CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2013 series

0417 INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY

0417/11 Paper 1 (Written), maximum raw mark 100

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2013 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



	Pa	age 2		Mark Scheme		Syllabus	Paper
			IGCSE	October/Nover	mber 2013	0417	11
1	A C	Numeric Remote		B D	Chip reader Trackerball		[4]
2		Bridge		DVD R	Lig	ht pen	[1]
		Magneti	c tape	Printer	Swi	itch	[1]

3

Mouse —

	TRUE	FALSE	
Withdrawing money from an ATM is an example of batch processing		√	[1]
The processing of bank cheques is an example of batch processing	√		[1]
Booking a theatre ticket is an example of online processing	√		[1]
Producing utility bills is an example of online processing		√	[1]

4	(a) The most suitable storage medium for storing data on a bank ca	ard is a chip	[1]
	(b) The tool which searches for matches in a knowledge base	an inference engine	[1]
	(c) An optical disc which can have data updated is	a DVD RW	[1]
	(d) Multi part stationery is used with	a dot matrix printer	[1]
5	Bar code reader	ges into a computer	[1]
	Microphone creating a piece of text		[1]
	Scanner selecting items from a n	nenu	[1]
	Keyboard inputting data from a for	od item at a POS	[1]

[∠]creating a voice over for a presentation

[1]

Page 3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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6 (a) Two from:

Less likely to lose it
May have stronger signal
Display is larger/keyboard is larger
Content is not as limited
Can be faster to access internet
No problem with batteries running out
Has a mouse so is easier to navigate/use

[2]

(b) Two from:

Don't always have access to PC/there may be a power cut Difficult to carry/not very portable/mobile phone is portable/Cannot access internet except in the house

You have to buy extra hardware/router

[2]

7

	Internet	Intranet	
is a network of computer networks	✓		[1]
exists usually within one organisation		✓	[1]
anybody can access it	✓		[1]
can be expanded to become an extranet		✓	[1]

8

	Spam	Pharming	
is the sending of several emails at once	✓		[1]
requires malicious code to be downloaded		✓	[1]
re-directs the user to a fake website		✓	[1]
is the sending of unsolicited messages	✓		[1]

Page 4	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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9 Four instructions and four paired meanings from:

INSTRUCTION	MEANING
FORWARD n	Move <i>n</i> mm forward
BACKWARD n	Move <i>n</i> mm backward
LEFT t	Turn left t degrees
RIGHT t	Turn right t degrees
PENUP	Lift the pen
PENDOWN	Lower the pen
REPEAT n	Repeat the following instructions <i>n</i> times
END REPEAT	Finish the REPEAT loop

1 for instruction and 1 for meaning

[8]

10

	True	False	
A file is a collection of related records	√		[1]
A field is one item of data such as name or address	✓		[1]
The same value can occur several times within a key field		√	[1]
A record is the complete data about one student	√		[1]

Р	age 5	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
		IGCSE – October/November 2013	0417	11
1 (a)) Four fro	m:		
	such a Sensors ADC cor to digi Graphs a Inputs ai	are used to monitor patient's vital signs as temperature, blood pressure, pulse, sugar leve send data/signals back to computer averts analogue signals from sensors tal so that computer can understand/read the data are output be compared to acceptable range of values flower warning signal is triggered	` .	ark) [4
1 (b)) Four fro	m:		
	Nurses of take read Computer More that Results of Automat Nurses a Reduces	s can be taken more frequently can get tired and forget to take readings/nurses and dings regularly er readings are more accurate/human errors are run one variable can be measured at any one time can be analysed automatically/Charts are productic warnings can be generated/faster to react are free to do other tasks a chances of nurses being exposed to contagious dicost of wage bill/fewer nurses will be needed	educed ed automatically	nt not be able to
2 (a)) E5			[1
(b)) Any of A	1:B6, C1:G1, B8, E8		[1
(c)	7			[1
(d)) = C2*F2	or = C2* (E2–D2)		[1
(e)) 1 mark p	per point		
		F2 and click copy F3:F6 and click paste		
	OR			

