HTML Tags Ordered by Category
1 Basic HTML
2 Formatting
3 Forms and Input
4 Frames
5 Images
6 Audio / Video
7 Links
8 Lists
9 Tables
10 Styles and Semantics
11 Meta Info
12 Programming
1 Basic HTML:
1
2 <html></html>
3 <title>&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;4 &lt;body&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;5 &lt;h1&gt; to &lt;h6&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;6&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;7&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;8 &lt;hr&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;9 &lt;!&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Headings in html:&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;In html, we are having six heading styles. All the headings are paired tags. Each and every&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;heading will have their own predefined styles.&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Syntax:&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;h1&gt;&lt;/h1&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;h2&gt;&lt;/h2&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;h3&gt;&lt;/h3&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;h4&gt;&lt;/h4&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;h5&gt;&lt;/h5&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;h6&gt;&lt;/h6&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;/tbody&gt;&lt;/table&gt;</title>

Out of all heading styles, biggest heading style is h1 and smallest is h6.

Attributes Parameters align left, right, center

Example

```
<html>
<head>
<title>
Headings in HTML..!!
</title>
</head>
<body>
<h1>Welcome to Naresh i Technologies in Header One</h1>
<h2>Welcome to Naresh i Technologies in Header Two</h2>
<h3>Welcome to Naresh i Technologies in Header Three</h3>
<h4>Leader in IT Training in Header Four</h4>
<h5>Welcome to Naresh i Technologies in Header Five</h5>
<h6>Welcome to Naresh i Technologies in Header Six</h6>
</body>
</html>
Paragraph tag:
It is used to divide the text into different paragraphs. It is a paired tag.
Syntax: -----
Attributes
                   Parameters
align
                   left, right, center, justify
Example
<html>
<head>
<title>
Paragraph tag
</title>
</head>
<body>
Welcome to Naresh i Technologies 
Welcome to Naresh i Technologies 
Welcome to Naresh i Technologies 
Some text...
</body>
</html>
<br/>br> tag
br stands for break. It is used to break a line and shift the following text to a new line. It is a
```

non-paired tag.

Syntax: <br> Example: <html> <title> Welcome to HTML </title> <body> To break<br/>lines<br/>in a<br/>a<br/>paragraph,<br/>use the br element. </body> </html> It stands for Non-Breaking Space. It is used to add more than one space between the words. It is a special Characters or entity Syntax: Example: <!doctype html> <html> <title> Special Character </title> <body> a &lt b <br/> &copy ™&&142 </body> </html> HR tag: (Horizontal Rule) hr tag is used to draw a line across the web page. It is non-paired tag. Syntax: <hr> or <hr/> Attributes Parameters color ColorName/HexaColorCode size pix width % or pix align left, right, center

noshade noshade

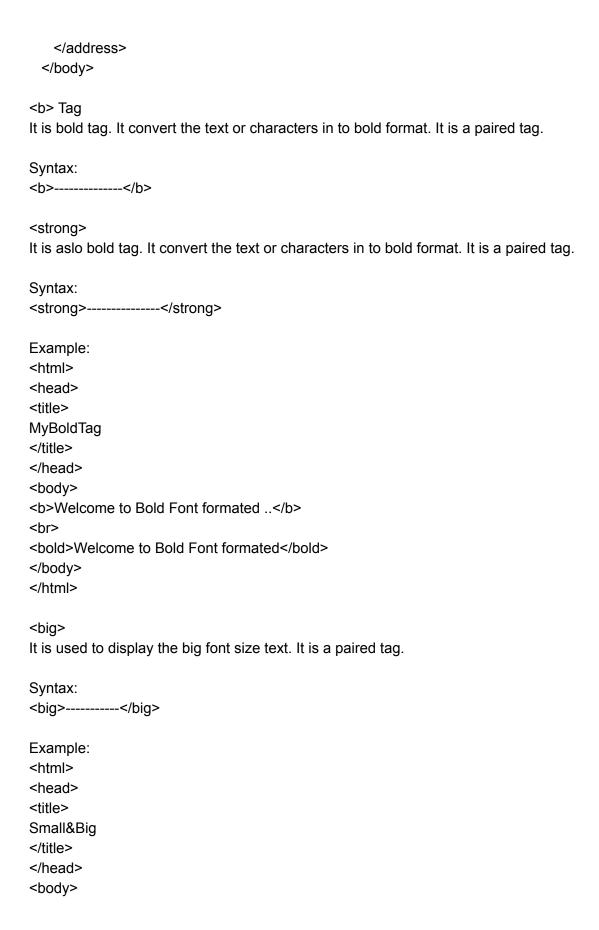
HTML Presentational Tags:

## Note:

- 1. The default width of the horizontal rule is 100%
- 2. The default alignment of the hr is center.
- 3. noshade attribute will be applied only when we are not specifying the color of the horizontal rule.

```
Example
<html>
<title>
hr tag
</title>
<head>
<b><h1 align="center">I am Learning Web Language HTML</b></h1>
</head>
<body>
Naresh i Technologies.
<hr size="4pix" width=20% align="right" noshade="noshade">
Leader in IT Training.
<hr>
Hyderabad-Ameerpet.
</body>
</html>
Example9
<html>
<Title>
Welcome to Naresh i Technologies
</Title>
<Head>
<b><h1 align="center">I am Learning Web Language HTML</b></h1>
</Head>
<body>
Naresh i Technologies.
<hr color="pink" size=18pix width=20% align="right">
Leader in IT Training.
<hr size=28pix color="red">
Hyderabad-Ameerpet.
</body>
</html>
```

```
1 <acronym> 2 <address>
3 <b>
             4 <big>
5 <blockquote> * 6 <center>
7 <cite>
                   8 <code>*
9 <del>
                   10 <dfn>
11 <em>
                   12 <font>
           14 <ins>
13 <i>
15 <kbd>*
                    16 *
17 <q>
                    18 <s>
19 <samp> 20 <small>
21 <strike> 22 <strong>
23 <sub>
                   24 <sup>
25 <tt>
                   26 <u>
27 <var>
HTML <acronym> Tag.
It defines a full form or stands for. An acronym must spell out another word. It is a paired tag.
Not Supported in HTML5.
Syntax:
<acronym>.....</acronym>
Example:
<html>
<body>
Hello Welcome to<acronym title="Naresh i Technologies"> NiT </acronym> <br/> <br/>
</body>
</html>
<address> Tag:
It tag is used for indicating an address. The address usually renders in italic format. It is a paired
tag.
Syntax:
<address>.....</address>
Example:
<!DOCTYPE html>
 <body>
   <address>
     Naresh i Technologies, <br />
     Ameerpet, Hyderabad < br />
     TELANGANA - 50027
```



```
<small>Hello How are u..!</small>
<br/>
</body>
</html>
<blook<br/>quote>
It specifies a section that is quoted from another source. Browsers usually indent <blockquote>
elements. It is a paired tag.
Syntax:
<blook<br/>duote>-----</blockquote>
Example:
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
<blook<br/>duote>
AngularJS is a structural framework for dynamic web apps. It lets you use HTML as your
template language and lets you extend HTML's syntax to express your application's
components clearly and succinctly. Angular's data binding and dependency injection eliminate
much of the code you would otherwise have to write.
</blockquote>
</body>
</html>
<center>
It is used to display the text at the page center. It is a paired tag.
Syntax:
<center>-----</center>
Example
<html>
<head>
<title>
Center Tag
</title>
</head>
<body>
<center>Text Page Center..!!</center>
</body>
</html>
```

