

# Understanding Customer Satisfaction

Team:

Nelly Dyulgerova

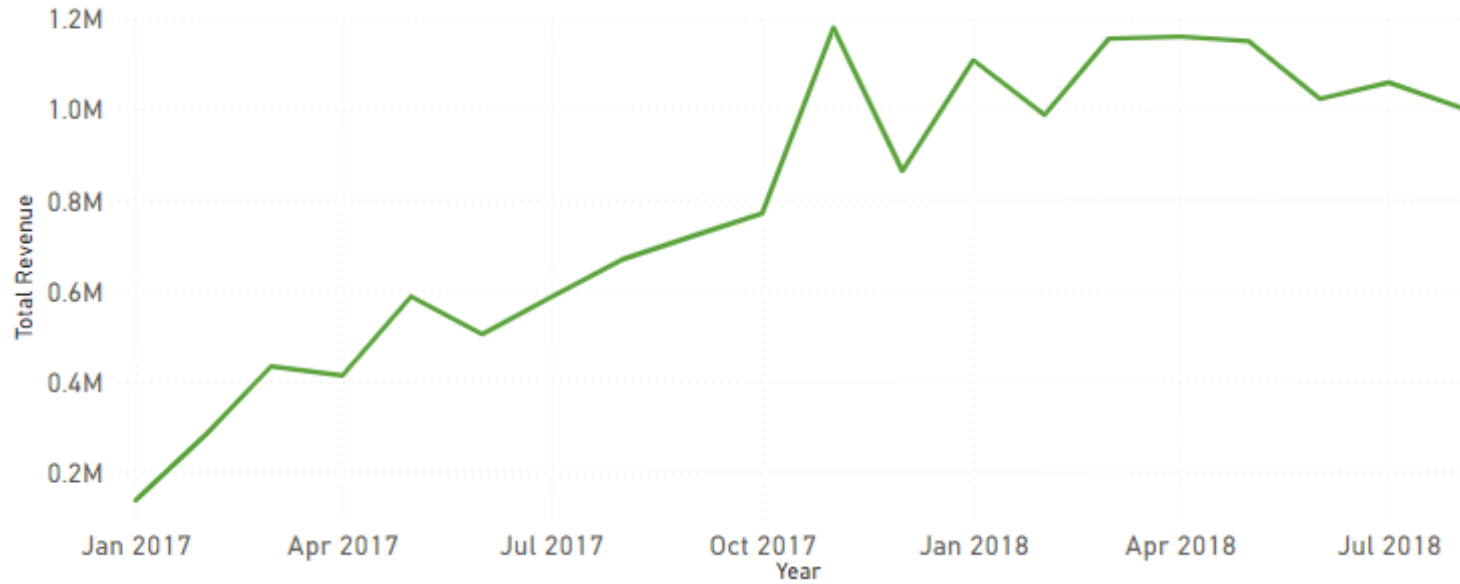
Stiliyana Bachovska

Veselin Georgiev

July 2024

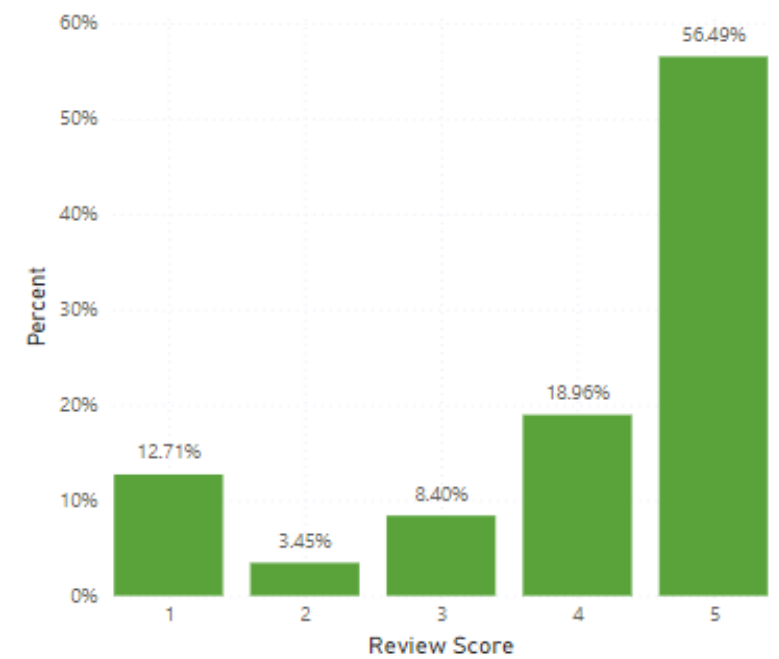
# Olist Marketplace

Total Revenue by Year and Month

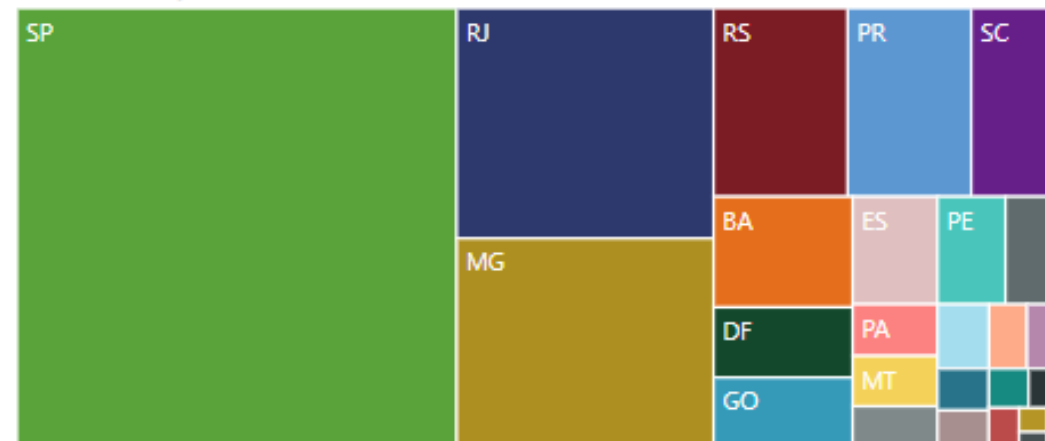


Period included from Jan 2017 to Aug 2018)

Number of Review Scores, as % of total



Customer by State

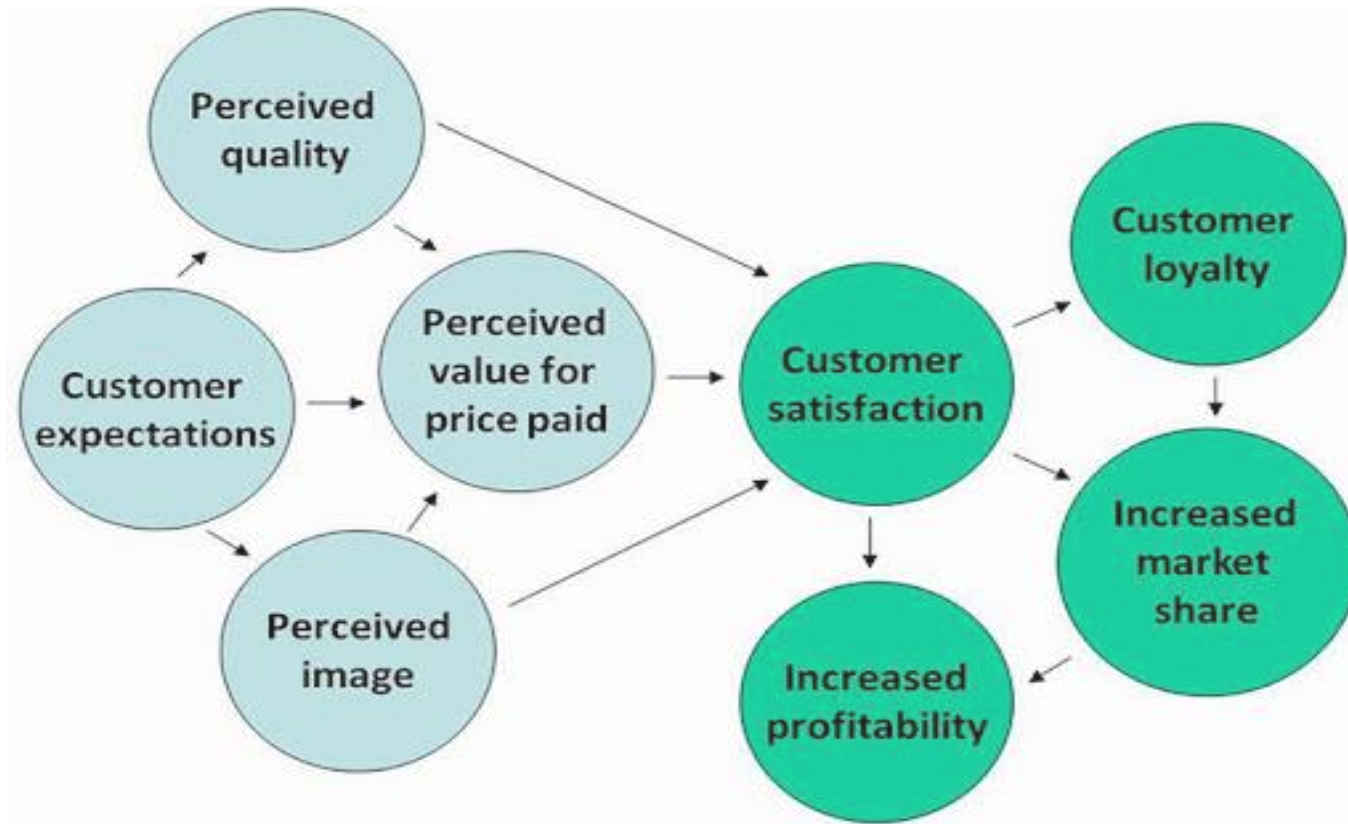


Average Rating



**15.84M**  
Total Revenue

# What is Customer Satisfaction (CSAT)?



Common factors:

- product experience
- delivery experience
- price sensitivity
- perceived value
- price
- promotion
- product quality

CSAT is a measurement that determines how happy customers are with a company's products, services, and capabilities.

Surveys and ratings can help a company determine how to best improve or changes its products and services

# What our customers say when they are not happy



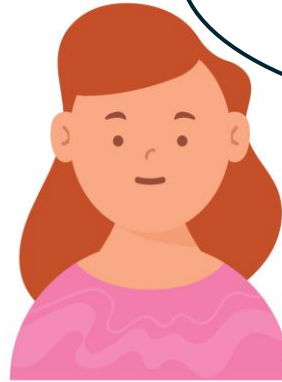
Theo

My order came 7 days late and without a notice for the delay

I received only part of the items I have ordered



Helena



Laura

I ordered a mobile phone and I later understood that the price was significantly higher than in similar online stores



Miguel

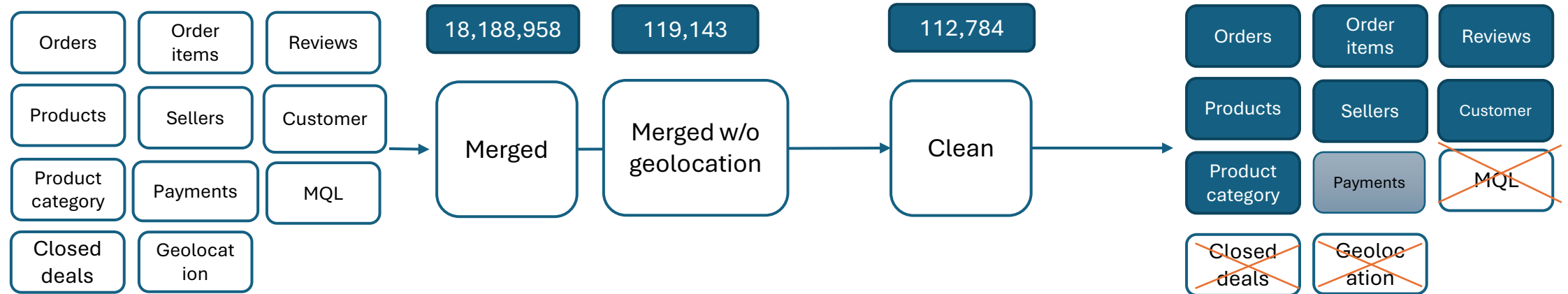
The product takes a long time to arrive!



Bernardo

The product came differently than what is shown in the photo, it is not luxury, nor padded as it said.

