

$$a) \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} e^{-\lambda} \frac{\lambda^k}{k!} = 1$$

$$e^{-\lambda} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\lambda^k}{k!} = e^{-\lambda} e^{\lambda} = e^0 = 1$$

Rozwinięcie w szereg Taylora w zerze

$$e^{\lambda} = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\lambda^k}{k!} (e^0)^{(k)} = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\lambda^k}{k!}$$

$$b) \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} k e^{-\lambda} \frac{\lambda^k}{k!} = \lambda$$

$$\lambda \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \cancel{k} e^{-\lambda} \frac{\lambda^{k-1}}{\cancel{k!}^{(k-1)!}} = 0 + \lambda \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} e^{-\lambda} \frac{\lambda^{k-1}}{(k-1)!} = \lambda \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} e^{-\lambda} \frac{\lambda^k}{k!} = \lambda \cdot 1 = \lambda$$