



Hackathon to Accelerate Scientific Applications Using GPUs

Aramco-KAUST Team 3

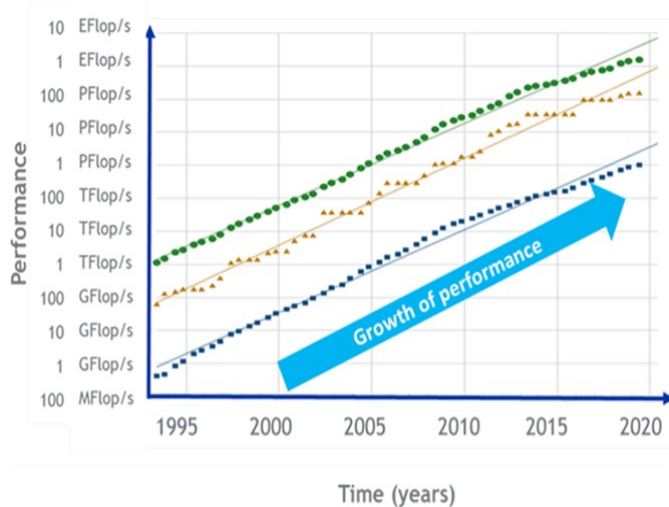
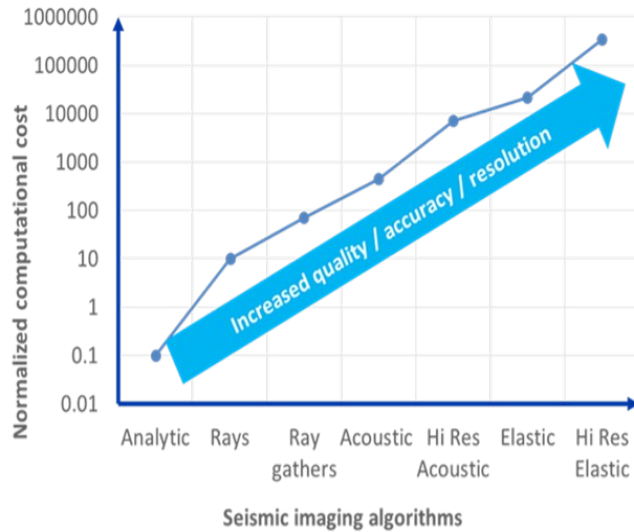
November 30, 2020 - December 2, 2020

