

## Chapter 6: Logistic Regression

- ❑ It is a supervised classification algorithm.
- ❑ Logistic regression measures the relationship between the categorical dependent variable and one or more independent variables.

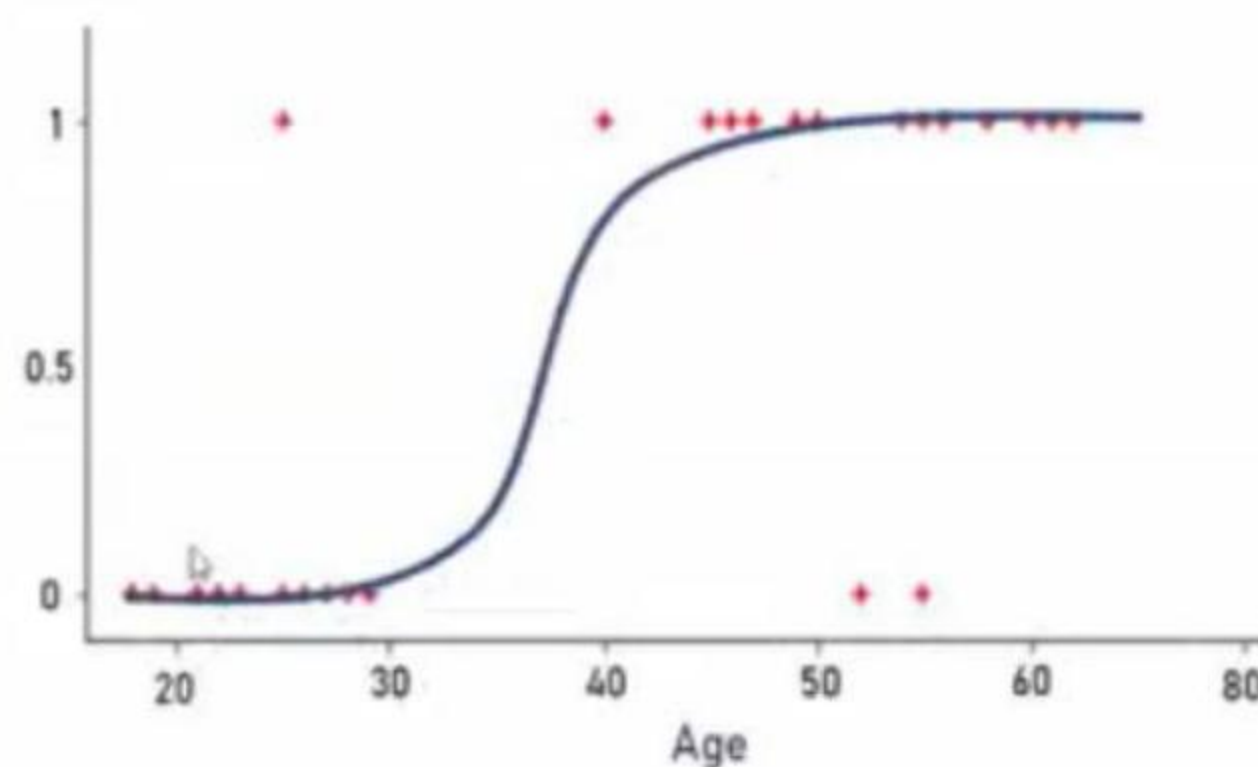
### Types of Logistic Regression:

- ❑ Types of Logistic regression:
  - ❑ Binary Classifier
  - ❑ Multinomial Classifier

### Binomial Classifier:

- ❑ If the logistic regression model is used for addressing binary classification problem (yes/no, 0/1, true/false) then its called binary logistic regression classifier.
- ❑ Binary classifier uses Sigmoid function.

$$y = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-(m*x+b)}}$$



## Confusion Matrix:

- ❑ Confusion matrix is used for summarizing the performance of a classification algorithm.
- ❑ Simply it is the number of times a model rightly identifies the truth (actual classes) and the number of times it gets confused in identifying one class from another.
- ❑ Calculating a confusion matrix can give you an idea of where the classification model is right and what types of errors it is making.

