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## 20184014

## CS-7B



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# <u>Distributed Systems Lab – Final Practical</u>

#### Ans 1:

#### Client.c

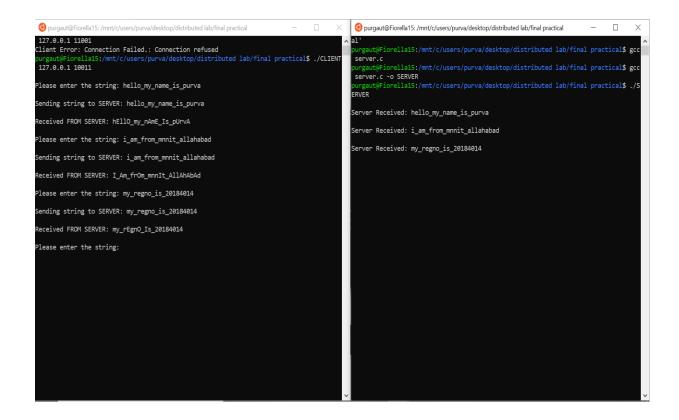
```
#include <netinet/in.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
  int fd = 0;
  char buff[1024];
  if (argc < 3)
    printf("Less no of arguments !!");
    return 0;
  }
  memset(buff, '0', sizeof(buff));
  fd = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0);
  if (fd < 0)
  {
    perror("Client Error: Socket not created succesfully");
    return 0;
  }
  struct sockaddr_in server;
  memset(&server, '0', sizeof(server));
  server.sin_family = AF_INET;
  server.sin_port = htons(atoi(argv[2]));
  int in = inet_pton(AF_INET, argv[1], &server.sin_addr);
  if (in < 0)
  {
    perror("Client Error: IP not initialized succesfully");
    return 0;
  in = connect(fd, (struct sockaddr *)&server, sizeof(server));
  if (in < 0)
    perror("Client Error: Connection Failed.");
    return 0;
  }
  while (1)
```

```
{
    printf("\nPlease enter the string: ");
    bzero(buff, 256);
    fgets(buff, 255, stdin);
    printf("\nSending string to SERVER: %s ", buff); /* Send message to the server */
    in = send(fd, buff, strlen(buff), 0);
    if (in < 0)
       perror("\nClient Error: Writing to Server");
       return 0;
    bzero(buff, 256);
    in = recv(fd, buff, 255, 0);
    if (in < 0)
       perror("\nClient Error: Reading from Server");
    printf("\nReceived FROM SERVER: %s ", buff);
  }
  printf("BYE!\n");
  close(fd);
  return 0;
}
```

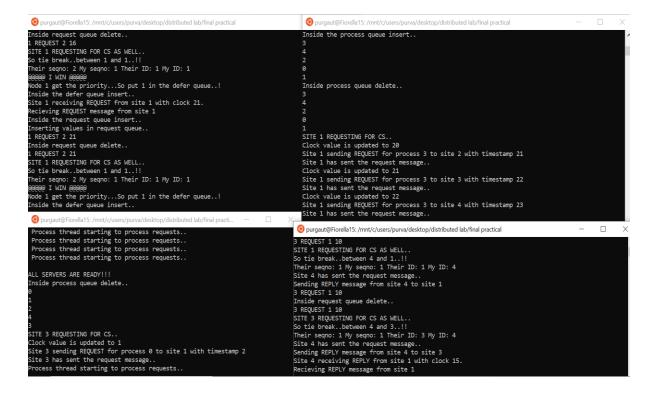
# Server.c

```
#include <arpa/inet.h>
#include <ctype.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <unistd.h>
// make all vowels upper case
void upper_vowel_case(char *str)
{
        int i = 0;
        while (str[i] != '\0')
        {
                if (str[i] == 'a' || str[i] == 'e' || str[i] == 'i' || str[i] == 'o' ||
                         str[i] == 'u')
```

```
{
                         str[i] = toupper(str[i]);
                }
                i++;
        }
}
int main()
        int fd = 0;
        char buff[1024];
        memset(buff, '0', sizeof(buff));
        fd = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0);
        if (fd < 0)
        {
                perror("Client Error: Socket not created succesfully");
                return 0;
        }
        struct sockaddr_in server;
        memset(&server, '0', sizeof(server));
        server.sin_family = AF_INET;
        server.sin_port = htons(10011);
        server.sin_addr.s_addr = htonl(INADDR_ANY);
        bind(fd, (struct sockaddr *)&server, sizeof(server));
        int in;
        listen(fd, 10);
        while (in = accept(fd, (struct sockaddr *)NULL, NULL))
        {
                int childpid, n;
                if ((childpid = fork()) == 0)
                {
                         close(fd);
                         bzero(buff, 256);
                         while ((n = recv(in, buff, 256, 0)) > 0)
                                 printf("\nServer Received: %s", buff);
                                 upper_vowel_case(buff);
                                 send(in, buff, strlen(buff), 0);
                                 bzero(buff, 256);
                         close(in);
                         exit(0);
                }
        }
}
```



# Ans 2) Ricart-Agrawala Algorithm code:



```
