Quiz Web Programming LB01

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EduFun

Jelaskan secara detail mengenai routing, controller, model, view and blade, dll pada lembar jawaban Anda dan Screenshot hasil (output) website Anda berupa User Interface dari main features dan/atau challenges (optional) features yang berhasil Anda kerjakan untuk membuktikan bahwa fitur tersebut sudah berjalan dengan benar.

EduFun merupakan website yang bergerak di bidang edukasi. Pada website ini, mahasiswa dapat mengakses beberapa materi Computer Science. Materi yang ada dalam website ini adalah Data Science dan Network Security (NIM ganjil). Berikut ini adalah rincian website EduFun:

Route

```
Route::prefix(prefix: '/user')->group(callback: function(): void{
   Route::get( uri: '/home', action: [ArticleController::class,'home'])->name(name: 'edufun.home');

   Route::get( uri: '/datascience', action: [ArticleController::class,'dataScience'])->name(name: 'edufun.datascience');

   Route::get( uri: '/networksecurity', action: [ArticleController::class,'networkSecurity'])->name(name: 'edufun.networksecurity');

   Route::get(uri: '/writers', action: [WriterController::class,'index'])->name(name: 'edufun.writers');
   Route::get(uri: '/writers/{id}',action: [WriterController::class, 'show'])->name(name: 'edufun.writerArticle');

   Route::get(uri: '/category}/{title}',action: [ArticleController::class,'show'])->name(name: 'edufun.detail');

   Route::get(uri: '/aboutus', action: function(): Factory|View{
        return view(view: 'edufun.aboutus');
   })->name(name: 'edufun.aboutus');

   Route::get(uri: '/popular', action: [ArticleController::class,'popular'])->name(name: 'edufun.popular');

});
```

Code diatas merupakan route yang digunakan untuk mengakses halaman-halaman pada web EduFun. Dikarenakan web ini dikhususkan untuk user, maka saya mengelompokan routenya ke dalam route user.

- Route '/home' untuk mengakses page home
- Route '/datascience' untuk mengakses page materi category Data Science
- Route '/networksecurity' untuk mengakses page materi category Network Security
- Route '/writers' untuk mengakses page writers
- Route '/writers/{id}' untuk mengakses page artikel yang ditulis oleh masing-masing writers
- Route '/{category}/{title}' untuk mengakses detail page dari masing-masing artikel
- Route '/aboutus' untuk mengakses page About Us
- Route '/popular' untuk mengakses page Popular

Database (Migration and Seeder/Faker)

Terdapat 3 database yang dibutuhkan di website ini yakni

- Table category (berisi 2 category yakni Data Science dan Network Security)



Migration:

```
public function up(): void
{
    Schema::create(table: 'category', callback: function (Blueprint $table): void {
        $table->id();
        $table->string(column: 'name');
        $table->string(column: 'slug')->unique();
        $table->timestamps();
    });
}
```

Seeder:

Table writer



Migration:

```
public function up(): void
{
    Schema::create(table: 'writer', callback: function (Blueprint $table): void {
        $table->id();
        $table->string(column: 'name');
        $table->text(column: 'bio');
        $table->string(column: 'writer_image')->nullable();
        $table->timestamps();
    });
}
```

Seeder:

Table article



Migration:

```
public function up(): void
{
     Schema::create(table: 'article', callback: function (Blueprint $table): void {
           $table->id();
           $table->string(column: 'title');
           $table->foreignId(column: 'category_id')->constrained(table: 'category')->onDelete(action: 'cascade');
           $table->foreignId(column: 'writer_id')->constrained(table: 'writer')->onDelete(action: 'cascade');
           $table->text(column: 'content');
           $table->table->date(column: 'post_date');
           $table->integer(column: 'views')->default(value: 0);
           $table->string(column: 'article_image');
           $table->timestamps();
        });
}
```