# Data preprocessing: Where and Why



## Data Quality Issues:

1. Inconsistent data:
  - mismatch (dates <> delivery status, timestamps, status unavailable)
2. Dates are set as string
3. Missing data
4. Typos
5. Not meaningful information
6. Zip code mismatches
7. Review score and comment mismatch

## Data Quality Issues:

1. Missing data
2. Creation of duplications

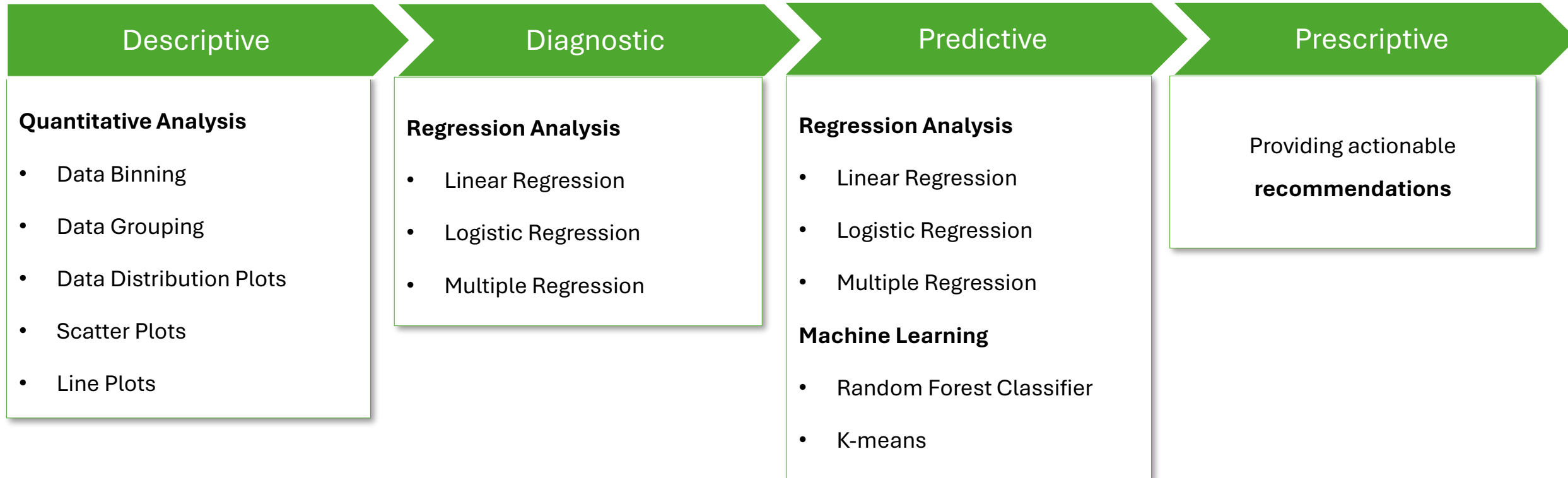
## Cleaning

1. Removed geolocation
2. Removed inconsistent data: dates <> delivery status, status 'unavailable'
3. Replaced n/a with 'other' for product category (in SQL)
4. Corrected typos in Python
5. Changed string types as date (in Python)
6. Removed duplications based on review: only last review is kept

## Final Datasets

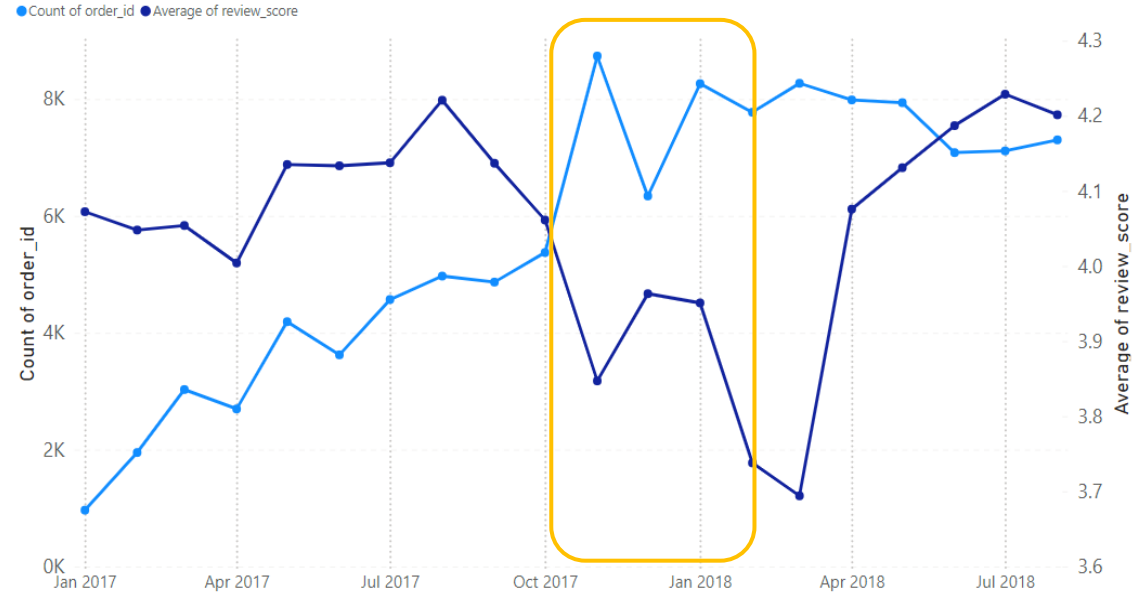
1. Denormalized Table (7 datasets)
2. Denormalized Table (2 datasets)

# Methodology: Approach

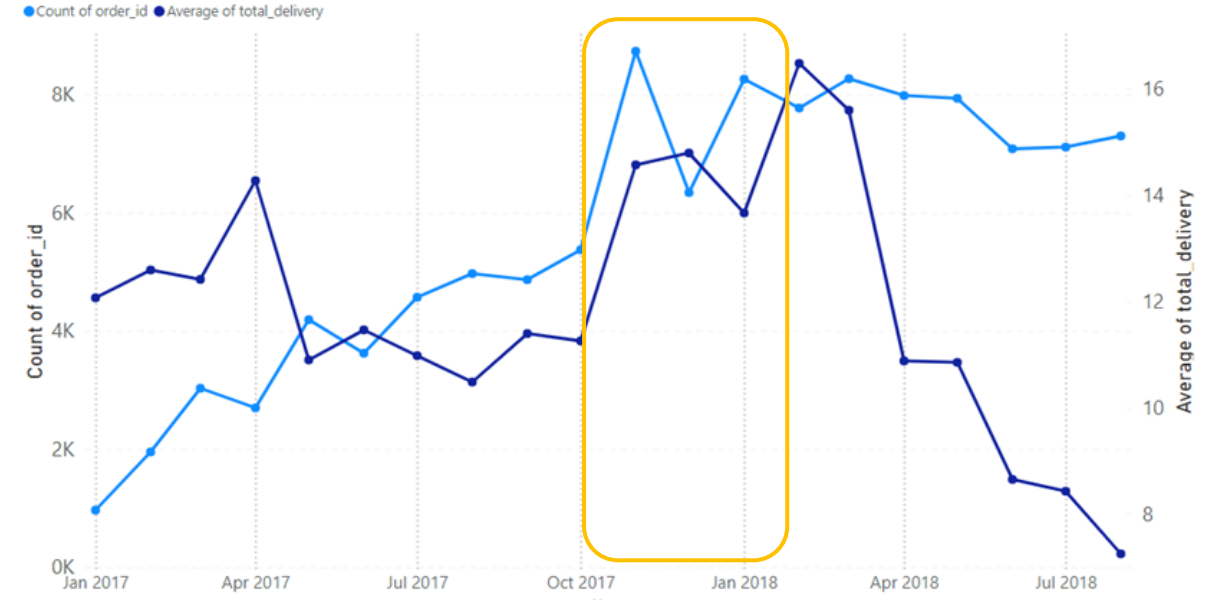


# Olist Orders

Count of order\_id and Average of review\_score by Year and Month



Count of order\_id and Average of total\_delivery by Year and Month

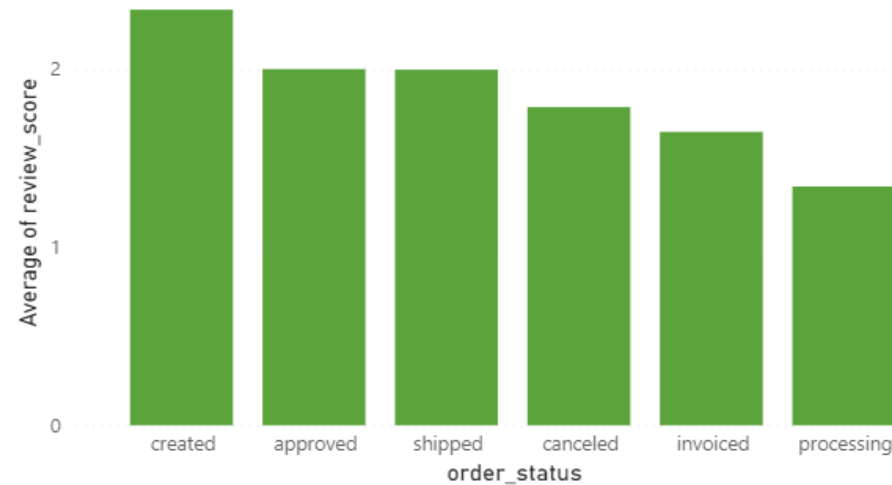


\*outliers have been removed (period included from Jan 2017 to Aug 2018)

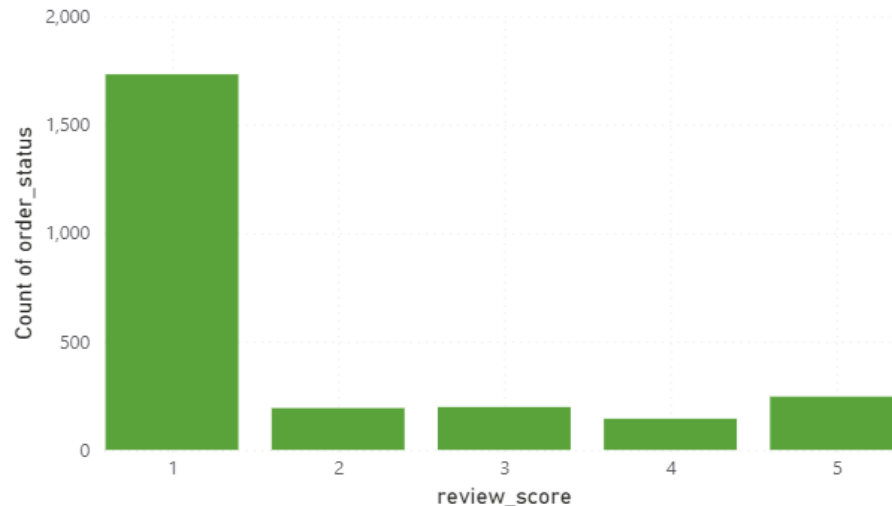
- Business Growth Effect
- Peak in the ordered items around Christmas and New Years (24 Dec – 1 Jan) holidays and Carnival (February)
  - **Reviews** are one of the **lowest** and **delivery time** is one of the **highest**.