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```

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <pthread.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <errno.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/times.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
#include <sys/wait.h>
#include <semaphore.h>
#include <sys/shm.h>
#include <sys/ipc.h>
#include <signal.h>
#include <netdb.h>
#include <math.h>
#include <time.h>
#define BACKLOG 150
                        //Number of pending connections queue will hold
#define MAXDATASIZE 100 //Maximum number of bytes we can get at once
#define MAXLINE 750
#define TRUE 1
#define FALSE 0
```

```
#define noproc 4 //Total number of sites in the system
pthread t tid1,tid2,tid3;
pthread_t proc1[5];
int argc1;
char argv1[50];
char argv[50];
int i;
int listenPort; //The process port on which it is recieving the messages
int count[25];
int serverFlag = 0; //flag to check if all servers/sites are ready
int requesttime[5]; //times at which the request message is sent
               //Structure to maintain the Id, Server name and Port number
{
  int id;
  char name[50];
  int port;
};
struct host hs[20];
typedef struct myinfo1 //Structure to maintain my information
{
  int id;
  int portno;
  char mac[50]; //machine or host name eg. net06
} myinfo;
myinfo my;
struct message //Structure that comtains the message exchanged
{
                //site ID
  int id;
                //Process ID
  int procid;
  char type[10]; //Type of message sent
                  //sequence number of the process
  int seq_no;
  int clock;
                //clock at which the message is sent
};
static int rfront=-1,rrear=-1; //The pointers for REQ_QUEUE
static int dfront=-1,drear=-1; //The pointers for the DEFER QUEUe
static int pfront=-1, prear=-1; //The pointers for the PROCESS QUEUE
struct message REQ_QUEUE[200]; //The REQUEST QUEUE
struct message DEFER_QUEUE[200]; //The DEFER QUEUE
int PROCESS QUEUE[200];
                                    //The PROCESS QUEUE
sem_t proc[5];
sem_t site;
//Mutex variables used to lock variuos globally shared variables
pthread_mutex_t sequence;
pthread_mutex_t inCS;
pthread mutex t reqCS;
pthread_mutex_t ccounter;
pthread_mutex_t replycnt;
pthread mutex t signals;
```

```
pthread_mutex_t types;
pthread mutex t clk;
pthread mutex t sending mutex;
pthread_mutex_t sema;
pthread mutex t pqueue;
pthread mutex t processthd;
pthread_mutex_t counts;
pthread_mutex_t requestq;
pthread mutex t deferg;
pthread_mutex_t refront;
pthread_mutex_t rerear;
pthread mutex t defront;
pthread_mutex_t derear;
//The threads used in this program
void * recv_reply_thread ( void *);
void * recv_request_thread ( void *);
void * process thread (void *);
void * processes (void *);
void send_reply(struct message *msg); //Function to send reply messages
void rinsert(struct message); //Request queue functions
void rdisplay(void);
struct message rdelete(void);
void dinsert(struct message); //Defer queue functions
void ddisplay(void);
struct message ddelete(void);
void pinsert(int);
                          //Process queue functions
void pdisplay(void);
int pdelete();
void sigchld_handler(int s) // reap all dead processes
{
while(wait(NULL) > 0);
}
int me;
                    //my id number
int our_seq_number=0; // My sequence number
int outstanding_reply_count = noproc-1; //outstanding reply count..Initially N-1
                  // counter for clock
int counter=0;
