C++ Week 10 Memory Management

Memory Management

Create a new C++ Console project and replace the code within the cpp file with that below.

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class NPC{
public:
        int id;
        NPC(){}
        NPC(int id):id(id){}
};
class AlManager{
private:
        NPC **npcs;
        int count;
        int size;
public:
        AlManager(int size):size(size){
                npcs = new NPC*[size];
                count = 0;
        int Add(int id){
                NPC *temp = new NPC(id);
                for(int n=0;n<count;n++)
                        if (npcs[n]->id == id) return 0;
                npcs[count++] = temp;
                return id;
        void Display(){
                for(int n=0;n<count;n++)</pre>
                        cout << "NPC ID: " << npcs[n]->id << endl;
        }
};
int main(){
        AlManager *ai = new AlManager(10);
        ai->Add(1);
        ai->Add(2);
        ai->Add(3);
        ai->Display();
        return 0;
```

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Exercise 1

Now modify the program to stop it from generating memory leaks.

Exercise 2

Add appropriate assert statements to

- 1. Ensure that an NPC with an id of zero can't be added to the array.
- 2. Count is less than size
- 3. The AlManager's constructor is passed a size that is greater than zero.

Exercise 3

Define an error handling function that will be invoked when a memory allocation fails. Now let's test it. Within main determine the approx size of the heap on your machine by creating a continuous loop that allocates memory.

Hint: char* MemoryString = new char[512000];

Define a variable whoes value is incremented by 512000 through each iteration of the loop and display its value on the console.

Exercise 4

Comment out the statements in main and define a static array of int that is large enough to generate a stack overflow. Run the program using the **Debug->Start Debugging** menu option. It should generate a Stack Overflow exception. If it does select **Debug->Stop Debugging** to quit the program.

Exercise 5

Comment out the previous statements in main. Define two standalone function that invoke each other. Invoke one of these from within main. Run the program using the **Debug->Start Debugging** menu option. It should generate a Stack Overflow exception. If it does select Debug->Stop Debugging to quit the program.