# Olist Order Status

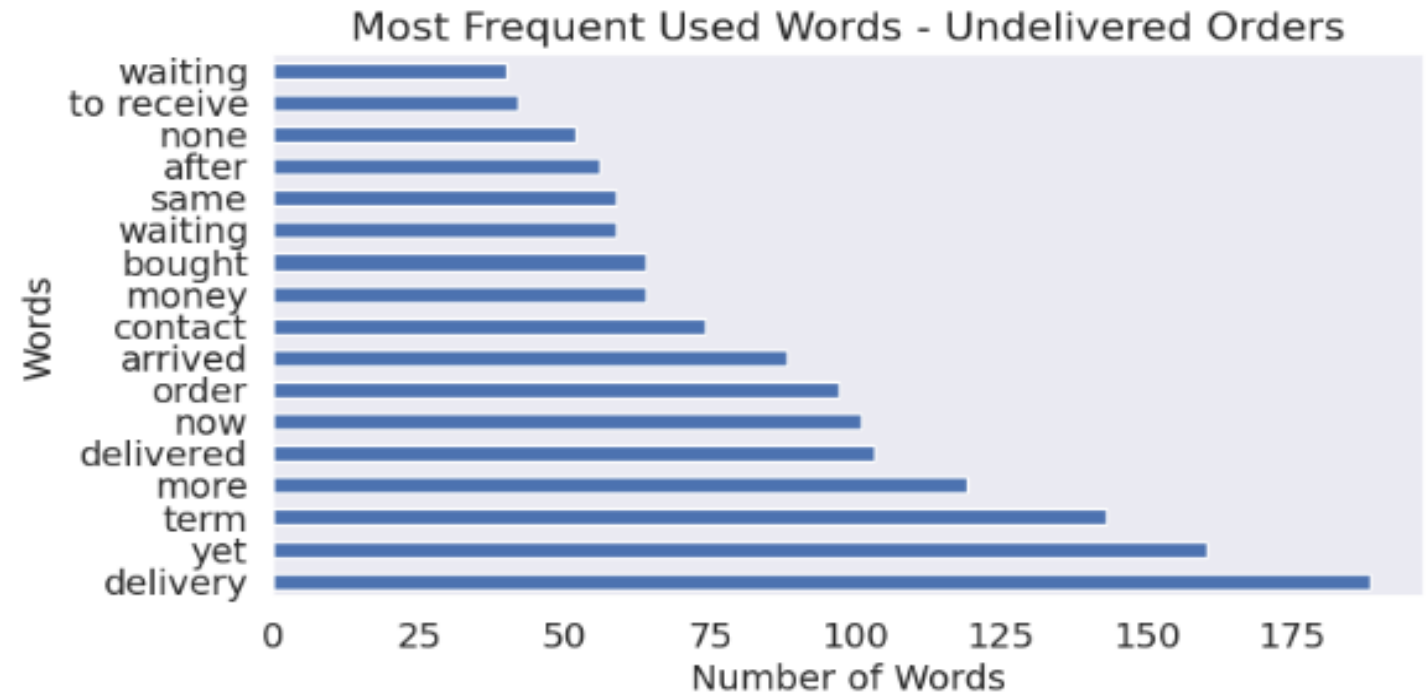
Average of review\_score by order\_status



Count of review scores for undelivered orders



- **85% of undelivered** orders are with review score less than 4.
- In **66%** of the **review comments** contain the words “delivery, waiting, arrived, to receive, more”





# Methodology: Assumptions

- Review score is transformed in binary format **0/1**
  - $\geq 4 \rightarrow$  "1" (satisfied)
  - $< 4 \rightarrow$  "0" (not satisfied)
- Calculations of days:
  - **Order approval** time = Order approved at – Order purchase timestamp
  - **Carrier delivery** time = Order delivered carrier date – Order approved at
  - **Customer delivery** time = Order delivered customer date – Order delivered carrier date
  - **Total delivery** time = Order delivered customer date – Order purchase timestamp
  - **Delivery delay** = Order delivered customer date – Order estimated delivery date

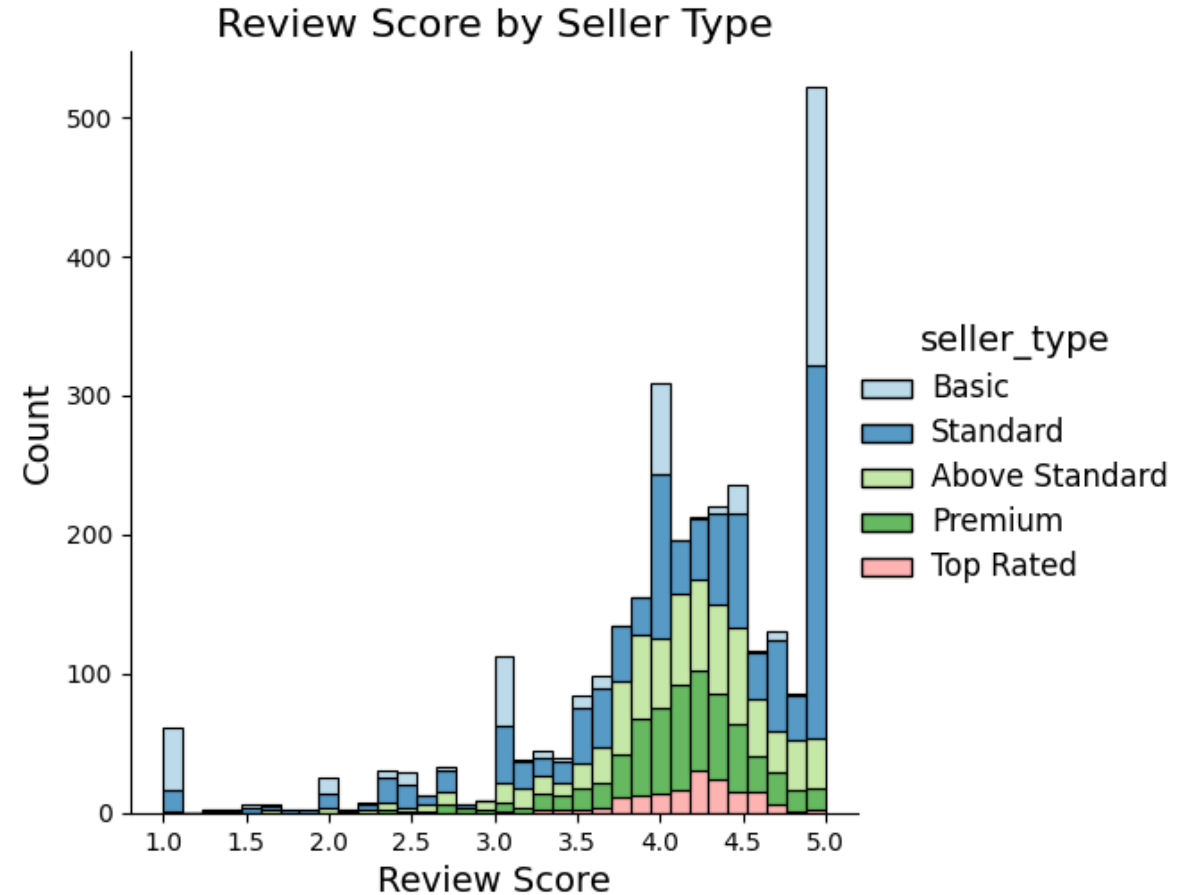
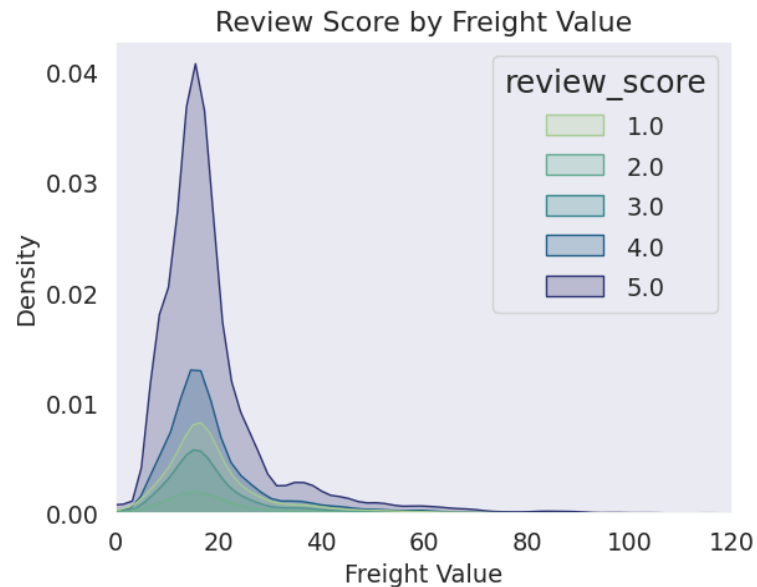
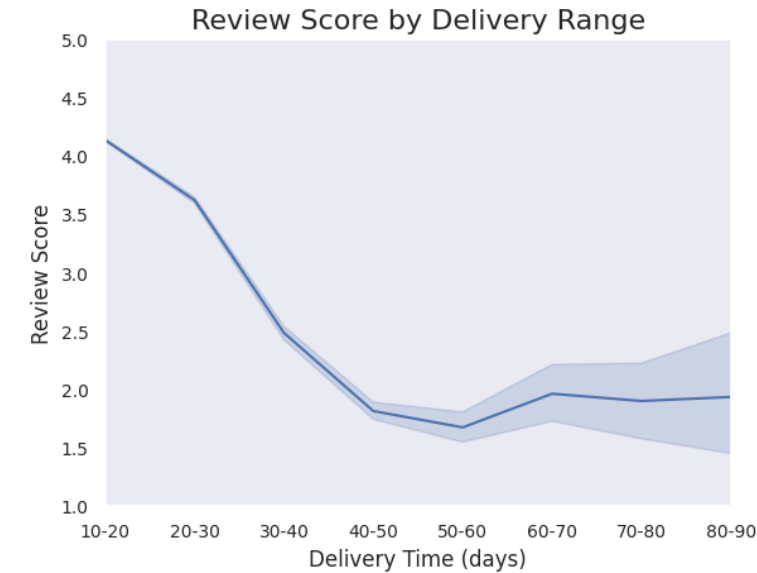
# Methodology: Assumptions

**Seller and Product Categories Total Scores** are created by rating the category against various criteria, which are ranked and rated on a scale of 1 to 5.

Seller id	Order amount score	Revenue score	Delivery score	Time as seller score	Seller total score	Seller type
0015a82c2db000af6aaaf3ae2ecb0532	2	5	3	2	3.00	Above Standard
001cca7ae9ae17fb1caed9dfb1094831	5	4	2	5	4.00	Premium

Product Category Name	Order amount score	Product description score	Product photos score	Revenue score	Product Category total score	Category Type
air conditioning	3	4	3	5	3.75	Premium
art	2	4	2	3	2.75	Standard

# Quantitative Analysis: Other factors



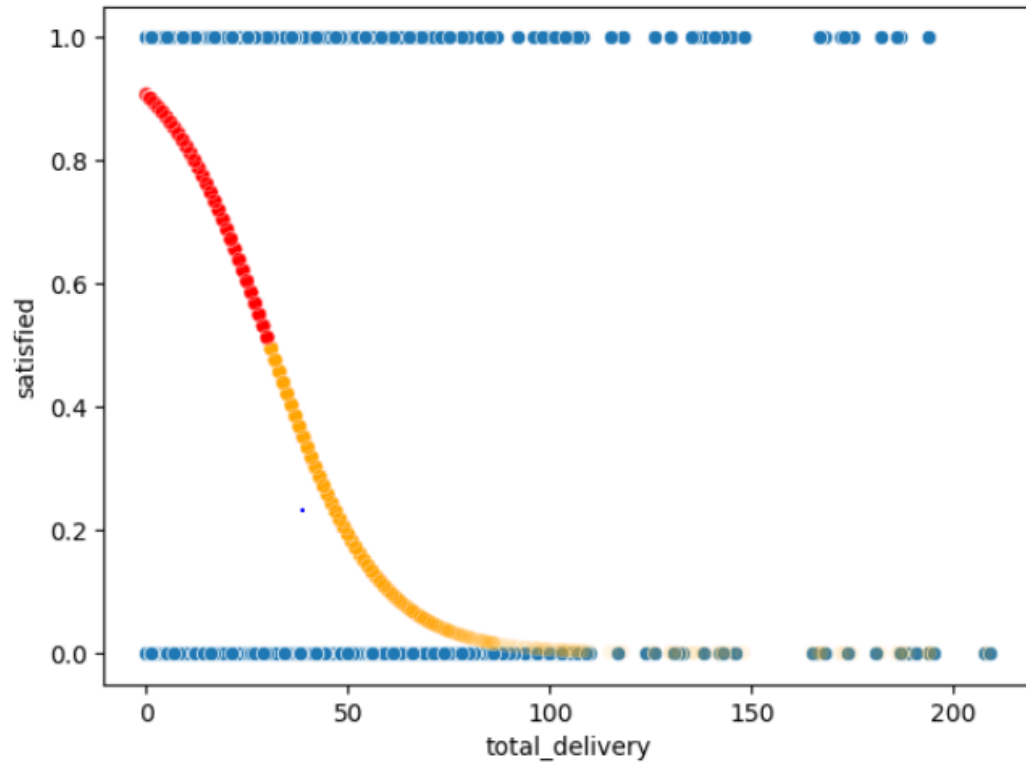
## Factors that could be further analyzed:

- Total Delivery Time
- Delay days
- Order Size
- Freight Value
- Seller Type
- Product Category Type
- Product Weight
- Price

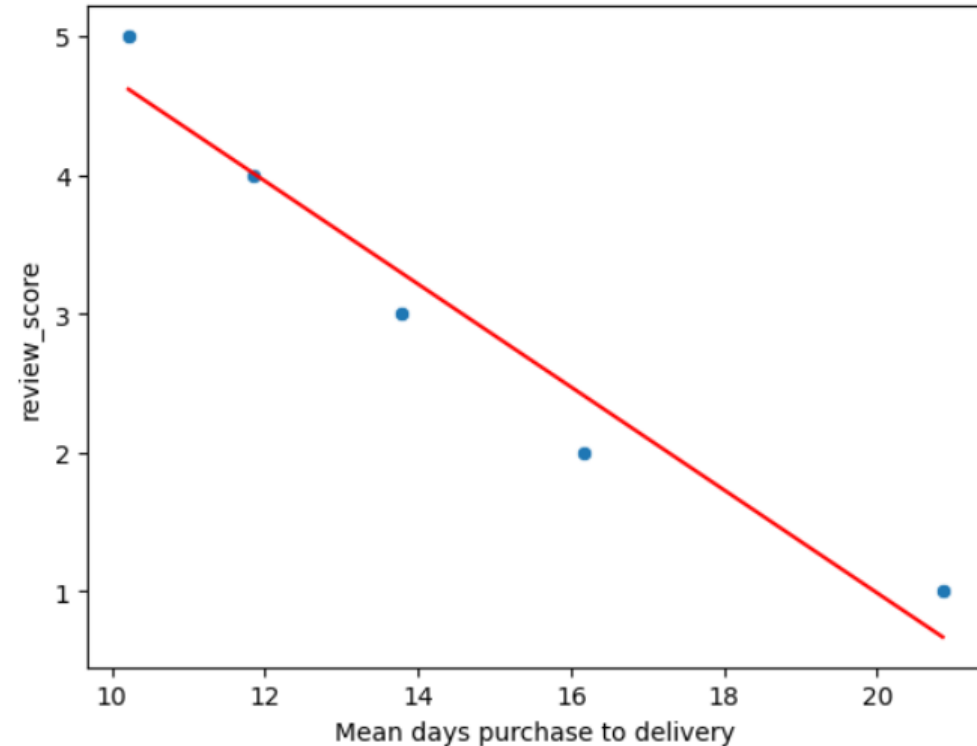
# Regression Analysis - Total Delivery Time



- After **~30 days** total delivery time, the customer will become unsatisfied.

