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CS-7B

**DISTRIBUTED SYSTEMS LAB
ASSIGNMENT 1**

Q1. Write a program to create two processes. First process takes a string and passes it to second process through a pipe. The second process concatenates the received string with another string without using string function and sends it back to the first process for printing.

Solution:

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<unistd.h>
#include<sys/types.h>
#include<string.h>
#include<sys/wait.h>

int main()
{
    // We use two pipes
    // First pipe to send input string from parent
    // Second pipe to send concatenated string from child

    int fd1[2]; // Used to store two ends of first pipe
    int fd2[2]; // Used to store two ends of second pipe

    char fixed_str[] = "forgeeks.org";
    char input_str[100];
    pid_t p;

    if (pipe(fd1)==-1)
    {
        fprintf(stderr, "Pipe Failed" );
        return 1;
    }
    if (pipe(fd2)==-1)
    {
        fprintf(stderr, "Pipe Failed" );
        return 1;
    }

    scanf("%s", input_str);
    p = fork();

    if (p < 0)
```

```

{
    fprintf(stderr, "fork Failed" );
    return 1;
}

// Parent process
else if (p > 0)
{
    char concat_str[100];

    close(fd1[0]); // Close reading end of first pipe

    // Write input string and close writing end of first
    // pipe.
    write(fd1[1], input_str, strlen(input_str)+1);
    close(fd1[1]);

    // Wait for child to send a string
    wait(NULL);

    close(fd2[1]); // Close writing end of second pipe

    // Read string from child, print it and close
    // reading end.
    read(fd2[0], concat_str, 100);
    printf("Concatenated string %s\n", concat_str);
    close(fd2[0]);
}

// child process
else
{
    close(fd1[1]); // Close writing end of first pipe

    // Read a string using first pipe
    char concat_str[100];
    read(fd1[0], concat_str, 100);

    // Concatenate a fixed string with it
    int k = strlen(concat_str);
    int i;
    for (i=0; i<strlen(fixed_str); i++)
        concat_str[k++] = fixed_str[i];

    concat_str[k] = '\0'; // string ends with '\0'
}

```

```

        // Close both reading ends
        close(fd1[0]);
        close(fd2[0]);

        // Write concatenated string and close writing end
        write(fd2[1], concat_str, strlen(concat_str)+1);
        close(fd2[1]);

        exit(0);
    }
}

```

Q2. Develop a program in which the parent process sends two matrices to its child process through a pipe and the child process returns the sum of the matrices to the parent through a pipe. The parent should print the result.

Solution:

```

#include<stdio.h>
#include<sys/types.h>

int main()
{
    int fd[2];
    pipe(fd);
    printf("Pipe created successfully\n");
    int id = fork();
    int a[3][3];
    int b[3][3];

    if(id < 0)
    {
        printf("Fork failed\n");
        return 0;
    }

    if(id == 0)
    {
        //Child Process
        read(fd[0], a, 9*sizeof(int));
    }
}

```

```

        read(fd[0],b,9*sizeof(int));

        for(int i=0;i<3;i++)
            for(int j=0;j<3;j++)
                a[i][j] +=b[i][j];

        write(fd[1],a,9*sizeof(int));
        close(fd[1]);

    }
    else
    {
        //Parent
        printf("Enter 1 matrix\n");
        for(int i=0;i<3;i++)
            for(int j=0;j<3;j++)
                scanf("%d",&a[i][j]);
        printf("Enter 2 matrix\n");
        for(int i=0;i<3;i++)
            for(int j=0;j<3;j++)
                scanf("%d",&b[i][j]);

        write(fd[1] , a , 9*(sizeof(int)));
        sleep(1);
        write(fd[1] , b, 9*sizeof(int));
        close(fd[1]);
        wait(NULL);

        read(fd[0] , a, 9*sizeof(int));
        for(int i=0;i<3;i++)
        {
            for(int j=0;j<3;j++)
                printf("%d ",a[i][j]);
            printf("\n");
        }
        printf("Exiting Parent process");

    }
    return 0;
}

```