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HPC in Oil & Gas



HPL (dense matrix) ranking
not representative of many
scientific applications

CPU

GPU

GPU

CPU

Rank	System	Cores	Rmax (TFlop/s)	Rpeak (TFlop/s)	Power (kW)
1	Supercomputer Fugaku - Supercomputer Fugaku, A64FX 48C 2.2GHz, Tofu interconnect D, Fujitsu RIKEN Center for Computational Science Japan	7,630,848	442,010.0	527,810.0	60,300
2	Summit - IBM Power System AC922, IBM POWER9 22C 3.07GHz, NVIDIA Volta GV100, Dual-rail Mellanox EDR Infiniband, IBM DOE/SC/Oak Ridge National Laboratory United States	2,414,592	148,600.0	200,794.9	10,096
3	Sierra - IBM Power System AC922, IBM POWER9 22C 3.1GHz, NVIDIA Volta GV100, Dual-rail Mellanox EDR Infiniband, IBM / NVIDIA / Mellanox DOE/NNSA/LLNL United States	1,572,480	94,640.0	125,712.0	7,438
4	Sunway TaihuLight - Sunway MPP, Sunway SW26010 260C 1.45GHz, Sunway, NRCCPC National Supercomputing Center in Wuxi China	10,649,600	93,014.6	125,435.9	15,371
5	Selene - NVIDIA DGX A100, AMD EPYC 7742 64C 2.25GHz, NVIDIA A100, Mellanox HDR Infiniband, Nvidia NVIDIA Corporation United States	555,520	63,460.0	79,215.0	2,646
6	Tianhe-2A - TH-IVB-FEP Cluster, Intel Xeon E5-2692v2 12C 2.2GHz, TH Express-2, Matrix-2000, NUDT National Super Computer Center in Guangzhou China	4,981,760	61,444.5	100,678.7	18,482
7	JUWELS Booster Module - Bull Sequana XH2000 , AMD EPYC 7402 24C 2.8GHz, NVIDIA A100, Mellanox HDR InfiniBand/ParTec ParaStation ClusterSuite, Atos Forschungszentrum Juelich (FZJ) Germany	449,280	44,120.0	70,980.0	1,764
8	HPC5 - PowerEdge C4140, Xeon Gold 6252 24C 2.1GHz, NVIDIA Tesla V100, Mellanox HDR Infiniband, Dell EMC Eni S.p.A. Italy	669,760	35,450.0	51,720.8	2,252
9	Frontera - Dell C6420, Xeon Platinum 8280 28C 2.7GHz, Mellanox InfiniBand HDR, Dell EMC Texas Advanced Computing Center/Univ. of Texas United States	448,448	23,516.4	38,745.9	
10	Dammam-7 - Cray CS-Storm, Xeon Gold 6248 20C 2.5GHz, NVIDIA Tesla V100 SXM2, InfiniBand HDR 100, HPE Saudi Aramco Saudi Arabia	672,520	22,400.0	55,423.6	



Top ranked industrial systems
are from O&G

Why does it matter?

Wide range of architectures

- CPU / GPU / FPGA / Other accelerators

Number of programming models

Versatile Benchmarking

- Take full benefits of hardware and programming models
- Avoid bias in existing codes

Solution

- A flexible benchmarking tool
- Assess characteristics of HPC platforms
- Representative of most scientific computing kernels
- Open to the scientific community and vendors
- Adapt, reuse, analyze, optimize



hpcscan - an HPC benchmarking tool

hpcscan is a C++ code for benchmarking HPC kernels with a focus on solving PDEs with the Finite Difference Method

Simple code structure based on individual test cases

Easy to add new test cases

Hybrid MPI/OpenMP parallelism

All configuration parameters on command line

Single and double precision computation

Compilation with standard Makefile

No external libraries

Built-in performance measurement and validation

Features

General operations on grids

Memory operations

MPI communication

FD computation

Basic wave propagator

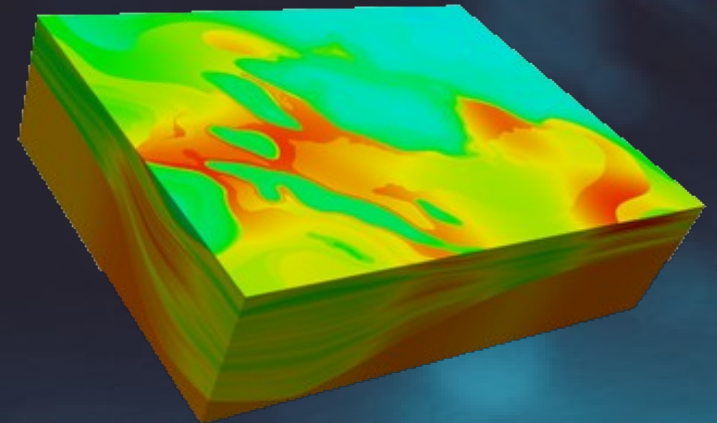
Main kernels in the testcase - Grid

- Fill grid ($W = \text{coeff.}$)
- Max. err. grid W
- L1 err. grid W
- Get min. grid W
- Get max. grid W
- Update pressure (used in propagator)

Representative kernels chosen for
Scientific Computing

Main kernels in the testcase - Propagator

- Seismic wave propagator
- 2nd order acoustic wave equation
- Time-domain Finite-difference
- Various FD Order in space
- 2nd FD order in time
- Various grid size and time steps
- Total 18 configurations
- Comparison against analytical solution (Eigen mode)



Different Implementations

The background of the slide is a dark, abstract image. It features a bright, glowing light source in the lower-left quadrant, which creates a lens flare effect. From this light source, numerous blue and white digital patterns, resembling binary code or data streams, radiate outwards across the right side of the frame. The overall aesthetic is high-tech and futuristic.