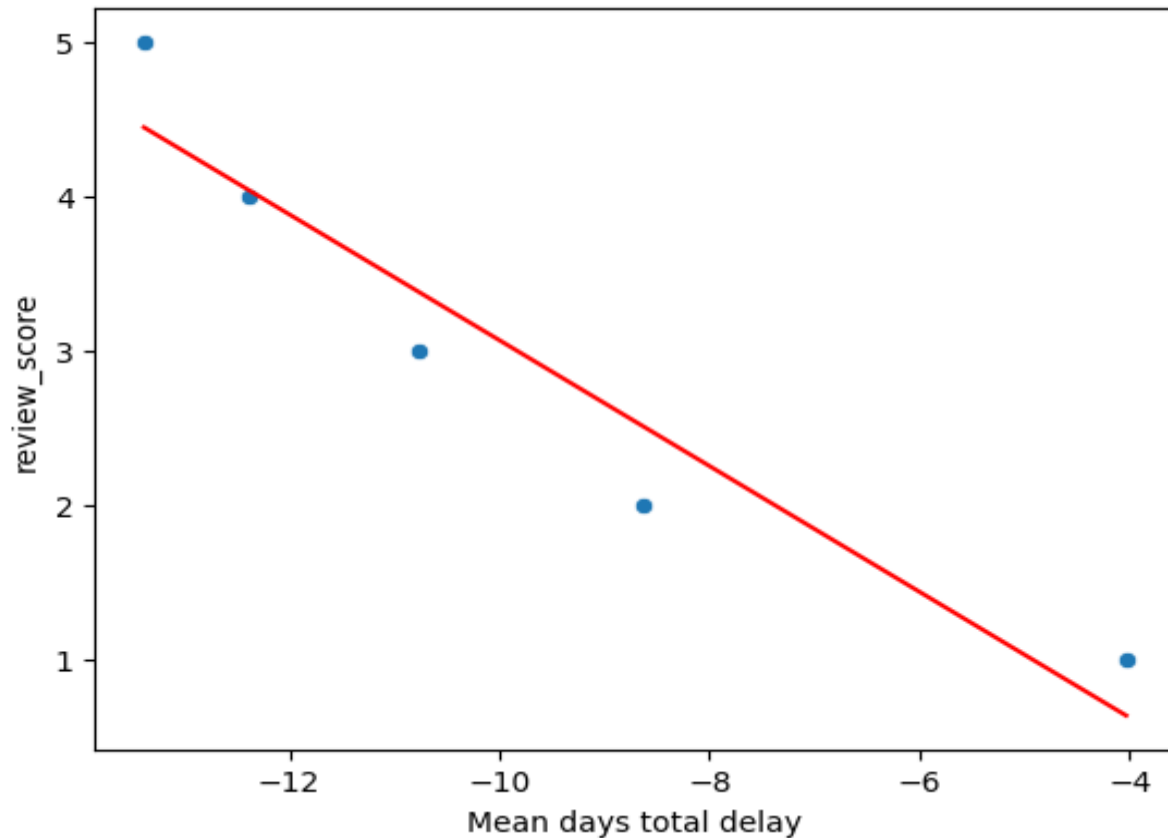


- Each additional delivery day reduces the expected review score by **0.37 points**

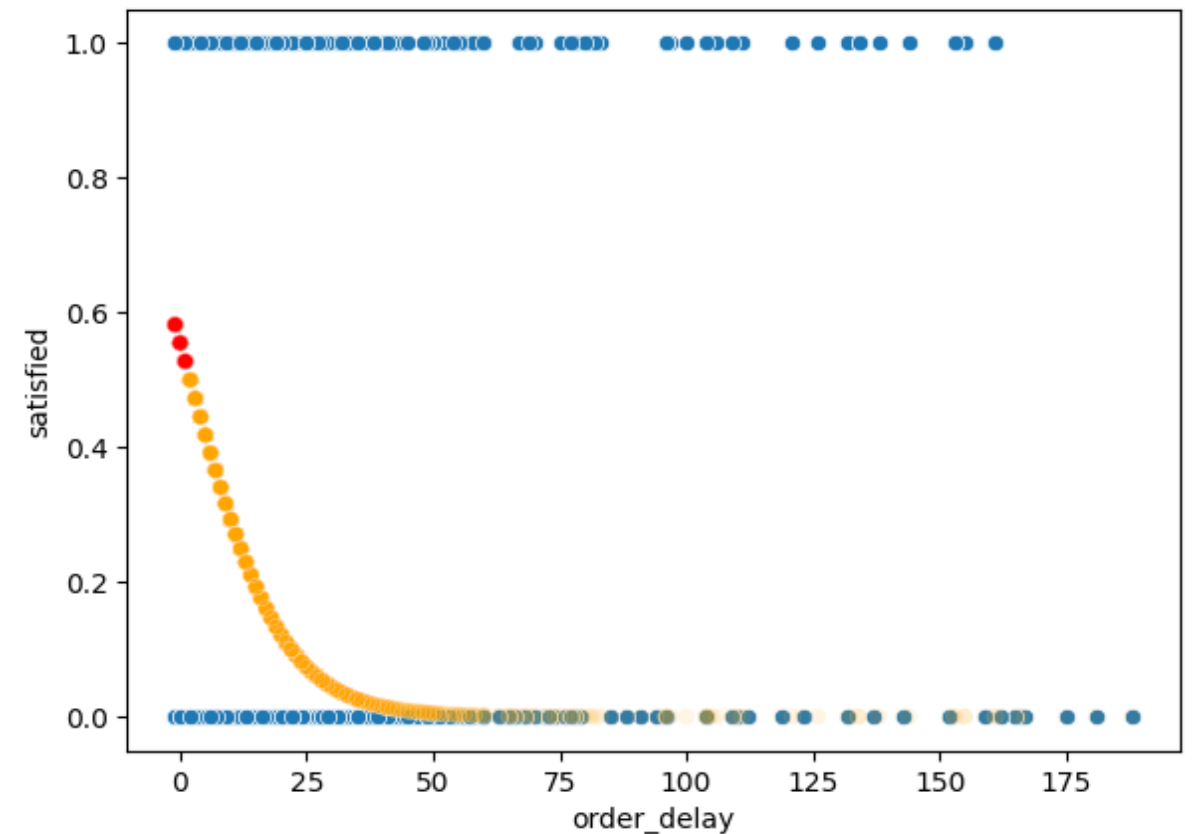


# Regression Analysis - Delivery Delay

- Each day additional delay reduces the review score by **0.76 points**.



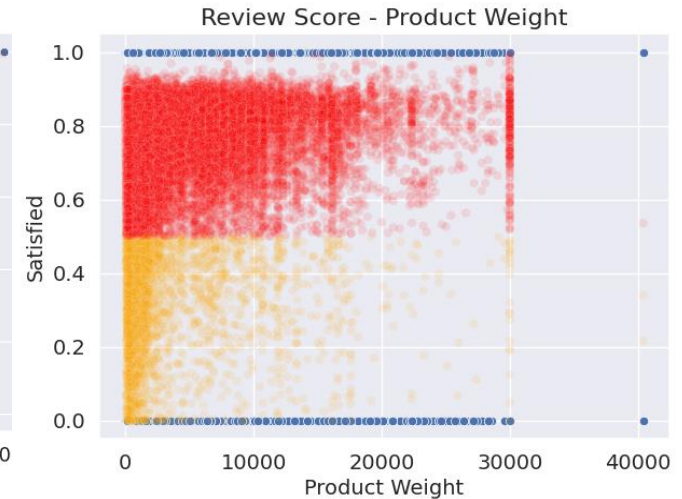
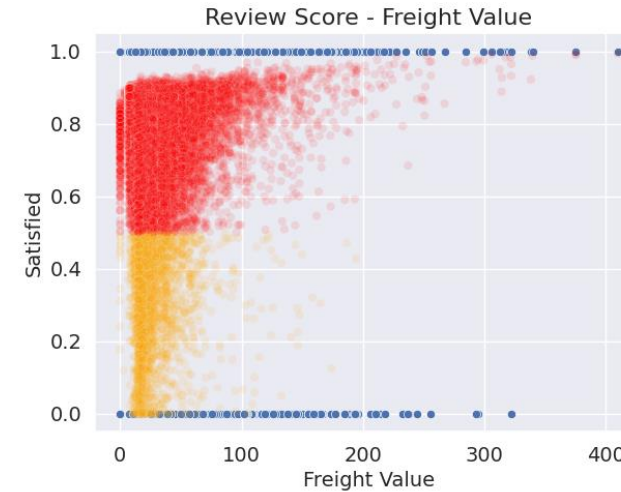
- After **~5 days** of delay, customer satisfaction starts dropping



*\*Red/Orange Colors - 'satisfied' / 'unsatisfied' customers*

# Regression Analysis (Logistic): Multiple factors

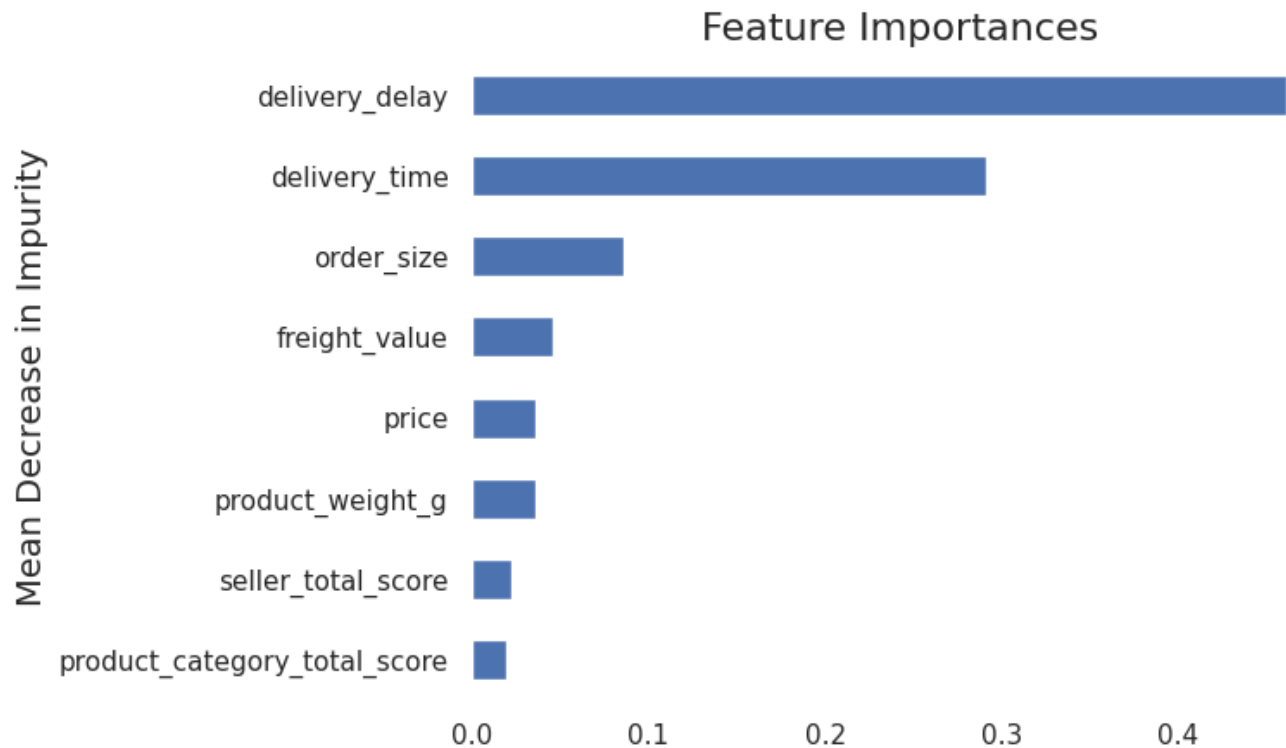
- Results **do not show strong correlation** between the dependent variable and the studied factors
- Signs of **correlation** are visible and **further research is needed**



