## Distributed System Lab Assignment 2

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## **Solution: 1)**

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <pthread.h>
// Global variables
FILE* file;
pthread_mutex_t mutex;
// Function to read from the file
void* read_file(void* arg) {
  pthread_mutex_lock(&mutex);
  // Read from the file
  char buffer[100];
  fseek(file, 0, SEEK_SET);
  fread(buffer, sizeof(char), 100, file);
  printf("Read from file: %s\n", buffer);
  pthread_mutex_unlock(&mutex);
  return NULL;
}
// Function to write to the file
void* write_file(void* arg) {
  pthread_mutex_lock(&mutex);
```

```
// Write to the file
  char data[] = "Hello, World!";
  fseek(file, 0, SEEK_SET);
  fwrite(data, sizeof(char), sizeof(data), file);
  pthread_mutex_unlock(&mutex);
  return NULL;
}
// Function to update the file
void* update_file(void* arg) {
  pthread_mutex_lock(&mutex);
  // Update the file
  char data[] = "Updated content!";
  fseek(file, 0, SEEK_SET);
  fwrite(data, sizeof(char), sizeof(data), file);
  pthread_mutex_unlock(&mutex);
  return NULL;
}
int main() {
  // Initialize the mutex
  if (pthread_mutex_init(&mutex, NULL) != 0) {
     printf("Mutex initialization failed\n");
     return 1;
  }
  // Open the file
  file = fopen("data.txt", "r+");
```

```
if (!file) {
  printf("File open failed\n");
  return 1;
}
// Create threads for read, write, and update operations
pthread_t readThread, writeThread, updateThread;
pthread_create(&readThread, NULL, read_file, NULL);
pthread_create(&writeThread, NULL, write_file, NULL);
pthread_create(&updateThread, NULL, update_file, NULL);
// Wait for threads to finish
pthread_join(readThread, NULL);
pthread_join(writeThread, NULL);
pthread_join(updateThread, NULL);
// Close the file
fclose(file);
// Destroy the mutex
pthread_mutex_destroy(&mutex);
return 0;
```

}

## Solution: 2)

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <pthread.h>
// Define two resources
pthread_mutex_t resource1 = PTHREAD_MUTEX_INITIALIZER;
pthread mutex t resource2 = PTHREAD MUTEX INITIALIZER;
// Thread function for the first thread
void* thread1 function(void* arg) {
  printf("Thread 1: Attempting to lock resource 1...\n");
  pthread_mutex_lock(&resource1);
  printf("Thread 1: Resource 1 locked.\n");
  // Introduce a delay to increase the chances of deadlock
  sleep(1);
  printf("Thread 1: Attempting to lock resource 2...\n");
  pthread_mutex_lock(&resource2);
  printf("Thread 1: Resource 2 locked.\n");
  // Critical section for Thread 1
  pthread_mutex_unlock(&resource2);
  printf("Thread 1: Resource 2 unlocked.\n");
  pthread_mutex_unlock(&resource1);
```

```
printf("Thread 1: Resource 1 unlocked.\n");
  return NULL;
}
// Thread function for the second thread
void* thread2_function(void* arg) {
  printf("Thread 2: Attempting to lock resource 2...\n");
  pthread_mutex_lock(&resource2);
  printf("Thread 2: Resource 2 locked.\n");
  // Introduce a delay to increase the chances of deadlock
  sleep(1);
  printf("Thread 2: Attempting to lock resource 1...\n");
  pthread_mutex_lock(&resource1);
  printf("Thread 2: Resource 1 locked.\n");
  // Critical section for Thread 2
  pthread_mutex_unlock(&resource1);
  printf("Thread 2: Resource 1 unlocked.\n");
  pthread_mutex_unlock(&resource2);
  printf("Thread 2: Resource 2 unlocked.\n");
  return NULL;
}
int main() {
  pthread_t thread1, thread2;
```

```
// Create two threads
pthread_create(&thread1, NULL, thread1_function, NULL);
pthread_create(&thread2, NULL, thread2_function, NULL);

// Wait for threads to finish
pthread_join(thread1, NULL);
pthread_join(thread2, NULL);

return 0;
}
```

## Solution: 3)

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <pthread.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

// Define two resources
pthread_mutex_t resource1 = PTHREAD_MUTEX_INITIALIZER;
pthread_mutex_t resource2 = PTHREAD_MUTEX_INITIALIZER;
// Function for the first thread
void* thread1_function(void* arg) {
   int retry = 1;

   while (retry) {
      printf("Thread 1: Attempting to lock resource 1...\n");
```

```
if (pthread_mutex_trylock(&resource1) == 0) {
       printf("Thread 1: Resource 1 locked.\n");
       // Sleep to introduce a delay (simulating work)
       sleep(1);
       printf("Thread 1: Attempting to lock resource 2...\n");
       if (pthread_mutex_trylock(&resource2) == 0) {
          printf("Thread 1: Resource 2 locked.\n");
          retry = 0; // Both resources acquired, exit loop
       } else {
          pthread_mutex_unlock(&resource1); // Release resource 1
          printf("Thread 1: Resource 1 unlocked.\n");
       }
     }
  }
  // Critical section for Thread 1
  pthread_mutex_unlock(&resource2);
  printf("Thread 1: Resource 2 unlocked.\n");
  pthread_mutex_unlock(&resource1);
  printf("Thread 1: Resource 1 unlocked.\n");
  return NULL;
// Function for the second thread
void* thread2 function(void* arg) {
```

}

```
int retry = 1;
while (retry) {
  printf("Thread 2: Attempting to lock resource 2...\n");
  if (pthread_mutex_trylock(&resource2) == 0) {
     printf("Thread 2: Resource 2 locked.\n");
    // Sleep to introduce a delay (simulating work)
     sleep(1);
     printf("Thread 2: Attempting to lock resource 1...\n");
     if (pthread_mutex_trylock(&resource1) == 0) {
       printf("Thread 2: Resource 1 locked.\n");
       retry = 0; // Both resources acquired, exit loop
     } else {
       pthread_mutex_unlock(&resource2); // Release resource 2
       printf("Thread 2: Resource 2 unlocked.\n");
     }
  }
}
// Critical section for Thread 2
pthread_mutex_unlock(&resource1);
printf("Thread 2: Resource 1 unlocked.\n");
pthread_mutex_unlock(&resource2);
printf("Thread 2: Resource 2 unlocked.\n");
return NULL;
```

```
int main() {
    pthread_t thread1, thread2;
    // Create two threads
    pthread_create(&thread1, NULL, thread1_function, NULL);
    pthread_create(&thread2, NULL, thread2_function, NULL);
    // Wait for threads to finish
    pthread_join(thread1, NULL);
    pthread_join(thread2, NULL);
    return 0;
}
```