Reference

Timers

Timers are very useful for performing a more **complex behavior for a certain period of time**. Wait states (such as **wait(1)**) don't let the robot execute commands during the waiting period, which is fine for simple behaviors like moving forward. If calculations or other actions need to occur **during the timed period**, a Timer must be used.

```
task main()
                                                                       Clear the Timer
                                                                       Clearing the timer resets
robotType (recbot);
                                                                       and starts the timer. You
                                                                       can choose to reset any
ClearTimer(T1);
                                                                       of the timers, from T1
while (time1 [T1] < 3000)
                                                                       to T4.
    forward(80);
                                                                       Timer in the (condition)
    untilTouch();
                                                                       This loop will run "while the
    stop();
                                                                       timer's value is less than
                                                                       3 seconds", i.e. less than
                                                                       3 seconds have passed
    pointTurn(right, 100);
                                                                       since the reset. The line
                                                                       tracking behavior inside the
    wait(1);
                                                                       {body} will continue for 3
    stop();
                                                                       seconds.
```

First, you must reset and start a timer by using the ClearTimer() command. Here's how the command is set up:

```
ClearTimer(Timer number);
```

The VEX has 4 built in timers: T1, T2, T3, and T4. So if you wanted to reset and start Timer T1, you would type:

```
ClearTimer(T1);
```

Then, you can retrieve the value of the timer by using time1[T1], time10[T1], or time100[T1] depending on whether you want the output to be in 1, 10, or 100 millisecond values.

In the example above, you should see in the condition that we used time1[T1]. While the value of the timer is less than 3 seconds, the robot will move forward until touch and then turn. The program ends after 3 seconds.