OpenACC

CUDA

OpenACC

- Ported **FILL** kernel to OpenACC
- OpenMP pragmas already present in initial code
 - Time spent in compiling and changing **FILL** function to openACC (NVIDIA & KAUST help)
 - 2X slower when compared to CUDA
 - Continued efforts on CUDA

```
grid_3d = new Myfloat[npoint] ;
#pragma acc enter data copyin(this[0:1]) create(grid_3d[0:(n1*n2*n3)])

void Grid_GPU2::fill(Point_type pointType, Myfloat val)
{
    printDebug(FULL_DEBUG, "In Grid_GPU2::fill") ;

    Myint64 i1Start, i1End, i2Start, i2End, i3Start, i3End ;
    getGridIndex(pointType, &i1Start, &i1End, &i2Start, &i2End, &i3Start, &i3End) ;

#pragma acc parallel loop collapse(2) present(this) copyout(grid_3d[: (n1*n2*n3)])
    for (Myint64 i3 = i3Start; i3<= i3End; i3++)
    {
        for (Myint64 i2 = i2Start; i2<= i2End; i2++)
        {
            for (Myint64 i1 = i1Start; i1<= i1End; i1++)
            {
                Myint64 ii = i1 + i2*n1 + i3*n2*n1 ;
                grid_3d[ii] = val ;
            }
        }
    }
}
```