int clockvalue=1;
int highest_sequence_number=0;
int counting=0;
int req_CS=0; // Request for the Critical section: initially FALSE
int in_CS=0; //Inside the Critical Section: initially FALSE
int SIGNAL;
int in:
             //to read if in CS
int req;
            // to read if req CS
               // to read seq no
int segno;
int sendcount;
int recvcount;
int replycount; //to read current outstanding reply count
```

```
// SAVE CONNECTION - RECV
void saveconn(int sockfdr, int id, int counter)
{
  int n;
  FILE *file;
 char line[MAXLINE];
 struct message * msg, m;
  pthread_mutex_lock(&sending_mutex);
 msg = (struct message *)malloc(sizeof(struct message));
  n = recv(sockfdr,(void *)msg,sizeof(struct message),0);
  pthread_mutex_unlock(&sending_mutex);
  m = *((struct message *)msg);
 if(n == 0)
     return;
 else if(n < 0)
   printf("saveconn(): read error\n");
 else
      printf("Site %d receiving %s from site %d with clock %d. \n",me,m.type,m.id,m.clock);
     if(highest_sequence_number < m.seq_no)</pre>
        highest_sequence_number = m.seq_no;
     }
     else
     highest_sequence_number = highest_sequence_number;
   pthread_mutex_lock(&clk);
      clockvalue++;
        if(clockvalue < (m.clock+1))
          clockvalue = (m.clock+1);
     pthread_mutex_unlock(&clk);
   if(strcmp(m.type,"REQUEST") == 0)
  {
     printf("Recieving REQUEST message from site %d\n",m.id);
     pthread_mutex_lock(&requestq);
          rinsert(m);
          rdisplay();
   pthread_mutex_unlock(&requestq);
     SIGNAL=1; //Process wakeup
  else if(strcmp(m.type,"REPLY") == 0)
     printf("Recieving REPLY message from site %d\n",m.id);
     pthread_mutex_lock(&replycnt);
        replycount++;
     printf("CURRENT REPLYCOUNT : %d\n",replycount);
     pthread_mutex_unlock(&replycnt);
  }
```

```
else
  {
     printf("Improper message : message not received properly\n");
     rdisplay();
  }
// CLIENT CONNECTION - SEND
void cliconn(FILE *file,int sockfds, char *mac, int portno, int id,struct message *messg,int counter)
  int n,i;
  char sendline[400],recvline[MAXLINE + 1];
  portno = my.portno;
  pthread_mutex_lock(&clk);
     messg->clock = clockvalue;
  pthread_mutex_unlock(&clk);
  if(send(sockfds,messg,sizeof(struct message),0) != sizeof(struct message))
     printf("cliconn(): write error on socket\n");
  printf("Site %d has sent the request message..\n",me);
}
// MAIN FUNCTION
int main(int argc, char **argv)
  struct message *msg;
  int s;
  pthread_mutex_init(&sequence,NULL);
  pthread_mutex_init(&inCS,NULL);
  pthread_mutex_init(&reqCS,NULL);
  pthread_mutex_init(&ccounter,NULL);
  pthread_mutex_init(&replycnt,NULL);
  pthread mutex init(&signals,NULL);
  pthread_mutex_init(&types,NULL);
  pthread_mutex_init(&clk,NULL);
  pthread_mutex_init(&sending_mutex,NULL);
  pthread_mutex_init(&sema,NULL);
  pthread_mutex_init(&processthd,NULL);
  pthread_mutex_init(&pqueue,NULL);
  pthread_mutex_init(&counts,NULL);
  pthread_mutex_init(&requestq,NULL);
  pthread mutex init(&deferg,NULL);
  pthread_mutex_init(&refront,NULL);
  pthread_mutex_init(&rerear,NULL);
  pthread mutex init(&defront,NULL);
  pthread_mutex_init(&derear,NULL);
  FILE *file;
  file = fopen("config.txt", "r"); //Open the configuration file
   if(file==NULL)
  {
     printf("Error: can't open file.\n");
```

```
}
   else
     printf("File opened successfully.\n");
  for(i=1;i<=noproc;i++)</pre>
     fscanf(file,"%d",&hs[i].id);//Reading host info from config file
