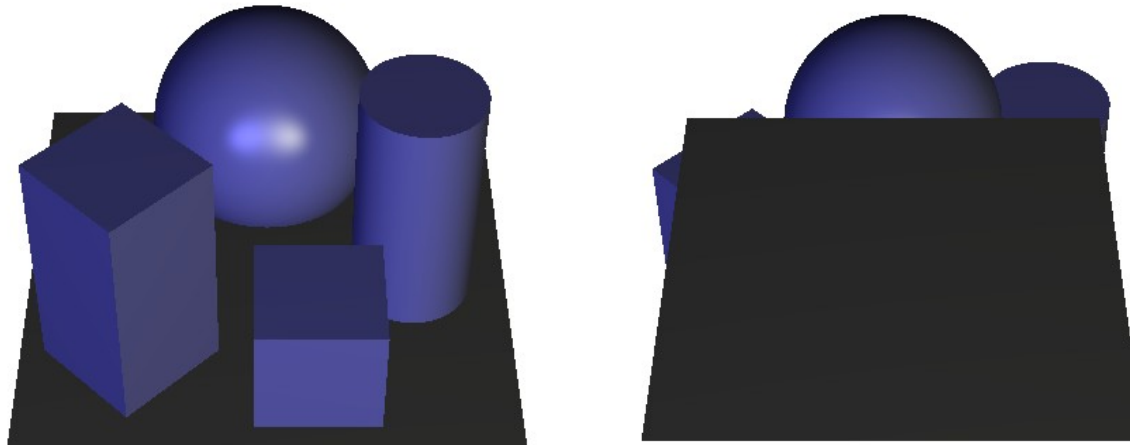


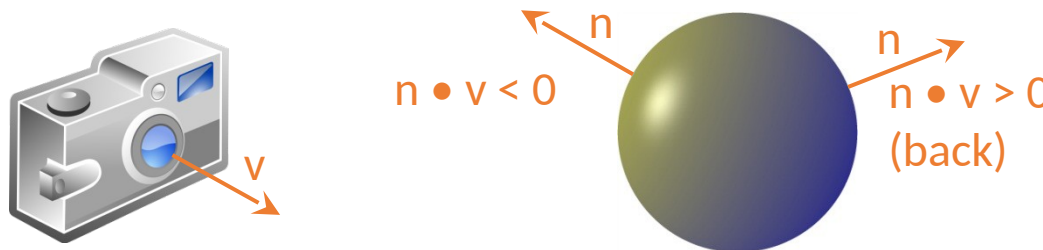
# Hidden Surface Removal: Motivation

- Model parts independently processed by rendering pipeline: **show front parts only**
- Avoid unnecessary processing



# Back Face Culling

- Back faces (usually) not visible
- Reduction of computation *for closed objects*
- Removal early in the pipeline
- Reduction of polygon count by approx.  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the total polygon number
- Computation: discard polygons where the dot product of the surface normal with the view direction  $> 0$



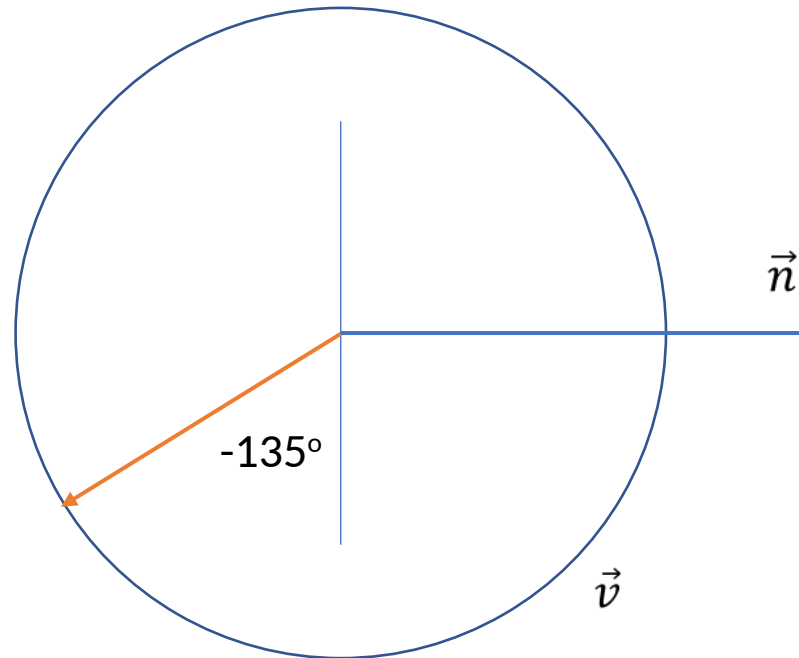
# Why dot product works...

- Recall: dot product involves cosine

$$\mathbf{A} \cdot \mathbf{B} = \|\mathbf{A}\| \|\mathbf{B}\| \cos \theta$$

- Cosine is +ve from  $-90^\circ$  to  $90^\circ$

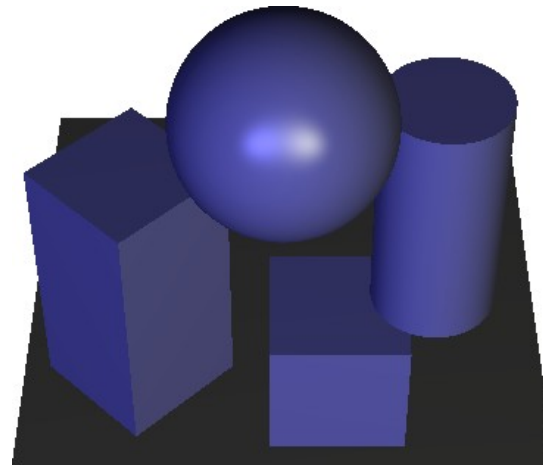
Let's translate  $\mathbf{v}$  and  $\mathbf{n}$  to the origin to compare the angles...



Cosine is  $< 0$  – looking at the front

# Back Face Culling

- Back face culling as HSR technique?
  - (usually) not sufficient due to partial overlaps of several objects in the scene
  - would work reliably only if no overlaps occur
  - e.g., if only one convex object is shown
- Order of depicted objects (overlapping) with only back face culling still depends on rendering sequence  
→ idea for real HSR technique



# Back Face Culling

- What's it good for?
- It eliminates approximately half the triangles in the model, the ones of the back side
- We don't need to draw these triangles
- Used as part of the pipeline to reduce the number of triangles that need to be drawn
- Can reduce rendering time by  $\frac{1}{2}$