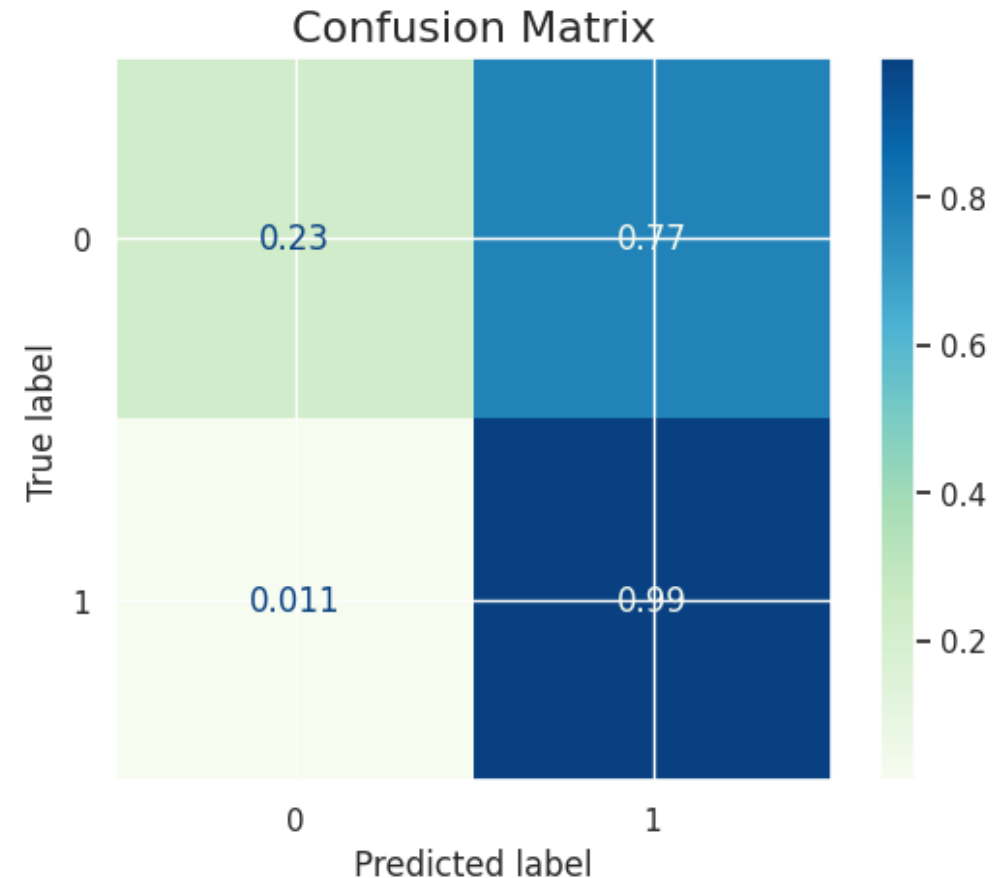
\*Red/Orange Colors - predictions threshold - 'satisfied' / 'unsatisfied' customers

# Machine Learning: Random Forest Classifier

RFC Accuracy Score: **0.83**

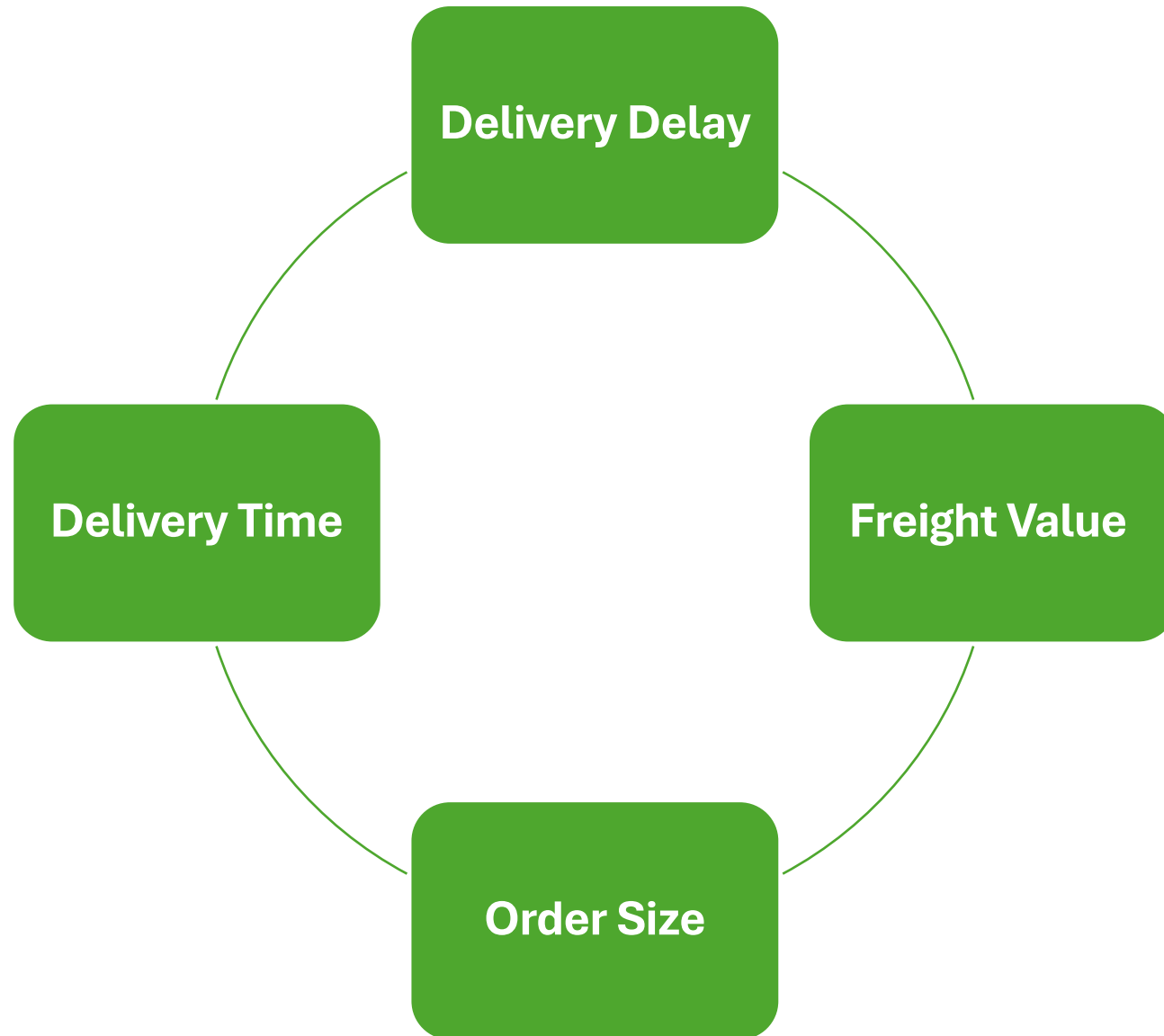


**61% chance** for a satisfied/unsatisfied customer to be **classified properly**.



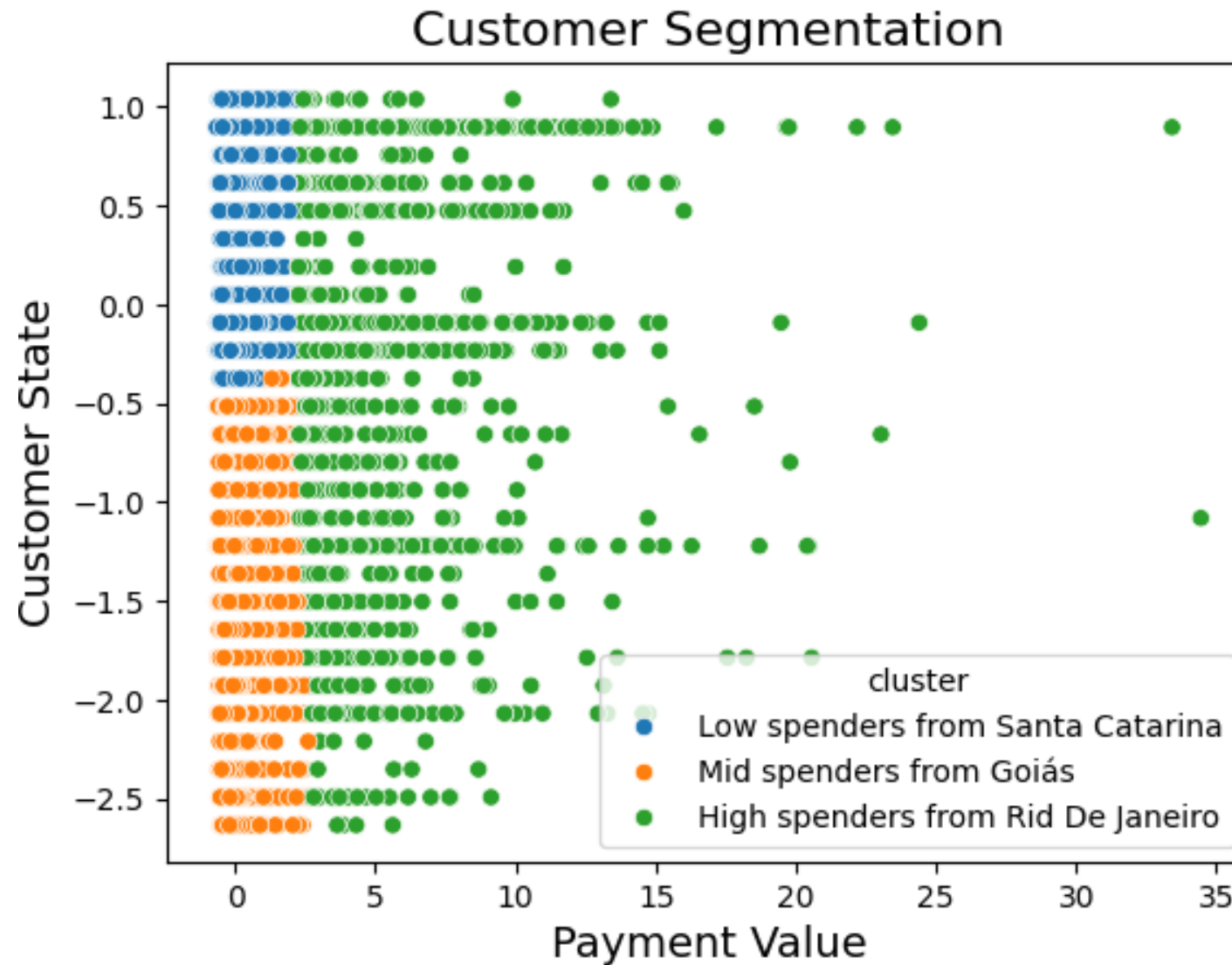
\*Binary variable 0/1 is used for satisfied/unsatisfied client (review score  $\geq 4$ )

# Results: Main drivers





# Customer Segmentation



# What else we tried?

- **Analysis based on other product features** - length, width, photos, description showed that there is no statistical significance.
- **Distance:** review score is below 4 for orders where seller and customer are in different states and more than 4 where there are in the same state
- **Payment:** Analysis showed no statistical significance
- **Price:** Analysis showed no statistical significance

# Recommendations

## **Delivery Time, Delivery Delay and Order Status**

- Create express delivery option
- Avoid delays; customer to be contacted in advance when a delay is expected
- Specify dispatch and shipping time in the listing, add more clarity and transparency on every step
- Provide information and delivery confirmations to the customers (eliminate delivery status uncertainty)
- Plan for the busiest periods throughout the year
- Hire a fulfilment service for processing orders

## **Order Size**

- Create detailed tracking data for each order item and have separate timestamps and notifications

## **Freight**

- Freight value should be a fixed sum but a combination of several factors that reflect the type of products being transported (like weight, height, volume, type, etc.)

# Turn your weaknesses into strengths



Theo

Everything went as planned and delivery was made before the deadline



Helena

Although the product was out of stock, the company contacted us to notify us and cancelled the order.



Laura

Very good quality product and excellent price, arrived before the promised deadline



Miguel

Product delivered as requested, and very quickly.



