CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2015 series

0417 INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY

0417/13 Paper 1 (Written), maximum raw mark 100

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2015 series for most Cambridge IGCSE[®], Cambridge International A and AS Level components and some Cambridge O Level components.



Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Pape
	Cambridge IGCSE – May/June 2015	0417	13
		, , , , ,	
1 (2)	Two from:		
i (a)	TWO HOIII.		
_			
	Touch screen		

Microphone (Push) button Camera

[2]

(b) One from:

(Flash) memory card reader

[1]

(c) Three from:

Send emails Send texts

Access website and send secure message

[3]

2

Use	MICR	Bar code reader ✓	OMR ✓
Inputting exam answers from a multi choice test paper			✓
Inputting the account number from the bottom of a cheque	✓		
Inputting the ISBN from the back of a book		✓	
Inputting pencil marks from a school register			✓

3 Computer hardware is the collection of physical components that make up a computer system/physical parts of a computer that can be touched

[1]

Examples of hardware are the monitor, mouse, keyboard, computer data storage, hard disk drive, graphic cards, sound cards, memory, motherboard, CPU [1]

Computer software is made up of the instructions that can be stored and run by hardware/ any set of machine-readable instructions/software directs a computer's processor to perform specific operations/programs that control the computer system [1]

Examples of software are spreadsheet software, data handling software, word processing software, DTP software, presentation software, control software, measuring software, operating system, anti-virus software [1]

Page 3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge IGCSE – May/June 2015	0417	13

Neither

[2]

4

5

6

e.g.:

Two from, descriptions of:

Fourth generation mobile telecommunications

Optical fibre broadband Increased bandwidth

	Verification ✓	Validation ✓	verification nor validation ✓	
Data is entered by two different operators	✓			[1]
Data is checked to see if it is present		✓		[1]
Data is checked to make sure it is correct			✓	[1]
Data entered is checked to see if it matches data on the source document	✓			[1]
(a) The type of processing used for updating ATMs is called	g bank account		online	
(b)				[1]
The type of access used on a magnetic t	ape is called	***************************************	serial	
(c)				[1]
The type of software which is used to cremagazines is called	eate printed		DTP	
				[1]