Seeder dan Faker:

```
oublic function run(): void
$faker = Faker::create(locale: 'id_ID');
 $dataScienceCategory = Category::where(column: 'slug',operator: 'data-science')->first();
$networkSecurityCategory = Category::where(column: 'slug',operator: 'network-security')->first();
 $dataScienceWriter = Writer::where(column: 'name',operator: 'Bia Mika Annisa')->first();
$networkSecurityWriter = Writer::where(column: 'name',operator: 'Abi Firmansyah')->first();
 $dataScienceArticle = |
     'Machine Learning',
     'Natural Language Processing',
 foreach($dataScienceArticle as $title){
         'title' => $title,
        'category_id' => $dataScienceCategory->id,
         'writer_id' =>$dataScienceWriter->id,
         'content' => $this->generateContent(faker: $faker, paragraphCount: 6),
         'post_date' => $faker->date(),
         'views' => $faker->numberBetween(int1: 0,int2: 100),
         'article image' => $faker->imageUrl(width: 640, height: 480, category: 'technics'),
    $networkSecurityArticle = [
        'Software Security',
        'Popular Network Technology',
    foreach($networkSecurityArticle as $title){
        Article::create(attributes: [
            'title' => $title,
            'category_id' => $networkSecurityCategory->id,
'writer_id' =>$networkSecurityWriter->id,
            'content' => $this->generateContent(faker: $faker, paragraphCount: 6),
             'post_date' => $faker->date(),
            'views' => $faker->numberBetween(int1: 0,int2: 100),
            'article_image' => $faker->imageUrl(width: 640, height: 480, category: 'technics'),
private function generateContent($faker, $paragraphCount): string
    $content = '';
    for ($i = 0; $i < $paragraphCount; $i++) {
        $content .= $faker->paragraph;
    return $content;
```

Untuk ArticleSeeder, saya menggunakan faker untuk membuat data content, post_date, views, dan article_image. Untuk content, saya mau sebanyak 6 paragaph sehingga saya membuat function untuk generateContent sebanyak yang dibutuhkan. Data views digunakan untuk menentukan article itu sepopuler apa (berapa banyak orang melihat artikel tersebut), data views ini akan digunakan pada page popular.

Model

- Class Category

```
class Category extends Model
{
    use HasFactory;
    0 references
    protected $table='category';

    0 references
    protected $fillable = ['name', 'slug'];

    0 references | 0 overrides
    public function articles(): HasMany{
        return $this->hasMany(related: Article::class);
    }
}
```

Category punya hubungan one to many dengan article yang berati satu category bisa mempunyai banyak article.

- Class Writer

```
class Writer extends Model
{
    use HasFactory;
    0 references
    protected $table='writer';

    0 references
    protected $fillable = ['name','bio','writer_image'];

    0 references | 0 overrides
    public function articles(): HasMany{
        return $this->hasMany(related: Article::class);
    }
}
```

Writer punya hubungan one to many dengan article yang berarti satu writer bisa mempunyai banyak article.

- Class Article

```
class Article extends Model
{
    use HasFactory;
    0 references
    protected $table = 'article';

    0 references
    protected $fillable =['title','category_id','writer_id','content','post_date','views','article_image'];

    0 references | 0 overrides
    public function category(): BelongsTo
    {
        return $this->belongsTo(related: Category::class);
    }

    0 references | 0 overrides
    public function writer(): BelongsTo
    {
        return $this->belongsTo(related: Writer::class);
    }
}
```

Karena satu artikel hanya bisa mempunyai satu category dan satu writer, maka article belongsTo Category dan Writer.

Controller

ArticleController

```
public function home(): Factory | View{
    $articles = Article::with(relations: ['writer', 'category'])->latest()->take(value: 2)->get();
    return view(view: 'edufun.home', data: compact(var_name: 'articles'));
public function dataScience(): Factory|View{
    $category = Category::where(column: 'name',operator: 'Data Science')->firstOrFail();
    $articles = Article::where(column: 'category_id', operator: $category->id)->get();
    return view(view: 'edufun.datascience', data: compact(var_name: 'articles'));
public function networkSecurity(): Factory|View{
    $category = Category::where(column: 'name',operator: 'Network Security')->firstOrFail();
    $articles = Article::where(column: 'category_id', operator: $category->id)->get();
    return view(view: 'edufun.networkssecurity', data: compact(var_name: 'articles'));
public function show($category, $title): Factory|View{
   $article = Article::where(column: 'title', operator: $title)->with(relations: 'writer')->firstOrFail();
return view(view: 'edufun.detail', data: compact(var_name: 'article'));
public function popular(): Factory|View{
    $articles = Article::orderBy(column: 'views', direction: 'desc')->paginate(perPage: 3);
    return view(view: 'edufun.popular', data: compact(var_name: 'articles'));
```