## Confusion Matrix for binary classification:

|               |              | PREDICTIVE VALUES |              |
|---------------|--------------|-------------------|--------------|
|               |              | POSITIVE (1)      | NEGATIVE (0) |
| ACTUAL VALUES | POSITIVE (1) | TP                | FN           |
|               | NEGATIVE (0) | FP                | TN           |

- ❑ **True Positive:**
- ❑ You predicted positive and it's true. You predicted that an animal is a cat and it actually is.
- ❑ **True Negative:**
- ❑ You predicted negative and it's true. You predicted that animal is a dog and it actually is.
- ❑ **False Positive (Type 1 Error):**
- ❑ You predicted positive and it's false. You predicted that animal is a cat but it actually is not (it's a dog).
- ❑ **False Negative (Type 2 Error):**
- ❑ You predicted negative and it's false. You predicted that animal is not a cat but it actually is.

### Precision:

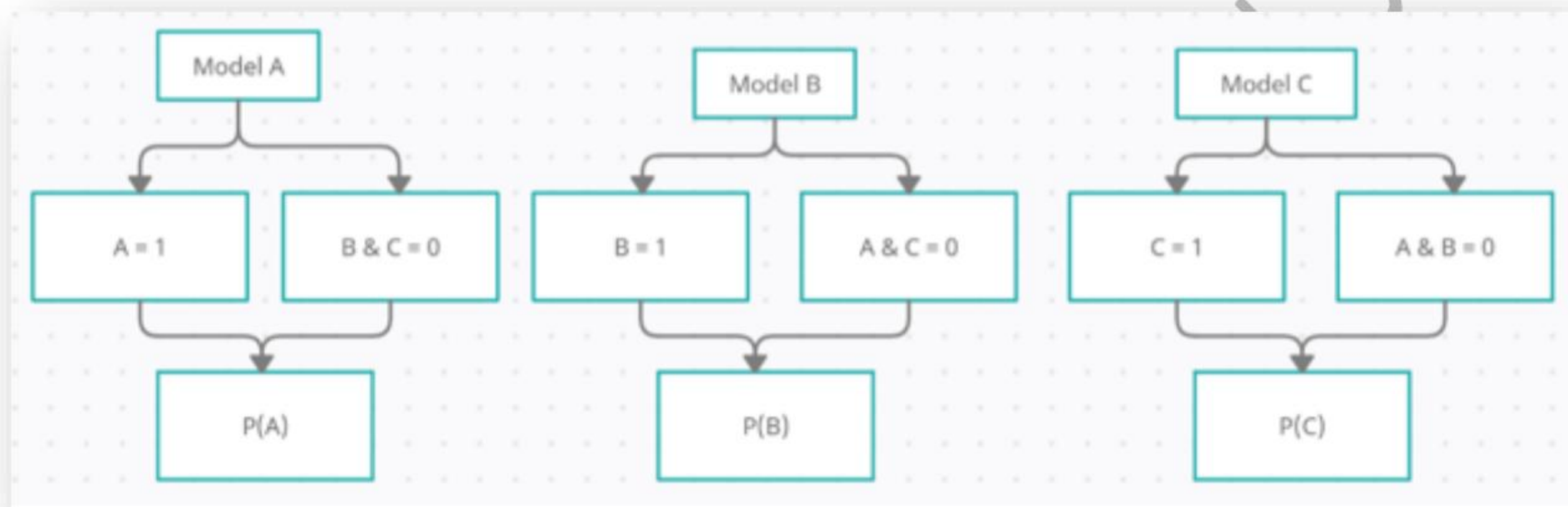
How often is the model right?