7 Safety issues are usually caused by accidents Health issues are those caused by continuous use of computers Max four from: Health issues are caused by- Max three from: Bad posture Incorrect positioning of equipment Not taking regular breaks Continuously staring at a monitor Repetitive clicking/typing Safety issues are caused by- Max three from: Having trailing wires Overloading sockets Allowing drinks near equipment Placing heavy equipment in an unsafe position on a table/desk 8 (a) REPEAT 6 (3) should be REPEAT 5 (b) END REPEAT is missing after RIGHT 72 (5) PENUP is missing before BACKWARD 80 (6) PENDOWN is missing after BACKWARD 80 (6) REPEAT 4 is missing before RIGHT 90 (7) 9 (a) Two matched pairs from: Number pad/touch screen/remote control For the user to input the required temperature Temperature sensor To input current temperature of the room/office (b) Four from: Microprocessor receives temperature from temperature sensor Microprocessor stores required temperature/19 as preset value Compares temperature from sensor to pre-set temperature/19 If temperature is lower than preset value/19 microprocessor sends a signal to the act to turn heater on If higher than preset value/19 microprocessor sends a signal to turn heater off Wait set period of time before looping/process is continuous	Page	e 4		Syllabus	Paper
Health issues are those caused by continuous use of computers Max four from: Health issues are caused by- Max three from. Bad posture Incorrect positioning of equipment Not taking regular breaks Continuously staring at a monitor Repetitive clicking/typing Safety issues are caused by — Max three from: Having trailing wires Overloading sockets Allowing drinks near equipment Placing heavy equipment in an unsafe position on a table/desk (a) REPEAT 6 (3) should be REPEAT 5 (b) END REPEAT is missing after RIGHT 72 (5) PENUP is missing before BACKWARD 80 (6) PENDOWN is missing after BACKWARD 80 (6) REPEAT 4 is missing before RIGHT 90 (7) (a) Two matched pairs from: Number pad/touch screen/remote control For the user to input the required temperature Temperature sensor To input current temperature of the room/office (b) Four from: Microprocessor receives temperature from temperature sensor Microprocessor stores required temperature/19 as preset value Compares temperature from sensor to pre-set temperature/19 If temperature is lower than preset value/19 microprocessor sends a signal to turn heater on If higher than preset value/19 microprocessor sends a signal to turn heater of			Cambridge IGCSE – May/June 2015	0417	13
Health issues are caused by- Max three from: Bad posture Incorrect positioning of equipment Not taking regular breaks Continuously staring at a monitor Repetitive clicking/typing Safety issues are caused by — Max three from: Having trailing wires Overloading sockets Allowing drinks near equipment Placing heavy equipment in an unsafe position on a table/desk (a) REPEAT 6 (3) should be REPEAT 5 (b) END REPEAT is missing after RIGHT 72 (5) PENUP is missing before BACKWARD 80 (6) PENDOWN is missing after BACKWARD 80 (6) REPEAT 4 is missing before RIGHT 90 (7) (a) Two matched pairs from: Number pad/touch screen/remote control For the user to input the required temperature Temperature sensor To input current temperature of the room/office (b) Four from: Microprocessor receives temperature from temperature sensor Microprocessor stores required temperature/19 as preset value Compares temperature from sensor to pre-set temperature/19 If temperature is lower than preset value/19 microprocessor sends a signal to turn heater on If higher than preset value/19 microprocessor sends a signal to turn heater off					[] []
Max three from: Bad posture Incorrect positioning of equipment Not taking regular breaks Continuously staring at a monitor Repetitive clicking/typing Safety issues are caused by — Max three from: Having trailing wires Overloading sockets Allowing drinks near equipment Placing heavy equipment in an unsafe position on a table/desk (a) REPEAT 6 (3) should be REPEAT 5 (b) END REPEAT is missing after RIGHT 72 (5) PENUP is missing before BACKWARD 80 (6) PENDOWN is missing after BACKWARD 80 (6) REPEAT 4 is missing before RIGHT 90 (7) (a) Two matched pairs from: Number pad/touch screen/remote control For the user to input the required temperature Temperature sensor To input current temperature of the room/office (b) Four from: Microprocessor receives temperature/19 as preset value Compares temperature from sensor to pre-set temperature/19 If temperature is lower than preset value/19 microprocessor sends a signal to turn heater on If higher than preset value/19 microprocessor sends a signal to turn heater off	M	lax [•]	four from:		
Safety issues are caused by — Max three from: Having trailing wires Overloading sockets Allowing drinks near equipment Placing heavy equipment in an unsafe position on a table/desk (a) REPEAT 6 (3) should be REPEAT 5 (b) END REPEAT is missing after RIGHT 72 (5) PENUP is missing before BACKWARD 80 (6) PENDOWN is missing after BACKWARD 80 (6) REPEAT 4 is missing before RIGHT 90 (7) (a) Two matched pairs from: Number pad/touch screen/remote control For the user to input the required temperature Temperature sensor To input current temperature of the room/office (b) Four from: Microprocessor receives temperature from temperature sensor Microprocessor stores required temperature/19 as preset value Compares temperature from sensor to pre-set temperature/19 If temperature is lower than preset value/19 microprocessor sends a signal to turn heater of If higher than preset value/19 microprocessor sends a signal to turn heater of	M B In N C	lax fad paces factorial fa	three from: bosture rect positioning of equipment aking regular breaks nuously staring at a monitor		
(a) REPEAT 6 (3) should be REPEAT 5 (b) END REPEAT is missing after RIGHT 72 (5) PENUP is missing before BACKWARD 80 (6) PENDOWN is missing after BACKWARD 80 (6) REPEAT 4 is missing before RIGHT 90 (7) (a) Two matched pairs from: Number pad/touch screen/remote control For the user to input the required temperature Temperature sensor To input current temperature of the room/office (b) Four from: Microprocessor receives temperature from temperature sensor Microprocessor stores required temperature/19 as preset value Compares temperature from sensor to pre-set temperature/19 If temperature is lower than preset value/19 microprocessor sends a signal to the act to turn heater on If higher than preset value/19 microprocessor sends a signal to turn heater off	S M H O A	Safet Iax Iavir Iverl	ty issues are caused by – three from: ng trailing wires loading sockets ring drinks near equipment		[·