ArticleController berisi beberapa function yang mengatur bagaimana data yang berhubungan dengan data Article akan ditampilkan. Function ini akan dipanggil pada route agar data bisa ditampilkan sesuai kebutuhan.

- WriterController

```
// untuk display semua writer pada page Writer
1reference|0 overrides
public function index(): Factory|View{
    $writers = Writer::all();
    return view(view: 'edufun.writers', data: compact(var_name: 'writers'));
}

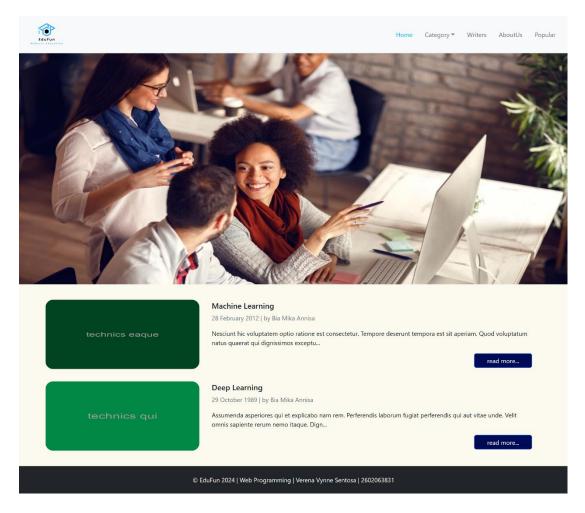
// untuk display article yang ditulis oleh masing-masinig writer
1reference|0 overrides
public function show($id): Factory|View
{
    $writer = Writer::with(relations: 'articles')->find(id: $id);
    if (!$writer) {
        return abort(code: 404);
    }

    return view(view: 'edufun.writerArticle', data: compact(var_name: 'writer'));
}
```

WriterController berisi beberapa function yang mengatur bagaimana data yang berhubungan dengan data Writer akan ditampilkan. Function ini akan dipanggil pada route agar data bisa ditampilkan sesuai kebutuhan.

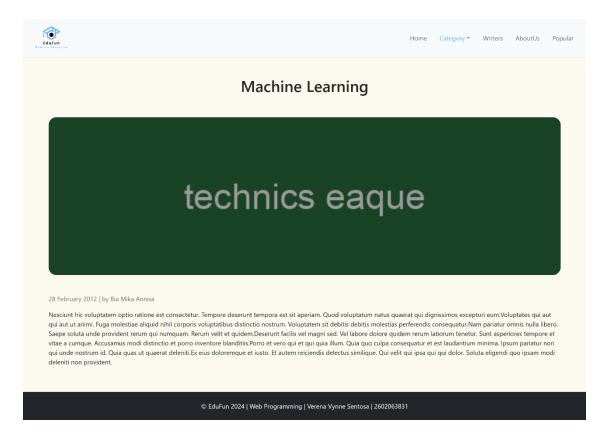
View

- Home Page



Pada Home Page terdapat navbar, banner, dan section yang berisi article yang merupakan materi-materi dalam DataScience dan atau Network Security. Pada masing-masing article terdapat article image, title article, postdate article, nama writernya, serta beberapa kalimat content. Kemudian di kanan bawah terdapat button 'read more' yang jika diklik, akan ke redirect pada detail page. Detail page merupakan page yang berisi isi article secara rinci.

