

University of Minnesota
School of Physics and Astronomy

2025 Fall Physics 8011
Quantum Field Theory I
Assignment Solution

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HW2 Due to October 7 11:59 PM

Question 1

Problem 5.1

Work out the LSZ reduction formula for the complex scalar field that was introduced in problem 3.5. Note that we must specify the type (a or b) of each incoming and outgoing particle.

Answer

Question 2

Problem 6.1

- (a) Find an explicit formula for $\mathcal{D}q$ in eq. (6.9). Your formula should be of the form $\mathcal{D}q = C \prod_{j=1}^N dq_j$, where C is a constant that you should compute.
- (b) For the case of a free particle, $V(Q) = 0$, evaluate the path integral of eq. (7.9) explicitly. Hint: integrate over q_1 , then q_2 , etc, and look for a pattern. Express your final answer in terms of q', t', q'', t'' and m . Restore \hbar by dimensional analysis.
- (c) Compute the $\langle q'', t'' | q', t' \rangle = \langle q'' | e^{-iH(t''-t')} | q' \rangle$ by inserting a complete set of momentum eigenstates, and performing the integral over the momentum. Compare your result in part (b).

Answer

Question 3

Problem 7.3

- (a) Use the Heisenberg equations of motion, $\dot{A} = i[H, A]$, to find explicit expressions for \dot{Q} and \dot{P} . Solve these to get the Heisenberg-picture operators $Q(t)$ and $P(t)$ in terms of the Schrödinger-picture operators Q and P .
- (b) Write the Schrödinger-picture operators Q and P in terms of the creation and annihilation operators a and a^\dagger , where $H = \hbar\omega(a^\dagger a + \frac{1}{2})$. Then, using your result from part (a), write the Heisenberg-picture operator $Q(t)$ and $P(t)$ in terms of a and a^\dagger .
- (c) Using your result from part (b), and $a|0\rangle = \langle 0|a^\dagger = 0$, verify eqs. (7.16) and (7.17).

Answer

Question 4

Problem 7.4

Consider a harmonic oscillator in its ground state at $t = -\infty$. It is then subjected to an external force $f(t)$. Compute the probability $|\langle 0|0\rangle_f|^2$ that the oscillator is still in its ground state at $t = +\infty$. Write your answer as a manifestly real expression, and in terms of the Fourier transform $\tilde{f}(E) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} e^{iEt} f(t) dt$. Your answer should not involve any other unevaluated integrals.

Answer