#### **CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS**

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

# MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2015 series

# 0417 INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY

**0417/11** Paper 1 (Written), maximum raw mark 100

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2015 series for most Cambridge IGCSE<sup>®</sup>, Cambridge International A and AS Level components and some Cambridge O Level components.



Р	age	2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
			Cambridge IGCSE – May/June 2015	0417	11
1	(a)	Sensor Touchpad			[1] [1]
	(b)	Printer Screen			[1] [1]
	(c)	Pen drive DVD drive			[1] [1]

2

Use	MICR	Trackerball	Sensor 🗸
Reading data from a cheque	✓		
Inputting the temperature of a greenhouse			✓
People with limited motor skills using computers		✓	
For inputting the amount of humidity in a weather station			✓

3

Application	Device		
Produces very high quality printing where speed is not an iss	sue Inkj	jet printer	[1]
Production of continuous stationery where noise is not an issue		t matrix printer	[1]
Produces rapid, high quality and high volume printing		ser printer	[1]
Produces very large printouts such as size A0	Gra	aph plotter	[1]

4

	Blog √	Microblog √	Wiki ✓
Very restricted on size of post		✓	
Allows readers to edit posts			✓
Entries are <b>not</b> usually in chronological order			✓
Very difficult to customise		✓	

Pa	age 3		Mark Sc			Syllabus 0417	Paper		
5	(a)	The type of pr	Cambridge IGCSE -		batch	U41/	<b>11</b> [1]		
	(b)	(b) The type of access used on a magnetic disc is called <b>direct</b>							
	(c)	An item of har	rdware which is used to	open a window is called	a motor		[1]		
6									
	PEN	IDOWN	PENDOWN	PENDOWN	PENDO	NWN			
	LEF	T 90	REPEAT 2	LEFT 90	FORW	ARD 30			
	FOF	RWARD 20	FORWARD 30	FORWARD 20	RIGHT	90			
	RIG	HT 90	RIGHT 90 O	R RIGHT 90	FORW	ARD 30			
	PEN	IUP	END REPEAT	PENUP	RIGHT	90			
	FOF	RWARD 10	FORWARD 30	FORWARD 10	FORWA	ARD 30			
	<b>1</b> ma	ark for each co	orrect instruction				[6]		
7	(a)						_		
		Pressure	sensor			✓	[1]		
		Oxygen le	evel sensor						
		Wind spee	ed sensor						
		Sound ser	nsor			✓	[1]		
		Body sens	sor						
		Moisture s	sensor						
		Infra-red s	sensor			✓	[1]		
		Touch ser	nsor						

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#### (b) Five from:

Microprocessor checks input from the user is authentic Microprocessor continually monitors sensors.

If infra-red sensor reading changes

If pressure greater than pre-set value...

If sound greater than pre-set value...

Microprocessor sends signal to sound alarm

Microprocessor sends signal to flashing light/house lights.

Microprocessor automatically sends message/calls/texts owner

[5]

8 (a)

Activity	Analysis 🗸	Design	Evaluation ✓
Interviewing the users of the new system			✓
Interviewing the users of the existing system	✓		
Planning the validation routines		✓	
Examining existing documents	✓		

### **(b)** Three names and descriptions from:

Parallel running

Current system and new system run alongside each other

Pilot running

New system introduced in one branch and other branches continue with old system

Direct changeover

New system replaces old system immediately/overnight

Phased implementation

New system is introduced one module/step at a time

[6]

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### (c) Three from:

Program listing

Name of program language

Flowchart/algorithm

List of variables

File structure

Purpose of the system/program

Purpose of the program

Input format or example

Output format or example

Hardware requirements

Software requirements

Sample runs/test runs

Known bugs

Validation routines

Limitations of the system

[3]

#### (d) Three from:

How to load software/ run software/install software

How to save a file

How to search

How to sort

How to print

How to add records

How to delete/edit records

Troubleshooting guide/contact details/help line/FAQs

Error messages/handling

Tutorials [3]

#### **9** (a) two from:

Visual verification

Visually comparing the data on screen...

