Android Developer Fundamentals

User Interaction and Intuitive Navigation

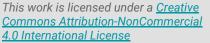
Lesson 4



4.4 Recycler View

Contents

- RecyclerView Components
- Implementing a RecyclerView



RecyclerView

What is a Recycler View?

- Scrollable container for large data sets
- **Efficient**
 - uses and reuses limited number of views
 - Updates changing data fast
- **RecyclerView**



RecyclerView Components

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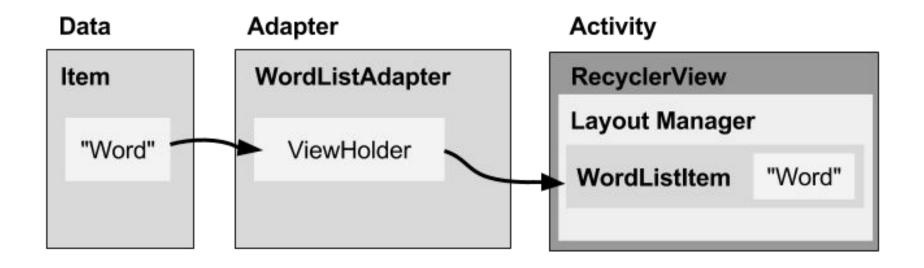




All Components overview

- Data
- RecyclerView scrolling list for list items—<u>RecyclerView</u>
- Layout for one item of data—XML file
- Layout manager handles the organization of UI components in a view—<u>Recyclerview.LayoutManager</u>
- Adapter connects data to the RecyclerView—<u>RecyclerView.Adapter</u>
- View holder has view information for displaying one item—<u>RecyclerView.ViewHolder</u>

How components fit together overview



What is a layout manager?

- All view groups have layout managers
- Positions item views inside a <u>RecyclerView</u>.
- Reuses item views that are no longer visible to the user
- Built-in layout managers include <u>LinearLayoutManager</u>,
 <u>GridLayoutManager</u>, and <u>StaggeredGridLayoutManager</u>
- For RecyclerView, extend <u>RecyclerView.LayoutManager</u>

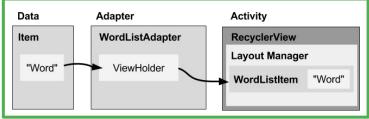
What is an adapter?

- Helps incompatible interfaces work together, for example, takes data from a database <u>Cursor</u> and puts them as strings into a view
- Intermediary between data and view
- Manages creating, updating, adding, deleting item views

as the underlying data changes

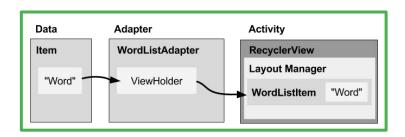
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RecyclerView.Adapter



What is a view holder?

- Used by the adapter to prepare one view with data for one list item
- Layout specified in an XML resource file
- Can have clickable elements
- Is placed by the layout manager
- RecyclerView.ViewHolder



Implementing RecyclerView



Steps Summary

- 1. Add the RecyclerView dependency to app/build.gradle file
- 2. Add RecyclerView to layout
- 3. Create XML layout for item
- 4. Extend RecyclerView.Adapter
- 5. Extend RecyclerView.ViewHolder

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6. In onCreate of activity, create a RecyclerView with adapter and layout manager

Add dependency to app/build.gradle

```
dependencies {
    ...
    compile 'com.android.support:recyclerview-v7:24.1.1'
    ...
}
```

Add RecyclerView to XML Layout

```
<android.support.v7.widget.RecyclerView</pre>
```

```
android:id="@+id/recyclerview"
```

```
android:layout_width="match_parent"
```

```
android:layout_height="match_parent">
```

</android.support.v7.widget.RecyclerView>

Create layout for 1 list item

```
<LinearLayout ...>
  <TextView
    android:id="@+id/word"
    style="@style/word_title" />
</LinearLayout>
```



Implement the adapter

```
public class WordListAdapter
    extends RecyclerView.Adapter<WordListAdapter.WordViewHolder> {
    public WordListAdapter(Context context,
                           LinkedList<String> wordList) {
       mInflater = LayoutInflater.from(context);
        this.mWordList = wordList;
```

Adapter has 3 required methods

- onCreateViewHolder()
- inBindViewHolder()
- getItemCount()

Let's take a look!

onCreateViewHolder()

```
@Override
    public WordViewHolder onCreateViewHolder(
        ViewGroup parent, int viewType) {
        // Create view from layout
        View mItemView = mInflater.inflate(
             R.layout.wordlist item, parent, false);
        return new WordViewHolder(mItemView, this);
```

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onBindViewHolder()

```
@Override
   public void onBindViewHolder(
       WordViewHolder holder, int position) {
       // Retrieve the data for that position
       String mCurrent = mWordList.get(position);
       // Add the data to the view
       holder.wordItemView.setText(mCurrent);
```

getItemCount()

```
@Override
public int getItemCount() {
  // Return the number of data items to display
  return mWordList.size();
```

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Create the view holder in adapter class

class WordViewHolder extends RecyclerView.ViewHolder {}

If you want to handle mouse clicks:

class WordViewHolder extends RecyclerView.ViewHolder implements View.OnClickListener {}

View holder constructor

```
public WordViewHolder(View itemView, WordListAdapter adapter) {
  super(itemView);
  // Get the layout
 wordItemView = (TextView) itemView.findViewById(R.id.word);
  // Associate with this adapter
  this.mAdapter = adapter;
  // Add click listener, if desired
  itemView.setOnClickListener(this);
  Implement onClick() if desired
```

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Create the RecyclerView in activity's onCreate()

```
mRecyclerView = (RecyclerView)
findViewById(R.id.recyclerview);
mAdapter = new WordListAdapter(this,
                                     mWordList);
mRecyclerView.setAdapter(mAdapter);
mRecyclerView.setLayoutManager(new
LinearLayoutManager(this));
```

Practical: RecyclerView

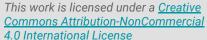
This is rather complex with many separate pieces. So, there is a whole practical where you implement a RecyclerView that displays a list of clickable words.

Shows all the steps, one by one with a complete app

Learn more

- RecyclerView
- RecyclerView class
- RecyclerView.Adapter class
- RecyclerView.ViewHolder class
- RecyclerView.LayoutManager class

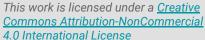




RecyclerView

What's Next?

- Concept Chapter: <u>4.4 C RecyclerView</u>
- Practical: <u>4.4 P Create a Recycler View</u>





END