### Recall :

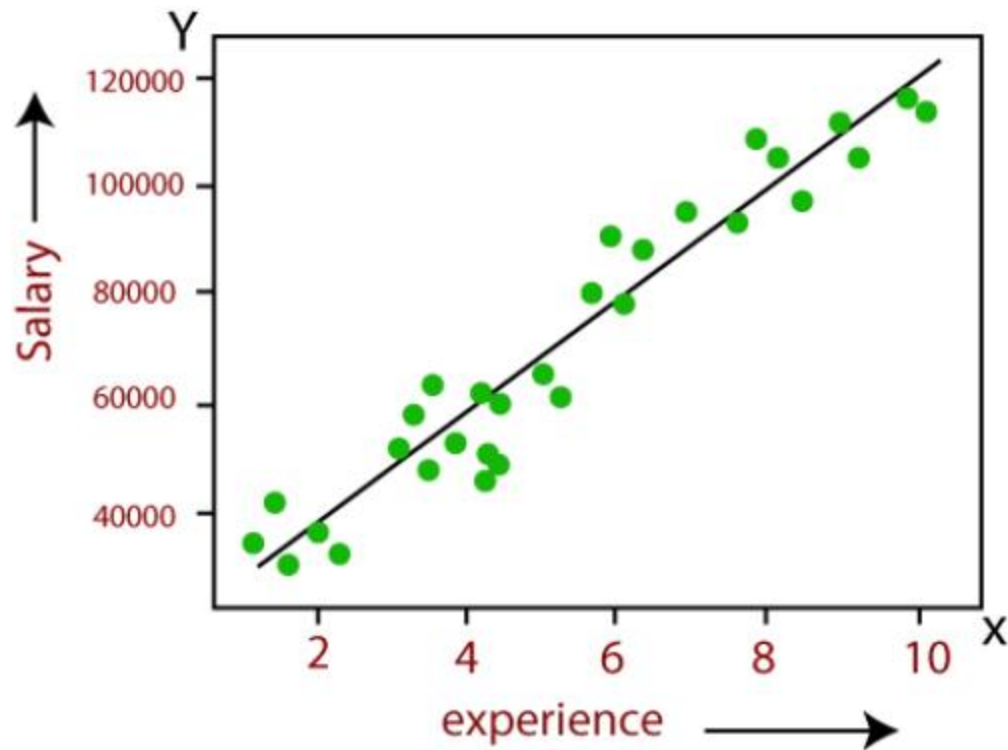
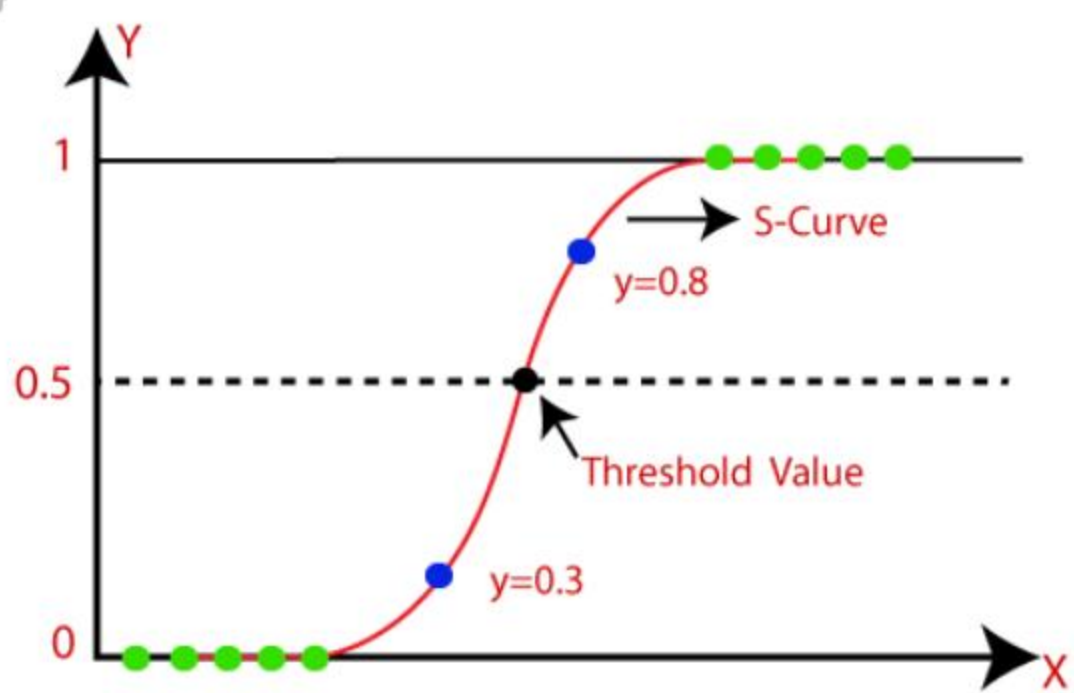
How often model actually predicts the correct values?

## Multinomial Classifier:

- ❑ k models will be built for k classes as a set of independent binomial logistic regression.
- ❑ For the given test data, a probability value would be created using each model.
- ❑ Model giving the highest probability would be selected and corresponding class would be the output.





|              | Linear Regression  | Logistic Regression   |
|--------------|--|---|
| Usage        | It is used for solving regression/prediction problems                                | It is used for solving classification problems  |
| Data         | It works with continuous data such as price, salary etc.                             | It works with categorical data such as 0/1, yes/no, cycle/bike/car                    |
| How it works | We find the best fit line which can be used to predict the output.                   | We find the S-curve which can be used to classify the samples.                        |
|              |  |  |