OR

Highlight F2 and manoeuvre to bottom right hand corner of F2 Using fill handle/little black square/cross drag down to F6/double click on fill handle/little black square/cross

[2]

OR

Highlight F2:F6
Click on fill then down

Page 6	Mark Scheme	Mark Scheme Syllabus	
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12 (f) Three from:

Real thing may be too expensive to build/cost of rebuilding/repairing is expensive Real thing requires too large a time scale/it may take a long time to obtain results from the real thing

Real thing would be too wasteful of materials

Real thing is too vast a scale

Easier to modify/change date/variables

Costs less to change data/variables

The real thing may be impossible to access/create

Real thing may be too dangerous

You can test predictions more easily/model can make predictions more accurately

You can ask many what if questions which would be impractical in real life

[4]

13 Four from:

With a CLI Instructions must be typed to get a computer to carry out an action

With a GUI you just click on an icon

With a GUI icons represent applications

With a CLI you have to remember the exact path and name of application

With a CLI it is more important that users understand how a computer works

With a GUI menus are offered to help choose an action

With CLI have to learn/understand comments

[4]

14 (a)

Field name	Validation Check	[1]
Reference_number	Character check/range check/length check/check digit	[1]
Year	Range check/Character check	[1]
First_name	None	[1]
Family_name	None	[1]
Sibling	Yes or No	[1]

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(b) Five from:

Verification is checking that data has been entered/copied correctly Usually achieved by double data entry...

...or visual check

Validation is checking that data entered is reasonable/sensible

One mark is available for a correct explanation of an example of one validation check

Must have both because:

Data might be sensible but has not been transcribed/transferred accurately Data might have been transcribed/transferred accurately but may not be sensible

[5]

15 (a) Two from:

Browser to access bank's website [1] ISP to have access to internet [1]

(b) Six from:

Advantages

Don't have to waste time travelling (long distances) to banks

Don't have to spend money on travelling expenses travelling (long distances) to banks

No embarrassment of having to ask for loans face to face

Can bank when banks are closed

Can use it anywhere if there's an internet connection

Disadvantages

May not like the lack of personal touch

There may be less opportunity for socialising with friends/neighbours

Possibly more expensive phone bills

Hackers can access personal details and transfer money to their account

You have to have Internet access

Unable to withdraw cash

One mark is available for a reasoned conclusion **Maximum** four advantages or disadvantages

[6]

16 Four from:

Can be a website/software

Users can create/add content/pages

Users can modify content/pages

Users can delete content/pages

Using a web browser

Using a simplified mark-up language/a rich-text editor

Are often created collaboratively by multiple users

Examples include community websites, corporate intranets, knowledge management systems [4]

Page 8	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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17 Three from:

Electrocution – RCB installed/don't allow liquids near computers/make sure cables are insulated Fire – $\underline{CO_2}$ extinguisher/don't overload sockets

Tripping – create ducts/cover cables with carpets etc.

[3]

18 Five from:

Microprocessor controlled devices do much of housework

Do not need to do many things manually

Do not need to be in the house when food is cooking

Do not need to be in the house when clothes are being washed

Can leave their home to go shopping/work at any time of the day

Greater social interaction/more family time

More time to go out/more leisure time/more time to do other things/work

Are able to do other leisure activities when convenient to them

Can lead to unhealthy eating due to dependency on ready meals

Can lead to laziness/lack of fitness

Can encourage a healthy lifestyle because of smart fridges analysing food constituents

Microprocessor controlled burglar alarm provides a sense of security

Do not have to leave home to get fit

Manual household skills are lost/deskilling regarding household tasks

[5]

19 Five from:

Causes data to be scrambled/encoded

Requires an encryption key/software to encrypt

Requires a decryption key/encryption software to decrypt

Results in data which is not understandable/readable

Benefits:

Protects sensitive data...

...from being understood if it falls in to the wrong hands

Only user/computer with key can understand data

Drawbacks

Data can still be deleted from system

Criminals can use encryption to keep incriminating material secure

[5]