     fscanf(file,"%s",hs[i].name);
     fscanf(file,"%d",&hs[i].port);
  }
  argc1 = argc;
   printf("%d %d",argc1,argc);
  my.id = atoi(argv[1]);
  me = my.id;
  strcpy(my.mac,argv[2]);
  char t[9];
  strcpy(t,argv[3]);
  my.portno = atoi(t);
  listenPort = atoi(t);
   printf("My ID is: %s My Port: %s and My IP %s\n",argv[1],argv[3],argv[2]);
  printf("Configuration File\n"); //Printing the configuration file details
  for(i=1;i<=noproc;i++)</pre>
     printf("%d %s %d\n",hs[i].id,hs[i].name,hs[i].port);
  }
  fclose(file);
  for(s=0;s<5;s++)
     sem_init( &proc[s],0,0);
  for(s=0;s<5;s++)
  {
     pthread create( &proc1[s], NULL, &processes, (void *)s); //Creating processes in site
  }
   pthread_create( &tid3, NULL, &recv_request_thread, &msg); //Creating send thread
   pthread create( &tid2, NULL, &recv reply thread, &msg); //Creating recieve thread
   pthread_create( &tid1, NULL, &process_thread, &msg); //Creating process thread
  pthread_join( tid1, NULL );
                                     //Join all process threads
   pthread join(tid2, NULL);
                                         //Join all recieve reply threads
  pthread_join( tid3, NULL );
                                           //Join all recieve request threads
  for(s=0;s<5;s++)
     pthread_join( proc1[s], NULL);
                                            //Join all processes in the site
  }
}
// RECIEVE REQUESTS THREAD
void * recv_request_thread(void *msg)
{
```

return 1;

```
struct sockaddr_in their_addr; // Connector's address information
    struct hostent *h;
    int sockfds;
    int pid;
   int j;
   int check, procid;
   struct message m;
   struct message tm;
   m = *((struct message *)msg);
   for(j=0;j<noproc; j++)</pre>
      count[j];
   }
    if (argc1 != 4) //The command line should have the output file,machine name and
                    //my port address as the runtime parameters
                    //Error check the command line
      fprintf(stderr,"usage: getip address\n");
      exit(1);
 }
   int liveServers = 1; //Initialising number of live processes counting for itself
   while(liveServers <= noproc)</pre>
           //Checks for number of processes that are alive before sending
           //the messages. It is similar to the initialization message sent
           //to all the proceses
   {
      liveServers = 1;
      int j;
      for(j=1;j<=noproc;j++)</pre>
         if ((sockfds = socket(AF INET, SOCK STREAM, 0)) == -1)
           //Opens a connection to check for the live processes
          {
              perror("socket");
              exit(1);
          if ((h=gethostbyname(hs[j].name)) == NULL)
            perror("gethostbyname");
            exit(1);
         their_addr.sin_family = AF_INET;
         their addr.sin port = htons(hs[j].port);
         their_addr.sin_addr = *((struct in_addr *)h->h_addr);
           memset(&(their_addr.sin_zero), '\0', 8);
         if (connect(sockfds, (struct sockaddr *)&their_addr, sizeof(struct sockaddr)) == -1)
//Connects to the process
         {
        }
```

```
else
          liveServers++;
          //if connection is setup increments liveserver count by one
          //everytime it extablishes a connection with a process
        close(sockfds); //Connection closed after checking is done
     }
  }
  serverFlag = 1;
                      //When all processes are alive sets serverFlag to 1.
  printf("\nALL SERVERS ARE READY!!!\n"); //Processes are ready to listen now.