Bernardo

I loved it, it was beautiful, very delicate, I loved it

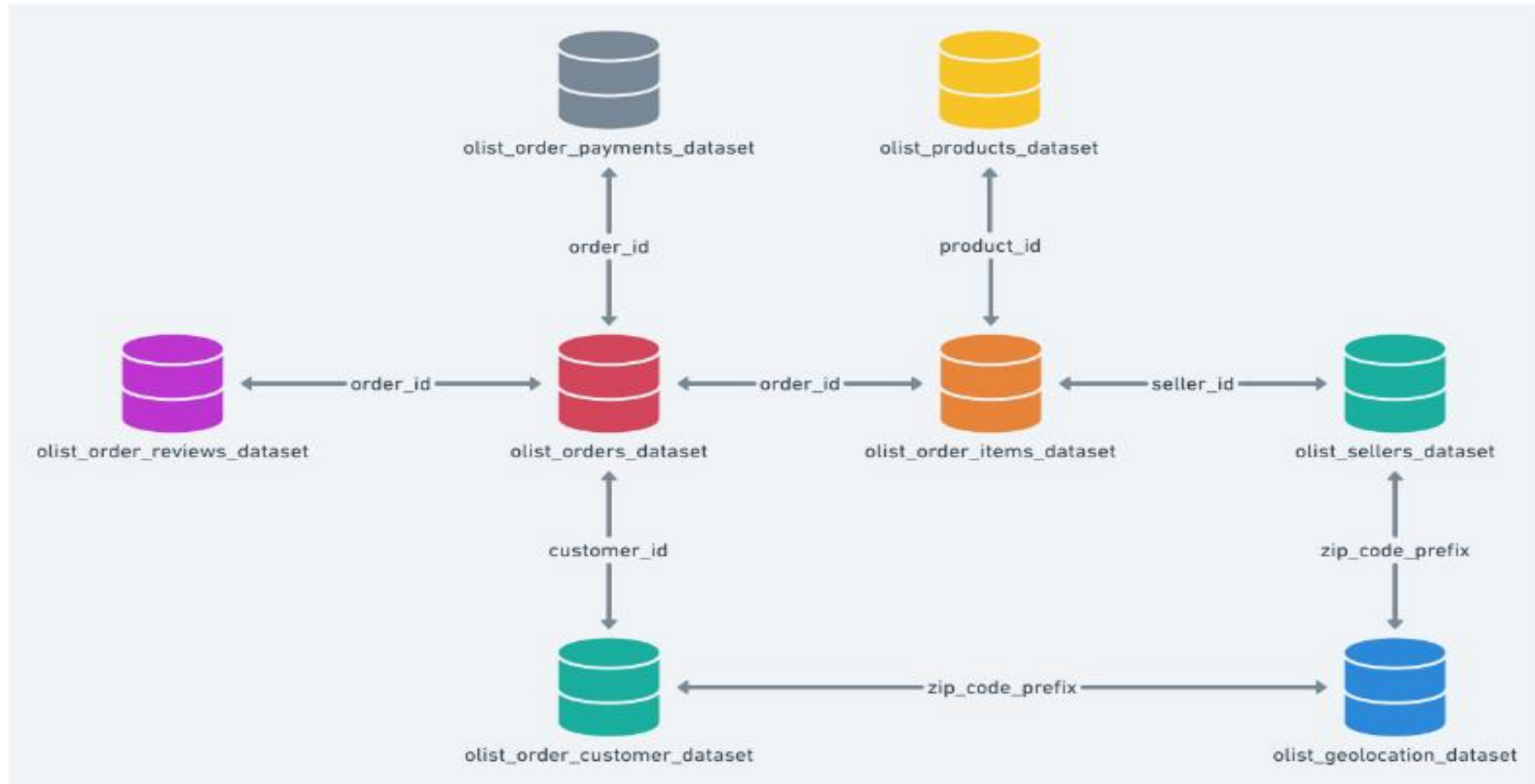
# Thank you!



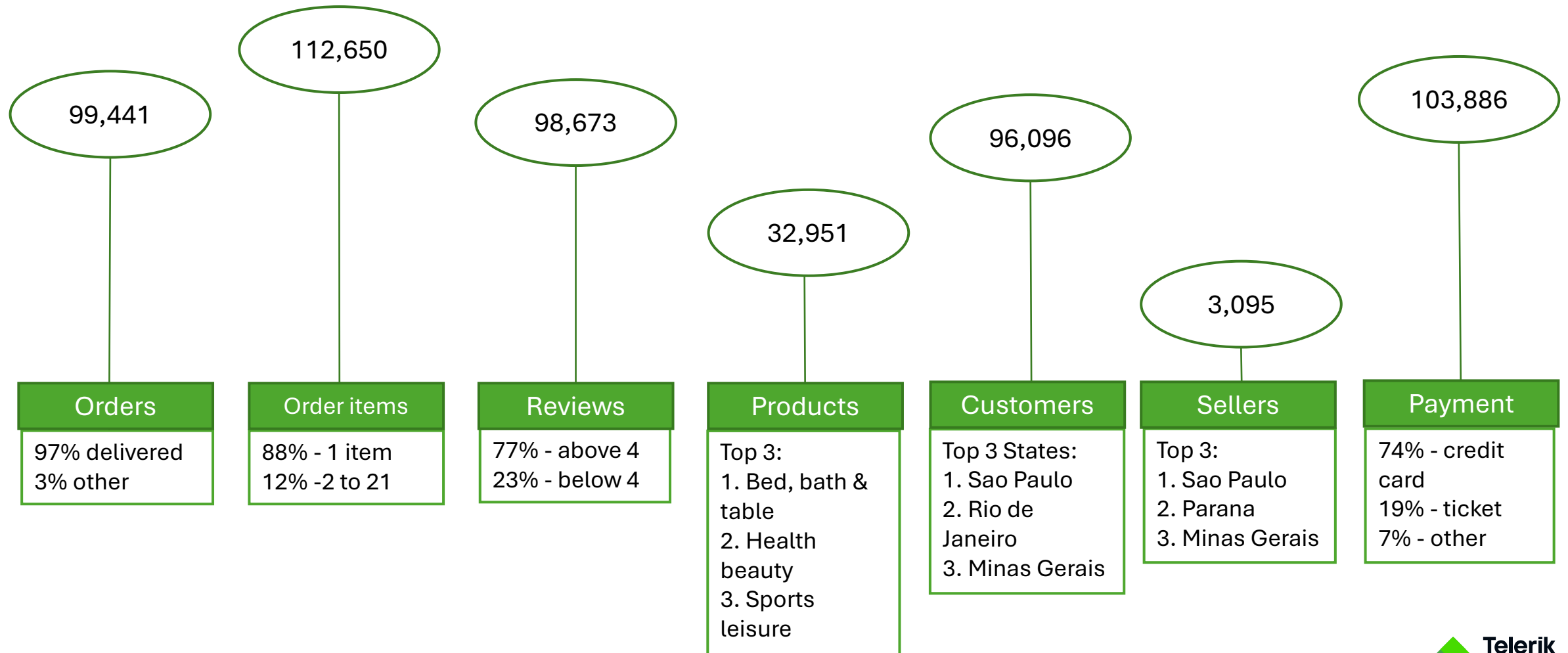
# Appendix

- Data Preprocessing
- Regression Analysis (Linear): Delivery time components
- Regression Analysis (Logistics): Delivery time components

# Data preprocessing: Available data



# Data preprocessing: Available data





# Data preprocessing: Orders

## Data issues

- Inconsistent data (mismatch between delivery status and dates):
  - 14 orders which are not approved are delivered;
  - 2 delivered order which are with missing carrier date;
  - 7 orders are delivered but are with missing delivered customer date;
  - 6 orders are with status cancelled but are delivered to the customer,;
  - 609 orders with status unavailable.
- 2. Inconsistent data (mismatch between the dates):
  - 359 orders which are delivered at the carried before being approved;
  - 23 orders which are delivered to the customer before being delivered to the carrier;
  - 2954 orders for which the review survey was sent before the delivery or the estimated delivery date.
- 3. Format discrepancies:
  - Dates are set as string.

# Data preprocessing: Orders (2)

## Normalized data

### Missing data:

- 775 orders (0.8%) have no order items details.

## Approach

1. Orders with mismatch between delivery status and dates are excluded from the dataset (point 1 from data issues);
2. Dates which are set as string are converted to datetime in Python.

# Data preprocessing: Products

## Data issues

### 1. Missing data:

- 610 products (1.9%) don't have product category, length, description, photos quantity;
- 2 products don't have product weight, length, height, width.

### 2. Typos:

- Some of the English categories are not input correctly (e.g. “fashio\_female\_clothing”, “home\_comfort”).

## Normalized data

### Missing data

- 1.6% of the orders don't have product category, length, description, photos quantity;
- 0.2% of the orders don't have product weight, length, height, width.

## Approach

1. Product category changed to "Other" in SQL for the load in Python;
2. Missing items will be ignored in the analysis.

# Data preprocessing: Reviews

## Data issues

### 1. Missing data:

- 87,658 reviews (88%) don't have title;
- 58,274 reviews (59%) don't have message.

### 2. Not meaningful information:

- Some of the comments are filled as "xxx","-","\*"," etc.

### 3. Mismatch between review score and comment:

For some of the reviews the review score is high but the comment is negative.

## Normalized data

### 1. Missing data:

- 0.8% don't have reviews;
- 88% don't have comment title;
- 58% don't have review message.

### 2. Duplicate data:

- For one order there might be more than one review.

## Approach

- For the duplicated items, in Python there are removed as the last review is kept.

# Data preprocessing: Customers & Sellers

## Data issues

1. Zip code mismatches:
  - Customers: 39 zip codes corresponds to different city or state;
  - Sellers: 49 zip codes corresponds to different city or state.

## Normalized data

### Missing data

- 1.6% of the orders don't have product category, length, description, photos quantity;
- 0.2% of the orders don't have product weight, length, height, width.

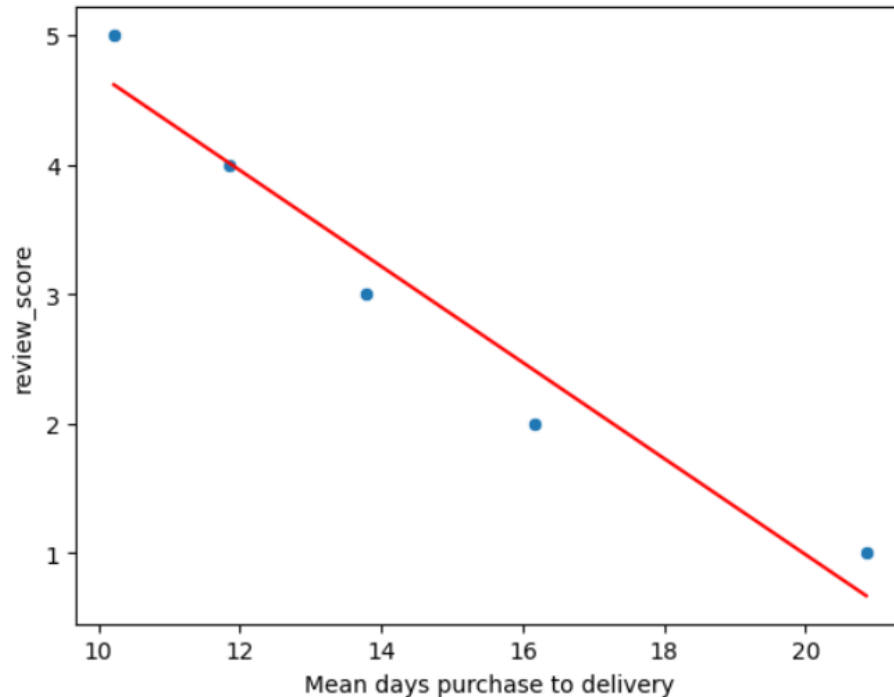
## Approach

- Only the state is used for the analysis.

