

## Problem set 2

November 8, 2021

Consider an economy like we studied in the class: Output is linear in labor and subject to an exogenous TFP process  $\theta_t(s^t) = \theta(s_t)$ . The government consumption  $g_t(s^t) = g(s_t)$  is also exogenous and the resource constraint is given by

$$y_t(s^t) = c_t(s^t) + g(s_t)$$

Rep agent has expected utility GHH preferences of the form

$$\mathbb{E}_0 \sum_{t=0}^{\infty} u \left( c_t(s^t) - v \left( \frac{y_t(s^t)}{\theta(s_t)} \right) \right)$$

Assume the following quarterly calibration:

1. Functional forms:  $u(x) = \frac{x^{1-\sigma}}{1-\sigma}$  and  $v(x) = \frac{x^{1+\gamma-1}}{1+\gamma-1}$ . Set  $\sigma = 2$  and  $\gamma = 1$
2. Discount factor  $\beta = 0.99$
3. Parameterize the shocks as follows
  - (a) Suppose that  $g$  and  $\theta$  are AR(1) in logs with autocorrelation  $\rho_g = \rho_\theta = 0.95$ , mean of  $\mu_g = \ln\left(\frac{15}{100}\right)$ ,  $\mu_\theta = \ln(1)$  and one period ahead conditional std. deviations  $\sigma_g = \frac{1.2}{15}$  and  $\sigma_\theta = \frac{2}{400}$ .
  - (b) Discretize  $s = (\theta, g)$  with a grid of 5 points on  $g$  and 5 points on  $\theta$
4. Set  $b_0$  to about 4 times  $y_0$  so that we have an annual debt to gdp ratio of about 100%

For this economy:

1. Solve for the Ramsey allocation assuming the government sets a linear tax on labor at all histories  $\{\tau_t(s^t)\}$  and trades in
  - (a) A set of state-contingent assets:  $\{b_t(s_{t+1}|s^t)\}_{s_{t+1}}$
  - (b) A risk-free bond only:  $b_t(s^t)$
2. Compute the portfolio of risk-free bonds of maturities  $1 \dots N$  that implements the allocation in 1(a)
3. Simulate the allocation by drawing shocks  $s$  and using policy functions computed in 1(a) and 1(b). What do you notice as the main differences in allocations and the path for implied taxes and debt across 1(a) and 1(b)?