...with the source document

## <u>OR</u>

## two from:

Double data entry

Data is typed in twice by one typist

Data is typed in by two operators

Computer compares versions

[2]

	Cambridge IGCSE – May/June 2015	0417	11
	Type in =d3/c3 100		[1] [1]
(	DR .		OR
	Type in =d3/c3 in e3 Set the format to %		[1] [1]

**Mark Scheme** 

#### (c) Three from:

Page 6

Click on E3 Manoeuvre to bottom right hand corner of cell Until black cross appears Black cross dragged down to E22

#### Or **three** from:

Right click on E3 Select copy from menu Select E4 to E22 Right click and click on paste

[3]

**Syllabus** 

#### (d) Two from:

Less dangerous to use a model

Real thing may represent too large a time scale/ it may take a long time to obtain results from the real thing - genetics etc. Too large a time scale required

Real thing may be wasteful of materials

Real thing may be on too vast a scale

Easier to change data/variables

The real thing may be impossible to access/create

You can test predictions more easily/model can make predictions more accurately

You can ask many whatif questions which would be impractical in real life

[2]

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10

Redundancy payments to former workers are expensive	<b>✓</b>	[1]
The cars produced are not of a consistent standard		
Robots are unable to think for themselves	<b>✓</b>	[1]
Robots do not go on strike		
Robots are expensive to buy	✓	[1]
Mistakes are never made.		
Maintaining robots costs money	<b>✓</b>	[1]
Car workers have to be paid more		

#### **11 (a) Two** from:

Electronic junk mail/sending of unsolicited emails
Sent to everybody on a mailing list/many emails sent at once
Can slow down networks
Can fill up the receiver's mail box and therefore hard disk

[2]

## (b) Four from:

Phishing

Fraudster sends an e-mail which appear to be authentic is sent by a fraudster posing as a bank/organisation provides a link to a bogus website

#### **Pharming**

installing malicious code on a pc or server user is redirected to bogus website user accesses websites which look authentic website belongs to the fraudster/hacker

[4]

## 12 (a) three from:

Network cards Modem/Router Hub/switch Cables Telephone line

[3]

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#### **(b) Three** from:

Using social networks

Booking tickets

Playing educational games

Watching videos/music

Send/receive emails

Create a blog/description of blogging

Researching current affairs/school work

Looking at the news

Reading ebooks/books online

[3]

#### (c) Two from:

Copy onto removable storage medium

At regular intervals

Store the medium away from the computer

Make incremental backups

[2]

#### (d) Two from:

User id can sometimes be easily guessed

Passwords can be hacked with key logging software

Passwords can be hacked by using random password generators

#### Four from:

Question is asked such as mother's maiden name/customer's birthplace/date of birth Question selected can be difficult to answer by hacker.

Answers can be intercepted by hacker

Using a chip and pin reader with bank card to generate a one off transaction code which user enters into online banking

Bank issues a one off transaction code to the user's phone which user enters into online banking

Even if hacker intercepts code is no use to him/her as can only be used once

Inconvenient as have to keep reader and card with you if you want to bank remotely

Using fingerprint scanner to capture digital image of fingerprint

Each fingerprint is virtually unique/ Each retina is unique/ Each iris is virtually unique

Fingerprint scanners can be inaccurate

Fingerprints can alter when people do sustained heavy manual work

Civil liberty issues

Using a retina scanner to detect retina pattern

Cataracts/astigmatism can affect accuracy of reading

Equipment cost is high

Using a digital camera to record image of the iris

High quality images of an iris can be used to 'fool' the system

Biometrics are nearly impossible to forge

[6]

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### 13 (a)

Field name	Data type	
Film_title	Text/alphanumeric	[1]
Format/blu-ray/DVD	Boolean	[1], [1]
Rental_Cost	Currency	[1], [1]
Name_of_director	Text/alphanumeric	[1]

#### (b) Four from:

set up a query

rental cost < 3

select appropriate fields to include in report

create an appropriate report title

set up a header

set up a footer

use appropriate alignment within fields

Select appropriate font/font size for heading

Select appropriate font/font size for field names

Select appropriate font/font size for field contents

#### 14 Six from:

Borrower:

Advantages:

Saves cost of travelling to the library

Saves time of travelling to library

More likely to be able to borrow a particular book/library has more copies

Will not be fined for going over borrowing period

Disadvantages:

Might not have finished reading book when it disappears

Have the expense of buying the correct hardware

#### Library:

Advantages:

Saves cost of salaries as some staff have been made redundant

Librarians will have more time to spend on other duties

Don't have to worry about books not being returned

Disadvantages:

Will lose income from not collecting fines

[6]

[4]