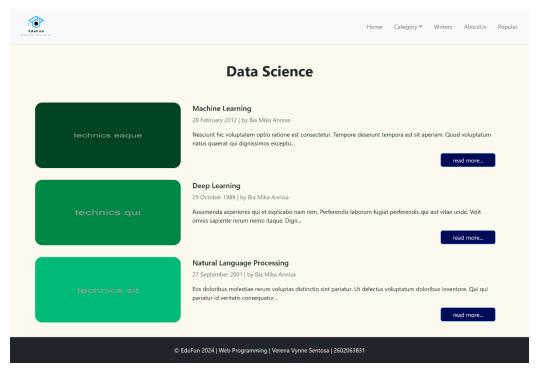
Contoh: Apabila saya klik button 'read more' pada article Machine Learning, maka akan muncul page ini:

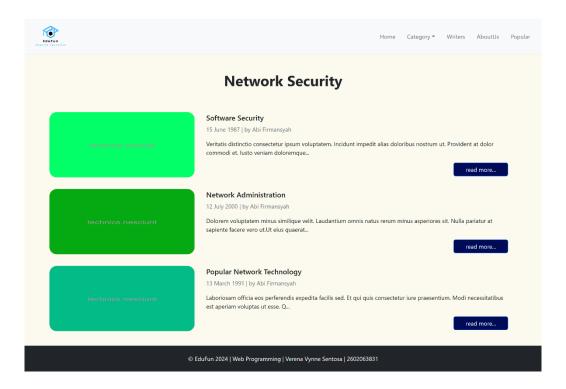


Category Page

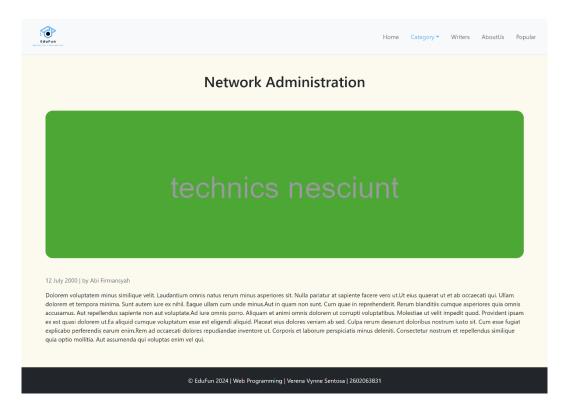
Pada menu navbar, Anda dapat klik menu Category dan akan muncul dropdown menu Data Science dan Network Security. Masing-masing page berisi article yang mempunyai category Data Science dan Network Security

Data Science Page

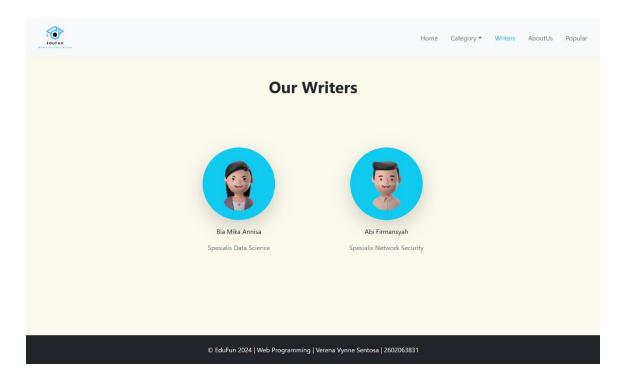




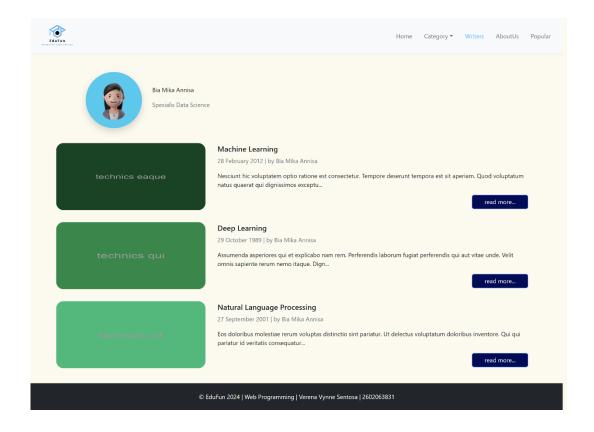
Kemudian, sama seperti di home, apabila button 'read more' diklik, maka akan muncul page yang berisi detail dari article yang dipilih

