JERUSALEM TEMPLE

Papyrus offers nonbiblical mention of Judean kingdom in Jerusalem

By Michele Chabin | October 26, 2016



The document is preserved in the Israel Antiquities Authority's Dead Sea Scrolls laboratories. Photo by Shai Halevi, courtesy of the Israel Antiquities Authority

JERUSALEM (RNS) Israeli archaeologists have unveiled the earliest known nonbiblical Hebrew-language reference to Jerusalem, dating back to the time of the First Temple in the seventh century B.C.

The reference, part of a wine-shipping order, was written in ancient Hebrew on a small piece of papyrus.

It reads: "From the king's maidservant, from Na'arat, jars of wine, to Jerusalem."

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Plundered from a cave in the Judean Desert (in what is today the West Bank) by antiquities robbers, the papyrus was recovered by the Israel Antiquities Authority's robbery prevention unit, dated and analyzed.

The papyrus, or scroll, like the Dead Sea Scrolls found nearby decades ago, was preserved thanks to the Judean Desert's extremely dry climate.

With the help of volunteers during the past year the Israel Antiquities Authority has been conducting an archaeological excavation in search of ancient artifacts in the Cave of the Skulls in the Judean Desert. According to Israel Hasson, director of the Israel Antiquities Authority: "Every day robbers go into the desert in order to search out and plunder ancient documents such as the papyrus that was exposed. The state has to mobilize and allocate the necessary resources in order to embark upon a historic operation together with the public, and carry out systematic excavations in all of the Judean Desert caves." Photo by Yoli Shwartz, courtesy of the Israel Antiquities Authority

"The document represents extremely rare evidence of the existence of an organized administration in the Kingdom of Judah," said Eitan Klein, deputy director of the robbery prevention unit. "It underscores the centrality of Jerusalem as the economic capital of the kingdom in the second half of the seventh century B.C."

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Klein said that according to the Hebrew Bible, any one of three kings could have been the wine's intended recipient.

Some Israeli politicians seized on the papyrus discovery, calling it ironic that at a time when archaeologists are finding artifacts made by Jews nearly 3,000 years ago in Jerusalem and other places in the ancient land of Israel, the United Nations' world heritage organization, UNESCO, has ratified two resolutions referring to the Temple Mount — the holiest site in Judaism and the third holiest in Islam — solely by its Arabic name, with no mention of Jewish and Christian religious or historical ties.

Miri Regev, Israel's minister of culture and sport, called the papyrus "further tangible evidence" that Jerusalem "was and will remain the eternal capital of the Jewish people."

"The Temple Mount, the very heart of Jerusalem and Israel, will remain the holiest place for the Jewish people, even if UNESCO ratifies the false and unfortunate decision another 10 times," Regev said.

(Michele Chabin is RNS' Jerusalem correspondent)

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