 (b) END REPEAT is missing after RIGHT 72 (5) PENUP is missing before BACKWARD 80 (6) PENDOWN is missing after BACKWARD 80 (6) REPEAT 4 is missing before RIGHT 90 (7) (a) Two matched pairs from: Number pad/touch screen/remote control For the user to input the required temperature Temperature sensor To input current temperature of the room/office (b) Four from: Microprocessor receives temperature from temperature sensor Microprocessor stores required temperature/19 as preset value Compares temperature from sensor to pre-set temperature/19 If temperature is lower than preset value/19 microprocessor sends a signal to the act to turn heater on If higher than preset value/19 microprocessor sends a signal to turn heater off 					
PENUP is missing before BACKWARD 80 (6) PENDOWN is missing after BACKWARD 80 (6) REPEAT 4 is missing before RIGHT 90 (7) (a) Two matched pairs from: Number pad/touch screen/remote control For the user to input the required temperature Temperature sensor To input current temperature of the room/office (b) Four from: Microprocessor receives temperature from temperature sensor Microprocessor stores required temperature/19 as preset value Compares temperature from sensor to pre-set temperature/19 If temperature is lower than preset value/19 microprocessor sends a signal to the actto turn heater on If higher than preset value/19 microprocessor sends a signal to turn heater off	(a	a) F	REPEAT 6 (3) should be REPEAT 5		[
PENDOWN is missing after BACKWARD 80 (6) REPEAT 4 is missing before RIGHT 90 (7) (a) Two matched pairs from: Number pad/touch screen/remote control For the user to input the required temperature Temperature sensor To input current temperature of the room/office (b) Four from: Microprocessor receives temperature from temperature sensor Microprocessor stores required temperature/19 as preset value Compares temperature from sensor to pre-set temperature/19 If temperature is lower than preset value/19 microprocessor sends a signal to the actto turn heater on If higher than preset value/19 microprocessor sends a signal to turn heater off	(k	b) E	END REPEAT is missing after RIGHT 72 (5)		[
REPEAT 4 is missing before RIGHT 90 (7) (a) Two matched pairs from: Number pad/touch screen/remote control For the user to input the required temperature Temperature sensor To input current temperature of the room/office (b) Four from: Microprocessor receives temperature from temperature sensor Microprocessor stores required temperature/19 as preset value Compares temperature from sensor to pre-set temperature/19 If temperature is lower than preset value/19 microprocessor sends a signal to the actto turn heater on If higher than preset value/19 microprocessor sends a signal to turn heater off		F	PENUP is missing before BACKWARD 80 (6)		I
 (a) Two matched pairs from: Number pad/touch screen/remote control For the user to input the required temperature Temperature sensor To input current temperature of the room/office (b) Four from: Microprocessor receives temperature from temperature sensor Microprocessor stores required temperature/19 as preset value Compares temperature from sensor to pre-set temperature/19 If temperature is lower than preset value/19 microprocessor sends a signal to the actto turn heater on If higher than preset value/19 microprocessor sends a signal to turn heater off 		F	PENDOWN is missing after BACKWARD 80 (6)		I
Number pad/touch screen/remote control For the user to input the required temperature Temperature sensor To input current temperature of the room/office (b) Four from: Microprocessor receives temperature from temperature sensor Microprocessor stores required temperature/19 as preset value Compares temperature from sensor to pre-set temperature/19 If temperature is lower than preset value/19 microprocessor sends a signal to the actto turn heater on If higher than preset value/19 microprocessor sends a signal to turn heater off		F	REPEAT 4 is missing before RIGHT 90 (7)		
For the user to input the <u>required</u> temperature Temperature sensor To input current temperature of the room/office (b) Four from: Microprocessor receives temperature from temperature sensor Microprocessor stores required temperature/19 as preset value Compares temperature from sensor to pre-set temperature/19 If temperature is lower than preset value/19 microprocessor sends a signal to the actto turn heater on If higher than preset value/19 microprocessor sends a signal to turn heater off	(a	a) 1	Two matched pairs from:		
To input current temperature of the room/office (b) Four from: Microprocessor receives temperature from temperature sensor Microprocessor stores required temperature/19 as preset value Compares temperature from sensor to pre-set temperature/19 If temperature is lower than preset value/19 microprocessor sends a signal to the actto turn heater on If higher than preset value/19 microprocessor sends a signal to turn heater off			·		
Microprocessor receives temperature from temperature sensor Microprocessor stores required temperature/19 as preset value Compares temperature from sensor to pre-set temperature/19 If temperature is lower than preset value/19 microprocessor sends a signal to the actto turn heater on If higher than preset value/19 microprocessor sends a signal to turn heater off					I
Microprocessor stores required temperature/19 as preset value Compares temperature from sensor to pre-set temperature/19 If temperature is lower than preset value/19 microprocessor sends a signal to the actto turn heater on If higher than preset value/19 microprocessor sends a signal to turn heater off	(k	b) F	Four from:		
		N (I	Microprocessor stores required temperature/19 as preset value Compares temperature from sensor to pre-set temperature/19 f temperature is lower than preset value/19 microprocessor sends a sigto turn heater on		ctuator
				ner on	