/*REQUESTING ENTRY TO THE CRITICAL SECTION*/
  while(1)
  {
     if(pfront==-1)
        check = 0;
        break;
     }
     else
        check = 1;
  if(check)
  pthread_mutex_lock(&processthd);
     procid = pdelete();
     printf("SITE %d REQUESTING FOR CS..\n",me);
     pthread_mutex_lock(&reqCS);
        req_CS = 1;
        req = req_CS;
     pthread_mutex_unlock(&reqCS);
  //preparing the structure for sending
     m.id = me;
  pthread_mutex_lock(&types);
     strcpy(m.type,"REQUEST");
  pthread_mutex_unlock(&types);
  pthread_mutex_lock(&sequence);
     our_seq_number = highest_sequence_number+1;
     m.seq_no = our_seq_number;
  pthread_mutex_unlock(&sequence);
  for(i=1; i<=noproc; i++)</pre>
  {
        if(i == me)
                         //Checking request not sending to myself
          continue;
        if ((h=gethostbyname(hs[i].name)) == NULL)
      {
          perror("gethostbyname");
```

```
exit(1);
      }
        if ((sockfds = socket(AF INET, SOCK STREAM, 0)) == -1)
                 //Opens socket to send messages
       {
          perror("socket");
          exit(1);
       }
        their_addr.sin_family = AF_INET;
                                             // Host byte order
        their_addr.sin_port = htons(hs[i].port); // Short,networbyteorder
         their_addr.sin_addr = *((struct in_addr *)h->h_addr);
          memset(&(their_addr.sin_zero), '\0', 8); // Zero the rest of the struct
         sleep(1);
         if (connect(sockfds, (struct sockaddr *)&their_addr, sizeof(struct sockaddr)) == -1)
           perror("connect in send thread\n");
          exit(1);
         }
        printf("Clock value is updated to %d\n",clockvalue);
        clockvalue=clockvalue+1;
        m.clock=clockvalue;
        requesttime[i]=m.clock;
        counter = counter + 1;
        requesttime[i]=m.clock;
        printf("Site %d sending REQUEST for process %d to site %d with timestamp
%d\n",me,procid,i,m.clock);
        cliconn(stdin, sockfds,my.mac,my.portno,my.id,&m,counter);
        close(sockfds);
   }
   printf("Waiting for reply from other sites...");
   while(1)
      if (replycount == outstanding reply count)
        pthread_mutex_lock(&replycnt);
        replycount=0;
        pthread_mutex_unlock(&replycnt);
        break;
      }
      else
        sleep(2);
/*ENTERING THE CRITICAL SECTION*/
   //Is entering inside the CS
   pthread_mutex_lock(&inCS);
      in_CS = 1;
      in = in_CS;
   pthread mutex unlock(&inCS);
```

```
//Is not requesting for CS again
  pthread mutex lock(&reqCS);
     req_CS = 0;
     req = req_CS;
  pthread mutex unlock(&reqCS);
  sem_post(&proc[procid]);
  sem_wait(&site);
  //Entering CS
  pthread_mutex_lock(&inCS);
     in_CS = 0;
     in = in CS;
  pthread_mutex_unlock(&inCS);
/*RELEASING THE CRITICAL SECTION*/
  sendcount = 0;
  // Pop from the defer queue
     while(drear!=-1)
   pthread mutex lock(&types);
        strcpy(m.type,"REPLY"); //copy my node id and the message type
     pthread_mutex_unlock(&types);
     m.id = me;
     pthread_mutex_lock(&deferq);
        tm = ddelete(); //tm is the buffer in which the values are stored in message
        pid = tm.id;
     pthread_mutex_unlock(&deferq);
     sendcount++;
     printf("Send Reply Message count: %d\n",sendcount);
     if ((h=gethostbyname(hs[pid].name)) == NULL)
        perror("gethostbyname");
        exit(1);
   }
     if ((sockfds = socket(AF INET, SOCK STREAM, 0)) == -1)
                //Opens socket to send messages