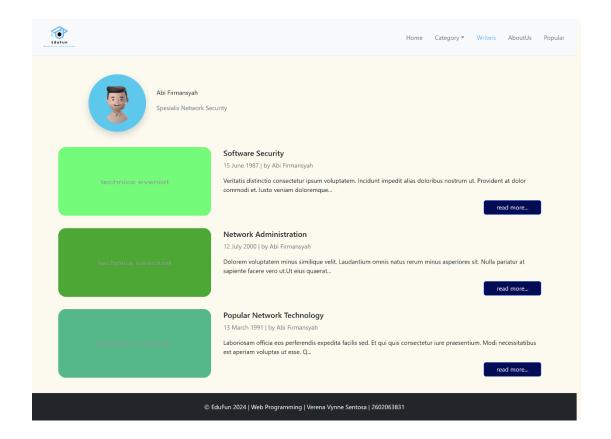


- Writers Page

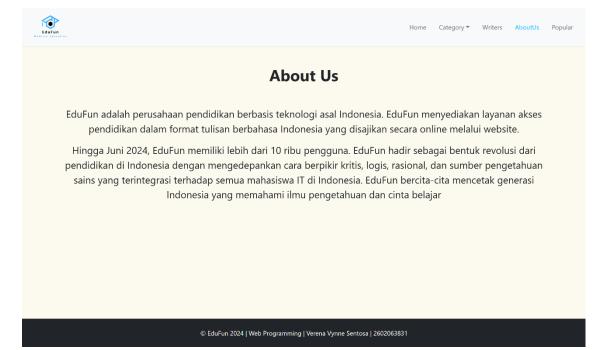


Pada Writer Page, terdapat semua writer yang menulis article materi. Apabila profile atau image writernya diklik, maka akan ke redirect ke page Writer's Article yang berisi semua article yang ditulis oleh masing-masing writer.

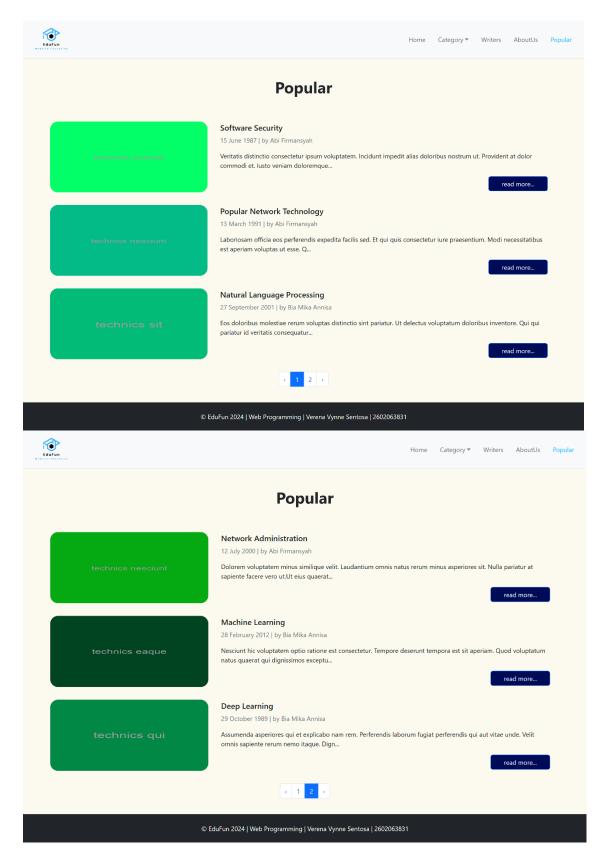




- About Us Page



Popular Page



Pada Page Popular, ditampilkan semua article sesuai urutan views terbanyak ke terdikit. Page ini juga menggunakan pagination dimana per satu page ditampilkan 3 article saja.