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Chapter L – Orders

1. The two social sacraments are those of and	•
2. Christ instituted the priesthood at the	
3. The priestly character finds its complement in the	
4. The Apostles not only ordained priests but also consecrated many	of them
5. Scripture speaks of as well as of priests and bishops.	
6. The four minor orders are	
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7. The three major orders are	
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8. A sub-deacon has to remain a for life and say the	
daily.	1.1
9. A priest represents Christ inasmuch as He is our; inasmuch as He is	a bishop,
10. It is the duty of a ($priest$) ($bishop$) to rule a diocese.	
11. The matter in the major orders is	
12. A priest is a between God and men.	
13. Christ's priesthood is the most excellent possible, on account of I with, with and with	His union
14. The Catholic priesthood is a sharing in that of	
15. Its dignity is also seen in the at Mass, in the	
in the Confessional, and in the graces given by ordination	

2 16. The three conditions required for validity in an ordination to the priesthood are
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17. Five conditions required for licity are
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18. A priestly vocation is an invitation to receive It comes from through a
19. Apart from a bishop's call to receive ordination, (any) (no) seminary student has a right to be ordained.
20. Christ says to His priests: "You have not chosen Me, but I"
21. St. Paul says: "Nor doth anyone take the honour to himself, but he that is as Aaron was."
22. To go to a seminary, a student should have these four qualifications:
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23. A religious vocation is an invitation to take the three It is given by through a
24. The vows remove the chief obstacles to
25. Vocations are best fostered by a truly Christian .

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