    {
          perror("socket");
          exit(1);
    }
      their addr.sin family = AF INET;
                                          // Host byte order
     their_addr.sin_port = htons(hs[pid].port); // Short,networbyteorder
      their_addr.sin_addr = *((struct in_addr *)h->h_addr);
       memset(&(their addr.sin zero), '\0', 8); // Zero the rest of the struct
  sleep(1);
      if (connect(sockfds, (struct sockaddr *)&their_addr, sizeof(struct sockaddr)) == -1)
      {
          perror("connect in send thread\n");
           //exit(1);
      }
```

```
cliconn(stdin, sockfds,my.mac,my.portno,my.id,&m,0);
     close(sockfds);
  }
     pthread_mutex_unlock(&processthd);
  }
}
}
//
     RECIEVE REPLYS THREAD
void * recv_reply_thread(void *msg)
{
  int sockfdr, new fd;
                                // Listen on sock_fd, new connection on new_fd
                                    // My address information
 struct sockaddr in my addr;
   struct sockaddr_in their_addr;
                                       // Connector's address information
   int sin_size;
  int yes=1;
  FILE *file;
  struct message m;
  m = *((struct message *)msg);
 if ((sockfdr = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0)) == -1) //Opening socket connection
  perror("socket");
                           // Checking for any in case if connection failed
  exit(1);
 if (setsockopt(sockfdr, SOL SOCKET, SO REUSEADDR, &yes, sizeof(int)) == -1)
  perror("setsockopt");
  exit(1);
 my_addr.sin_family = AF_INET;
                                   // Host byte order
 my addr.sin port = htons(listenPort);
                                          // Short, network byteorder
 my_addr.sin_addr.s_addr = (INADDR_ANY); // Automatically fill with myIP
 memset(&(my_addr.sin_zero), '\0', 8); // Zero the rest of the struct
 if (bind(sockfdr, (struct sockaddr *)&my addr, sizeof(struct sockaddr)) == -1)
                  // Bind to my address
  perror("bind");
                           // Check for errors
  exit(1);
 if (listen(sockfdr, BACKLOG) == -1)
                                    // Listening from the other processes
 {
  perror("listen");
                         // Checking for errors
  exit(1);
 }
  for(;;)
  {
     int numbytes;
     char buf[MAXDATASIZE];
     sin_size = sizeof(struct sockaddr_in);
     if ((new fd = accept(sockfdr, (struct sockaddr*)&their addr, (socklen t*)&sin size)) == -1)
```

```
{
    perror("In server accept");
    continue;
     else
        saveconn(new_fd,my.id,counter);
        close(new_fd);
  }
}
// THE SITE CONTROLLER THREAD
void * processes(void *msg)
  int pid, mycount;
  pid = (int)msg;
  for(mycount=1; mycount<=20; mycount++)</pre>
        pthread_mutex_lock(&pqueue);
          pinsert(pid);
     counting++;
        pdisplay();
    pthread_mutex_unlock(&pqueue);
        sem_wait(&proc[pid]);
        //entering crictical section
        printf("Starting CS execution at time : %Id\n",time(NULL));
        printf("*******SITE %d PROCESS %d ENTERING THE CS*******\n",me,pid);
    printf("*******INSIDE THE CS*******\n");
    printf("*******SITE %d PROCESS %d EXITING THE CS*******\n",me,pid);
    printf("Exiting CS at time : %Id\n",time(NULL));
        sem_post(&site);
        printf("\nProcess %d is in CS for %d times\n",pid,mycount);
  printf("*** Total Message count: %d ***\n",counting);
}
// THE PROCESSING THREAD
void * process_thread(void *msg)
{
  int nodeseq;
  int pid; //use it for ripping the process to b sent to