Different Implementations

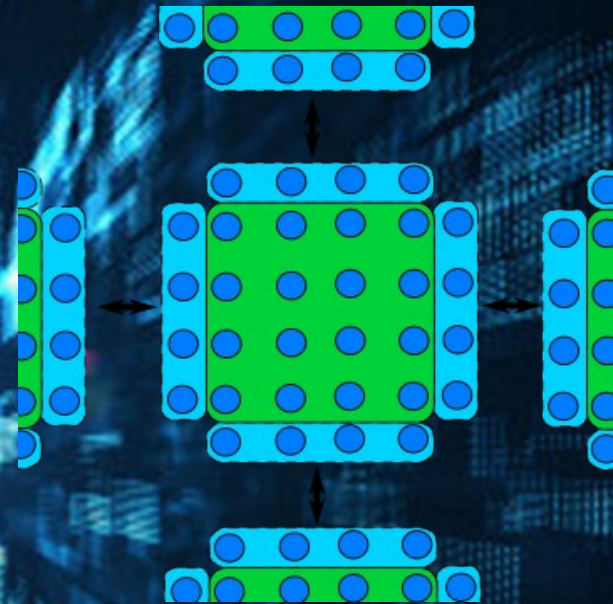
OpenACC

CUDA



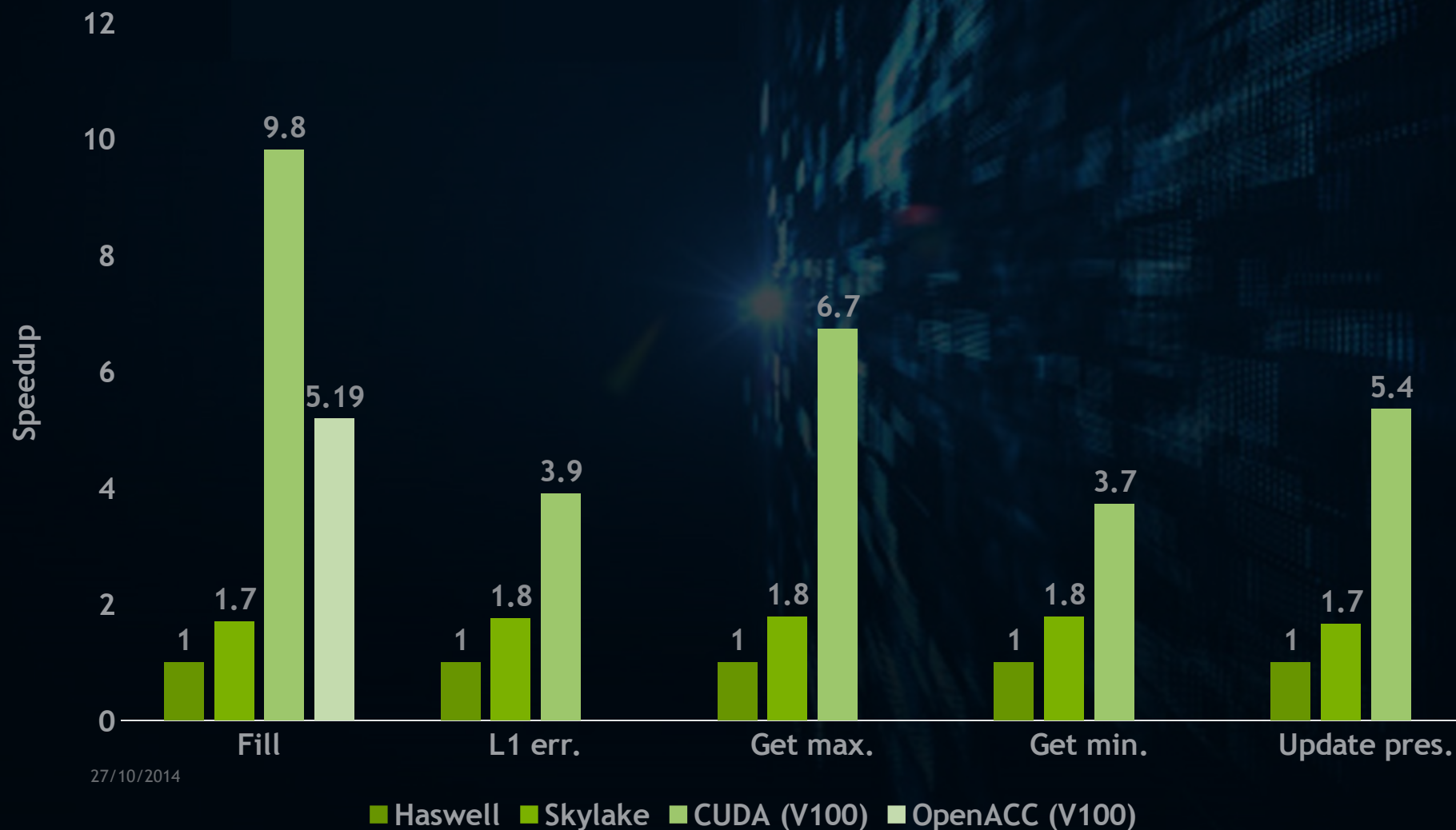
CUDA

- Ported all major kernels to CUDA
 - Grid, Propagator
- Cell-type addressing the biggest challenge
 - “halo 1 of dim 3” (I,J,K)
 - threadIdx => i,j,k
- Grid operations perform well
- Stencil operations near memory bandwidth but cache utilization poor
 - 30-35% L1/L2 cache utilization according to nSight Compute

