. This applies typically to third-party material published by someone else.

3.6. Plagiarism

You have to be sure to respect the rules on Copyright and avoid an involuntary plagiarism. It is allowed to take other persons' ideas only if the author and his original work are clearly mentioned. As stated in the Code of Ethics and Conduct, Politecnico di Milano *promotes the integrity of research, condemns manipulation and the infringement of*

intellectual property, and gives opportunity to all those who carry out research activities to have an adequate training on ethical conduct and integrity while doing research. To be sure to respect the copyright rules, read the guides on Copyright legislation and citation styles available at:

<https://www.biblio.polimi.it/en/tools/courses-and-tutorials>

You can also attend the courses which are periodically organized on "Bibliographic citations and bibliography management".

3.7. Bibliography and citations

Your thesis must contain a suitable Bibliography which lists all the sources consulted on developing the work. The list of references is placed at the end of the manuscript after the chapter containing the conclusions. We suggest to use the BibTeX package and save the bibliographic references in the file `Thesis_bibliography.bib`. This is indeed a database containing all the information about the references. To cite in your manuscript, use the `\cite{}` command as follows:

4 | Conclusions and future developments

A final chapter containing the main conclusions of your research/study and possible future developments of your work have to be inserted in this chapter.

Bibliography

- [1] IEA. Greenhouse gas emissions from energy data explorer. Technical report, 2023. URL <https://www.iea.org/data-and-statistics/data-tools/greenhouse-gas-emissions-from-energy-data-explorer>.
- [2] S. Solomon, G.-K. Plattner, R. Knutti, and P. Friedlingstein. Irreversible climate change due to carbon dioxide emissions. *Proceedings of the national academy of sciences*, 106(6):1704–1709, 2009.

A | Appendix A

If you need to include an appendix to support the research in your thesis, you can place it at the end of the manuscript. An appendix contains supplementary material (figures, tables, data, codes, mathematical proofs, surveys, . . .) which supplement the main results contained in the previous chapters.

B | Appendix B

It may be necessary to include another appendix to better organize the presentation of supplementary material.

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List of Tables

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3.3	Highlighting the rows	11

List of Symbols

Variable	Description	SI unit
\boldsymbol{u}	solid displacement	m
\boldsymbol{u}_f	fluid displacement	m

Acknowledgements

Here you might want to acknowledge someone.