Mark Scheme

Syllabus

Paper

Page 4

Page 5	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge IGCSE – May/June 2015	0417	13

10 Three from:

Can act as a web server

Can act as a buffer between internet and LAN

Server passes on requests to the internet

Passes the requested web pages to individual computers

Can cache/store the webpages

Subsequent requests for that/those web page(s) are responded to more quickly

Can be used to monitor internet usage

[3]

11 (a) Field

one item of information [1] name/address/phone number/date of birth/tutor group/student id [1]

File

a collection of records [1] all the students names, addresses, phone numbers, dates of birth, forms, student ids

[1]

Record

A collection of fields

[1]

All the information about one student/More than one of: name, address, phone number, date of birth, tutor group of one student, student ids [1]

(b) Three from:

One mark for:

The key field in a database of student records would be the student id

Two from:

A field which contains unique data

It is used to identify the record

Used to create relationships between tables

[3]

12 (a) Range check – two from:

Checks that data lies within a set range

In this database a range check could be performed on the Number of passengers or Ticket prices fields

Number of passengers should be in the range 135 to 375/Ticket prices have to be in the range \$500 to \$1200

Format check - two from:

Checks that data follows a set format

The Flight number is in a specific format

The Flight number must be two letters followed by three digits

Length check - two from:

Data must be a specific length – no more no less

Length check could be carried out on Departure_Airport_Code or Destination_Airport_code, Departure Airport Code/Destination Airport code must be exactly three characters [6]

Pa	age 6	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
		Cambridge IGCSE – May/June 2015	0417	13
	(b)	Text data- Flight_number/Departure_ Airport_Code/Destination_AirportNumeric data - Number_of_passengers/Ticket_prices	t_code	[1] [1]
13	(a)	Four from:		
		This formula searches for values in the range A1:A6which match the criterion >29 It totals the values		
		in the corresponding cells of the SUM rangeB1:B6.		[4]
	(b)	>31<35 is not a valid logical test		[1]
		=SUMIF(D2:D10,">31",F2:F10) – (minus sign) SUMIF(D2:D10,">=35",F2:F10)		[1] [1] [1]
14	(a)	Six from:		
		Biometric methods use unique data User ids and passwords can be copied/stolen/forgotten Cannot copy biometric data Only the person with particular biometric features can access the netwood Anybody who has the password can access a network	ork	
		Max three from Fingerprints can be used to identify an individual Retina scans can be used to identify an individual Facial characteristics can be used to identify an individual Voice recognition software can be used to identify an individual		[6]
	(b)	Three from:		
		The necessary software/equipment is more expensive to purchase Takes longer to match data If individual gets ill/background noise can make voice unintelligible to sy With certain illnesses retina scans stop working Injuries to fingers can cause biometric device to fail to recognise you. Could be wearing contact lenses which would stop retina scan working	/stem	[3]

Page 7	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge IGCSE – May/June 2015	0417	13

15 Six from:

Advantages

Less likely to trip over cables

Easier to relocate computers

Cheaper as you don't have to buy cables

Adding devices/computers to network is easier

Disadvantages

Limited area of network

Strength of signal is weaker

Physical obstacles can interfere with signal/can cause disconnection

One mark is available for a reasoned conclusion.

[6]

16 (a) Six from:

Computer database is searched for matching departure airport

Computer database is searched for matching arrival airport

If flight on correct date found

Search if seats/tickets available

If so flags seat as booked

Reduces number of seats/tickets available by one

e-ticket details are output

e-ticket details sent by travel agent to customer

[6]

(b) Three from:

e.g.:

Theatres

Cinemas

Football clubs/stadia

Holiday booking company

[3]

17 Three matched pairs from:

Sound

Spoken introduction by head/voiceover the presentation/background music/school choir/band/orchestra

Animation

Text effects/cartoon representing school activities

Video

Introduction by head/school play/choir/band/orchestra/sports activities

Hyperlinks

Move to another page in the website

[6]