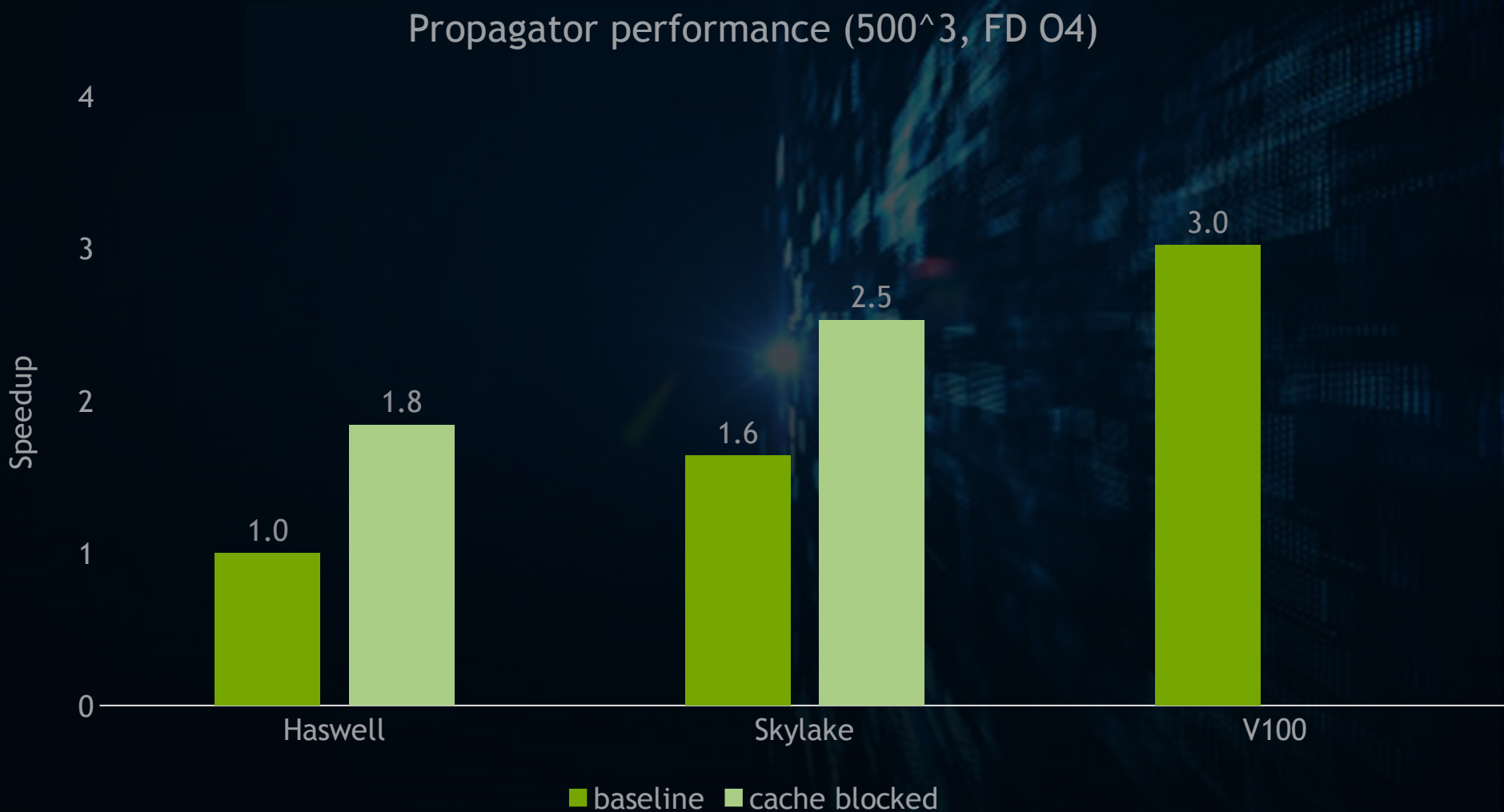


Results - CUDA - Grid operations

Speedup relative to Haswell (2x16 cores)



Results - CUDA - Stencil operations



* Best case scenario. Cache-blocked Skylake won in many other scenarios!

Future Work

Complete porting & tuning all kernels to CUDA and OpenACC
Profile & optimize CUDA kernels

Extend to multi-GPU, multi-node

Once fully validated, make it available to the community

Promote hpcscan and welcome contributions

With time, embedded kernels will benefit from and to the contributors

Acknowledgements


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