# Regression Analysis (Linear): Total delivery time



- The regression summary shows strong significance between the delivery time and review score.
- When total delivery time is more than **10 days**, customer reviews starts dropping.
- Each day additional delivery day reduces the review score by **0.37 points**

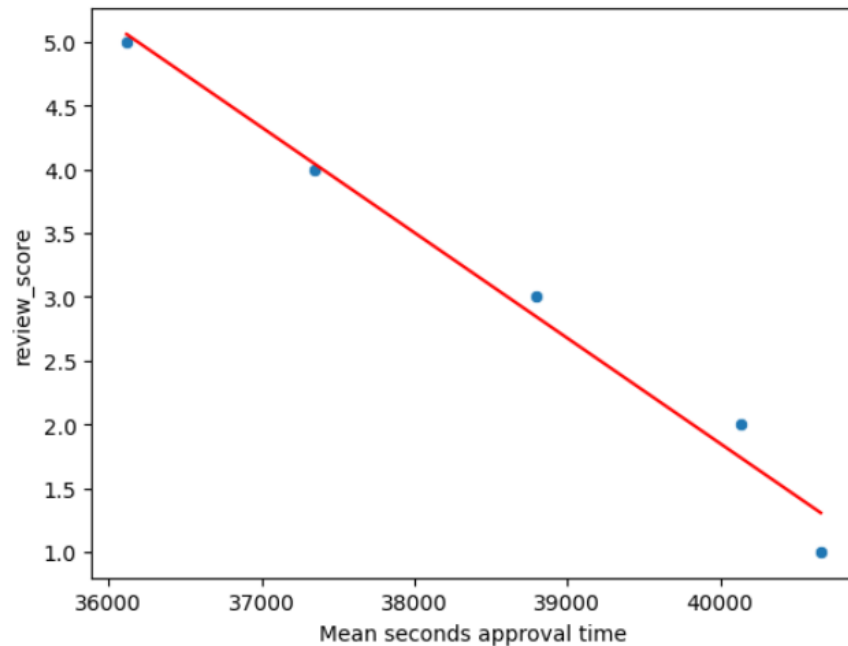


OLS Regression Results						
=====						
Dep. Variable:	review_score	R-squared:	0.949			
Model:	OLS	Adj. R-squared:	0.933			
Method:	Least Squares	F-statistic:	56.32			
Date:	Sun, 23 Jun 2024	Prob (F-statistic):	0.00490			
Time:	19:30:52	Log-Likelihood:	-1.3667			
No. Observations:	5	AIC:	6.733			
Df Residuals:	3	BIC:	5.952			
Df Model:	1					
Covariance Type:	nonrobust					
=====						
	coef	std err	t	P> t	[0.025	0.975]
-----						
const	8.4009	0.743	11.311	0.001	6.037	10.765
x1	-0.3705	0.049	-7.505	0.005	-0.528	-0.213
=====						
Omnibus:	nan	Durbin-Watson:	1.559			
Prob(Omnibus):	nan	Jarque-Bera (JB):	0.582			
Skew:	-0.002	Prob(JB):	0.747			
Kurtosis:	1.328	Cond. No.	61.1			
=====						

# Regression Analysis (Linear): Delivery time (Approval)



- When approval time is more than 10 hours, customer reviews starts dropping.
- The regression summary shows strong significance between the approval time and review score.



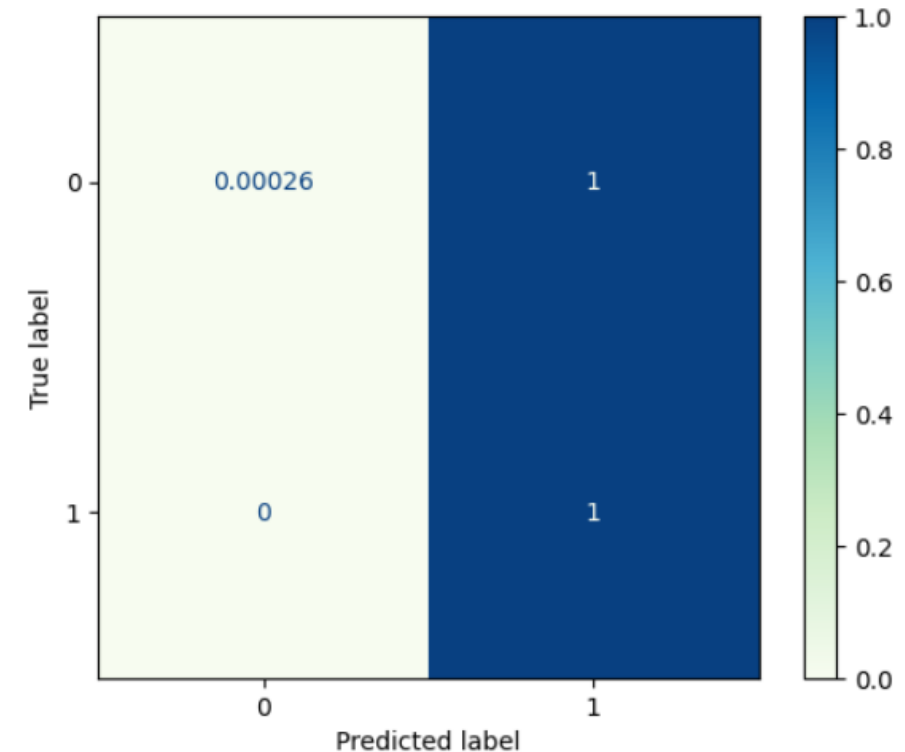
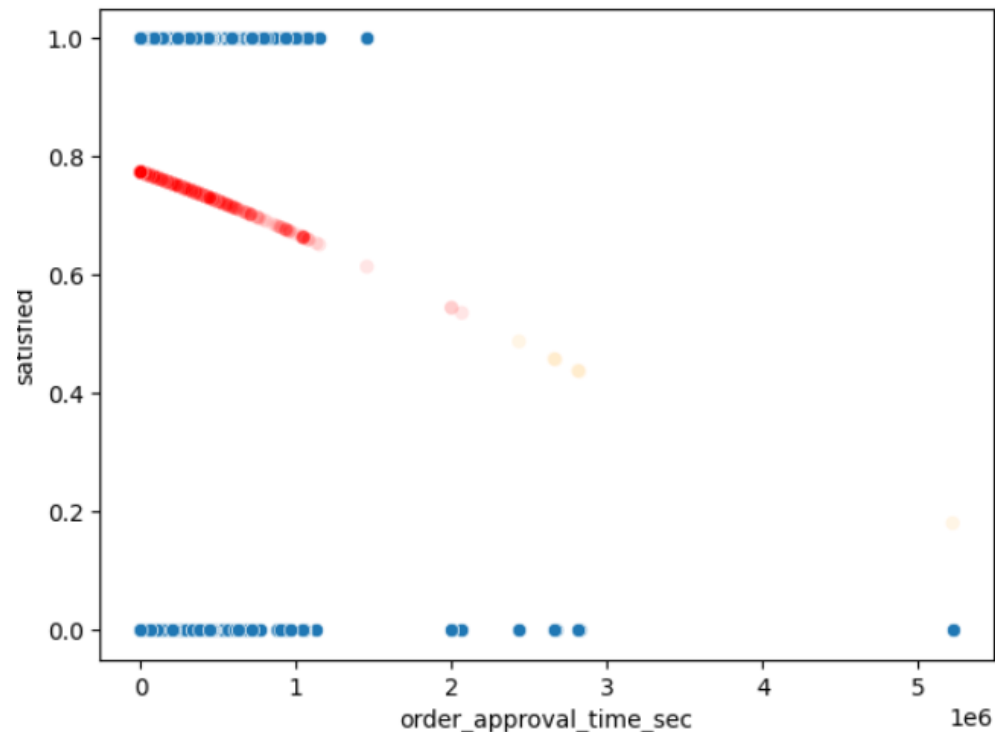
OLS regression results

=====						
Dep. Variable:	review_score	R-squared:	0.981			
Model:	OLS	Adj. R-squared:	0.975			
Method:	Least Squares	F-statistic:	156.0			
Date:	Wed, 26 Jun 2024	Prob (F-statistic):	0.00111			
Time:	12:10:15	Log-Likelihood:	1.0983			
No. Observations:	5	AIC:	1.803			
Df Residuals:	3	BIC:	1.022			
Df Model:	1					
Covariance Type:	nonrobust					
=====						
	coef	std err	t	P> t	[0.025	0.975]
-----						
const	34.9414	2.560	13.650	0.001	26.795	43.088
x1	-0.0008	6.62e-05	-12.490	0.001	-0.001	-0.001
=====						
Omnibus:	nan	Durbin-Watson:	1.951			
Prob(Omnibus):	nan	Jarque-Bera (JB):	0.278			
Skew:	-0.224	Prob(JB):	0.870			
Kurtosis:	1.935	Cond. No.	8.82e+05			
=====						

# Regression Analysis (Logistics): Delivery time (Approval)



- After 0.5 days approval time, the customer will become unsatisfied.
- There is 50% chance that when a customer is satisfied/unsatisfied it will be properly classified.

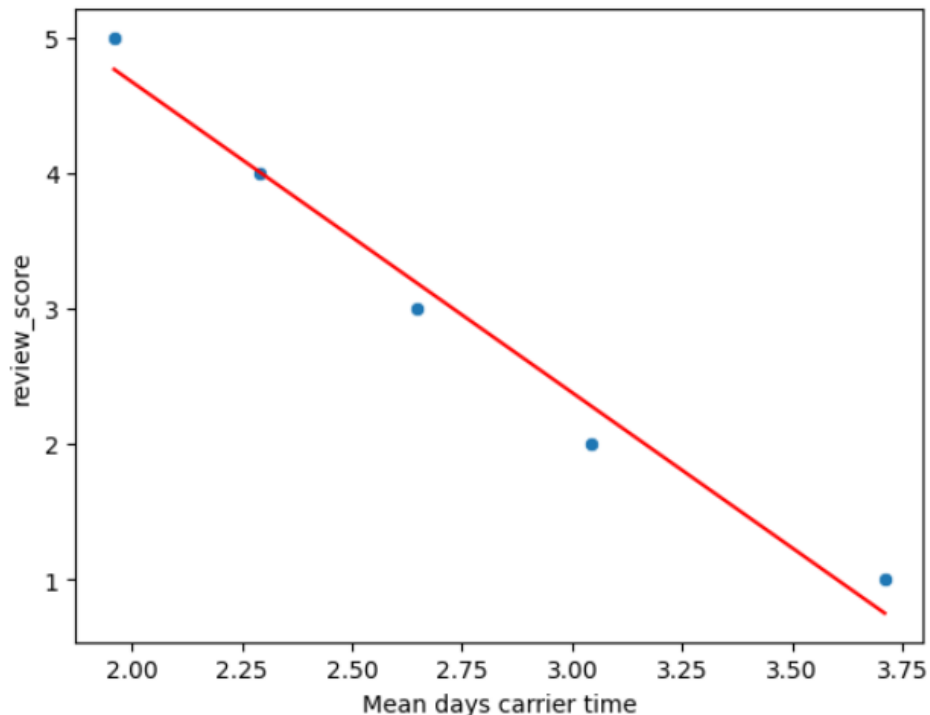




# Regression Analysis (Linear): Delivery time (Carrier)



- When total dispatch time to carrier is more than 2 days, customer reviews starts dropping.
- The regression summary shows strong significance between the dispatch time to carrier and review score.