  struct message m;
  m = *((struct message *)msg);
  while(1)
  printf("Process thread starting to process requests..\n ");
  sleep(3);
  while(SIGNAL == 1)
```

```
{
   pthread mutex lock(&refront);
   while(1)
        //pop data from the request queue
     if(rfront!=-1)
     {
        rdisplay();
        pthread_mutex_lock(&inCS);
           in = in_CS;
        pthread_mutex_unlock(&inCS);
        pthread_mutex_lock(&reqCS);
           req = req_CS;
        pthread_mutex_unlock(&reqCS);
      pid=REQ_QUEUE[rfront].id;
        nodeseq = REQ_QUEUE[rfront].seq_no;
        pthread_mutex_lock(&requestq);
           m = rdelete();
        pthread_mutex_unlock(&requestq);
        if (in == 1)
        {
           printf("PROCESS ALREADY IN CS..So putting in defer queue.!!!\n");
           pthread_mutex_lock(&deferq);
             dinsert(m);
             pthread_mutex_unlock(&deferq);
        }
      else if( in == 0)
        if (req == 1)
           printf("SITE %d REQUESTING FOR CS AS WELL..\nSo tie break..between %d and
%d..!!\n",pid,me,pid);
           pthread mutex lock(&sequence);
             seqno = our_seq_number;
           pthread mutex unlock(&sequence);
           printf("Their segno: %d My segno: %d Their ID: %d My ID:
%d\n",nodeseq,seqno,pid,me);
           if ((nodeseq < seqno) || (nodeseq == seqno && pid < me))
           {
             m.id = pid;
             m.seq_no = 0;
             strcpy(m.type, "REPLY");
             send_reply(&m); //send reply to that node with my structure (node id and type)
           }
           else
             printf("@@@@@ I WIN @@@@@ \nNode %d get the priority...So put %d in the
defer queue..!\n",me,pid);
```

```
pthread_mutex_lock(&deferq);
                dinsert(m);
             pthread_mutex_unlock(&deferq);
          }
        }
         else
        {
          m.id = pid;
          m.seq_no = 0;
          strcpy(m.type, "REPLY");
          send_reply(&m); //send reply to that node with my structure (node id and type)
        }
       }
        else
     {
        sleep(5);
     }
     }
   }
   pthread_mutex_unlock(&refront);
  pthread_mutex_lock(&signals);
     SIGNAL = 0;
  pthread_mutex_unlock(&signals);
  }
}
// SEND REPLYS FUNCTION
void send_reply(struct message *msg)
 struct sockaddr in their addr; // Connector's address information
 struct hostent *h;
 int sockfds;
  int pid;
  struct message m;
  m = *((struct message *)msg);
  pid =m.id;
  pthread_mutex_lock(&types);
     strcpy(m.type,"REPLY");
  pthread_mutex_unlock(&types);
  m.id = me;
  if ((h=gethostbyname(hs[pid].name)) == NULL)
   {
        perror("gethostbyname");
        exit(1);
  }
  if ((sockfds = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0)) == -1)
     //Opens socket to send messages
   {
```

```
perror("socket");
        exit(1);
    }
   their_addr.sin_family = AF_INET;
                                        // Host byte order
 their addr.sin port = htons(hs[pid].port); // Short,networbyteorder
   their_addr.sin_addr = *((struct in_addr *)h->h_addr);
    memset(&(their_addr.sin_zero), '\0', 8); // Zero the rest of the struct
 sleep(1);
   if (connect(sockfds, (struct sockaddr *)&their_addr, sizeof(struct sockaddr)) == -1)
      perror("connect in send thread\n");
    exit(1);
   }
   cliconn(stdin, sockfds,my.mac,my.portno,my.id,&m,0);
   printf("Sending REPLY message from site %d to site %d\n",me,pid);
   close(sockfds); //Socket closed after sending the message to the process
