

Z 2

$$\begin{aligned}
 a) \quad A(x) &= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n x^n = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} n^2 x^n \stackrel{\text{akrobacjka}}{=} x \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} n \cdot n x^{n-1} = x \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} n \cdot (x^n)' \\
 &= x \left(\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} n x^n \right)' = x \left(x \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} n x^{n-1} \right)' = x \left(x \left(\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} x^n \right)' \right)' = x \left(x \left(\frac{1}{1-x} \right)' \right)' \\
 &= x \cdot \frac{(x)'(1-x)^2 - x((1-x)^2)'}{(1-x)^2)^2} = x \cdot \frac{1-x+2x}{(1-x)^3} = \frac{x(x+1)}{(1-x)^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

↑
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$$\begin{aligned}
 b) \quad B(x) &= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} b_n x^n = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} n^3 x^n = x \left(\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} n^2 x^n \right)' \stackrel{\geq a)}{=} x (A(x))' \\
 &= x \left(\frac{x(x+1)}{(1-x)^3} \right)' = \frac{x^3 + 4x^2 + x}{(1-x)^4}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 c) \quad C(x) &= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \binom{n+k}{k} x^n = \binom{k}{k} + \binom{k+1}{k} x + \binom{k+2}{k} x^2 + \binom{k+3}{k} x^3 + \dots \\
 &= 1 + \frac{(k+1)x}{1!} + \frac{(k+1)(k+2)x^2}{2!} + \frac{(k+1)(k+2)(k+3)x^3}{3!} + \dots
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{(1-x)^2} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (n+1) x^n$$

$$\frac{1}{(1-x)^3} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(n+1)(n+2)}{2!} x^n$$

$$\frac{1}{(1-x)^4} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(n+1)(n+2)(n+3)}{3!} x^n$$

$$\frac{1}{(1-x)^{k+1}} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(n+1)(n+2)\dots(n+k)}{k!} x^n = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \binom{n+k}{k} x^n$$