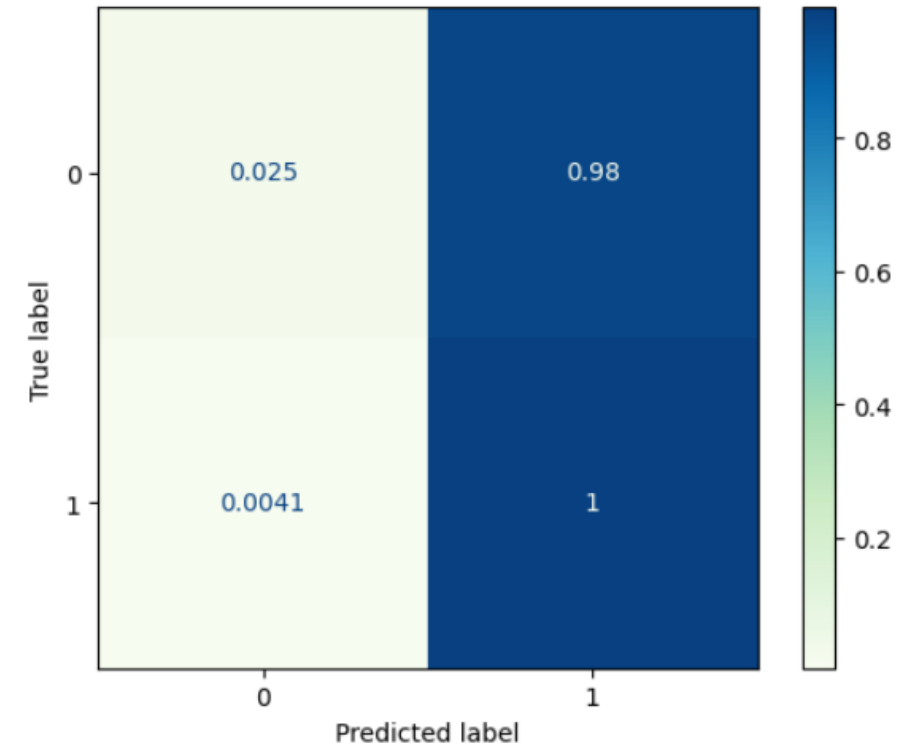
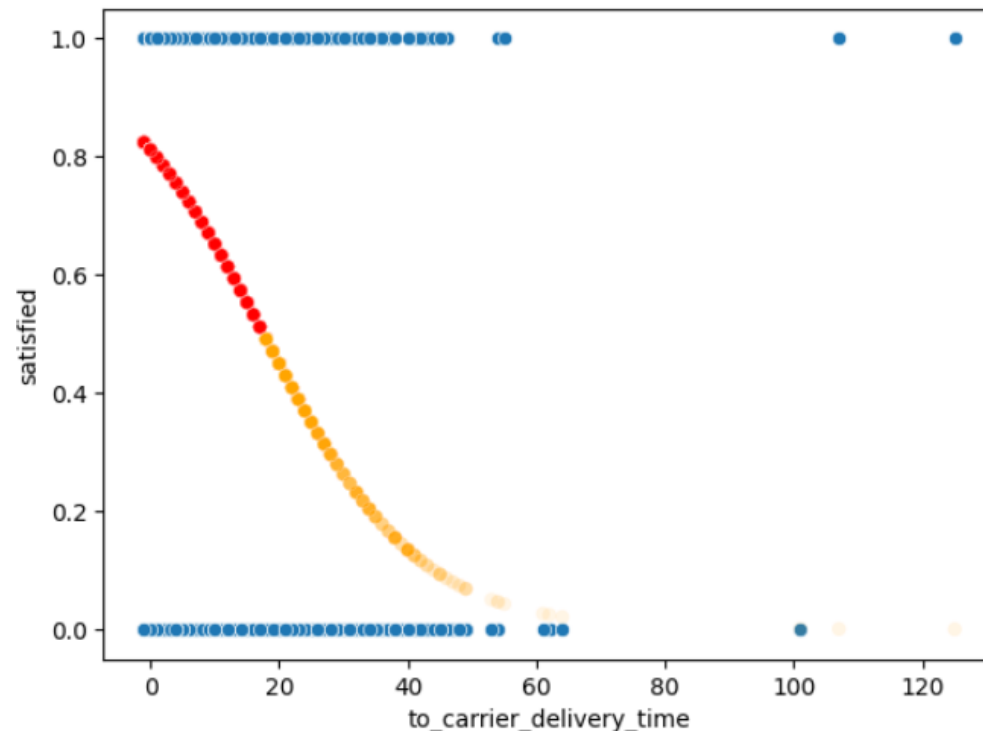


OLS Regression Results						
=====						
Dep. Variable:	review_score	R-squared:	0.977			
Model:	OLS	Adj. R-squared:	0.969			
Method:	Least Squares	F-statistic:	127.2			
Date:	Tue, 18 Jun 2024	Prob (F-statistic):	0.00150			
Time:	19:42:59	Log-Likelihood:	0.59825			
No. Observations:	5	AIC:	2.803			
Df Residuals:	3	BIC:	2.022			
Df Model:	1					
Covariance Type:	nonrobust					
=====						
	coef	std err	t	P> t	[0.025	0.975]
-----						
const	9.2592	0.569	16.282	0.001	7.449	11.069
x1	-2.2931	0.203	-11.278	0.001	-2.940	-1.646
=====						
Omnibus:	nan	Durbin-Watson:	1.636			
Prob(Omnibus):	nan	Jarque-Bera (JB):	0.584			
Skew:	-0.004	Prob(JB):	0.747			
Kurtosis:	1.325	Cond. No.	14.4			
=====						

# Regression Analysis (Logistics): Delivery time (Carrier)



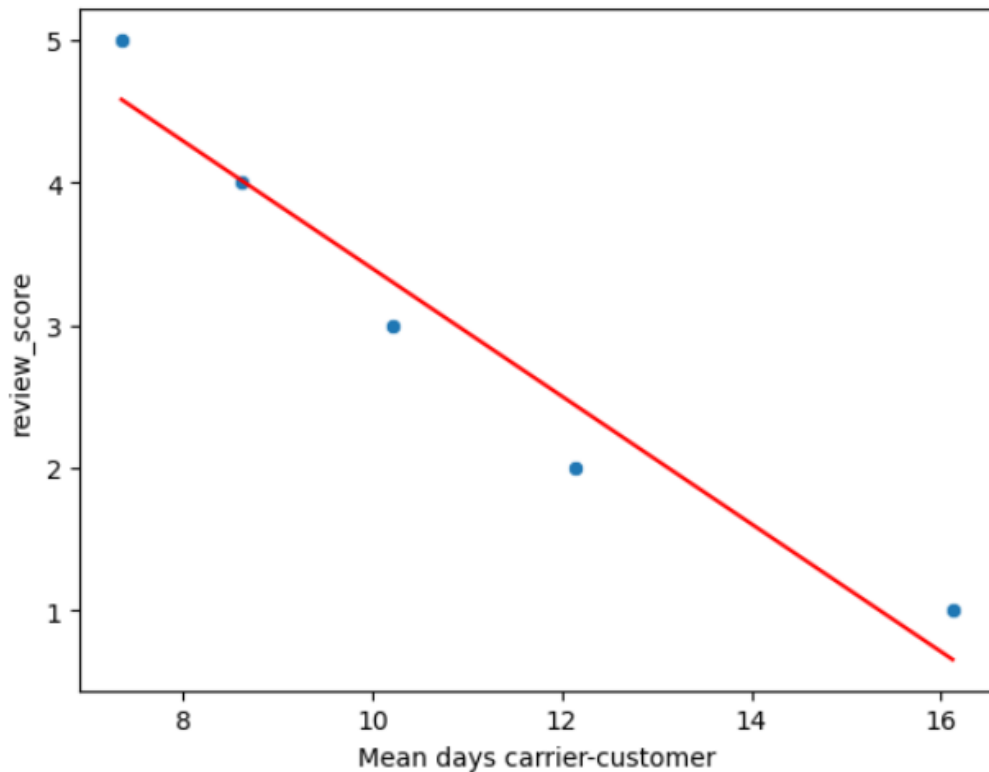
- After ~10 days dispatch time to carrier, the customer will become unsatisfied.
- There is 50% chance that when a customer is satisfied/unsatisfied it will be properly classified.



# Regression Analysis (Linear): Delivery time (Customer)



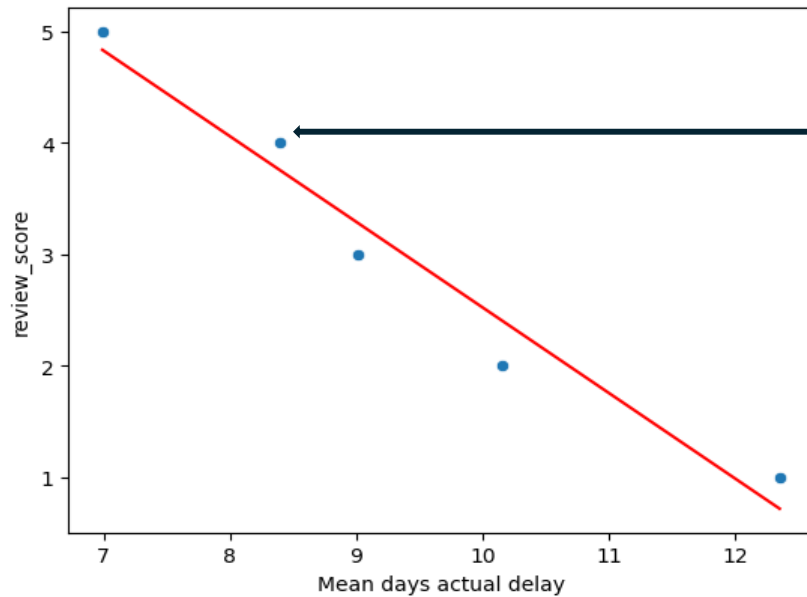
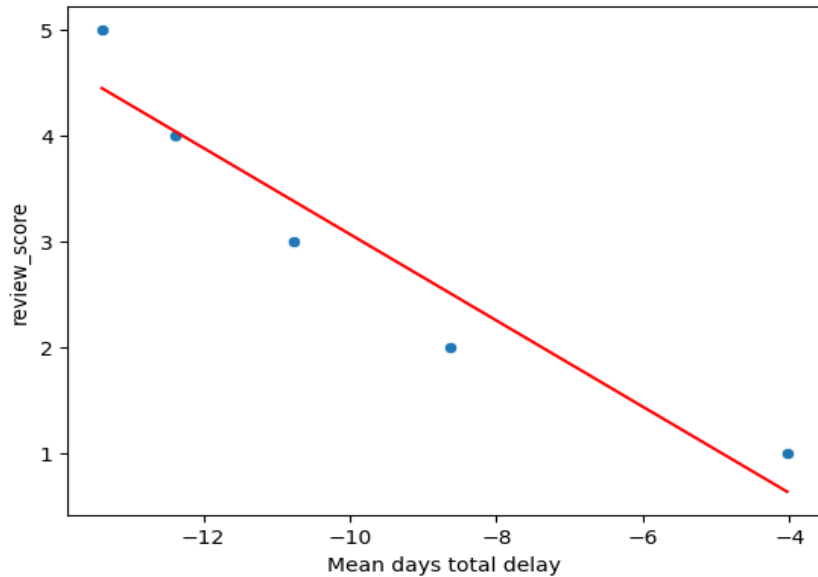
- When dispatch time from carrier to customer is more than 7 days, customer reviews starts dropping.



Significance between the delivery time and review score.

Dep. Variable:	review_score	R-squared:	0.942			
Model:	OLS	Adj. R-squared:	0.923			
Method:	Least Squares	F-statistic:	48.64			
Date:	Tue, 18 Jun 2024	Prob (F-statistic):	0.00605			
Time:	19:47:57	Log-Likelihood:	-1.7134			
No. Observations:	5	AIC:	7.427			
Df Residuals:	3	BIC:	6.646			
Df Model:	1					
Covariance Type:	nonrobust					
=====						
	coef	std err	t	P> t	[0.025	0.975]
-----						
const	7.8760	0.726	10.844	0.002	5.565	10.187
x1	-0.4478	0.064	-6.974	0.006	-0.652	-0.243
=====						
Omnibus:	nan	Durbin-Watson:	1.561			
Prob(Omnibus):	nan	Jarque-Bera (JB):	0.565			
Skew:	-0.012	Prob(JB):	0.754			
Kurtosis:	1.353	Cond. No.	42.1			
=====						

# Regression Analysis (Linear): Delivery delay



OLS Regression Results

Dep. Variable:	review_score	R-squared:	0.916
Model:	OLS	Adj. R-squared:	0.888
Method:	Least Squares	F-statistic:	32.74
Date:	Wed, 03 Jul 2024	Prob (F-statistic):	0.0106
Time:	22:20:11	Log-Likelihood:	-2.6336
No. Observations:	5	AIC:	9.267
Df Residuals:	3	BIC:	8.486
Df Model:	1		
Covariance Type:	nonrobust		

	coef	std err	t	P> t	[0.025	0.975]
const	-1.0104	0.740	-1.366	0.265	-3.365	1.344
x1	-0.4077	0.071	-5.722	0.011	-0.635	-0.181

Omnibus:	nan	Durbin-Watson:	1.478
Prob(Omnibus):	nan	Jarque-Bera (JB):	0.544
Skew:	0.107	Prob(JB):	0.762
Kurtosis:	1.398	Cond. No.	32.7

Strong significance between the delay time and review score

\*outliers are removed - only orders with delay are analyzed

Customer reviews starts dropping after 8 days of delay

Review score is dropping by 0.76 points for each day of delay

OLS Regression Results

Dep. Variable:	review_score	R-squared:	0.959
Model:	OLS	Adj. R-squared:	0.946
Method:	Least Squares	F-statistic:	70.76
Date:	Wed, 19 Jun 2024	Prob (F-statistic):	0.00352
Time:	20:57:20	Log-Likelihood:	-0.82213
No. Observations:	5	AIC:	5.644
Df Residuals:	3	BIC:	4.863
Df Model:	1		
Covariance Type:	nonrobust		

	coef	std err	t	P> t	[0.025	0.975]
const	10.2044	0.872	11.700	0.001	7.429	12.980
x1	-0.7679	0.091	-8.412	0.004	-1.058	-0.477

Omnibus:	nan	Durbin-Watson:	1.876
Prob(Omnibus):	nan	Jarque-Bera (JB):	0.738
Skew:	-0.409	Prob(JB):	0.691
Kurtosis:	1.305	Cond. No.	51.1

# Regression Analysis (Logistics): Delivery time (Customer)



- After ~20 days delivery between carrier to customer, the customer will become unsatisfied.
- There is 50% chance that when a customer is satisfied/unsatisfied it will be properly classified.