}
// THE REQUEST QUEUE
//REQUEST QUEUE INSERT
void rinsert(struct message temp)
   printf("Inside the request queue insert..\n");
   if(rfront==rrear)
      rfront = 0;
      rrear = 0;
 }
   printf("Inserting values in request queue..\n");
   REQ_QUEUE[rrear].id = temp.id;
 strcpy(REQ_QUEUE[rrear].type,temp.type);
 REQ_QUEUE[rrear].seq_no = temp.seq_no;
 REQ_QUEUE[rrear].clock = temp.clock;
   rrear++;
}
//REQUEST QUEUE DISPLAY
void rdisplay()
{
 int i;
 if(rfront==-1)
 printf("CAUTION: Request Queue is Empty..!!\n");
 for(i=rfront;i<rrear;i++)</pre>
 printf("%d %s %d
%d\n",REQ_QUEUE[i].id,REQ_QUEUE[i].type,REQ_QUEUE[i].seq_no,REQ_QUEUE[i].clock);
}
//REQUEST QUEUE DELETE
struct message rdelete()
 struct message tempvar;
```

```
printf("Inside request queue delete.. \n");
 rdisplay();
 if(rfront==-1)
   printf("CAUTION: Request Queue Underflow !!\n");
     exit(1);
 }
 else if(rfront==rrear-1)
 tempvar.id = REQ_QUEUE[rfront].id;
 strcpy(tempvar.type,REQ_QUEUE[rfront].type);
 tempvar.seq_no = REQ_QUEUE[rfront].seq_no;
 tempvar.clock = REQ_QUEUE[rfront].clock;
  rfront = -1;
  rrear = -1;
  }
 else
 {
 tempvar.id = REQ_QUEUE[rfront].id;
 strcpy(tempvar.type,REQ_QUEUE[rfront].type);
 tempvar.seq_no = REQ_QUEUE[rrear].seq_no;
 tempvar.clock = REQ_QUEUE[rfront].clock;
  rfront++;
 }
return tempvar;
}
// THE DEFER QUEUE
//DEFER QUEUE INSERT
void dinsert(struct message temp)
{
  printf("Inside the defer queue insert..\n");
  if(dfront==drear)
 {
     dfront = 0;
     drear = 0;
  }
 DEFER_QUEUE[drear].id = temp.id;
 strcpy(REQ_QUEUE[drear].type,temp.type);
 DEFER_QUEUE[drear].seq_no = temp.seq_no;
 DEFER_QUEUE[drear].clock = temp.clock;
  drear++;
}
//DEFER QUEUE DISPLAY
void ddisplay()
{
int i;
 if(dfront==-1)
 printf("Defer Queue is Empty..!!\n");
```

```
for(i=dfront;i<drear;i++)</pre>
 printf("%d %s %d
%d\n",DEFER_QUEUE[i].id,DEFER_QUEUE[i].type,DEFER_QUEUE[i].seq_no,DEFER_QUEUE[i].clock);
//DEFER QUEUE DELETE
struct message ddelete()
{
 struct message tempvar;
 printf("Inside the defer queue delete..\n");
 ddisplay();
 if(dfront==-1)
     printf("CAUTION: Defer queue Underflow !!\n");
     exit(1);
 }
 else if(dfront==drear-1)
 tempvar.id = DEFER QUEUE[dfront].id;
 strcpy(tempvar.type,DEFER_QUEUE[dfront].type);
 tempvar.seq_no = DEFER_QUEUE[drear].seq_no;
 tempvar.clock = DEFER_QUEUE[dfront].clock;
   dfront = -1;
   drear = -1;
 }
 else
 {
 tempvar.id = DEFER_QUEUE[dfront].id;
 strcpy(tempvar.type, DEFER_QUEUE[dfront].type);
 tempvar.seq_no = DEFER_QUEUE[drear].seq_no;
 tempvar.clock = DEFER_QUEUE[dfront].clock;
   dfront++;
 }
 return tempvar;
}
// THE PROCESS QUEUE
//PROCESS QUEUE INSERT
void pinsert(int temp)
{
   printf("Inside the process queue insert..\n");
   if(pfront==prear)
   {
     pfront = 0;
     prear = 0;
   PROCESS_QUEUE[prear] = temp;
   prear++;
}
//PROCESS QUEUE DISPLAY
```

```
void pdisplay()
  int i;
  if(pfront==-1)
  printf("Process Queue is Empty\n");
  for(i=pfront;i<prear;i++)</pre>
  printf("%d \n",PROCESS_QUEUE[i]);
}
//PROCESS QUEUE DELETE
int pdelete()
{
  int tempvar;
  printf("Inside process queue delete..\n");
      pdisplay();
  if(pfront==-1)
   printf("CAUTION: Process Queue Underflow !!\n");
   exit(1);
  }
  else if(pfront==prear-1)
  tempvar = PROCESS_QUEUE[pfront];
     pfront = -1;
     prear = -1;
  }
  else
  {
  tempvar = PROCESS_QUEUE[pfront];
  pfront++;
  }
  return tempvar;
}
```

## **Config.txt**

- 1 localhost 5001
- 2 localhost 6001
- 3 localhost 7001
- 4 localhost 8001